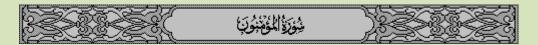
# JUZ # 18 قَد أَفۡلَحَ ٱلۡمُؤۡمِنُونَ

#### Surah # 23



Period of Revelation

This Surah was revealed during the middle stage of Prophet's (pboh) stay in Makkah. The content of the surah shows that a bitter conflict had begun between the Prophet (pboh) and the disbelivers. There are 118 verses and 6 sections in this surah

يِنْسِيرَا مَدْيُ الرَّحْلَمِنِ الرَّحِيْسِيرِ

		الْمُؤْمِنُونَ	أفلح	قَدْ				
		almu/minoo	afla <u>h</u> a	Qad				
		n <b>a</b>						
		The	Are	Indeed				
		believers	successful					
فَنَد أَفْلَحَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ      إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ      إِنَّ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُ      إِنَّ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُ      إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُ      إِنَّ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُ      إِنَّ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُ      إِنَّ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُ      إِنَامُ      إِنَ إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُ      إِنَامُ الْمُؤْمِنُ								
1. Qad afla <u>h</u> a almu/minoon <b>a</b>								
Successful indeed are the believers								

خَاش <i>ِعُو</i> نَ	صلاتهم	فِي	ۿؙؗؗؗۿ	الأذين
kh <u>a</u> shiAAoo	<u>s</u> al <u>a</u> tihim	fee	hum	Alla <u>th</u> eena
na				
(are)	Their	In	(They)	Those who
submissive	prayers			

2. Allatheena hum fee salatihim khashiAAoona

Those who offer their Salat (prayers) with all solemnity and full submissiveness

	مُعْرِضُونَ	الأغو	عَن	ۿؙؗؗؗؗ	وَالْذِينَ		
	muAAri <u>d</u> oo	allaghwi	AAani	hum	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een		
	n <b>a</b>				a		
	Turn away	Evil vain talk	From	(they)	And those		
					who		
وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمْ عَنِ ٱللَّغَوِ مُعَرِضُونَ ٢							
3. Waallathee	na hum AAani a	allaghwi muAA	.ri <u>d</u> oon <b>a</b>				

And those who turn away from *Al-Laghw* (dirty, false, evil vain talk, falsehood, and all that Allah has forbidden).

		فَاعِلُونَ	لِلزَّكَاةِ	ۿؙؗؗۿ	وَالْذِينَ			
		f <u>a</u> AAiloon <b>a</b>	li <b>l</b> zzak <u>a</u> ti	hum	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een			
					a			
		(Are) doers	Of Zakat (alms & charity)	(they)	And those who			
وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمَ لِلزَّكُوةِ فَيعِلُونَ ٢								
4. Waallatheer	4. Waallatheena hum lilzzakati faAAiloona							
And those who	nav the Zakat							

And those who pay the Zakat

	حَافِظُونَ	لِفۡرُوحِهِمْ	ۿؙؗؗؗؗڡ	وَالَّذِينَ		
	<u>ha</u> fi <u><i>th</i>oon<b>a</b></u>	lifuroojihim	hum	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een		
				a		
	Guard	Their private	(they)	And those		
		parts		who		
وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمۡ لِفُرُوحِهِمۡ حَنفِظُونَ ٢						

5. Wa**a**lla<u>th</u>eena hum lifuroojihim <u>ha</u>fi<u>th</u>oon**a** And those who guard their chastity (i.e. private parts, from illegal sexual acts)

مَلْكَتْ	مَا	أوْ	أزْوَا <del>ج</del> ِهِمْ	عَلَّى	ٳٵ
malakat	m <u>a</u>	aw	azw <u>a</u> jihim	AAal <u>a</u>	Ill <u>a</u>
Possess	What	Or	Their wives	From	except

	ملومين	غَيْرُ	فَإِنَّهُمْ	أيْمَانُهُمْ			
	Maloomeen	ghayru	fa-innahum	aym <u>a</u> nuhum			
	a						
	Are free from blame		Verily they	Their right hand			
المطالب المطالب المحمد المواجعية المواجعية المواجعين المحمد ا							

6. Ill<u>a AAala azwajihim aw ma malakat aymanuhum fa-innahum ghayru maloomeena</u> Except from their wives or (the captives and slaves) that their right hands possess, for then, they are free from blame

	ۿؙؗؗۿ	فَأُوْلَئِكَ		ذلك	ورًاء	ابْتَغَى	فَمَن
hu	ımu	faol <u>a</u> -ika		<u>tha</u> lika	war <u>a</u> a	ibtagh <u>a</u>	Famani
(they)		Then those	That		Beyond	Seeks	But whoever
							الْعَادُونَ
							alAA <u>a</u> doon <b>a</b>
							(Are) the
							transgressor
							S

إِلَّا عَلَى أَزُوا جِهِمْ أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَنْهُمْ فَإِنَّهُمْ غَيْرُ مَلُومِينَ ٢

7. Famani ibtagh<u>a</u> war<u>a</u>a <u>thalika faola-ika humu alAAa</u>doon**a** But whoever seeks beyond that, then those are the transgressors;

	رَاعُونَ	وَعَهْدِهِمْ	لِأُمَانَاتِهِمْ	ۿؙؗؗؗۿ	وَالَّذِينَ		
	r <u>a</u> AAoon <b>a</b>	waAAahdihi	li-	hum	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een		
		m	am <u>a</u> natihim		a		
	(are) true	And to their	To their trust	(they)	And those		
		covenants			who		
وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمْ لأَمَنَنِتِهِمْ وَعَهْدِهِمْ رَاعُونَ ٢							

8. Waallatheena hum li-amanatihim waAAahdihim raAAoona Those who are faithfully true to their *Amanat* (all the duties which Allah has ordained, honesty, moral responsibility and trusts etc.) and to their covenants;

يُحَافِظُونَ	صلواتِهمْ	عَلْى	ۿؙؗؗؗڡ۠	وَالَّذِينَ
yu <u>ha</u> fi <u><i>th</i>oon</u>	<u>s</u> alaw <u>a</u> tihim	AAal <u>a</u>	hum	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een
a				a
Strictly	Their	(over)	(they)	And those
guard	prayers			who

وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمْ عَلَىٰ صَلَوَ بِمْ يُحَافِظُونَ ٢

#### 9. Waallatheena hum AAala salawatihim yuhafithoona

And those who strictly guard their (five compulsory congregational) *Salawat* (prayers) (at their fixed stated hours).

	الْوَارِ ثُونَ	ۿؙؗؗؗؗ	أولللك
alw	v <u>a</u> rithoon <b>a</b>	humu	Ol <u>a</u> -ika
i	(Are) the nheritors	(they)	These
		8 7.4	8 . 8

أَوْلَيْهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْوَ'رِثُونَ ٢

10. Ola-ika humu alwarithoona These are indeed the inheritors.

خَالِدُونَ	فيها	ۿؙؗؗؗۿ	الْفِرْدَوْسَ	يَرِثُونَ	الأذين		
kh <u>a</u> lidoon <b>a</b>	feeh <u>a</u>	hum	alfirdawsa	yarithoona	Alla <u>th</u> eena		
(shall) dwell	Therein	They	The	Shall inherit	Who		
forever			paradise				
ٱلَّذِينَ يَرِثُونَ ٱلۡفِرۡدَوۡسَ هُمۡ فِيهَا خَلدُونَ ٢							

11. Allatheena yarithoona alfirdawsa hum feeha khalidoona Who shall inherit the *Firdaus* (Paradise). They shall dwell therein forever.

	مِّن	سُلْالَة	مِن	الإنسكان	خلقنا	وؘڵڨؘۮ		
	~	<u></u>	جن	•				
	min	sul <u>a</u> latin	min	al-ins <u>a</u> na	khalaqn <u>a</u>	Walaqad		
Of		Extract	from	Man (Adam)	We created	And indeed		
						طِينِ		
						<u>t</u> een <b>in</b>		
						Clay		
وَلَقَدْ خَلَقُنَا ٱلْإِنسَنَ مِن سُلَالَةٍ مِّن طِينٍ ٢								
12. Walaqad khalaqn <u>a</u> al-ins <u>a</u> na min sul <u>a</u> latin min teen <b>in</b>								
And inde	eed We	created man (A	dam) out of an e	extract of clay (w	vater and earth).			

مَّكِينِ	قَرَارِ	في	نْطْفَةً	جَعَلْنَاهُ	ڹٞؗٞؗمۜ
makeen <b>in</b>	qar <u>a</u> rin	fee	nu <u>t</u> fatan	jaAAaln <u>a</u> hu	Thumma
Safe (the	A lodging	In	Semen drop	We made	Thereafter

womb)				him	
		(Cr	رَارٍ مَّكِينٍ ٥	نُطْفَةً فِي قَ	ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَهُ
13. Thumma	jaAAalnahu nut	fatan fee gararir	n makeen <b>in</b>		

Thereafter We made him (the offspring of Adam) as a *Nutfah* (mixed drops of the male and female sexual discharge) (and lodged it) in a safe lodging (womb of the woman).

الْعَلْقَة	فَخَلَقْنَا	عَلْقَةً	النُّطْفَة	خَلَقْنَا	ؿۄۜ
alAAalaqata	fakhalaqn <u>a</u>	AAalaqatan	a <b>l</b> nnu <u>t</u> fata	khalaqn <u>a</u>	Thumma
The clot	Then we created	(into) a clot	The drop	We created	Then
الْعِظَامَ	فكسَوْنَا	عظامًا	المُضنْغَة	فخأقنا	مُضْغَةً
alAAi <u>tha</u> ma	fakasawn <u>a</u>	AAi <u>tha</u> man	almu <u>d</u> ghata	fakhalaqn <u>a</u>	mu <u>d</u> ghatan
The bones	Then we clothed	(into) bones	The little lump of flesh	Then we created	(into) a little lump of flesh
فَتَبَارَكَ	أخر	خَلْقًا	أنشأناه	ڷؙؗؗؗۿ	لحمًا
fatab <u>a</u> raka	<u>a</u> khara	khalqan	ansha/n <u>a</u> hu	thumma	la <u>h</u> man
So blessed be	Another	As creation	We brought it forth	Then	With flesh
			الْخَالِقِينَ	أحْسَنُ	الله
			alkh <u>a</u> liqeen <b>a</b>	a <u>h</u> sanu	All <u>a</u> hu
			(of) creators	The best	Allah

## ثُمَّر خَلَقَنَا ٱلنَّطْفَةَ عَلَقَةً فَخَلَقْنَا ٱلْعَلَقَةَ مُضْغَةً فَخَلَقْنَا ٱلْمُضْغَة

عِظَمَا فَكَسَوْنَا ٱلْعِظَمَ لَحَمًا ثُمَّ أَنشَأْنَنهُ خَلْقًا ءَاخَرَ فَتَبَارَكَ ٱللَّهُ أَحْسَنُ ٱلْخَلِقِينَ ٢

14. Thumma khalaqn<u>a</u> alnnu<u>t</u>fata AAalaqatan fakhalaqn<u>a</u> alAAalaqata mu<u>dg</u>hatan fakhalaqn<u>a</u> almu<u>dg</u>hata AAi<u>*th*a</u>man fakasawn<u>a</u> alAAi<u>*th*a</u>ma la<u>h</u>man thumma ansha/n<u>a</u>hu khalqan akhara fatabaraka Allahu ahsanu alkhaliqeen**a** 

Then We made the *Nutfah* into a clot (a piece of thick coagulated blood), then We made the clot into a little lump of flesh, then We made out of that little lump of flesh bones, then We clothed the bones with flesh, and then We brought it forth as another creation. So blessed be Allah, the Best of creators.

لْمَيِّتُونَ	ذلك	بَعْدَ	ٳٮٞٞػؙؗؗؗؗؗ	ڷؙؗۨم
lamayyitoon	<u>tha</u> lika	baAAda	innakum	Thumma
a				
Indeed shall	That	After	surely you	Then

	die						
			يِّتُونَ ٢	فَدَ ذَٰ لِكَ لَهُ	ثُمَّ إِنْكُمْ بَعُ		
15. Thumma innakum baAAda <u>tha</u> lika lamayyitoon <b>a</b>							
After that, sure	ely, you will die.						

	<b>نْبْعَ</b> نُونَ	الْقِبَامَةِ	يَوْمَ	ٳٮٞٞػؙؗؗؗؗؗ	ڹٞٞؗؗمۜ		
	tubAAathoo n <b>a</b>	alqiy <u>a</u> mati	yawma	innakum	Thumma		
	will be ressurected	(of) Ressurectio n	On the day	Surely you	Then (again)		
ثُمَرَ إِنَّكُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَدِمَةِ تُبْعَثُونَ ٢							

16. Thumma innakum yawma alqiyamati tubAAathoona Then (again), surely, you will be resurrected on the Day of Resurrection

وَمَا	طرائِقَ	سَبْعَ	فَوْقَكُمْ	خلقنا	وَلَقَدْ
wam <u>a</u>	<u>t</u> ar <u>a</u> -iqa	sabAAa	fawqakum	khalaqn <u>a</u>	Walaqad
And not	Heavens	Seven	Above you	We have created	And indeed
		غافلِينَ	الْخَلْق	عَن	کْتًا
		gh <u>a</u> fileen <b>a</b>	Alkhalqi	AAani	kunn <u>a</u>
		Unaware	Creation	(from) of	We were

وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا فَوْقَكُمْ سَبْعَ طَرَآبِقَ وَمَا كُنَّا عَن ٱلْخَلِّقِ غَنفِلِينَ ٢

17. Walaqad khalaqna fawqakum sabAAa tara-iqa wama kunna AAani alkhalqi ghafileena

And indeed We have created above you seven heavens (one over the other), and We are never unaware of the creation

فأسكناه	ؠؚۊؘۮؘڔ	مَاء	السَّمَاء	مِنَ	وأنزألنا
Faaskann <u>a</u> hu	biqadarin	m <u>a</u> an	a <b>l</b> ssam <u>a</u> -i	mina	Waanzaln <u>a</u>
And we gave it lodging	In (due) measure	Water (Rain)	The sky	From	And we sent down
بِهِ	ۮۿٵٮٟ	عَلَى	وَإِنَّا	الأرض	في
bihi	<u>th</u> ah <u>a</u> bin	AAal <u>a</u>	wa-inn <u>a</u>	al-ar <u>d</u> i	fee
lt	To take away	To (on)	And verily we	The earth	In
	•				لْقَادِرُونَ

laqadiroona (Are) able وَأُنزَلْنَا مِنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ مَآء بِقَدَرٍ فَأَسْكَنَّه فِي ٱلْأَرْضَ وَإِنَّا عَلَىٰ ذَهَاب بِهِ لَقَدِرُونَ ٢

18. Waanzaln<u>a</u> mina alssam<u>a</u>-i m<u>a</u>an biqadarin faaskann<u>a</u>hu fee al-ar<u>d</u>i wa-inn<u>a</u> AAal<u>a</u> <u>th</u>ah<u>a</u>bin bihi laq<u>a</u>diroon**a** 

And We sent down from the sky water (rain) in (due) measure, and We gave it lodging in the earth, and verily, We are Able to take it away

نٞڂؚؽڶؚ	مِّن	جَنَّاتٍ	ېه	لْکُم	فأنشأنا
nakheelin	min	jann <u>a</u> tin	bihi	lakum	Faansha/n <u>a</u>
date-palms	Of	Gardens	By it	For you	Then we
					brought forth
وَمِنْهَا	ػٙؿؚۑۯؘؗۿ۠	فَوَاكِهُ	فيها	ڵؙػ۠ؗؗؗؗؗؗ	وأغْنَابٍ
waminh <u>a</u>	katheeratun	faw <u>a</u> kihu	feeh <u>a</u>	lakum	waaAAn <u>a</u> bi
					n
And from it	Much	(is) fruit	Wherein	For you	And grapes
					تأكلون
					ta/kuloon <b>a</b>
					You eat
		<u> </u>	E.		

فَأَنشَأْنَا لَكُمر بِهِ حَنَّىتٍ مِّن نَّخِيلٍ وَأَعْنَبِ لَكُمر فِيهَا فَوَرَكُ كَثِيرَةُ وَمِنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ ٢

19. Faansha/n<u>a</u> lakum bihi jann<u>a</u>tin min nakheelin waaAAn<u>a</u>bin lakum feeh<u>a</u> faw<u>a</u>kihu katheeratun waminh<u>a</u> ta/kuloon**a** 

Then We brought forth for you therewith gardens of date-palms and grapes, wherein is much fruit for you, and whereof you eat.

ؾڹڹؙؾؙ	سَيْنَاء	طور	مِن	تَخْرُجُ	وَشَجَرَةً
tanbutu	sayn <u>a</u> a	<u>t</u> oori	min	takhruju	Washajarata
					n
That grows	Sinai	Mount	From	That springs	And a tree
				forth	(olive)
			ڵڵآكؚڶؚؽڹؘ	وَصِبْغٍ	ؠؚٵڵڐؙۿڹ
			lil <u>a</u> kileen <b>a</b>	wa <u>s</u> ibghin	bi <b>al</b> dduhni
			For the	And (it is)	Oil

رَشَجَرَةً تَخْرُجُ مِن طُورٍ سَيْنَاءَ تَنْبُتُ بِٱلدُّهْنِ وَصِبْغٍ لِّلاً كِلِينَ

(**T**.)

20. Washajaratan takhruju min <u>t</u>oori sayn<u>a</u>a tanbutu bi**al**dduhni wa<u>s</u>ibghin lil<u>a</u>kileen**a** And a tree (olive) that springs forth from Mount Sinai, that grows oil, and (it is a) relish for the eaters.

ݩݨﯩﯩﻘؚݒݣݦ	لْعِبْرَةً	الأنعام	فِي	ڵػؙؗؗم۠	وَإِنَّ
nusqeekum	laAAibratan	al-anAA <u>a</u> mi	fee	lakum	Wa-inna
We give you to drink	(there is ) indeed a lesson	The cattle	In	For you	And verily
مَنَافِعُ	فيها	وَلَكُمْ	بُطُونِهَا	فِي	مِّمَّا
man <u>a</u> fiAAu	feeh <u>a</u>	walakum	bu <u>t</u> oonih <u>a</u>	fee	mimm <u>a</u>
(are) benefits	In them	And for you	Their bellies	(is) in	Of that which
			تَأَكْلُونَ	وَمِنْهَا	ػٙؿؚؽۯؘؗ؋ٞ
			ta/kuloon <b>a</b>	waminh <u>a</u>	Katheeratun
			You eat	And of them	Numerous

وَإِنَّ لَكُمْ فِي ٱلْأَنْعَبِمِ لَعِبْرَةً فَنَّسْقِيكُم مِّمَّا فِي بُطُونِهَا وَلَكُرْ فِيهَا

مَنَيْفِعُ كَثِيرَةٌ وَمِنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ ٢

21. Wa-inna lakum fee al-anAA<u>a</u>mi laAAibratan nusqeekum mimm<u>a</u> fee bu<u>t</u>oonih<u>a</u> walakum feeh<u>a</u> man<u>a</u>fiAAu katheeratun waminh<u>a</u> ta/kuloon**a** 

And Verily! In the cattle there is indeed a lesson for you. We give you to drink (milk) of that which is in their bellies. And there are, in them, numerous (other) benefits for you, and of them you eat.

	<b>تْحْمَلُو</b> نَ	الفلك	وَعَلَى	وَعَلَيْهَا				
	tu <u>h</u> maloon <b>a</b>	alfulki	waAAal <u>a</u>	WaAAalayh				
				<u>a</u>				
	You are	The ships	And on	And on them				
	carried							
وَعَلَيْهَا وَعَلَى ٱلْفُلْكِ تُحَمَلُونَ ٢								
22. WaAAalayh <u>a</u> waAAal <u>a</u> alfulki tu <u>h</u> maloon <b>a</b>								
And on them, and on ships you	are carried							

#### **Section 2**

فَقَالَ	قَوْمِهِ	ٳڷ۬ؠ	ٺوحًا	أرْسَلْنَا	وَلَقَدْ
faq <u>a</u> la	qawmihi	il <u>a</u>	noo <u>h</u> an	arsaln <u>a</u>	Walaqad
And he said	His people	То	Noah	We sent	And indeed
لْکُم	مَا	الله	اعْبُدُوا	قَوْمِ	یَا
lakum	m <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> ha	oAAbudoo	qawmi	<u>уа</u>
You have	Not	Allah	You worship	My people	O!
	تَتَقُونَ	أفلًا	غَيْرُهُ	إله	مِّنْ
	tattaqoon <b>a</b>	afal <u>a</u>	ghayruhu	il <u>a</u> hin	min
	You be afraid	Will not then	But him	God	Other

وَلَقَد أَرْسَلُنَا نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ فَقَالَ يَنقَوْمِ ٱعْبُدُواْ ٱللَّهَ مَا لَكُم مِّن إِلَىٰهٍ غَيۡرُهُ وَأَفَلَا تَتَقُونَ ٢

23. Walaqad arsaln<u>a</u> noo<u>h</u>an il<u>a</u> qawmihi faq<u>a</u>la y<u>a</u> qawmi oAAbudoo All<u>a</u>ha m<u>a</u> lakum min ilahin ghayruhu afala tattaqoon**a** 

And indeed We sent Nuh (Noah) to his people, and he said: "O my people! Worship Allah! You have no other *Ilah* (God) but Him (Islamic Monotheism). Will you not then be afraid (of Him i.e. of His Punishment because of worshipping others besides Him)?"

0.6		1 8 7 7 1		Str. 0.	
قَوْمِهِ	مِن	كَفَرُوا	الأذين	الْمَلْأُ	فَقَالَ
qawmihi	min	kafaroo	alla <u>th</u> eena	almalao	Faq <u>a</u> la
His people	Among	Disbelieved	Who	The chiefs	But said
يُرِيدُ	مِّثْلُكُمْ	بَشَرُ	ٳٵ	هَذا	مَا
yureedu	mithlukum	basharun	ill <u>a</u>	h <u>atha</u>	m <u>a</u>
He seeks	Like you	A human bieng	But	This is	Not
اللَّهُ	شاء	وَلُوْ	عَلَيْكُمْ	ؠؘؿؘڡؘ۬ۻٮۜٞڶ	أن
All <u>a</u> hu	sh <u>a</u> a	walaw	AAalaykum	yatafa <u>dd</u> ala	an
Allah	Willed	And if	To you	Make himself superior	То
فِي	بِهَدًا	سمِعْنَا	مًّا	مَلْائِكَةُ	لأنزل
fee	bih <u>atha</u>	samiAAn <u>a</u>	m <u>a</u>	mal <u>a</u> -ikatan	laanzala
Among	Such a thing	We heard	Not	Angels	He could have surely sent down
				الْأُوَّلِينَ	آبَائِنَا
				al-	<u>a</u> b <u>a</u> -in <u>a</u>
				awwaleen <b>a</b>	

24. Faq<u>a</u>la almalao alla<u>th</u>eena kafaroo min qawmihi m<u>a</u> h<u>atha</u> ill<u>a</u> basharun mithlukum yureedu an yatafa<u>dd</u>ala AAalaykum walaw sh<u>a</u>a All<u>a</u>hu laanzala mal<u>a</u>-ikatan m<u>a</u> samiAAn<u>a</u> bih<u>atha</u> fee <u>aba</u>-in<u>a</u> al-awwaleen**a** 

But the chiefs of those who disbelieved among his people said: "He is no more than a human being like you, he seeks to make himself superior to you. Had Allah willed, He surely could have sent down angels; never did we hear such a thing among our fathers of old.

جِنَّهُ	ېه	رَجُلٌ	ٳڵ	هُو	إنْ	
jinnatun	bihi	rajulun	ill <u>a</u>	Huwa	In	
(is) madness	In whom	A man	But	He is	Not	
فَتَرَبَّصُوا بِهِ حَتَّى حِينِ						
		-~ <b>_</b>			ىربىس ،	
		<u>h</u> een <b>in</b>	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	bihi	fatarabba <u>s</u> oo	
			<u>h</u> att <u>a</u> Until		fatarabba <u>s</u> oo So wait	

إِنَّ هُوَ إِلَّا رَجُلُ بِهِ عَجَّنَّةُ فَتَرَبَّصُوا بِهِ حَتَّى حِينِ ٢

25. In huwa illa rajulun bihi jinnatun fatarabbasoo bihi hatta heenin "He is only a man in whom is madness, so wait for him a while."

	كَدَّبُون	ہمًا	انصُرْنِي	رَبِّ	قَالَ			
	ka <u>thth</u> aboon <b>i</b>	bim <u>a</u>	on <u>s</u> urnee	Rabbi	Q <u>a</u> la			
	They deny	Because	Help me	O my lord	He said			
	me							
قَالَ رَبِّ ٱنصُرِي بِمَا كَذَّبُونِ ٢								
26. Qala rabbi onsurnee bima kaththabooni								
[Nuh (Noah)] s	aid: "O my Lord	! Help me becau	se they deny me	."				

اصنغ القلاك ىأعْنُنْا أن إلبْهِ فاو حُنْنَا bii<u>s</u>naAAi alfulka ilayhi Faawhayna ani aAAyunina Under our The ship Construct That To him Se we

<b></b>					and the stand			
eyes	- 15-	15808	15	1415	revealed			
الْتَنُورُ	وَفَارَ	أمرُنَا	جَاء	فَإِذَا	ووحينا			
alttannooru	waf <u>a</u> ra	amrun <u>a</u>	j <u>a</u> a	fa-i <u>tha</u>	wawa <u>h</u> yin <u>a</u>			
(from) the	And water	Our	Comes	Then when	And (under)			
owen	gushes forth	command			the			
. • . * 1	· · · · · ·	ػڵ	•	11 :	revelation فَاسْأَكْ			
اثنَيْن	زَوْجَيْن		مِن	فيها				
ithnayni	zawjayni	kullin	min	feeh <u>a</u>	faosluk			
Тwo	Spouses (male and female)	Each kind	Of	On it	Then take			
الْقُوْلُ	عَلَيْهِ	سَبَقَ	مَن	ٳڵ	وأهْلْكَ			
alqawlu	AAalayhi	sabaqa	man	ill <u>a</u>	waahlaka			
The word	Against	Has already	Those	Except	And your			
	whom	gone forth			family			
ظلمُوا	الأذينَ	في	ثخاطِبْنِي	وَلَا	ڡؚؚٮ۫ٚۿؘؗؗؗۨۨ			
<u>th</u> alamoo	alla <u>th</u> eena	fee	tukh <u>at</u> ibnee	wal <u>a</u>	minhum			
Have done wrong	(of) those who	In favour	Address me	And do not	Thereof			
				مُّغْرَقُونَ	ٳێۧۿۄ			
				mughraqoon	innahum			
				a				
				To be	Verily ,they			
				drowned	are			
	نَا فَإِذَا جَآء <u>َ</u>		7		فَأَوْحَيْنَآ إِلَ			
فَ إِلَّا مَن	وَفَارَ ٱلتَّنُورُ فَٱسْلُكَ فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ زَوْجَيْنِ ٱتْنَيْنِ وَأَهْلَكَ إِلَّا مَن							
سَبَقَ عَلَيهِ ٱلْقَوْلُ مِنْهُمْ ۖ وَلَا تُخْطِبْنِي فِي ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوٓا ۗ إِنَّهُم								
					مُغۡرَقُونَ			
27. Faawhayn	<u>a</u> ilayhi ani isna	AAi alfulka bi-	aAAyunin <u>a</u> wa	wa <u>hyina</u> fa-itha	j <u>aa amruna</u>			

27. Faaw<u>hayna</u> ilayhi ani i<u>s</u>naAAi alfulka bi-aAAyunin<u>a</u> wawa<u>hyina</u> fa-i<u>tha ja</u>a amrun<u>a</u> waf<u>a</u>ra alttannooru fa**o**sluk feeh<u>a</u> min kullin zawjayni ithnayni waahlaka ill<u>a</u> man sabaqa AAalayhi alqawlu minhum wal<u>a</u> tukh<u>at</u>ibnee fee alla<u>th</u>eena <u>*th*</u>alamoo innahum mughraqoon**a** 

So We inspired him (saying): "Construct the ship under Our Eyes and under Our Revelation (guidance). Then, when Our Command comes, and the oven gushes forth water, take on board of each kind two (male and female), and your family, except those thereof against whom the Word has already gone forth. And address Me not in favour of those who have done

wrong. Verily, they are to be drowned.

عَلَى	مَّعَكَ	وَمَن	أنتَ	اسْتُوَيْتَ	فَإِذَا
AAal <u>a</u>	maAAaka	waman	anta	Istawayta	Fa-i <u>tha</u>
On	(is) with you	And	You	Have	And when
		whoever		embarked	
نَجَّانَا	الأذي	لِلَهِ	الْحَمْدُ	فَقُلِ	الفلك
najj <u>a</u> n <u>a</u>	alla <u>th</u> ee	lill <u>a</u> hi	al <u>h</u> amdu	faquli	alfulki
Have saved	Who	(are) due to	All the	Then say	The ship
US		Allah	praises		
			الظًالِمِينَ	الْقَوْمِ	مِنَ
			al <u>ththa</u> limee	alqawmi	mina
			n <b>a</b>		
			(who are)	The people	From
			opressors		

فَإِذَا ٱسۡتَوَيۡتَ أَنتَ وَمَن مَّعَكَ عَلَى ٱلۡفُلۡكِ فَقُلِ ٱلۡحَمۡدُ لِلَّهِ ٱلَّذِي

نَجَّىنَا مِنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ ٢

28. Fa-i<u>tha</u> istawayta anta waman maAAaka AAal<u>a</u> alfulki faquli al<u>h</u>amdu lill<u>a</u>hi alla<u>th</u>ee najjana mina alqawmi al<u>ththa</u>limeen**a** 

And when you have embarked on the ship, you and whoever is with you, then say: "All the praises and thanks be to Allah, Who has saved us from the people who are *Zalimun* (i.e. oppressors, wrong-doers, polytheists, those who join others in worship with Allah, etc.).

وأنتَ	مُّبَارَكًا	مُنزَلًا	أنزلني	رٿ	وَقُلْ
waanta	mub <u>a</u> rakan	munzalan	Anzilnee	rabbi	Waqul
And you are	Blessed	A landing-	Cause me to	My Lord	And say
		place	land at		
				المُنزلِينَ	ڂؽۯ
				almunzileen	Khayru
				a	
				(of) those	The best
				who bring	
				the land	

وَقُل رَّبِّ أَنزِلِّنِي مُنزَلاً مُّبَارَكًا وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ ٱلْمُنزِلِينَ ٢

29. Waqul rabbi anzilnee munzalan mub<u>a</u>rakan waanta khayru almunzileen**a** And say: "My Lord! Cause me to land at a blessed landing-place, for You are the Best of those who bring to land."

کْتًا	وَإِن	ڵٲۑؘٵت	ذلك	في	ٳڹؖ
kunn <u>a</u>	wa-in	la <u>aya</u> tin	<u>tha</u> lika	fee	Inna
We are	And truly	(there are) indeed signs	This	In	Verily
					ڵڡؙڹ۠ؾٞڶؚۑڹؘ
					lamubtaleen
					a
					Ever putting (men) to rest
					(men) to rest

إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَأَيَنتٍ وَإِن كُنَّا لَمُبْتَلِينَ ٢

30. Inna fee thalika laayatin wa-in kunna lamubtaleena

Verily, in this [what We did as regards drowning of the people of Nuh (Noah)], there are indeed *Ayat* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc. for men to understand), for sure We are ever putting (men) to the test.

آخري <u>نَ</u>	قرْنًا	بَعْدِهِمْ	مِن	أنشأنا	ؾؖٞۄۜ			
<u>a</u> khareen <b>a</b>	qarnan	baAAdihim	min	ansha/n <u>a</u>	Thumma			
Another	Generation	After	them	We created	Then			
نُمَرَ أَنشَأْنَا مِنُ بَعْدِهِمَ قَرْنًا ءَاخَرِينَ ٢								
31 Thumma a	insha/na min ha	A Adihim garna	n akhareen <b>a</b>					

31. Thumma ansha/na min baAAdihim qarnan akhareena Then, after them, We created another generation

	٤	و فر ه						
اعْبُدُوا	أن	مِنْهُمْ	رَسُولًا	فيهم	فأر ْسَلْنَا			
oAAbudoo	ani	minhum	rasoolan	feehim	Faarsaln <u>a</u>			
You worship	(saying) that	From among them	A messenger	(in) to them	And We sent			
غَيْرُهُ	ٳڵۅ	مِّنْ	ڵػؙم	مَا	الله			
Ghayruhu	il <u>a</u> hin	min	lakum	m <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> ha			
But Him	God	Other	You have	Not	Allah			
				تَتَقُونَ	أفلا			
				tattaqoon <b>a</b>	afal <u>a</u>			
				You will be	(will) then			
				afraid	not			
فَأَرْسَلْنَا فِيهِمْ رَسُولاً مِّنْهُمْ أَنِ ٱعْبُدُواْ ٱللَّهَ مَا لَكُمر مِّنْ إِلَيهٍ غَيْرُهُ وَ								
				نَ	أَفَلَا تَتَّقُور			

32. Faarsaln<u>a</u> feehim rasoolan minhum ani oAAbudoo All<u>a</u>ha m<u>a</u> lakum min il<u>a</u>hin ghayruhu afal<u>a</u> tattaqoon**a** 

And We sent to them a Messenger from among themselves (saying): "Worship Allah! You have no other *Ilah* (God) but Him. Will you not then be afraid (of Him i.e. of His Punishment because of worshipping others besides Him)?"

Section 3								
كَفَرُوا	الأذين	قَوْمِهِ	مِن	الْمَلْأُ	وَقَالَ			
kafaroo	alla <u>th</u> eena	qawmihi	min	almalao	Waq <u>a</u> la			
Disbelieved	Who	His people	Of	The chiefs	And said			
الْحَيَاةِ	فِي	وأثرَفْنَاهُمْ	الأخرة	بلقاء	وَكَدَّبُوا			
al <u>h</u> ay <u>a</u> ti	fee	waatrafn <u>a</u> hu m	al- <u>a</u> khirati	biliq <u>a</u> -i	waka <u>thth</u> abo o			
Life	In (of)	And we had given them luxuries and comforts	(in) the hereafter	The meeting	And denied			
مِّثْلُكُمْ	بَشَرُ	ٳؘٵ	هَذَا	مَا	الدُّنْيَا			
mithlukum	basharun	ill <u>a</u>	h <u>atha</u>	m <u>a</u>	a <b>l</b> dduny <u>a</u>			
Like you	A human being	But	This	(is) not	Worldly			
مِمَّا	وَيَشْرُبُ	مِنْهُ	تَأْكُلُونَ	مِمَّا	يَأَكُلُ			
mimm <u>a</u>	wayashrabu	minhu	ta/kuloona	mimm <u>a</u>	ya/kulu			
Of what	And he drinks	(of) that	You eat	Of that which	He eats			
					تَشْرَبُونَ			
					Tashraboona			
					You drink			
	قَاءِ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ	إ وَكَذَّ بُواْ بِلِ	ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُو	ر من قَوْمِهِ	وَقَالَ ٱلۡمَلَا			

تَأْكُلُونَ مِنْهُ وَيَشَرَبُ مِمَّا تَشَرَبُونَ ٢

وَأَتْرَفْنَنِهُمْ فِي ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا مَا هَنذَآ إِلَّا بَشَرُ مِّثْلُكُمْ يَأْكُلُ مِمَّا

33. Waq<u>a</u>la almalao min qawmihi alla<u>th</u>eena kafaroo waka<u>thth</u>aboo biliq<u>a</u>-i al-<u>a</u>khirati waatrafn<u>a</u>hum fee al<u>haya</u>ti aldduny<u>a ma</u> h<u>atha</u> ill<u>a</u> basharun mithlukum ya/kulu mimm<u>a</u> ta/kuloona minhu wayashrabu mimm<u>a</u> tashraboon**a** 

And the chiefs of his people, who disbelieved and denied the Meeting in the Hereafter, and to whom We had given the luxuries and comforts of this life, said: "He is no more than a human being like you, he eats of that which you eat, and drinks of what you drink.

إدًا	ٳڹٞڴؗؗؗؗؗۿ	مِثْلَكُمْ	بَشَرًا	أطعثم	وَلَئِنْ			
i <u>th</u> an	innakum	mithlakum	basharan	a <u>t</u> aAAtum	Wala-in			
Then	You verily	Like you	A human	You obey	And if			
			being					
					أخَاسِرُونَ			
					lakh <u>a</u> siroon <b>a</b>			
					Are losers			
وَلَبِنْ أَطَعْتُم بَشَرًا مِّثْلَكُم إِنَّكُم إِذَا لَّخَسِرُونَ ٢								

34. Wala-in ataAAtum basharan mithlakum innakum ithan lakhasiroona "If you were to obey a human being like yourselves, then verily! You indeed would be losers

وَكْنَتْمْ	مِثْمْ	إذا	أنَّكُمْ	أيَعِدُكُمْ
wakuntum	mittum	i <u>tha</u>	annakum	AyaAAiduk
				um
And have	You have	When	That you	Does he
become	died			promise you
		مُّخْرَجُونَ	أنَّكُم	وَعِظَامًا
		mukhrajoon	annakum	waAAi <u>tha</u> m
		a		an
		Shall come out alive (Resurected	(that) you	And bones
	و کنیم wakuntum And have	مِتْم وكَتْتَم wakuntum mittum And have You have	إدار مِنْم مِنْم وكَنْتَم wakuntum mittum i <u>tha</u> And have You have When become died مُخْرَجُونَ مُخْرَجُونَ ماللہ	انکم مِنْم مِنْم مِنْم مِنْم مَنْم مُحْرَجُونَ مُكْفَر مُحْرَجُونَ مُحْرَجُونَ مُحْر مُ

أَيَعِدُكُرْ أَنَّكُمْ إِذَا مِتُّمْ وَكُنتُمْ تُرَابًا وَعِظَمًا أَنَّكُم مُّخْرَجُونَ ٢

35. AyaAAidukum annakum i<u>tha</u> mittum wakuntum tur<u>a</u>ban waAAi<u>tha</u>man annakum mukhrajoon**a** 

"Does he promise you that when you have died and have become dust and bones, you shall come out alive (resurrected)?

		ثو عَدُونَ	لِمَا	هَيْهَاتَ	هَيْهَاتَ		
		tooAAadoon	lim <u>a</u>	hayh <u>a</u> ta	Hayh <u>a</u> ta		
		a					
		You are	(is) that	(very) far	Far		
		promised	which				
* هَيْهَاتَ هَيْهَاتَ لِمَا تُوعَدُونَ ٢							
36. Hayh <u>a</u> ta hayh <u>a</u> ta lim <u>a</u> tooAAadoon <b>a</b>							
"Far, very far is	"Far, very far is that which you are promised.						

نَمُوتُ	الدُّئيَا	حَيَاتُنَا	ٳٵ	هِيَ	إنْ
namootu	a <b>l</b> dduny <u>a</u>	<u>h</u> ay <u>a</u> tun <u>a</u>	ill <u>a</u>	hiya	In
We die	(of) this world	Our life	But	lt	(is) not
		ؠؚڡؘڹ۠ؖٷۊؚ۫ۑڹؘ	نَحْنُ	وَمَا	وَنَحْيَا
		bimabAAoot heen <b>a</b>	na <u>h</u> nu	wam <u>a</u>	wana <u>hya</u>
		(will be) resurrected	We	And not	And we live

## إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا حَيَاتُنَا ٱلدُّنْيَا نَمُوتُ وَخَيَّا وَمَا خَنْ بِمَبْعُوثِينَ ٢

37. In hiya ill<u>a haya</u>tun<u>a</u> aldduny<u>a</u> namootu wana<u>hya wama</u> na<u>h</u>nu bimabAAootheen**a** "There is nothing but our life of this world! We die and we live! And we are not going to be resurrected

افتَرَى	رَجُلُ	ٳٵ	هُو	إنْ
iftar <u>a</u>	rajulun	ill <u>a</u>	huwa	In
Who has invented	A Man	But	He is	Not
مْا	نَحْنُ	وَمَا	كَذِبًا	اللهِ
lahu	na <u>h</u> nu	wam <u>a</u>	ka <u>th</u> iban	All <u>a</u> hi
In him	We	And not	A lie	Allah
	iftar <u>a</u> Who has invented لهُ lahu	رجل اهترى iftar <u>a</u> rajulun Who has A Man invented ألمُ Iahu na <u>h</u> nu	إلىرجلافترىiftararajulunillaWho has inventedA ManButفرمانحْنُاللهوممانحْنُلهlahunahnuwama	هو الله العترى العترى العترى العترى العترى العترى العترى المترى المترى المترى المعترى المعترى المعترى المعتم ال معتم المعتم المعتم معتم المعتم ا معتم المعتم الم معتم المعتم ال

إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا رَجُلُ ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبًا وَمَا خَنْ لَهُ

بِمُؤْمِنِينَ ٢

38. In huwa ill<u>a</u> rajulun iftar<u>a</u> AAal<u>a</u> All<u>a</u>hi ka<u>th</u>iban wam<u>a</u> na<u>h</u>nu lahu bimu/mineen**a** "He is only a man who has invented a lie against Allah, but we are not going to believe in him."

	كَدَّبُون	ہما	انصُرْنِي	رَبِّ	قَالَ		
	ka <u>thth</u> aboon <b>i</b>	bim <u>a</u>	on <u>s</u> urnee	rabbi	Q <u>a</u> la		
	They deny me	Because	Help me	O my Lord	He said		
قَالَ رَبِّ ٱنصُرْنِي بِمَا كَذَّبُونِ ٢							
39. Qala rabbi onsurnee bima kaththabooni							
He said: "O my Lord! Help me because they deny me."							

	نَادِمِينَ	ڵؽؙڝٮ۠ؠڂؙڹۜٞ	قَلِيلِ	عَمَّا	قَال		
	n <u>a</u> dimeen <b>a</b>	layu <u>s</u> bi <u>h</u> unn a	qaleelin	AAamm <u>a</u>	Q <u>a</u> la		
	Regretful	They will be	In a littl	e while	He (Allah) said		
قَالَ عَمَّا قَلِيلٍ لَّيُصبِحُنَّ نَدِمِينَ ٢							
	40. Qala AAamma qaleelin layusbihunna nadimeena (Allah) said: "In a little while, they are sure to be regretful."						

فَبُعْدًا	غُثّاء	فَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ	بِالْحَقِّ	الصَّيْحَة	فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ			
fabuAAdan	ghuth <u>a</u> an	fajaAAaln <u>a</u> h	bi <b>a</b> l <u>h</u> aqqi	al <u>ss</u> ay <u>h</u> atu	Faakha <u>th</u> at-			
		um			humu			
So away	As rubbish of dead planrs	And we made them	In truth	An awful cry	So overtook them			
				الظًالِمِينَ	ڵڵڨؘۅ۠ۛۛ۾			
				al <u>ththa</u> limee	lilqawmi			
				n <b>a</b>				
				Who are wrong doers	With the people			
فَأَخَذَ يَهُمُ ٱلصَّيْحَةُ بِٱلْحَقِّ فَجَعَلْنَهُمْ غُنَآءً فَبُعَدًا لِّلْقَوْمِ								
ٱلظَّلِمِينَ ٢								

41. Faakha<u>th</u>at-humu al<u>ssayh</u>atu bial<u>h</u>aqqi fajaAAaln<u>a</u>hum ghuth<u>a</u>an fabuAAdan lilqawmi al<u>ththa</u>limeen**a** 

So *As-Saihah* (torment - awful cry, etc.) overtook them with justice, and We made them as rubbish of dead plants. So away with the people who are *Zalimun* (polytheists, wrong-doers, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allah, disobedient to His Messengers, etc.).

آخري <u>نَ</u>	ڨرُوٮٞٙا	بَعْدِهِمْ	مِن	أنشأنا	ؾؙۨمۜ		
<u>a</u> khareen <b>a</b>	quroonan	baAAdihim	min	ansha/n <u>a</u>	Thumma		
Others	Generations	After	them	We created	Then		
تُمَرَّ أَنشَأْنَا مِنُ بَعْدِهِمْ قُرُونًا ءَاخَرِينَ ٢							
42. Thumma a	42. Thumma ansha/na min baAAdihim quroonan akhareena						

Then, after them, We created other generations

وَمَا	أجلها	ٱمَّةٍ	مِنْ	تَسْبِقُ	مَا			
wam <u>a</u>	ajalah <u>a</u>	ommatin	min	tasbiqu	<u>Ma</u>			
Nor	Their term	nation	any	Can precede	Not			
					يَسْتَأْخِرُونَ			
					yasta/khiroo			
					n <b>a</b>			
					They can delay (it)			
	مَا تَسْبِقُ مِنْ أُمَّةٍ أَجَلَهَا وَمَا يَسْتَغْخِرُونَ ٢							

43. Ma tasbiqu min ommatin ajalaha wama yasta/khiroona No nation can anticipate their term, nor can they delay it.

مَا	ػ۠ڶؖ	تَثْرَا	رُسُلْنَا	أرْسَلْنَا	ؿۨٞمۜ
m <u>a</u>	kulla	tatr <u>a</u>	rusulan <u>a</u>	arsaln <u>a</u>	Thumma
Everytime	e when	In	Our	We sent	Then
		succession	messengers		
بَعْضَهُم	فأثبعنا	كَدَّبُوهُ	رَّسُولُهَا	أُمَّةً	جَاء
baAA <u>d</u> ahum	faatbaAAn <u>a</u>	ka <u>thth</u> abooh	rasooluh <u>a</u>	ommatan	j <u>a</u> a
		u			
Some of	So we made	They denied	Their	(to) a nation	Came
them	follow	him	messenger		
Ľ	ڵقَوْمٍ	فبعدًا	أحاديث	وَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ	بَعْضًا
1 <u>a</u>	liqawmin	fabuAAdan	a <u>ha</u> deetha	wajaAAaln <u>a</u>	baAA <u>d</u> an
				hum	
Not	With a	So away	As true	And we	Others
	people		stories (of mankind)	made them	
					يُؤْمِنُونَ
					yu/minoon <b>a</b>
					Who believe

# تُمَّ أَرْسَلُنَا رُسُلَنَا تَتْرَا كُلَّ مَا جَآءَ أُمَّةً رَّسُوهُا كَذَّبُوهُ فَأَتْبَعْنَا بَعْضَهُم بَعْضًا وَجَعَلْنَهُمْ أَحَادِيثَ فَبُعْدَا لِقَوْمِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ٢

44. Thumma arsalna rusulana tatra kulla ma jaa ommatan rasooluha kaththaboohu faatbaAAna baAAdahum baAAdan wajaAAalnahum ahadeetha fabuAAdan liqawmin la vu/minoona

Then We sent Our Messengers in succession, every time there came to a nation their Messenger, they denied him, so We made them follow one another (to destruction), and We made them as *Ahadith* (the true stories for mankind to learn a lesson from them). So away with a people who believe not.

ؠؚٳٙۑؘٳؾؘؚٵ	هَارُونَ	وأخاه	مُوسَى	أرْسَلْنَا	ؾٞۄۜ
bi- <u>aya</u> tin <u>a</u>	h <u>a</u> roona	waakh <u>a</u> hu	moos <u>a</u>	arsaln <u>a</u>	Thumma
With our proofs	Aaron	And his brother	Moses	We sent	Then
				مٌبِينِ	وَسُلْطَانِ
				mubeen <b>in</b>	wasul <u>ta</u> nin
				Manifest	And an
				(clear)	authority

ثُمَّ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَىٰ وَأَخَاهُ هَرُونَ بِعَايَئِنَا وَسُلْطَنٍ مُّبِينٍ ٢

45. Thumma arsalna moosa waakhahu haroona bi-ayatina wasultanin mubeenin Then We sent Musa (Moses) and his brother Harun (Aaron), with Our *Ayat* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and manifest authority

S

	قَوْمًا	وَكَانُوا	فاسْتَكْبَرُوا	وَمَلْئِهِ	فِرْعَوْنَ	إلى				
	qawman	wak <u>a</u> noo	fa <b>i</b> stakbaroo	wamala-ihi	firAAawna	<mark>Il<u>a</u> To</mark>				
	People	And they were	But they behaved insolently	And his chiefs	Pharaoh	То				
						عَالِينَ				
I						AA <u>a</u> leen <b>a</b>				
						Self exalting				
4										

## إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَإِيْهِ فَٱسْتَكْبَرُواْ وَكَانُواْ قَوْمًا عَالِينَ ٢

46. Ila firAAawna wamala-ihi faistakbaroo wakanoo qawman AAaleena

To Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs, but they behaved insolently and they were people selfexalting (by disobeying their Lord, and exalting themselves over and above the Messenger of Allah).

لذًا	وَقَوْمُهُمَا	مِثْلِنَا	لِبَشَرَيْن	أنُؤْمِنُ	فَقَالُوا
lan <u>a</u>	waqawmuhu	mithlin <u>a</u>	libasharayni	anu/minu	Faq <u>a</u> loo
	m <u>a</u>				
To us	And their	Like	In two men	Shall we	Then they
	people	ourselves		believe	said
					عَابِدُونَ
					AA <u>a</u> bidoon <b>a</b>
					(Are)
					servants

## فَقَالُوٓا أَنُوٓمِنُ لِبَشَرَيۡنِ مِثْلِنَا وَقَوۡمُهُمَا لَنَا عَبِدُونَ ٢

47. Faq<u>a</u>loo anu/minu libasharayni mithlin<u>a</u> waqawmuhum<u>a</u> lan<u>a</u> AA<u>a</u>bidoon**a** 

They said: "Shall we believe in two men like ourselves, and their people are obedient to us with humility (and we use them to serve us as we like)."

	الْمُهْلَكِينَ	مِنَ	فَكَانُوا	فَكَدَّبُو هُمَا
	almuhlakeen <b>a</b>	mina	fak <u>a</u> noo	Faka <u>thth</u> abo ohum <u>a</u>
	Those who were destroyed	Of	And became	So they denied them

فَكَذَّبُوهُمَا فَكَانُواْ مِنَ ٱلْمُهْلَكِينَ ٢

48. Faka<u>ththaboohuma</u> fak<u>anoo mina almuhlakeena</u> So they denied them both [Musa (Moses) and Harun (Aaron)] and became of those who were destroyed

يَهْتَدُونَ	لْعَلَّهُمْ	الْكِتَّابَ	مُوسَى	آتَيْنَا	وَلۡقَدْ				
yahtadoon <b>a</b>	laAAallahu	alkit <u>a</u> ba	moos <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> tayn <u>a</u>	Walaqad				
	m								
guided	So that they	The	Moses	We gave	And indeed				
	may be	Scripture							
وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى ٱلْكِتَبَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَهْتَدُونَ ٢									

49. Walaqad <u>atayna moosa alkitaba laAAallahum yahtadoona</u> And indeed We gave Musa (Moses) the Scripture, that they may be guided

وَآوَيْنَاهُمَا	آيَة	وَأُمَّهُ	مَرْيْمَ	ابْنَ	وَجَعَلْنَا
wa <u>a</u> wayn <u>a</u> hu	<u>a</u> yatan	waommahu	maryama	ibna	WajaAAaln <u>a</u>
m <u>a</u>					
And We	As a sign	And his	Of Mary	The son	And We
gave them		mother			made
refuge					
	وَمَعِينِ	قرَار	ذات	رَبْوَةٍ	إلى
	wamaAAeen	qar <u>a</u> rin	<u>tha</u> ti	rabwatin	il <u>a</u>
	in				
	And flowing	A place of res	t and security	A high	To (on)
	streams			ground	

وَجَعَلْنَا ٱبْنَ مَرْيَمَ وَأُمَّهُ ٓ ءَايَةً وَءَاوَيْنَهُمَآ إِلَىٰ رَبَوَةٍ ذَاتِ قَرَارِ وَمَعِينِ ٢

50. WajaAAalna ibna maryama waommahu ayatan waawaynahuma ila rabwatin thati qararin wamaAAeenin

And We made the son of Maryam (Mary) and his mother as a sign, And We gave them refuge on high ground, a place of rest, security and flowing streams

			4

الطَيِّبَاتِ	مِنَ	کْلُوا	الرُّسُلُ	أَيُّهَا	يَا			
al <u>tt</u> ayyib <u>a</u> ti	mina	kuloo	a <b>l</b> rrusulu	ayyuh <u>a</u>	Y <u>a</u>			
Lawful foods	Of	Eat	Messengers	you	O!			
عَلِيمٌ	تَعْمَلُونَ	ہمًا	ٳڹؚٞۜۜۜۑ	صالِحًا	واعْمَلُوا			
AAaleemun	taAAmaloon	bim <u>a</u>	innee	<u>sa</u> li <u>h</u> an	wa <b>i</b> AAmalo			
	a				0			
(am) well-	You do	With what	Verily I	Righteous	And do			
Acquainted				deeds				

يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلرُّسُلُ كُلُواْ مِنَ ٱلطَّيِّبَتِ وَٱعْمَلُواْ صَلِحًا ۖ إِنِّى بِمَا تَعَمَلُونَ عَلِيمُ فَي

51. Ya ayyuha alrrusulu kuloo mina alttayyibati waiAAmaloo salihan innee bima taAAmaloona AAaleemun

O (you) Messengers! Eat of the Taiyibat [all kinds of Halal (legal) foods which Allah has made legal (meat of slaughtered eatable animals, milk products, fats, vegetables, fruits, etc.], and do righteous deeds. Verily! I am Well-Acquainted with what you do.

وأنَا	واحِدَةً	ٲ۫ڡۘۧۜۜ؋	أمَّتْكُمْ	هَذِهِ	وَإِنَّ				
waan <u>a</u>	w <u>ah</u> idatan	ommatan	ommatukum	h <u>ath</u> ihi	Wa-inna				
And I	(is) one	nation	Your nation	This	And verily				
		(religion)	(religion)						
				فَاتَّقُون	رَبُّكْمْ				
				faittaqooni	rabbukum				
				So fear Me	(am) your				
					Lord				
وَإِنَّ هَـنِدِهِۦٓ أُمَّتُكُمۡ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً وَأَنَا رَبُّكُمۡ فَٱتَّقُونِ ٢									
52. Wa-inna h	<u>ath</u> ihi ommatuk	um ommatan w	<u>ah</u> idatan waan	a rabbukum fa <b>i</b> t	taqoon <b>i</b>				

And verily! This your religion (of Islamic Monotheism) is one religion, and I am your Lord, so keep your duty to Me.

حِزْبٍ	ػ۫ڶٞ	زُبُرًا	بَيْنَهُمْ	أمْرَهُم	فتَقَطَّعُوا
<u>h</u> izbin	kullu	zuburan	baynahum	amrahum	Fataqa <u>tt</u> aAA
					00
Group	Each	Into sects	Among them	Their	But they
(party)				religion	have broken
			فَرِحُونَ	لدَيْهِمْ	ہما
			Fari <u>h</u> oon <b>a</b>	ladayhim	bim <u>a</u>
			Rejoicing	(is) with	In what
				them	

فَتَقَطَّعُوٓا أَمۡرَهُم بَيۡنَهُمۡ زُبُرًا كُلُ حِزۡبٍ بِمَا لَدَيۡمٍ فَرِحُونَ ٢

53. Fataqa<u>ttaAAoo amrahum baynahum zuburan kullu hizbin bima</u> ladayhim farihoon**a** But they (men) have broken their religion among them into sects, each group rejoicing in its belief.

	حين	حَتَّى	ۼؘڡ۠ۯۜؾؚ۬ۿؚؗؗ	فِي	فَدَر ۿؙم۠					
	<u>h</u> een <b>in</b>	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	Ghamratihi	fee	Fa <u>th</u> arhum					
			m							
	A time	For	Their error	In	So leave					
					them					
فَذَرْهُمْ فِي غَمْرَتِهِمْ حَتَّى حِينٍ ٢										
54. Fatharhum	54. Fatharhum fee ghamratihim hatta heen <b>in</b>									
Co loove them	in their error for	atima								

So leave them in their error for a time.

مَّالِ	مِن	به	ڹؙڡؚڐؙۿؙۄ	أنَّمَا	أيَحْسَبُونَ			
m <u>a</u> lin	min	bihi	numidduhu	annam <u>a</u>	Aya <u>h</u> saboon			
			m		а			
Wealth	For	With (it)	We enlarge them	That what	Do they think			
					وَبَنِينَ			
					wabaneena			
					And children			
					(sons)			
أَيَحَسَبُونَ أَنَّمَا نُمِدُّهُم بِهِ مِن مَّالٍ وَبَنِينَ ٢								
55. Ayahsaboona annama numidduhum bihi min malin wabaneena								
Do they think t	hat We enlarge	them in wealth a	nd children					

ٹا	(	بَل	الْخَيْرَاتِ	فِي	ڵۿؙؗؗؗ	ڈس <i>ک</i> ار غ		
l <u>a</u>	b	bal	alkhayr <u>a</u> ti	fee	lahum	Nus <u>a</u> riAAu		
Not	But		Good things	With (in)	Unto them	We hasten		
						يَشْعُرُونَ		
						yashAAuroo		
						n <b>a</b>		
						They		
						perceive		
نْسَارِعُ لَهُمْ فِي ٱلْخَيْرَاتِ ۚ بَل لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ٢								
56. NusariAAu lahum fee alkhayrati bal la yashAAuroona								
We hasten unt	We basen unto them with good things (in this worldly life so that they will have no share of							

We hasten unto them with good things (in this worldly life so that they will have no share of good things in the Hereafter)? Nay, but they perceive not.

رَبِّهم	ڂؘۺ۠ؽؘؚ؋	مِّنْ	هُم	الأذين	ٳڹۜ				
rabbihim	khashyati	min	hum	alla <u>th</u> eena	Inna				
(of) their Lord	Fear	From	They	Those	Verily				
					مُتْنْفِقُونَ				
					mushfiqoon				
					a				
					Live in awe				
	لنe in awe إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ هُم مِّنْ خَشْيَةِ رَبِّه مُّشْفِقُونَ ٢								

57. Inna allatheena hum min khashyati rabbihim mushfiqoona Verily! Those who live in awe for fear of their Lord;

	يُؤْمِنُونَ	رَبِّهمْ	ؠؚٳٙۑؘٳٮٙ	هُم	وَالَّذِينَ			
	yu/minoon <b>a</b>	rabbihim	bi- <u>aya</u> ti	hum	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een			
					a			
	Believe	(of) their	In the Signs	They	And those			
		Lord						
وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمر بِعَايَنتِ رَبِّمٌ يُؤْمِنُونَ ٢								
58. Waallathe	ena hum bi- <u>aya</u>	ti rabbihim yu/r	ninoon <b>a</b>					
And those who of their Lord,	And those who believe in the Ayat (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.)							

	ؽؙؚۺ۠ڔػؙۅڹؘ	Ŭ	ؠڔؘؠٙٞۿؗ	ۿؙۄ	وَالَّذِينَ				
	yushrikoon <b>a</b>	1 <u>a</u>	birabbihim	hum	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een				
					a				
	Join anyone in worship as partners	Not	With their Lord	They	And those				
وَٱلَّذِينَ هُم بِرَبِّهِمْ لَا يُشْرِكُونَ ٢									
59. Waallathe	59. Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> eena hum birabbihim la yushrikoon <b>a</b>								
And those who	join not anyone	(in worship) as	partners with the	eir Lord;					

وَجِلَةٌ	ۅۛۜڨؙڶۅڹؙۿؙؗؗؗؗ	آئوا	مَا	يُؤثُّونَ	وَالْذِينَ
wajilatun	waquloobuh	<u>a</u> taw	<u>Ma</u>	yu/toona	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een
	um				a
(are) full of	(and) their	They gave	That which	Who give	And those
fear	hearts				
		رَاجِعُونَ	رَبِّهمْ	إلى	أنَّهُمْ
		r <u>a</u> jiAAoon <b>a</b>	rabbihim	il <u>a</u>	annahum
		Shall return	Their Lord	То	Because
					they

60. Wa**a**lla<u>th</u>eena yu/toona m<u>a</u> ataw waquloobuhum wajilatun annahum il<u>a</u> rabbihim rajiAAoon**a** 

And those who give that (their charity) which they give (and also do other good deeds) with their hearts full of fear (whether their alms and charities, etc., have been accepted or not), because they are sure to return to their Lord (for reckoning).

لْهَا	وَهُمْ	الْخَيْرَاتِ	في	يُسَار عُونَ	أوْلْئِكَ			
lah <u>a</u>	wahum	alkhayr <u>a</u> ti	fee	yus <u>a</u> riAAoo	Ol <u>a</u> -ika			
				na				
In them	And they	The good deeds	In	Who hasten	(it is) these			
					سايڤون			
					s <u>a</u> biqoon <b>a</b>			
					(are)			
					foremost			
أُوْلَنَبِكَ يُسَبِرِعُونَ فِي ٱلْخَيْرَاتِ وَهُمْ لَهَا سَبِقُونَ ٢								
61. Ol <u>a</u> -ika yu	is <u>a</u> riAAoona fee	e alkhayr <u>a</u> ti wał	um lah <u>a</u> s <u>a</u> biqo	ona				
It is these who	race for the goo	d deeds, and the	ey are foremost	in them [e.g. off	ering the			

compulsory Salat (prayers) in their (early) stated, fixed times and so on].

وَلْدَيْنَا	وُسْعَهَا	ٳڵ	نفسًا	ڹٝػڵڡ۬	وَلَا			
waladayn <u>a</u>	wusAAah <u>a</u>	ill <u>a</u>	nafsan	nukallifu	Wal <u>a</u>			
And with Us	According to its capacity	Except	Any soul	We burden	And not			
يُظْلَمُونَ	Ŭ	وَهُمْ	بِالْحَقِّ	يَنطِقُ	كِتَابٌ			
yu <u>th</u> lamoon	l <u>a</u>	wahum	bi <b>a</b> l <u>h</u> aqqi	yan <u>t</u> iqu	kit <u>a</u> bun			
a								
Will be wronged	Not	And they	The truth	Which speaks	(is) a Record			

وَلَا نُكَلِّفُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا وَلَدَيْنَا كِتَابٌ يَنطِقُ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ٢

62. Wal<u>a</u> nukallifu nafsan ill<u>a</u> wusAAah<u>a</u> waladayn<u>a</u> kit<u>a</u>bun yan<u>t</u>iqu bi**a**l<u>h</u>aqqi wahum l<u>a</u> yu<u>*th*</u>lamoon**a** 

And We tax not any person except according to his capacity, and with Us is a Record which speaks the truth, and they will not be wronged.

هَذَا	مِّنْ	غَمْرَةٍ	فِي	ڨڵۅڹؙۿؙؗؗؗؗ	بَلْ
h <u>atha</u>	min	ghamratin	fee	quloobuhum	Bal
This	From	(are) covered		Their hearts	Nay,but
ۿؙؗؗڡ۠	ذلك	دُون	مِن	أعْمَالُ	وَلَّهُمْ
hum	<u>tha</u> lika	dooni	min	aAAm <u>a</u> lun	walahum
They	When	bes	ides	Are (other) deeds	And for them
				عَامِلُونَ	لْهَا
				AA <u>a</u> miloon <b>a</b>	lah <u>a</u>
				(are) doing	For it

بَلْ قُلُو مُهُمْ فِي غَمْرَةٍ مِّنْ هَاذَا وَهَمْ أَعْمَالُ مِّن دُون ذَالِكَ هُمْ لَهَا

عَىمِلُونَ 🚍

63. Bal quloobuhum fee ghamratin min h<u>atha</u> walahum aAAm<u>a</u>lun min dooni <u>tha</u>lika hum lah<u>a</u> AA<u>a</u>miloon**a** 

Nay, but their hearts are covered (blind) from understanding this (the Qur'an), and they have other (evil) deeds, besides, which they are doing.

، مي	إدًا	أخَدْنَا	مُثْرَفِيهم	بِالْعَدَابِ	إذا
<u>H</u> at	i <u>tha</u>	akha <u>th</u> n <u>a</u>	mutrafeehim	bi <b>a</b> lAAa <u>tha</u> b	i <u>tha</u>
				1	
ı Ur	When	We grasp	Those of	With	Behold
			them who	punishment	
			lead a		
			luxurious life		
	يَجْأَرُونَ				
hu hu	yaj-aroon <b>a</b>				
e Th	Make				
	humble				
	invocation				
	with a loud				
	voice				

حَتَّى إِذَآ أَخَذُنَا مُتْرَفِيهِم بِٱلْعَذَابِ إِذَا هُمْ يَجْئَرُونَ ٢

64. <u>Hatta itha akhathna mutrafeehim bialAAathabi itha hum yaj-aroona</u> Until, when We grasp those of them who lead a luxurious life with punishment, behold! They make humble invocation with a loud voice.

ប	مِّنًا	ٳێٞڴۄ	الْيَوْمَ	تَجْأَرُوا	Ŭ
l <u>a</u>	minn <u>a</u>	innakum	alyawma	taj-aroo	L <u>a</u>
Not	By Us	Certainly you	This day	Invoke loudly	Not
					ثنص <u>َر</u> ُونَ
					tun <u>s</u> aroon <b>a</b>
					Shall be
					helped

لَا تَجْئَرُوا ٱلۡيَوۡمَ ۗ إِنَّكُم مِّنَّا لَا تُنصَرُونَ ٢

65. La taj-aroo alyawma innakum minna la tunsaroona Invoke not loudly this day! Certainly, you shall not be helped by Us.

فَكْنتُمْ	عَلَيْكُمْ	ئىلى	آيَاتِي	كَانَتْ	قَدْ
fakuntum	AAalaykum	tutl <u>a</u>	<u>aya</u> tee	k <u>a</u> nat	Qad
But you used	To you	Recited	My Verses	Used to be	Indeed
			تَنكِصُونَ	أعْقَابِكُمْ	عَلَى
			tanki <u>s</u> oon <b>a</b>	aAAq <u>a</u> biku	AAal <u>a</u>
				m	
			To turn back	Your heels	On

## قَدْ كَانَتْ ءَايَنِي تُتَلَىٰ عَلَيْكُمْ فَكُنتُمْ عَلَى أَعْقَبِكُمْ تَنكِصُونَ ٢

66. Qad kanat ayatee tutla AAalaykum fakuntum AAala aAAqabikum tankisoona Indeed My Verses used to be recited to you, but you used to turn back on your heels (denying them, and with hatred to listen to them).

تَهْجُرُونَ	سَامِرًا	به	مؙڛ۠ؿؘڴؠڔؚۑڹؘ
Tahjuroon <b>a</b>	s <u>a</u> miran	bihi	Mustakbiree
			na
renouncing	Entertaining	About it	In pride
	at night		
	ؾۘۿٙجؙڔٛۅڹؘۯ	بِهِے سَمِرًا	مُسۡتَكۡبِرِينَ

67. Mustakbireena bihi samiran tahjuroona In pride (they Quraish pagans and polytheists of Makkah used to feel proud that they are the dwellers of Makkah sanctuary *Haram*), talking evil about it (the Qur'an) by night.

مَّا	جَاءهُم	أمْ	الْقَوْلَ	يَدَّبَّرُوا	أفَلَمْ
m <u>a</u>	<u>ja</u> ahum	am	alqawla	yaddabbaroo	Afalam
What	There has come to them	Or	The word	They pondered	Have not
		الأوَّلِينَ	آبَاءهُمُ	يَأْتِ	لم
		al- awwaleen <b>a</b>	<u>a</u> b <u>a</u> ahumu	ya/ti	lam
		Of old	To their fathers	Had come	Not

## أَفَلَمْ يَدَّبَّرُوا ٱلْقَوْلَ أَمْرِ جَآءَهُم مَّا لَمْ يَأْتِ ءَابَآءَهُمُ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ٢

68. Afalam yaddabbaroo alqawla am jaahum ma lam ya/ti abaahumu al-awwaleena

Have they not pondered over the Word (of Allah, i.e. what is sent down to the Prophet 30, or has there come to them what had not come to their fathers of old?

ڵۿؙ	فَهُمْ	رَسُولَهُمْ	يَعْرِفُوا	ڵؗم۠	أمْ
lahu	fahum	rasoolahum	yaAArifoo	lam	Am
Him	So they	Their Messenger	They did recognize	Not	Or (it is) that
					مُنكِرُونَ
					Munkiroon <b>a</b>
					Deny

أَمْرِ لَمْرِ يَعْرِفُواْ رَسُوهُمْ فَهُمْ لَهُ مُنكِرُونَ ٢

كَرهُونَ ٢

69. Am lam yaAArifoo rasoolahum fahum lahu munkiroona

Or is it that they did not recognize their Messenger (Muhammad 🕮) so they deny him?

جَاءهُم	بَلْ	چێ	ړې	يَقُولُونَ	أمْ			
j <u>a</u> ahum	bal	jinnatun	bihi	yaqooloona	Am			
He brought	Nay, but	(there is)	In him	They say	Or			
them		madness						
	بِالْحَقِّ وَأَكْثَرُهُمْ لِلْحَقِّ كَارِهُونَ							
		k <u>a</u> rihoon <b>a</b>	lil <u>h</u> aqqi	waaktharuhu	bi <b>a</b> l <u>h</u> aqqi			
				m				
		(are) averse	To the truth	But most of them	The truth			
أَمْرِ يَقُولُونَ بِهِۦ جِنَّةٌ بَلْ جَآءَهُم بِٱلۡحَقِّ وَأَصۡخُرُهُمۡ لِلۡحَقِّ								

70. Am yaqooloona bihi jinnatun bal jaahum bialhaqqi waaktharuhum lilhaqqi karihoona Or say they: "There is madness in him?" Nay, but he brought them the truth [i.e. "(A) *Tauhid*: Worshipping Allah Alone in all aspects (B) The Qur'an (C) The religion of Islam,"] but most of them (the disbelievers) are averse to the truth.

السَّمَاوَاتُ	ڷڡؘؘڛؘۮؾ	أهْوَاءهُمْ	الْحَقُّ	اتَّبَعَ	وَلُو
alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> tu	Lafasadati	ahw <u>a</u> ahum	al <u>h</u> aqqu	ittabaAAa	Walawi
The heavens	Indeed would have been corrupted	Their desires	The truth	Had followed	And if
ؠۮؚػۯۿؚؗؗؗؗ	أتَيْنَاهُم	بَلْ	ڣؚۑۿڹۜ	وَمَن	وَالْأَرْضُ
bi <u>th</u> ikrihim	atayn <u>a</u> hum	bal	feehinna	waman	wa <b>a</b> l-ar <u>d</u> u
Their reminder	We have brought them	Nay,but	(is) therein	And whosoever	And the earth
		مُّعْرِضُونَ	ذِکْر هِم	عَن	فَهُمْ
		muAAri <u>d</u> oo n <b>a</b>	<u>th</u> ikrihim	AAan	fahum
		Turn away	Their reminder	From	But they

وَلَوِ ٱتَّبَعَ ٱلۡحَقُّ أَهۡوَآءَهُمۡ لَفَسَدَتِ ٱلسَّمَوَ تُ وَٱلْأَرْضُ وَمَن فِيهِنَ أَبَلَ أَتَيْنَهُم بِذِكْرِهِمْ فَهُمْ عَن ذِكْرِهِم مُعْرضُون ٧١

71. Walawi ittabaAAa alhaqqu ahwaahum lafasadati alssamawatu waal-ardu waman feehinna bal ataynahum bithikrihim fahum AAan thikrihim muAAridoona And if the truth had been in accordance with their desires, verily, the heavens and the earth, and whosoever is therein would have been corrupted! Nay, We have brought them their reminder, but they turn away from their reminder.

ڂؘؽؚۯؙ	رَبِّكَ	فَخَرَاجُ	خَرْجًا	تَسْأَلُّهُمْ	أمْ		
khayrun	rabbika	fakhar <u>a</u> ju	kharjan	tas-aluhum	Am		
(is) better	(of) your lord	But the recompense	Wages	You ask them for	Or (is it)		
			الرَّازِقِينَ	خَيْرُ	وَهُوَ		
			alrr <u>a</u> ziqeena	khayru	wahuwa		
			(of) the sustainers	The Best	And He (is)		

رِتَسْعَلْهُمْ خَرْجًا فَخَرَاجُ رَبِّكَ خَيْرٌ وَهُوَ خَيْرُ ٱلرَّازِقِينَ ٢

72. Am tas-aluhum kharjan fakhar<u>aj</u>u rabbika khayrun wahuwa khayru alrr<u>a</u>ziqeen**a** 

Or is it that you (O Muhammad <sup>345</sup>) ask them for some wages? But the recompense of your Lord is better, and He is the Best of those who give sustenance.

		•	*.			
	مُسْتَقِبِم	صيراطٍ	إلى	لْتَدْعُو هُمْ	وإنك	
	mustaqeemi	<u>s</u> ir <u>at</u> in	il <u>a</u>	latadAAooh	Wa-innaka	
	n			um		
	The Straight	Path	То	Call them	And	
					certainly you	
وَإِنَّكَ لَتَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَىٰ صِرَطٍ مُّسْتَقِيمٍ ٢						
73. Wa-innaka latadAAoohum il <u>a siratin mustaqeem<b>in</b></u>						
And certainly, you (O Muhammad 🗯) call them to a Straight Path (true religion Islamic Monotheism).						

عَن	بالأخرَة	ؽؙٷ۫ڡؚؚڶ۫ۅڹؘ	IJ	الأذينَ	وَإِنَّ
AAani	bi <b>a</b> l- <u>a</u> khirati	yu/minoona	l <u>a</u>	alla <u>th</u> eena	Wa-inna
From	In the Hereafter	Believe	Do not	Those who	And verily
				لْنَاكِبُونَ	الصِّراطِ
				lan <u>a</u> kiboon <b>a</b>	al <u>ss</u> ir <u>at</u> i
				Are indeed	The Path
				deviating	

وَإِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْأَخِرَةِ عَنِ ٱلصِّرَاطِ لَنَكِبُونَ ٢

74. Wa-inna allatheena la yu/minoona bial-akhirati AAani alssirati lanakiboona And verily, those who believe not in the Hereafter are indeed deviating far astray from the Path (true religion Islamic Monotheism).

<u>٣</u>		11	159-35-	0 9 1 50 -	0 1-
مِّن	بهم	ما	وكَثْنَفْنَا	رَحِمْنَاهُمْ	وَلُوْ
min	bihim	m <u>a</u>	wakashafn <u>a</u>	ra <u>h</u> imn <u>a</u> hum	Walaw
Of	(is) on them	What	And	We had	And though
			removed	mercy on	(if)
				them	
	يَعْمَهُونَ	طغيانيهم	في	للجُّوا	ۻؙۯ
	yaAAmahoo	<u>t</u> ughy <u>a</u> nihim	fee	Lalajjoo	<u>d</u> urrin
	na				
	Wandering	Their	In	They still	Distress
	blindly	transgressio		would	
		n		obstinately	
				persist	

رَحِمْنَنِهُمْ وَكَشَفْنَا مَا بِهِم مِّن ضُرِّ لَّلَجُّوا فِي طُغْيَنِهِمْ

يَعْمَهُونَ

75. Walaw ra<u>h</u>imn<u>a</u>hum wakashafn<u>a</u> m<u>a</u> bihim min <u>d</u>urrin lalajjoo fee <u>t</u>ughy<u>a</u>nihim yaAAmahoon**a** 

And though We had mercy on them and removed the distress which is on them, still they would obstinately persist in their transgression, wandering blindly.

لِرَبِّهمْ	اسْتَكَانُوا	فَمَا	بِالْعَدَّابِ	أخَدْنَاهُم	وَلَقَدْ
lirabbihim	istak <u>a</u> noo	fam <u>a</u>	bi <b>a</b> lAAa <u>tha</u> b	akha <u>th</u> n <u>a</u> hu	Walaqad
			i	m	
To their lord	They	But not	With	We seized	And indeed
	humbled		punishment	them	

			1			
themselves						
		يَتَضرَ عُونَ	وَمَا			
		yata <u>d</u> arraAA	wam <u>a</u>			
		oona				
		They invoke with submission (to Him)	Nor did			
وَلَقَد أَخَذُنَبْهُم بِٱلْعَذَابِ فَمَا ٱسۡتَكَانُوا۟ لِرَبِّ مۡ وَمَا يَتَضَرَّعُونَ						
76. Walaqad akha <u>thna</u> hum bi <b>a</b> lAAa <u>tha</u> bi fam <u>a</u> istak <u>a</u> noo lirabbihim wam <u>a</u>						

76. Walaqad akha<u>thna</u>hum bi**a**lAAa<u>tha</u>bi fam<u>a</u> istak<u>a</u>noo lirabbihim wam<u>a</u> yata<u>d</u>arraAAoon**a** 

And indeed We seized them with punishment, but they humbled not themselves to their Lord, nor did they invoke (Allah) with submission to Him.

ڈا	بَابًا	عَلَيْهِم	فَتَحْنَا	إذا	حَتَّى
tha	b <u>a</u> ban	AAalayhim	fata <u>h</u> n <u>a</u>	i <u>tha</u>	<u>H</u> att <u>a</u>
Of	A gate	For them	We open	When	Until
مُبْلِسُونَ	فيه	ۿؙۄ۠	إذا	شَدِيدٍ	عَذَابٍ
mublisoona	feehi	hum	i <u>tha</u>	shadeedin	AAa <u>tha</u> bin
(will be) plunged	Into it	They	Then lo!	Severe	Punishment

حَتَى إِذَا فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِم بَابًا ذَا عَذَابٍ شَدِيدٍ إِذَا هُمْ فِيهِ مُبْلِسُونَ

77. <u>Hatta</u> i<u>tha</u> fata<u>hna</u> AAalayhim b<u>a</u>ban <u>tha</u> AAa<u>tha</u>bin shadeedin i<u>tha</u> hum feehi mublisoon**a** 

Until, when We open for them the gate of severe punishment, then lo! They will be plunged into destruction with deep regrets, sorrows and in despair

#### Section 5

وَالْأَبْصَارَ	السَّمْعَ	لْكُمُ	أنشأ	الأذي	وَهُوَ
wa <b>a</b> l-ab <u>sa</u> ra	alssamAAa	lakumu	anshaa	alla <u>th</u> ee	Wahuwa
And sight	Hearing	For you	Has created	Who	And He
		تَشْكُرُونَ	مًّا	قَلِيلًا	وَالْأَفْئِدَةَ
		tashkuroon <b>a</b>	m <u>a</u>	qaleelan	wa <b>a</b> l-af-
					idata

	thanks You give	A Little	And hearts
ةً قَلِيلاً مَّا	بْصَرَ وَٱلْأَفْحِدَ	أَنشَأَ لَكُمْ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَٱلْأ	وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِي
			تَشۡكُرُونَ ﴿

78. Wahuwa alla<u>th</u>ee anshaa lakumu alssamAAa wa**a**l-ab<u>sa</u>ra wa**a**l-af-idata qaleelan m<u>a</u> tashkuroon**a** 

It is He, Who has created for you (the sense of) hearing (ears), sight (eyes), and hearts (understanding). Little thanks you give.

وَإِلَيْهِ	الأرض	في	ذرأكم	الأذي	وَهُوَ
wa-ilayhi	al-ar <u>d</u> i	fee	<u>th</u> araakum	alla <u>th</u> ee	Wahuwa
And to Him	The earth	On	Has created	Who	And (it is)
			you		He
					تْحْشَرُونَ
					tu <u>h</u> sharoon <b>a</b>
					You shall be gathered back
		e			back

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِي ذَرَأَكُرْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَإِلَيْهِ تَحْشَرُونَ ٢

79. Wahuwa allathee tharaakum fee al-ardi wa-ilayhi tuhsharoona And it is He Who has created you on the earth, and to Him you shall be gathered back.

اخْتِلْافُ	وَلَهُ	وَيُمِيتُ	يُحْيِي	الأذي	وَهُوَ
ikhtil <u>a</u> fu	walahu	wayumeetu	yu <u>h</u> yee	Alla <u>th</u> ee	Wahuwa
(is) the	And His	And causes	Gives life	Who	And (it is)
alternation		death			He
		تَعْقِلُونَ	أفلًا	وَالنَّهَارِ	اللَّيْلِ
		taAAqiloon <b>a</b>	afal <u>a</u>	wa <b>al</b> nnah <u>a</u> ri	allayli
		You	Will not then	And day	(of) night
		understand			

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِى يُحَيِ وَيُمِيتُ وَلَهُ ٱخۡتِلَفُ ٱلَّيلِ وَٱلنَّهَارِ ۖ أَفَلَا تَعۡقِلُونَ ٢

80. Wahuwa allathee yuhyee wayumeetu walahu ikhtilafu allayli waalnnahari afala

#### taAAqiloona

And it is He Who gives life and causes death, and His is the alternation of night and day. Will you not then understand?

الْأُوَّلُونَ	قَالَ	مَا	مِثْلَ	قَالُوا	بَلْ
al- awwaloon <b>a</b>	q <u>a</u> la	m <u>a</u>	mithla	q <u>a</u> loo	Bal
	Soid	(of) what	The like	Thou oou	Nov but
The men of old	Said	(of) what	The like	They say	Nay, but
			ٱلأَوَّلُونَ	يْثِّل مَا قَالَ	بَلَ قَالُواْ مِ

81. Bal qaloo mithla ma qala al-awwaloona

Nay, but they say the like of what the men of old said.

وَعِظَامًا	ثرابًا	وَكُنَّا	مِثْنَا	أئِذَا	قَالُوا
waAAi <u>tha</u> m	tur <u>a</u> ban	Wakunn <u>a</u>	mitn <u>a</u>	a-i <u>tha</u>	Q <u>a</u> loo
an					
And bones	Dust	And have	We died	Are when	They said
		become			
				لْمَبْعُوثُونَ	أئِنَّا
				lamabAAoot	a-inn <u>a</u>
				hoon <b>a</b>	
				Indeed be	Shall we
				resurrected	

#### قَالُوٓا أَءِذَا مِتَّنَا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعِظَمًا أَءِنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ ٢

82. Qaloo a-itha mitna wakunna turaban waAAithaman a-inna lamabAAoothoona They said: "When we are dead and have become dust and bones, shall we be resurrected indeed?

مِن	هَذَا	وَآبَاؤُنَا	نَحْنُ	وُعِدْنَا	ڵۊؘۮ
min	h <u>atha</u>	wa <u>a</u> b <u>a</u> on <u>a</u>	na <u>h</u> nu	wuAAidn <u>a</u>	Laqad
-	This	And our fathers	We	We have been promised	Verily
الْأُوَّلِينَ	أساطير	إلًا	هَذَا	إنْ	ڡٞڹ۠ڶ
al- awwaleen <b>a</b>	as <u>at</u> eeru	ill <u>a</u>	h <u>atha</u>	in	qablu
(of) the ancients	The tales	But	This	(is) not	before

لَقَد وُعِدْنَا خَنْ وَءَابَآؤُنَا هَندَا مِن قَبْلُ إِنْ هَندَآ إِلَّا أَسَطِيرُ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ٢

83. Laqad wuAAidn<u>a</u> na<u>h</u>nu wa<u>abaona</u> h<u>atha</u> min qablu in h<u>atha</u> ill<u>a</u> as<u>at</u>eeru alawwaleen**a** 

"Verily, this we have been promised, we and our fathers before (us)! This is only the tales of the ancients!"

إن	فيها	وَمَن	الْأَرْضُ	لْمَن	ڡٞڶ
in	feeh <u>a</u>	waman	al-ar <u>d</u> u	limani	Qul
lf	(is) therein	And	(is) the earth	For whom	Say
		whosoever			
				تَعْلَمُونَ	ػ۫ڹؿؙؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗ
				taAAlamoon	kuntum
				a	
				You know	(you were)

قُل لِّمَنِ ٱلْأَرْضُ وَمَن فِيهَآ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ٢

84. Qul limani al-ardu waman feeha in kuntum taAAlamoona Say: "Whose is the earth and whosoever is therein? If you know!"

	تَذَكَّرُونَ	أفلا	ڡٞڵ	لِلَهِ	سَيَقُولُونَ				
	ta <u>th</u> akkaroon	afal <u>a</u>	qul	lill <u>a</u> hi	Sayaqooloon				
	а				а				
	You	Will not then	Say	(it is) Allah's	They will say				
	remember								
سَيَقُولُونَ لِلَّهِ قُلْ أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ ٢									

85. Sayaqooloona lill<u>a</u>hi qul afal<u>a</u> ta<u>th</u>akkaroon**a** They will say: "It is Allah's!" Say: "Will you not then remember?"

وَرَبُّ	السَّبْع	السَّمَاوَاتِ	رَبُّ	مَن	ڤڵ
warabbu	alssabAAi	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	rabbu	man	Qul
And Lord	Seven	(of) the heavens	(is) Lord	Who	Say
				الْعَظِيمِ	الْعَرْش
				alAAa <u>th</u> eem i	alAAarshi

(of) the Throne

Great

قُلْ مَن رَّبُّ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ ٱلسَّبْع وَرَبُّ ٱلْعَرْشِ ٱلْعَظِيم ٢

86. Qul man rabbu alssamawati alssabAAi warabbu alAAarshi alAAatheemi Say: "Who is (the) Lord of the seven heavens, and (the) Lord of the Great Throne?"

	تَتَّقُونَ	أفلا	ڡؙڵ	لِلَهِ	سَيَقُولُونَ			
	tattaqoon <b>a</b>	afal <u>a</u>	qul	lill <u>a</u> hi	Sayaqooloon a			
	You fear (Allah)	Then (will) not	Say	(it is) for Allah	They will say			
مَسَيَقُولُونَ لِلَّهِ ۖ قُلْ أَفَلَا تَتَقُونَ ٢								

87. Sayaqooloona lillahi qul afala tattaqoona They will say: "Allah." Say: "Will you not then fear Allah (believe in His Oneness, obey Him, believe in the Resurrection and Recompense for each and every good or bad deed)."

ڷڹۘؠۛٷؚ	ػ۠ڶٞ	مَلْكُوتُ	ؠؚؽؘۮؚڡ	مَن	ڤُلْ
shay-in	kulli	malakootu	biyadihi	man	Qul
Thing	(of) every	(is) the	In his hand	Who	Say
		sovereignty			
إن	عَلَيْهِ	يُجَارُ	ولا	يُجِيرُ	وَهُوَ
in	Aaalayhi	Yuj <u>a</u> ru	wal <u>a</u>	yujeeru	wahuwa
lf	Against Him	(there is)	And not	Protects (all)	And He
		protector			
				تَعْلَمُونَ	ػ۫ڹؿؙؗؗؗؗؗ
				taAAlamoon	kuntum
				a	
				know	You (were)

قُلْ مَنْ بِيَدِهِ مَلَكُوتُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُوَ يُجيرُ وَلَا يُجَارُ عَلَيَهِ إِن كُنتُم تَعْلَمُونَ ٢

88. Qul man biyadihi malakootu kulli shay-in wahuwa yujeeru wala yujaru AAalayhi in kuntum taAAlamoona

Say "In Whose Hand is the sovereignty of everything (i.e. treasures of each and everything)? And He protects (all), while against Whom there is no protector, (i.e. if Allah saves anyone none can punish or harm him, and if Allah punishes or harms anyone none can save him), if you know." [Tafsir Al-Qurtubi, Vol. 12, Page 145]

	<b>ئ</b> سْحَرُونَ	فأنى	ڡؙڹ	لِلَهِ	سَيَقُولُونَ				
	tus <u>h</u> aroon <b>a</b>	faann <u>a</u>	qul	lill <u>a</u> hi	Sayaqooloon				
					a				
	Are you	How then	Say	(it is) for	They will say				
	deceived			Allah					
deceived Allah مَيَقُولُونَ لِلَهِ ۖ قُلْ فَأَنَّىٰ تُسْحَرُونَ ٢									
89. Sayaqoolo	ona lill <u>a</u> hi qul f	aann <u>a</u> tus <u>h</u> aroo	n <b>a</b>						
They will say: '	(All that belong	s) to Allah " Sav	"How then are	you deceived an	d turn away				

They will say: "(All that belongs) to Allah." Say: "How then are you deceived and turn away from the truth?"

	لْكَاذِبُونَ	ۅؘٳؚڹٞؖۿؙؗؗؗؗ	بِالْحَقِّ	أنَيْنَاهُم	بَلْ				
	Lak <u>ath</u> iboon	wa-innahum	bi <b>a</b> l <u>h</u> aqqi	atayn <u>a</u> hum	Bal				
	a (are) liars	And verily they	The truth	We have brought them	Nay, but				
بَلْ أَتَيْنَىٰهُم بِٱلۡحَقِّ وَإِنَّهُمۡ لَكَٰذِبُونَ ٢									
90. Bal atayna	hum bi <b>a</b> l <u>h</u> aqqi	wa-innahum lal	k <u>ath</u> iboon <b>a</b>						

Nay, but We have brought them the truth (Islamic Monotheism), and verily, they (disbelievers) are liars.

وَمَا	وَلَدٍ	مِن	الله	اتَّخَذَ	مًا
wam <u>a</u>	waladin	min	All <u>a</u> hu	ittakha <u>th</u> a	М <u>а</u>
Nor	Any son		Allah	Did take	Not
لَدْهَبَ	ٳڐٙٳ	إله	مِنْ	مُعَةُ	گانَ
la <u>th</u> ahaba	i <u>th</u> an	il <u>a</u> hin	min	maAAahu	k <u>a</u> na
Would have	Behold	god	Any	Along with	Is there
taken away				Him	
بَعْضُهُمْ	وألعأا	خَلْقَ	ہِمَا	إله	ػ۬ڵٞ
baAA <u>d</u> uhum	walaAAal <u>a</u>	khalaqa	bim <u>a</u>	il <u>a</u> hin	kullu
Some of	And would	He had	What	god	Each
them	have tried to	created			
	overcome				
يَصِفُونَ	عَمَّا	الله	سُبْحَانَ	بَعْضِ	عَلَى
ya <u>s</u> ifoon <b>a</b>	AAamm <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> hi	sub <u>ha</u> na	baAA <u>d</u> in	AAal <u>a</u>
They	Above all	Allah	Glorified is	Others	Over
attribute (to	that				
Him)					

مَا ٱتَّخَذَ ٱللَّهُ مِن وَلَدٍ وَمَا كَانَ مَعَهُ مِنْ إِلَيهٍ إِذًا لَّذَهَبَ كُلُّ خَلَقَ وَلَعَلَا بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَىٰ بَعْضُ شُبْحَنِ ٱللَّهِ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ

91. M<u>a</u> ittakha<u>th</u>a All<u>a</u>hu min waladin wam<u>a</u> k<u>a</u>na maAAahu min il<u>a</u>hin i<u>th</u>an la<u>th</u>ahaba kullu il<u>a</u>hin bim<u>a</u> khalaqa walaAAal<u>a</u> baAA<u>d</u>uhum AAal<u>a</u> baAA<u>d</u>in sub<u>ha</u>na All<u>a</u>hi AAamm<u>a</u> ya<u>s</u>ifoon**a** 

No son (or offspring or children) did Allah beget, nor is there any *ilah* (god) along with Him; (if there had been many gods), behold, each god would have taken away what he had created, and some would have tried to overcome others! Glorified be Allah above all that they attribute to Him!

يُشْرِكُونَ	عَمَّا	فتَعَالَى	وَالثَنَّهَادَةِ	الْغَيْبِ	عَالِمِ
yushrikoon <b>a</b>	AAamm <u>a</u>	fataAA <u>ala</u>	wa <b>al</b> shshah <u>a</u> dati	alghaybi	AA <u>a</u> limi
They associate as partners (to Him)	Over all that	Exalted is He	And the seen	(of) the unseen	All-Knower

عَلِم ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَدَةِ فَتَعَلَىٰ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ٢

92. AAalimi alghaybi wa**a**lshshahadati fataAAala AAamma yushrikoona

All-Knower of the unseen and the seen! Exalted be He over all that they associate as partners to Him!

#### Section 6

يُوعَدُونَ	مَا	ڷؙڔۑؘ۫ڐٞٚۑ	إمَّا	رٿ	ڡٞڵ
yooAAadoo	m <u>a</u>	turiyannee	imm <u>a</u>	rabbi	Qul
n <b>a</b>					
With which	That	You will	lf	My Lord	Say
they are		show me			
threatened					

ل رَّبٍ إِمَّا تُريَنِي مَا يُوعَدُونَ ٢

93. Qul rabbi imma turiyannee ma yooAAadoona

Say (O Muhammad <sup>355</sup>): " My Lord! If You would show me that with which they are threatened (torment),

الظَالِمِينَ	الْقَوْمِ	فِي	تَجْعَلْنِي	فَلْ	رَبِّ				
al <u>ththa</u> limee	alqawmi	fee	tajAAalnee	fal <u>a</u>	Rabbi				
n <b>a</b>									
Who are	The people	Amongst	Put me	Then not	My Lord				
wrongdoers									
رَبِّ فَلَا تَجَعَلَى فِي ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ ٢									

94. Rabbi fala tajAAalnee fee alqawmi alththalimeena

"My Lord! Then (save me from Your Punishment), and put me not amongst the people who are the *Zalimun* (polytheists and wrong-doing)."

نَعِدُهُمْ	مَا	ڹؙ۠ڔۑؘڬؘ	أن	عَلَى	وَإِنَّا
naAAiduhu	m <u>a</u>	nuriyaka	an	AAal <u>a</u>	Wa-inn <u>a</u>
m					
We have threatened them	That which	Show you	То	Indee	ed we are able
					لْقَادِرُونَ
					laq <u>a</u> diroon <b>a</b>
					(are) Able
				g	

## وَإِنَّا عَلَى أَن نُّرِيَكَ مَا نَعِدُهُمْ لَقَدِرُونَ ٢

95. Wa-inna AAala an nuriyaka ma naAAiduhum laqadiroona

And indeed We are Able to show you (O Muhammad 🗯) that with which We have threatened them.

نَحْنُ	السَّبِّة	أحْسَنُ	هِيَ	بِالۡتِي	ادْفَعْ			
na <u>h</u> nu	alssayyi-ata	A <u>h</u> sanu	hiya	bi <b>a</b> llatee	IdfaAA			
We	Evil	(is) better	Which	With that	Repel			
			يَصِفُونَ	ہمًا	أعْلَمُ			
			ya <u>s</u> ifoon <b>a</b>	bim <u>a</u>	aAAlamu			
			They utter	With (what)	(are) Best-			
					Acquainted			

ٱدۡفَعۡ بِٱلَّتِي هِيَ أَحۡسَنُ ٱلسَّيَّعَةَ خَٰنُ أَعۡلَمُ بِمَا يَصِفُونَ ٢

96. IdfaAA biallatee hiya ahsanu alssayyi-ata nahnu aAAlamu bima yasifoona Repel evil with that which is better. We are Best-Acquainted with the things they utter.

هَمَزَاتِ	مِنْ	بك	أعُودُ	رَّبِّ	وَقُل
hamaz <u>a</u> ti	min	bika	aAAoo <u>th</u> u	rabbi	Waqul

			-						
The	From	With You	l seek	My Lord	And say				
whisperings			refuge						
					الشيباطين				
					alshshayatee				
					ni				
					(of) the				
					devils				
وَقُل رَّبٍ أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ هَمَزَ بِ ٱلشَّيَطِينِ									
97. Wagul rab	bi aAAoothu bi	ka min hamaza	ti alshshavateer	ni					

97. Waqul rabbi aAAoothu bika min hamazati alshshayateeni And say: "My Lord! I seek refuge with You from the whisperings (suggestions) of the *Shayatin* (devils).

		ş		1.3	<u>بې و و</u>			
	يخضرون	ان	ربَ	ېك	وأعُودُ			
	ya <u>hd</u> uroon <b>i</b>	an	rabbi	bika	WaaAAoo <u>th</u>			
					u			
	They should	Lest	My Lord	With You	And I seek			
	attain me				refuge			
وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ رَبِّ أَن تَحَضْرُونِ ٢								
98. WaaAAoo	98. WaaAAoo <u>th</u> u bika rabbi an ya <u>hd</u> uroon <b>i</b>							

"And I seek refuge with You, My Lord! lest they may attend (or come near) me."

قَالَ	الْمَوْتُ	أحَدَهُمُ	جَاء	إذا	حتى			
q <u>a</u> la	almawtu	a <u>h</u> adahumu	j <u>a</u> a	i <u>tha</u>	<u>H</u> att <u>a</u>			
He says	Death	To one of them	Comes	When	Until			
				ارْجِعُون	ڔڹ			
				irjiAAoon <b>i</b>	rabbi			
				Send me back	My Lord			

حَتّى إِذَا جَآءَ أَحَدَهُمُ ٱلْمَوْتُ قَالَ رَبِّ ٱرْجِعُونِ ٢

99. <u>Hatta itha jaa ahadahumu almawtu qa</u>la rabbi irjiAAoon**i** Until, when death comes to one of them (those who join partners with Allah), he says: "My Lord! Send me back,

	كأل	تَرَكْتُ	فيما	صالِحًا	أعْمَلُ	لْعَلِّي
	kalla	taraktu	feema	Salihan	aAAmalu	LaAAallee
No		I have left behind	In that which	Good	Do	So that I may

ورَائِهم	وَمِن	قَائِلُهَا	هُو	كَلِمَة	إِنَّهَا				
war <u>a</u> -ihim	wamin	q <u>a</u> -iluh <u>a</u>	huwa	kalimatun	innah <u>a</u>				
And beh	ind them	Speaks it	He	A word	Indeed it is				
		يُبْعَثُونَ	يَوْمٍ	إلى	بَرْزَخٌ				
		yubAAathoo n <b>a</b>	Yawmi	il <u>a</u>	barzakhun				
		They will be resurrected	The Day (when)	Until	(is) a barrier				
لَعَلِّي أَعْمَلُ صَلِحًا فِيمَا تَرَكَتُ كَلَّآ إِنَّهَا كَلِمَةً هُوَ قَآبِلُهَا وَمِن									
وَرَآبِهِم بَرْزَخٌ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ يُبْعَثُونَ ٢									
100. LaAAallee aAAmalu <u>salih</u> an feem <u>a</u> taraktu kall <u>a</u> innah <u>a</u> kalimatun huwa q <u>a</u> -iluh <u>a</u>									
	him barzakhun i								
"So that I may	do good in that	which I have lof	bobind!" Nol It	ic but a word th	at he cheaks				

"So that I may do good in that which I have left behind!" No! It is but a word that he speaks, and behind them is *Barzakh* (a barrier) until the Day when they will be resurrected.

فَلا	ٱلصُّور	في	نُفِخ	بإذا	ف
fala	suri	Fi	nufiqua	iza	fa
There will be no	The Trumpet	in	blown	when	then
يَتَسَاءَلُون	<sup>-</sup> لا	و	يَوۡمَبِۣۮ	بيتهمر بينهمر	أُنْسَاب
yatasaaloon	la	wa	yaumaizin	bainahum	ansaba
They ask of one another	not	and	That day	Among them	kinship

فَإِذَا نُفِخَ فِي ٱلصُّورِ فَلَآ أَنسَابَ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَبٍذِ وَلَا يَتَسَآءَلُونَ

1.1

101. Fa-itha nufikha fee alssoori fala ansaba baynahum yawma-ithin wala yatasaaloona Then, when the Trumpet is blown, there will be no kinship among them that Day, nor will they ask of one another

الْمُفْلِحُونَ	ۿؙؗؗؗؗؗ	فَأُوْلَئِكَ	مَوَازِينْهُ	ؾٞڨؙڷٮٞ	فَمَن		
almufli <u>h</u> oon	humu	faol <u>a</u> -ika	maw <u>a</u> zeenuh	thaqulat	Faman		
a			u				
(are) the successful	(they)	These	His scales	Are heavy	They who		

#### فَمَن ثَقُلَتْ مَوَ زِينُهُ فَأَوْلَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفَلِحُونَ ٢

102. Faman thaqulat mawazeenuhu faola-ika humu almuflihoona Then, those whose scales (of good deeds) are heavy, - these, they are the successful

خَسِرُوا	الأذين	فَأُوْلَئِكَ	مَوَازِينْهُ	خَفَّتْ	وَمَنْ
khasiroo	alla <u>th</u> eena	faol <u>a</u> -ika	maw <u>a</u> zeenuh	khaffat	Waman
			u		
Lost	(are) (the	Those	His scales	Are light	And who
	people) who				
		خَالِدُونَ	جَهَنَّمَ	في	أنفسكهم
		kh <u>a</u> lidoon <b>a</b>	jahannama	fee	anfusahum
		They will	Hell	In	Their
		abide			ownselves
		(eternally)			

ِ خَفَّتَ مَوَ'زِينُهُ فَأُوْلَبِإِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ خَسِرُوٓاْ أَنفُسَهُمۡ فِي جَهَنَّمَ <u>خَلدُونَ ﴿</u>

103. Waman khaffat maw<u>a</u>zeenuhu faol<u>a</u>-ika alla<u>th</u>eena khasiroo anfusahum fee jahannama kh<u>a</u>lidoon**a** 

And those whose scales (of good deeds) are light, they are those who lose their ownselves, in Hell will they abide

كَالِحُونَ	فيها	وَهُمْ	الْتَّارُ	وُجُو هَهُمُ	تَلْفَحُ				
k <u>a</u> li <u>h</u> oon <b>a</b>	feeh <u>a</u>	wahum	alnn <u>a</u> ru	wujoohahum	Talfa <u>h</u> u				
				u					
Will grin with displaced lips	Therein	And they	The Fire	Their faces	Will burn				
تَلْفَحُ وُجُوهَهُمُ ٱلنَّارُ وَهُمَ فِيهَا كَلِحُونَ ٢									
104. Talfahu wujoohahumu alnnaru wahum feeha kalihoona									
The Fire will burn their faces, and therein they will grin, with displaced lips (disfigured).									

فَكْنتُم	عَلَيْكُمْ	نْتْلَى	آيَاتِي	تَكُنْ	ألمْ
fakuntum	AAalaykum	tutl <u>a</u>	<u>aya</u> tee	takun	Alam
Then you used	To you	Recited	My Verses	Were	e not
				ڷؙػؘڐٞڹؙۅڹؘ	بهَا
				tuka <u>thth</u> iboo	Bih <u>a</u>
				n <b>a</b>	
				To deny	(with it) them

أَلَمْ تَكُنْ ءَايَنِي تُتَلَىٰ عَلَيْكُرْ فَكُنتُم بِمَا تُكَذِّبُونَ ٢

105. Alam takun <u>aya</u>tee tutl<u>a</u> AAalaykum fakuntum bih<u>a</u> tuka<u>thth</u>iboon**a** "Were not My Verses (this Qur'an) recited to you, and then you used to deny them?"

وَكُنَّا	شقوأثنا	عَلَيْنَا	غَلْبَتْ	رَبَّنَا	قَالُوا				
wakunn <u>a</u>	shiqwatun <u>a</u>	AAalayn <u>a</u>	ghalabat	Rabban <u>a</u>	Q <u>a</u> loo				
And we were	Our wretchednes s	Us	Overcame	Our Lord	They said / will say				
				ۻؘٵڵٞۑڹؘ	قوْمًا				
				<u>da</u> lleen <b>a</b>	Qawman				
				erring	People				
	تُنْفُنُ بِسَبا ذَارُجُ أَحْدًا مِسْتِعَانَ مَعَانَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ ال								

106. Qaloo rabbana ghalabat AAalayna shiqwatuna wakunna qawman dalleena They will say: "Our Lord! Our wretchedness overcame us, and we were (an) erring people.

فَإِنَّا	عُدْنَا	فَإِنْ	مِنْهَا	أخرجْنَا	رَبَّنَا
fa-inn <u>a</u>	AAudn <u>a</u>	fa-in	minh <u>a</u>	akhrijn <u>a</u>	Rabban <u>a</u>
Then indeed	We return	Then if ever	Of this	Bring us out	Our Lord
we					
					ظالِمُونَ
					<u>tha</u> limoon <b>a</b>
					Shall be
					wrongdoers

رَبَّنَا أَخْرِجْنَا مِنْهَا فَإِنْ عُدْنَا فَإِنَّا ظَلِمُونَ ٢

107. Rabbana akhrijna minha fa-in AAudna fa-inna thalimoona

"Our Lord! Bring us out of this; if ever we return (to evil), then indeed we shall be *Zalimun*: (polytheists, oppressors, unjust, and wrong-doers, etc.)."

	تُكَلِّمُ <i>و</i> ن	وَلَا	فيها	اخْسَؤُوا	قَالَ				
	tukallimoon <b>i</b>	wal <u>a</u>	feeh <u>a</u>	ikhsaoo	Q <u>a</u> la				
	Speak to Me	And not	In it	Remain you rejected	He said / will say				
قَالَ ٱخۡسَفُواْ فِيهَا وَلَا تُكَلِّمُونِ ٢									
108. Qala ikhs	108. Qala ikhsaoo feeha wala tukallimooni								

He (Allah) will say: "Remain you in it with ignominy! And speak you not to Me!"

يَقُولُونَ	عِبَادِي	مِّنْ	فَرِيقٌ	گانَ	إِنَّهُ
Yaqooloona	AAib <u>a</u> dee	min	Fareequn	k <u>a</u> na	Innahu
Who used to say	My slaves	Of	A party	There was	Verily
وأنتَ	وَارْحَمْنَا	لْنَا	فَاغْفِرْ	آمَنًّا	رَبَّنَا
waanta	wa <b>i</b> r <u>h</u> amn <u>a</u>	lan <u>a</u>	Fa <b>i</b> ghfir	<u>a</u> mann <u>a</u>	Rabban <u>a</u>
For You	And have mercy on us	Us	So forgive	We believe	Our Lord
				الرَّاحِمِينَ	خَيْرُ
				alrr <u>ah</u> imeen	khayru
				a	
				(of) those who show	(are) the Best
				mercy	

إِنَّهُ كَانَ فَرِيقٌ مِّنَ عِبَادِي يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا ءَامَنَّا فَٱغْفِرْ لَنَا وَٱرْحَمْنَا وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ ٱلرَّحِينَ ٢

109. Innahu kana fareequn min AAibadee yaqooloona rabbana amanna faighfir lana wairhamna waanta khayru alrrahimeena

Verily! There was a party of My slaves, who used to say: "Our Lord! We believe, so forgive us, and have mercy on us, for You are the Best of all who show mercy!"

وَكْنَتُم	<b>ذِکْرِ</b> ي	أنسَوْكُمْ	حَتَّى	سِخْرِيًّا	فَاتَّخَدْثُمُو هُمْ
wakuntum	<u>th</u> ikree	ansawkum	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	sikhriyyan	Fa <b>i</b> ttakha <u>th</u> t
					umoohum
While you used	My Remembran ce	They made you forget	Until	A laughing stock	But you took them for
				تَضْحَكُونَ	منَّهُمْ
				ta <u>dh</u> akoon <b>a</b>	minhum
				To laugh	At them

فَٱتَّخَذْتُمُوهُمَ سِخْرِيًّا حَتَّى أَنسَوْكُمْ ذِكْرِي وَكُنتُم مِّنْهُمْ تَضۡحَكُونَ ٢

110. Faittakha<u>th</u>tumoohum sikhriyyan <u>h</u>att<u>a</u> ansawkum <u>th</u>ikree wakuntum minhum ta<u>dh</u>akoon**a** 

But you took them for a laughingstock, so much so that they made you forget My Remembrance while you used to laugh at them!

أنَّهُمْ	صَبَرُوا	ہمًا	الْبَوْمَ	جَزَيْتُهُمُ	ٳڹٞ
annahum	<u>s</u> abaroo	bim <u>a</u>	alyawma	jazaytuhumu	Innee
Indeed they	They kept	For what	This Day	Rewarded	Verily I have
	patience			them	
				الْفَائِزُونَ	ۿؙؗؗؗؗؗؗ
				alf <u>a</u> -izoon <b>a</b>	humu
				Are the	(they)
				successful	

إِنَّى جَزَيْتُهُمُ ٱلۡيَوۡمَ بِمَا صَبَرُوٓا أَنَّهُمۡ هُمُ ٱلۡفَآبِرُونَ ٢

111. Innee jazaytuhumu alyawma bim<u>a</u> <u>s</u>abaroo annahum humu alf<u>a</u>-izoon**a** Verily! I have rewarded them this Day for their patience, they are indeed the ones that are successful

عَدَدَ	الأرض	فِي	ڵؠؚؚؽ۠ؠ۠	کَمْ	قَالَ
AAadada	al-ar <u>d</u> i	fee	Labithtum	kam	Q <u>a</u> la
Number	The earth	On	Did you stay	How long	He (Allah) will say
					سَبِنِينَ
					sineen <b>a</b>
					(of) years
				6 - a - a -	

قُبل كم لبِثتُمر في الأرض عَدَدَ سِنِينَ ٢

112. Qala kam labithtum fee al-ardi AAadada sineena

He (Allah) will say: "What number of years did you stay on earth?"

يَوْمٍ	بَعْضَ	أوْ	يَوْمًا	ڵؠؚؚؚؾٛڹؘ	قَالُوا
yawmin	baAA <u>d</u> a	aw	yawman	labithn <u>a</u>	Q <u>a</u> loo
(of) a day	Part	Or	A day	We stayed	They will say
				الْعَادِّينَ	فاسأل

				alAA <u>a</u> ddeen	fa <b>i</b> s-ali		
				a			
				Of those	So ask		
				who keep			
				account			
				(angels)			
قَالُواْ لَبِثْنَا يَوْمًا أَوْ بَعْضَ يَوْمِ فَسْئَلِ ٱلْعَادِينَ ٢							
113. Qaloo labithn	n <u>a</u> yawman av	w baAA <u>d</u> a yay	vmin fa <b>i</b> s-ali al	AA <u>a</u> ddeen <b>a</b>			
They will say: "We	stayed a day	or part of a day	. Ask of those w	ho keep account	t."		

<b>ل</b> وْ	قَلِيلًا	إلًا	ڵؘؠؚؚؚۛ۫ؗٮٛ۠ٞؠ	إن	قَالَ			
law	Qaleelan	ill <u>a</u>	labithtum	in	Q <u>a</u> la			
lf	A little	But	You stayed	Not	He will say			
			تَعْلَمُونَ	ڬڹؿؗؠ۠	أنَّكُمْ			
			taAAlamoon	kuntum	annakum			
			a					
			Known	Had	That you			

## قَالَ إِن لَّبِثْتُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا لَّوْ أَنَّكُمْ كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ٢

114. Qala in labithtum illa qaleelan law annakum kuntum taAAlamoona He (Allah) will say: "You stayed not but a little, if you had only known!

r					
إلينا	وَأَنَّكُمْ	عَبَثًا	خَلْقْنَاكُمْ	أَنَّمَا	أفَحَسِبْتُمْ
ilayn <u>a</u>	waannakum	AAabathan	khalaqn <u>a</u> ku	annam <u>a</u>	Afa <u>h</u> asibtum
			m		
To Us	And that you	In play	We had	That	Did you
			created you		think
				نر (جَعُونَ	Ŭ
				turjaAAoon	1 <u>a</u>
				a	
				You would	Not
				be brought	
				back	
		ة <del>م</del> جر م	و کر ک	IIE	

أَفَحَسِبْتُمْ أَنَّمَا خَلَقُنَكُمْ عَبَثًا وَأَنَّكُمْ إِلَيْنَا لَا تُرْجَعُونَ ٢

115. Afahasibtum annama khalaqnakum AAabathan waannakum ilayna la turjaAAoona "Did you think that We had created you in play (without any purpose), and that you would not be brought back to Us?"

ال الله	الْمَلِكُ الْحَقْ	اللهُ	فَتَعَالَى
---------	-------------------	-------	------------

il <u>a</u> ha	1 <u>a</u>	al <u>h</u> aqqu	almaliku	All <u>a</u> hu	FataAA <u>a</u> l <u>a</u>		
God	(there is) no	True	The King	Allah	So exalted is		
	الْكَرِيمِ	الْعَرْش	ڔ ب	هُوَ	ٳٵ		
	alkareem <b>i</b>	alAAarshi	Rabbu	huwa	ill <u>a</u>		
	Supreme	Of the Throne	The Lord	He	But		
فَتَعَالَى ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمَلِكُ ٱلْحَقُّ لَآ إِلَىٰهَ إِلَّا هُوَ رَبُّ ٱلْعَرْشِ ٱلْكَرِيمِ							
116. FataAAala Allahu almaliku alhaqqu la ilaha illa huwa rabbu alAAarshi alkareemi							
So Exalted be	So Exalted be Allah, the True King, <i>La ilaha illa Huwa</i> (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the Lord of the Supreme Throne!						

آخر َ	إلهًا	الله	يع َ	یَدْعُ	وَمَن
<u>a</u> khara	il <u>a</u> han	All <u>a</u> hi	maAAa	yadAAu	Waman
Any other	God	Allah	With	Invokes	And
					whoever
حِسَابُهُ	فَإِنَّمَا	ړه	ล่ไ	بُرْهَانَ	Ŭ
<u>hisa</u> buhu	fa-innam <u>a</u>	bihi	lahu	burh <u>a</u> na	l <u>a</u>
His	Then verily	Of it	He has	Proof	No
reckoning					
الْكَافِرُونَ	يُفْلِحُ	Ŭ	ٳڐٞۿ	ربِّه	عِندَ
alk <u>a</u> firoon <b>a</b>	yufli <u>h</u> u	1 <u>a</u>	innahu	rabbihi	AAinda
The	Will be	Not	Surely	His Lord	(is) with
disbelievers	successful				

وَمَن يَدْعُ مَعَ ٱللَّهِ إِلَىهًا ءَاخَرَ لَا بُرْهَىنَ لَهُ بِهِ فَإِنَّمَا حِسَابُهُ

عِندَ رَبِّهِ ] إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ ٱلْكَنِفِرُونَ ٢

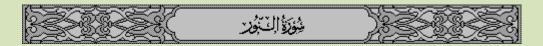
117. Waman yadAAu maAAa All<u>a</u>hi il<u>a</u>han <u>a</u>khara l<u>a</u> burh<u>a</u>na lahu bihi fa-innam<u>a</u> <u>hisa</u>buhu AAinda rabbihi innahu l<u>a</u> yufli<u>h</u>u alk<u>a</u>firoon**a** 

And whoever invokes (or worships), besides Allah, any other *ilah* (god), of whom he has no proof, then his reckoning is only with his Lord. Surely! *Al-Kafirun* (the disbelievers in Allah and in the Oneness of Allah, polytheists, pagans, idolaters, etc.) will not be successful.

خَيْرُ	وأنت	وَارْحَمْ	اغْفِر	رٿ	وَقُلْ
khayru	waanta	wa <b>i</b> r <u>h</u> am	ighfir	rabbi	Waqul
(are) the	And you	And have	Forgive	My Lord	And say
best		mercy			

					الرَّاحِمِينَ		
					alrr <u>ah</u> imeen		
					a		
					(of) those		
					who show		
					mercy		
وَقُل رَّبِ ٱغْفِرْ وَٱرْحَمْ وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ ٱلرَّحِمِينَ ٢							
118. Waqul ra	bbi ighfir wa <b>i</b> r <u>h</u>	am waanta kha	yru a <b>l</b> rr <u>ah</u> imeer	n <b>a</b>			
And say (O Muhammad ): "My Lord! Forgive and have mercy, for You are the Best of those who show mercy!"							

#### Surah #24



#### Period of Revelation

This is a Madani Surah and was revealed in 6 A.H. After the <u>battle of</u> <u>Trench</u>, <u>The compaign against Bani Al-Mustaliq took place</u>. While returning from the compaign, the incident of slander against Sayyidanh Aisha (R.A) took place. Allah declared of her innocence, and admonished to those who were involved in that scandal. This surah contains the Divine Laws relating to the punishment against for rape, fornication, adultery, false witness, and Li'an. There are 64 verses and 9 Section in this Surah.

يِنْسِيراللهِ الرَّحْلِنِ الرَّحِيْسِير

آيَاتٍ	فيها	وأنزأنا	وَفَرَضْنَاهَا	أنزأناها	سُورَة
<u>Aya</u> tin	feeh <u>a</u>	waanzaln <u>a</u>	wafara <u>dna</u> h <u>a</u>	anzaln <u>a</u> h <u>a</u>	Sooratun
Signs	In it	And We	And which	Which We	(this is) a
		have	We have	have sent	Surah
		revealed	enjoined	down	(chapter of
					the Qur'an)
			تَدْكَرُونَ	لُعَلَّكُمْ	بَيِّنَاتٍ
			ta <u>th</u> akkaroon	laAAallaku	bayyin <u>a</u> tin
			a	m	
			remember	That you	Manifest

may ﴿ سُورَةُ أَنزَلْنَهَا وَفَرَضْنَهَا وَأَنزَلْنَا فِيهَا ءَايَتٍ بَيِّنَتٍ لَعَلَّكُرُ تَذَكَّرُونَ ٢٥

1. Sooratun anzaln<u>a</u>ha wafara<u>dna</u>ha waanzaln<u>a</u> feeh<u>a aya</u>tin bayyin<u>a</u>tin laAAallakum ta<u>th</u>akkaroon**a** 

(This is) a *Surah* (chapter of the Qur'an) which We have sent down and which We have enjoined, (ordained its legal laws) and in it We have revealed manifest *Ayat* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations lawful and unlawful things, and set boundries of Islamic Religion), that you may remember

مِّنْهُمَا	واحدٍ	ػ۠ڶؖ	فاجْلِدُوا	وَالْزَّانِي	الزَّانِيَة		
minhum <u>a</u>	w <u>ah</u> idin	kulla	fa <b>i</b> jlidoo	wa <b>al</b> zz <u>a</u> nee	Alzz <u>a</u> niyatu		
Of them	One	Each	Flog	And the man who is guilty of illegal sexual intercourse	The woman who is guilty of illegal sexual intercourse		
رَأَفَةٌ	بهما	تَأْخُدْكُم	وَلَا	جَلْدَةٍ	مِئَة		
ra/fatun	bihim <u>a</u>	ta/khu <u>th</u> kum	wal <u>a</u>	jaldatin	mi-ata		
Pity	With them	Let withhold you	And not	Lashes	(with) a hundred		
ڷٷ۫ڡؚڹٝۅڹؘ	ڬ۫ڹؿؙؗؗؗؗؗؗ	إن	الله	دِين	في		
tu/minoona	kuntum	in	All <u>a</u> hi	deeni	fee		
Believing	You (were)	lf	(of) Allah	The religion	In		
طائِفَة	عَدَابَهُمَا	وَلْيَشْهَدْ	الآخر	وَالْيَوْمِ	بالله		
ta-ifatun	AAa <u>tha</u> bahu m <u>a</u>	walyashhad	al- <u>a</u> khiri	wa <b>a</b> lyawmi	bi <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hi		
A party	Their punishment	And let witness	Last	And the Day	In Allah		
				الْمُؤْمِنِينَ	مِّنَ		
				almu/mineen	mina		
				The believers	Of		
ٱلزَّانِيَةُ وَٱلزَّانِي فَٱجۡلِدُواْ كُلَّ وَ حِدٍ مِّنْهُمَا مِاْئَةَ جَلدَةٍ وَلَا تَأْخُذُكُم							
<u>م</u> د ر	ٱلۡيَوۡمِ ٱلۡاَح	نُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَ	ِن كُنتُمَ تُؤْمِ	في دِينِ ٱللَّهِ إِ	بِمَا رَأَفَةٌ إ		

وَلِّيَشْهَدُ عَذَابَهُمَا طَآبِفَةٌ مِّنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٢

2. Alzz<u>a</u>niyatu wa**a**lzz<u>a</u>nee fa**i**jlidoo kulla w<u>ah</u>idin minhum<u>a</u> mi-ata jaldatin wal<u>a</u> ta/khu<u>th</u>kum bihim<u>a</u> ra/fatun fee deeni All<u>a</u>hi in kuntum tu/minoona bi**A**ll<u>a</u>hi wa**a**lyawmi al-akhiri walyashhad AAathabahuma ta-ifatun mina almu/mineen**a** 

The woman and the man guilty of illegal sexual intercourse, flog each of them with a hundred stripes. Let not pity withhold you in their case, in a punishment prescribed by Allah, if you believe in Allah and the Last Day. And let a party of the believers witness their punishment. (This punishment is for unmarried persons guilty of the above crime but if married persons commit it, the punishment is to stone them to death, according to Allah's Law).

زانِيَة	ٳٵ	يَنكِحُ	Ŭ	الزَّانِي
z <u>a</u> niyatan	ill <u>a</u>	yanki <u>h</u> u	l <u>a</u>	Alzz <u>a</u> nee
A female	But	Marries	Not	The fornicator
	158 15	. *	سرية بترابي ساقد	
וַנ	ينكِحُها	U	والزانِية	مُشْرِكَةً
ill <u>a</u>	yanki <u>h</u> uh <u>a</u>	l <u>a</u>	wa <b>al</b> zz <u>a</u> niya	mushrikatan
			tu	
But	Marries	Not	And a	An
			female	idolatress
			fornicator	
عَلَى	ذلك	وَحُرِّمَ	مُشْرِكْ	أوْ
AAal <u>a</u>	<u>tha</u> lika	wa <u>h</u> urrima	mushrikun	aw
On/to	Such a	And is	An idolater	Or
	thing/that	forbidden		
	<u>zaniyatan</u> A female fornicator لأ ill <u>a</u> But علَى AAal <u>a</u>	zaniyatanillaA femaleButfornicatorImage: state	zaniyatanillayankihuA femaleButMarriesfornicatorIJلألينكحهاIillayankihuhaIaButMarriesNotوحُرِّمَذلكعلىAAalathalikawahurrimaOn/toSuch aAnd is	zaniyatanillayankihulaA femaleButMarriesNotfornicatorMarriesNotألزَّانِيَهُنيكِحُهَالألزَّانِيَهُالألزَّانِيَهُillayankihuhalawaalzzaniyaillayankihuhalawaalzzaniyaButMarriesNotAnd aButMarriesNotAnd afemaleiffemalefornicatorمُشْرَرِكٌوَحَرَّمَذَلِكَعَلَىOn/toSuch aAnd isAn idolater

ٱلزَّانِي لَا يَنكِحُ إِلَّا زَانِيَةً أَوْ مُشْرِكَةً وَٱلزَّانِيَةُ لَا يَنكِحُهَآ إِلَّا زَانٍ

أَوْ مُشْرِكٌ وَحُرِّمَ ذَٰلِكَ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٢

3. Alzzanee la yankihu illa zaniyatan aw mushrikatan wa**al**zzaniyatu la yankihuha illa zanin aw mushrikun wahurrima thalika AAala almu/mineena

The adulterer marries not but an adulteress or a *Mushrikah* and the adulteress none marries her except an adulterer or a *Muskrik* [and that means that the man who agrees to marry (have a sexual relation with) a *Mushrikah* (female polytheist, pagan or idolatress) or a prostitute, then surely he is either an adulterer, or a *Mushrik* (polytheist, pagan or idolater, etc.) And the woman who agrees to marry (have a sexual relation with) a *Mushrik* (polytheist, pagan or idolater) or an adulterer, then she is either a prostitute or a *Mushrikah* (female polytheist, pagan, or idolatress, etc.)]. Such a thing is forbidden to the believers (of Islamic Monotheism).

يَأْتُوا	لمْ	ؾؙٞۄۜ	المُحْصِنَاتِ	يَرْمُونَ	وَالَّذِينَ
ya/too	lam	thumma	almu <u>hs</u> an <u>a</u> ti	yarmoona	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een

		[			
					а
produce	Not	Then	The chaste	Who accuse	And those
			women		
وَلَا	جَلْدَةً	ؿؘؙؖمؘٳڹؚؽڹؘ	فَاجْلِدُو هُمْ	شُهَدَاء	بأربْعَةِ
wal <u>a</u>	jaldatan	tham <u>a</u> neena	fa <b>i</b> jlidoohum	shuhad <u>a</u> a	bi-
			-		arbaAAati
And do not	Stripes	(with) eighty	Then flog	Witnesses	Four
			them		
ۿؙؗؗؗؗؗ	وأوللك	أبَدًا	شَهَادَةً	لَهُمْ	تَڤبَلُوا
humu	waol <u>a</u> -ika	abadan	shah <u>a</u> datan	lahum	taqbaloo
Are	And those	Forever	Testimony	Their	Accept
					الفاسيقون
					Alf <u>a</u> siqoon <b>a</b>
					The
					disobedient
					(to Allah)

وَٱلَّذِينَ يَرْمُونَ ٱلْمُحْصَنَتِ ثُمَّ لَمْ يَأْتُواْ بِأَرْبَعَةِ شُهَدَاءَ

فَٱجۡلِدُوهُمۡ تَمَنِينَ جَلۡدَةً وَلَا تَقۡبَلُواْ لَهُمۡ شَهَدَةً أَبَدَا ۚ وَأُوْلَنَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلۡفَسِقُونَ ٢

4. Wa**a**lla<u>th</u>eena yarmoona almu<u>hs</u>an<u>a</u>ti thumma lam ya/too bi-arbaAAati shuhad<u>a</u>a fa**i**jlidoohum tham<u>a</u>neena jaldatan wal<u>a</u> taqbaloo lahum shah<u>a</u>datan abadan waol<u>a</u>-ika humu alf<u>a</u>siqoon**a** 

And those who accuse chaste women, and produce not four witnesses, flog them with eighty stripes, and reject their testimony forever, they indeed are the *Fasiqun* (liars, rebellious, disobedient to Allah).

ذلك	بَعْدِ	مِن	تًابُوا	الأذين	ٳڵ
<u>tha</u> lika	baAAdi	min	t <u>a</u> boo	Alla <u>th</u> eena	Ill <u>a</u>
	Thereafter that		Repent	Those who	Except
	رّحيمٌ	غَفُورٌ	الله	فَإِنَّ	وأصلحوا
	ra <u>h</u> eem <b>un</b>	ghafoorun	All <u>a</u> ha	fa-inna	waa <u>s</u> la <u>h</u> oo
	Most	(is) Oft-	Allah is	So verily	And do
	Merciful	Forgiving			righteous
					deeds

## إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ تَابُواْ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَٰلِكَ وَأَصْلَحُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ

5. Ill<u>a</u> alla<u>th</u>eena t<u>a</u>boo min baAAdi <u>tha</u>lika waa<u>s</u>la<u>h</u>oo fa-inna All<u>a</u>ha ghafoorun ra<u>h</u>eem**un** 

Except those who repent thereafter and do righteous deeds, (for such) verily, Allah is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

لَّهُمْ lahum For them	یکن yakun Are	وکُمْ walam And not	أَزْوَاجَهُمْ azw <u>a</u> jahum Their wives	يَرِ مُونَ yarmoona	وَ الْذِينَ Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een a			
	Are		~	-				
For them		And not	Their wives		a			
For them		And not	Their wives					
				Accuse	And those			
					who			
أرْبَعُ	أحَدِهِمْ	فَشْبَهَادَةُ	أنفسهم	ٳٵ	شُهَدًاء			
arbaAAu	a <u>h</u> adihim	fashah <u>a</u> datu	anfusuhum	ill <u>a</u>	shuhad <u>a</u> o			
(is) four	(of) one of	Then the	Themselves	Except	Witnesses			
	them	testimony						
	الصَّادِقِينَ	لمِنَ	ٳٮٚۧۿ	بالله	شَهَادَاتٍ			
als	sadiqeena	lamina	innahu	bi <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hi	shah <u>a</u> d <u>a</u> tin			
Т	hose who	(is) one of	That he	By Allah	Testimonies			
	speak the							
	truth							

6. Waallatheena yarmoona azwajahum walam yakun lahum shuhadao illa anfusuhum fashahadatu ahadihim arbaAAu shahadatin biAllahi innahu lamina alssadiqeena And for those who accuse their wives, but have no witnesses except themselves, let the testimony of one of them be four testimonies (i.e. testifies four times) by Allah that he is one of those who speak the truth.

إن	عَلَيْهِ	اللهِ	أعْنَتَ	ٲڹۜۧ	والذامِسَة
in	AAalayhi	All <u>a</u> hi	laAAnata	anna	Wa <b>a</b> lkh <u>a</u> mis
					atu

lf	(is) on him	(of) Allah	The Curse	(is) that	And the fifth (testimony)
			الْكَادِبِينَ	مِنَ	کَانَ
			alk <u>ath</u> ibeen <b>a</b>	Mina	k <u>a</u> na
			Those who	Of	He be
			tell a lie		

#### وَٱلْخُنِمِسَةُ أَنَّ لَعْنَتَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ إِن كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْكَبْدِينَ ٢

7. Waalkhamisatu anna laAAnata Allahi AAalayhi in kana mina alkathibeena And the fifth (testimony) (should be) the invoking of the Curse of Allah on him if he be of those who tell a lie (against her).

أربَعَ	تشهد	أنْ	الْعَذَابَ	عَثْهَا	وَيَدْرَأُ
arbaAAa	tashhada	an	alAAa <u>tha</u> ba	AAanh <u>a</u>	Wayadrao
Four	She testifies	That	The	From her	But it shall
			punishment		avert
	الْكَادِبِينَ	لمينَ	إنَّهُ	بالله	شَهَادَاتٍ
	alk <u>ath</u> ibeen <b>a</b>	lamina	innahu	bi <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hi	shah <u>a</u> d <u>a</u> tin
	(of) those who tell lies	Is (one) of	That he	By Allah	Testimonies

وَيَدۡرَؤُا۟ عَنۡهَا ٱلۡعَذَابَ أَن تَشۡهَدَ أَرۡبَعَ شَهَدَ اِ بِٱللَّهِ ۗ إِنَّهُ لَمِنَ ٱلۡحَن

8. Wayadrao AAanha alAAathaba an tashhada arbaAAa shahadatin biAllahi innahu lamina alkathibeena

But it shall avert the punishment (of stoning to death) from her, if she bears witness four times by Allah, that he (her husband) is telling a lie.

إن	عَلَيْهَا	اللهِ	غَضَبَ	ٲڹؖ	والذامسة
in	AAalayh <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> hi	gha <u>d</u> aba	anna	Wa <b>a</b> lkh <u>a</u> mis
					ata
lf	(be) upon	(of) Allah	The Anger	That	And the fifth
	her				(testimony)
			الصَّادِقِينَ	مِنَ	گانَ
			al <u>ssa</u> diqeen <b>a</b>	Mina	k <u>a</u> na
			Those who	(one) of	He was
			speak the		
			truth		

# وَٱلْخُنِمِسَةَ أَنَّ غَضَبَ ٱللهِ عَلَيْهَا إِن كَانَ مِنَ ٱلصَّدِقِينَ ٢

9. Waalkhamisata anna ghadaba Allahi AAalayha in kana mina alssadiqeena And the fifth (testimony) should be that the Wrath of Allah be upon her if he (her husband) speaks the truth.

وَأَنَّ	وَرَحْمَتْهُ	عَلَيْكُمْ	الله	فَضنْلُ	وَلُوْلًا				
waanna	wara <u>h</u> matuh	AAalaykum	All <u>a</u> hi	fa <u>d</u> lu	Walawl <u>a</u>				
	u								
And that	And His	On you	(of) Allah	(for) Grace	And had it				
	mercy				not been				
			<u>h</u> akeem <b>un</b>	taww <u>a</u> bun	All <u>a</u> ha				
			The All-Wise	(is) the One	Allah				
				Who					
				accepts					
				repentance					
	وَلَوۡلَا فَضۡلُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيۡكُمۡ وَرَحۡمَتُهُ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ تَوَّابٌ حَكِيمٌ ٢								
				0					

10. Walawla fadlu Allahi AAalaykum warahmatuhu waanna Allaha tawwabun hakeemun And had it not been for the Grace of Allah and His Mercy on you (He would have hastened the punishment upon you)! And that Allah is the One Who accepts repentance, the All-Wise.

#### Section 2

Dection 2					
مِّنكُمْ	عُصبَةٌ	ؠٵڵٳڡٝڬ	جَاؤُوا	الأذين	إنَّ
minkum	AAu <u>s</u> batun	bi <b>a</b> l-ifki	<u>ja</u> oo	alla <u>th</u> eena	Inna
Among you	(are) a group	The slander	Brought forth	Those who	Verily
هُو	بَلْ	أكم	شَرًّا	تَحْسَبُوهُ	Ŭ
huwa	bal	lakum	sharran	ta <u>h</u> saboohu	1 <u>a</u>
lt	Nay, but	For you	A bad thing	You consider it	Not
مًّا	مَنْهُم	امْرِئِ	لِکْلِّ	ڷؙػ۠ؗؗؗؗؗ	ڂؘؽۯ
m <u>a</u>	minhum	imri-in	likulli	lakum	khayrun
(is) what	Of them	Man	Unto every	For you	(is) good
كِبْرَهُ	تُوَلَّى	وَٱلْذِي	الْإِثْمِ	مِنَ	المتسب
Kibrahu	tawall <u>a</u>	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> ee	al-ithmi	mina	Iktasaba
Had the	greater share	And as for him who	The sin	Of	He had earned
		عَظِيمٌ	عَدًابٌ	مْا	مِنْهُمْ
		AAa <u>th</u> eem <b>u</b> n	AAa <u>tha</u> bun	lahu	minhum

		great	(will be) a torment	For him	Among them			
إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ جَآءُو بِٱلْإِفْكِ عُصْبَةٌ مِّنكُمْ ۖ لَا تَحْسَبُوهُ شَرًّا لَّكُم ۖ بَلْ								
هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَكُرْ لِكُلِّ ٱمْرِي مِنْهُم مَّا ٱكْتَسَبَ مِنَ ٱلْإِثْمِ وَٱلَّذِي تَوَلَّىٰ								
كِبْرَهُ مِنْهُمْ لَهُ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ٢								
11. Inna alla <u>th</u>	eena jaoo bi <b>a</b> l-	ifki AAu <u>s</u> batun	minkum l <u>a</u> ta <u>h</u> s	aboohu sharrar	ı lakum bal			

huwa khayrun lakum likulli imri-in minhum ma iktasaba mina al-ithmi waallathee tawalla kibrahu minhum lahu AAathabun AAatheemun

Verily! Those who brought forth the slander (against 'Aishah (may Allah be pleased with her) the wife of the Prophet () are a group among you. Consider it not a bad thing for you. Nay,

it is good for you. Unto every man among them will be paid that which he had earned of the sin, and as for him among them who had the greater share therein, his will be of a great torment.

وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتُ	الْمُؤْمِنُونَ	ڟ۬ڹٞ	سمَعْثُمُوهُ	ٳۮ	لولا
wa <b>a</b> lmu/min	almu/minoo	<u>Th</u> anna	samiAAtum	i <u>th</u>	Lawl <u>a</u>
<u>a</u> tu	na		oohu		
And women	The	Did think	You heard it	When	Why then
	believers				not
	(men)				
مُّبِينٌ	ٳڡٝڬ	هَدًا	وَقَالُوا	خَيْرًا	بأنفسِهمْ
mubeen <b>un</b>	ifkun	h <u>atha</u>	waq <u>a</u> loo	khayran	bi-anfusihim
obvious	(is) a lie	This	And they	Good	Of their own
		(charge)	say		people

لَّوۡلَا إِذۡ سَمِعۡتُهُوهُ ظَنَّ ٱلۡمُؤۡمِنُونَ وَٱلۡمُؤۡمِنَتُ بِأَنفُسِمۡ خَيۡرًا وَقَالُواْ هَدَا إِفۡكُ مُّبِينٌ ٢

12. Lawla ith samiAAtumoohu thanna almu/minoona waalmu/minatu bi-anfusihim khayran waqaloo hatha ifkun mubeen**un** 

Why then, did not the believers, men and women, when you heard it (the slander) think good of their own people and say: "This (charge) is an obvious lie?"

فَإِدْ	شُهَدَاء	بِأَرْبَعَةِ	عَلَيْهِ	جَاؤُوا	لولا
fa-i <u>th</u>	shuhad <u>a</u> a	bi- arbaAAati	AAalayhi	<u>ja</u> oo	Lawl <u>a</u>
		albaAAati			

Since	Witnesses	Four	For it	They produce	Why did not				
الله	عِندَ	فأوللك	بِالشُّهَدَاء	يَأْثُوا	ڵؗؗم۠				
All <u>a</u> hi	AAinda	faol <u>a</u> -ika	bi <b>al</b> shshuha d <u>a</u> -i	ya/too	lam				
Allah	With (to)	Then these	The witnesses	They brought	Not				
				الْكَاذِبُونَ	ۿ۫				
				alk <u>ath</u> iboon <b>a</b>	Humu				
				(are) the liars	(they)				
فأوْلَبِك	لَّوْلَا جَآءُو عَلَيهِ بِأَرْبَعَةِ شُهَدَاءَ فَإِذْ لَمْ يَأْتُواْ بِٱلشُّهَدَاءِ فَأُوْلَبِكَ								

13. Lawl<u>a ja</u>oo AAalayhi bi-arbaAAati shuhad<u>a</u>a fa-i<u>th</u> lam ya/too bi**al**shshuhad<u>a</u>-i faol<u>a</u>ika AAinda All<u>a</u>hi humu alk<u>ath</u>iboon**a** 

عِندَ ٱللهِ هُمُ ٱلْكَٰذِبُونَ ٢

Why did they not produce four witnesses? Since they (the slanderers) have not produced witnesses! Then with Allah they are the liars

فِي	وَرَحْمَتْهُ	عَلَيْكُمْ	الله	فَضْلُ	وَلُوْلًا				
fee	wara <u>h</u> matuh	AAalaykum	All <u>a</u> hi	fa <u>d</u> lu	Walawl <u>a</u>				
	u								
In	And His	Unto you	Of Allah	(for) the	And had it				
	Mercy			Grace	not been				
أفَضنتُمْ	مًا	فِي	ڵڡؘڛٙۜػ۠ؗؗؗؗؗؗ	وَالْآخِرَةِ	الدُّئيَا				
afa <u>d</u> tum	m <u>a</u>	fee	Lamassaku	wa <b>a</b> l-	a <b>l</b> dduny <u>a</u>				
			m	<u>a</u> khirati					
You had	What	In/for	Would have	And in the	This world				
spoken			touched you	Hereafter					
			عَظِيمٌ	عَدًابٌ	فيبه				
			AAa <u>th</u> eem <b>u</b>	AAa <u>tha</u> bun	feehi				
			n						
			Great	A torment	Whereof				
وَلَوۡلَا فَضۡلُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيۡكُمۡ وَرَحۡمَتُهُ فِي ٱلدُّنۡيَا وَٱلۡاَحِرَةِ لَمَسَّكُمۡ فِي مَآ أَفَضۡتُمۡر فِيهِ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمُ									
14. Walawl <u>a</u> fa	a <u>d</u> lu All <u>a</u> hi AA	alaykum wara <u>h</u>	matuhu fee aldo	luny <u>a</u> wa <b>a</b> l- <u>a</u> kh	irati				

lamassakum fee ma afadtum feehi AAathabun AAatheemun Had it not been for the Grace of Allah and His Mercy unto you in this world and in the Hereafter, a great torment would have touched you for that whereof you had spoken.

مَّا	بأفواهِكْم	وَتَقُولُونَ	ؠٲڵڛڹؘؾؚػٝؗؗؗؗؗ	تَلْقُونْهُ	ٳۮ
m <u>a</u>	bi-	wataqooloon	bi-	talaqqawnah	I <u>th</u>
	afw <u>a</u> hikum	a	alsinatikum	u	
What	With your	And uttering	With your	You were	When
	mouths		tongurs	propogating	
				it	
ۿؘڹؚٞٞٵ	وأتحسببونه	عِلْمٌ	بِهِ	لگم	ڵؽؚ۠ڛؘ
hayyinan	wata <u>h</u> saboon	AAilmun	bihi	lakum	laysa
	ahu				
A little thing	And you	(there was)	Of it	For you	Not
	consider it	knowledge			
		عَظِيمٌ	الله	عند	وَهُوَ
		AAa <u>th</u> eem <b>u</b>	All <u>a</u> hi	AAinda	wahuwa
		n			
		Very great	Allah	With (to)	While it was
2					

15. Ith talaqqawnahu bi-alsinatikum wataqooloona bi-afwahikum ma laysa lakum bihi AAilmun watahsaboonahu hayyinan wahuwa AAinda Allahi AAatheemun When you were propagating it with your tongues, and uttering with your mouths that whereof you had no knowledge, you counted it a little thing, while with Allah it was very great.

إِذْ تَلَقَّوْنَهُ بِأَلْسِنَتِكُمْ وَتَقُولُونَ بِأَفْوَاهِكُم مَّا لَيْسَ لَكُم بِهِ عِلْمُ إ

وَتَحْسَبُونَهُ مَيِّنَا وَهُوَ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ عَظِيمٌ ٢

يَكُونُ	مًّا	فلأثم	سَمِعْتُمُوهُ	إد	وَلُوْلًا
yakoonu	m <u>a</u>	Qultum	samiAAtum	i <u>th</u>	Walawl <u>a</u>
			oohu		
It is (right)	Not	You say	You heard it	When	And why did
					not
هَذا	سُبْحَانَكَ	بِهَدًا	ڹٞؿؘػؘڵؘؘؘؙؗؗؗؗڡؘ	أن	لْنَا
h <u>atha</u>	sub <u>ha</u> naka	bih <u>atha</u>	natakallama	an	lan <u>a</u>
This	Glory is to	Of this	Speak	То	For us
	You				
				عَظِيمٌ	بُهْتَانٌ
				AAa <u>th</u> eem <b>u</b>	buht <u>a</u> nun
				n	
				Great	(is) a lie

وَلَوْلَا إِذْ سَمِعْتُمُوهُ قُلْتُم مَّا يَكُونُ لَنَا أَن نَّتَكَلَّمَ بَدَا

حَيْنَكَ هَيْذَا بُتَيْنُ عَظِيمُ ٢

16. Walawl<u>a</u> i<u>th</u> samiAAtumoohu qultum m<u>a</u> yakoonu lan<u>a</u> an natakallama bih<u>atha</u> sub<u>ha</u>naka h<u>atha</u> buht<u>a</u>nun AAa<u>th</u>eem**un** 

And why did you not, when you heard it, say? "It is not right for us to speak of this. Glory be to You (O Allah) this is a great lie."

أبَدًا	لِمِثْلِهِ	تَعُودُوا	أن	الله	يَعِظْكُمُ
abadan	limithlihi	taAAoodoo	an	All <u>a</u> hu	YaAAi <u>th</u> uku
					mu
For ever	The like of it	You repeat	That	Allah	Warns you
			مُّؤْمِنِينَ	كْنتُم	إن
			mu/mineen <b>a</b>	kuntum	in
			believers	You are	lf

## يَعِظُكُمُ ٱللَّهُ أَن تَعُودُوا لِمِثْلِهِ ٓ أَبَدًا إِن كُنتُم مُّؤْمِنِينَ ٢

17. YaAAi<u>th</u>ukumu All<u>a</u>hu an taAAoodoo limithlihi abadan in kuntum mu/mineen**a** Allah forbids you from it and warns you not to repeat the like of it forever, if you are believers.

عَلِيمٌ	وَاللَّهُ	الْآيَاتِ	ڵػ۠ؗؗؗؗؗؗ	الله	ۅؘؽؙڹؘؾؚٞڹؙ
AAaleemun	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	al- <u>aya</u> ti	lakumu	All <u>a</u> hu	Wayubayyin
					u
(is) All-	And Allah	The Signs	For you	Allah	And makes
Knowing					clear
					حَكِيمٌ
					<u>h</u> akeem <b>un</b>
					All-Wise

وَيُبَيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمُ ٱلْأَيَنِ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمُ حَكِيمُ ٢

18. Wayubayyinu Allahu lakumu al-ayati waAllahu AAaleemun hakeemun And Allah makes the *Ayat* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) plain to you, and Allah is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

الْفَاحِشَةُ	تشييع	أن	يُحِبُّونَ	الأذين	ٳڹؖ
Alf <u>ah</u> ishatu	tasheeAAa	an	yu <u>h</u> ibboona	alla <u>th</u> eena	Inna
Illegal	Should be	That	Like	Those who	Verily
sexual	propagated				

intercourse					
ألِيمٌ	عَدًابٌ	لْهُمْ	آمَنُوا	الأذين	في
aleemun	AAa <u>tha</u> bun	lahum	<u>a</u> manoo	alla <u>th</u> eena	fee
Painful	A torment	They will have	Believe	Those who	Among
وأنثم	يَعْلَمُ	وَاللَّهُ	وَالْآخِرَةِ	الدُّنْبَا	في
waantum	yaAAlamu	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	wa <b>a</b> l- <u>a</u> khirati	aldduny <u>a</u>	fee
And you	Knows	And Allah	And the Hereafter	The world	In
				تَعْلَمُونَ	ប
				taAAlamoon	l <u>a</u>
				a	
				know	Do not

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُحُبُّونَ أَن تَشِيعَ ٱلْفَرِحِشَةُ فِي ٱلَّذِينَ يُحُبُّونَ أَن تَشِيعَ ٱلْفَرِحِشَةُ فِي ٱلَّذِينَ عَامَنُوا لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْاَحَرَةِ وَٱللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ٢

19. Inna allatheena yuhibboona an tasheeAAa alfahishatu fee allatheena amanoo lahum AAathabun aleemun fee alddunya waal-akhirati waAllahu yaAAlamu waantum la taAAlamoona

Verily, those who like that (the crime of) illegal sexual intercourse should be propagated among those who believe, they will have a painful torment in this world and in the Hereafter. And Allah knows and you know not.

وَأَنَّ	ورَحْمَتْهُ	عَلَيْكُمْ	الله	فَضْلُ	وَلُوْلًا
waanna	wara <u>h</u> matuh	AAalaykum	All <u>a</u> hi	fa <u>d</u> lu	Walawl <u>a</u>
	u				
And that	And His	On you	(of) Allah	The Grace	And had it
	Mercy				not been for
			رَحِيمٌ	رَؤُوفٌ	الله
			ra <u>h</u> eem <b>un</b>	Raoofun	All <u>a</u> ha
			Most	(is) full of	Allah
			Merciful	kindness	

وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَتُهُ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ رَءُوفٌ رَّحِيمٌ ٢

20. Walawla fadlu Allahi AAalaykum warahmatuhu waanna Allaha raoofun raheemun And had it not been for the Grace of Allah and His Mercy on you, (Allah would have hastened the punishment upon you). And that Allah is full of kindness, Most Merciful.

Section 3									
تتبعوا	Ľ	آمَنُوا	الذين	أيُّهَا	يَا				
tattabiAAoo	1 <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> manoo	alla <u>th</u> eena	ayyuh <u>a</u>	Y <u>a</u>				
Follow	Do not	Believe	Who	You	O!				
الشتَّيْطان	خْطُوَاتِ	يَتَّبِعْ	وَمَن	الشَّيْطَان	خْطُوَاتِ				
alshshay <u>ta</u> ni	khu <u>t</u> uw <u>a</u> ti	yattabiAA	waman	alshshay <u>ta</u> ni	khu <u>t</u> uw <u>a</u> ti				
(of) Satan	The	Follows	And	(of) Satan	The				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	footsteps	E + 8 91	whosoever بالْفَحْشَاء	- ۋ و و	footsteps វិទ័រ ទ				
فَضْلُ	وَلُوْلًا	وَالْمُنكَرِ		يَأْمُرُ	فَإِنَّهُ				
fa <u>d</u> lu	walawl <u>a</u>	wa <b>a</b> lmunkar i	bi <b>a</b> lfa <u>h</u> sh <u>a</u> -i	ya/muru	fa-innahu				
The Grace	And had it	And evil	To commit	He	Then verily				
منگم	not been for	deeds مَا	indecency ورَحْمَتُهُ	commands	الله				
	زگا			عَلَيْكُمْ	-				
minkum	zak <u>a</u>	m <u>a</u>	wara <u>h</u> matuh u	AAalaykum	All <u>a</u> hi				
Of you	Would ever have been pure from sins	Not	And His Mercy	On you	(of) Allah				
ؠؙۯؘػٞۜۜۜۜۜ	اللهَ	وَلَكِنَّ	أبَدًا	أحَدِ	مِّنْ				
yuzakkee	Allaha	walakinna	abadan	ahadin	min				
Purifies	Allah	But	Ever	any	one				
	عَلِيمٌ	سكميع	وَاللَّهُ	يَبْنَاء	مَن				
	AAaleem <b>un</b>	sameeAAun	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	yash <u>a</u> o	man				
	All-Knower	(is) All-	And Allah	He wills	Whom				
		Hearer							
الله يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَتَبِعُواْ خُطُوَاتِ ٱلشَّيْطَنِ وَمَن يَتَبَعُ خُطُوَاتِ ٱلشَّيْطَنِ فَإِنَّهُ يَأْمُرُ بِٱلْفَحْشَآءِ وَٱلْمُنكَرِ وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُرْ وَرَحْمَتُهُ مَا زَكَىٰ مِنكُم مِّنَ أَحَدٍ أَبَدًا وَلَكِنَ ٱللَّهَ يُزَكَى									
		مَن يَشَآءُ وَٱللَّهُ سَمِيعُ عَلِيمُ ٢							
21. Y <u>a</u> ayyuh <u>a</u> alla <u>th</u> eena <u>a</u> manoo l <u>a</u> tattabiAAoo khu <u>t</u> uw <u>a</u> ti alshshay <u>ta</u> ni waman yattabiAA khu <u>t</u> uw <u>a</u> ti alshshay <u>ta</u> ni fa-innahu ya/muru bi <b>a</b> lfa <u>h</u> sh <u>a</u> -i wa <b>a</b> lmunkari walawl <u>a</u>									

21. Y<u>a</u> ayyuh<u>a</u> alla<u>th</u>eena <u>a</u>manoo l<u>a</u> tattabiAAoo khu<u>t</u>uw<u>a</u>ti alshshay<u>ta</u>ni waman yattabiAA khu<u>t</u>uw<u>a</u>ti alshshay<u>ta</u>ni fa-innahu ya/muru bi**a**lfa<u>h</u>sh<u>a</u>-i wa**a**lmunkari walawl<u>a</u> fa<u>d</u>lu All<u>a</u>hi AAalaykum wara<u>h</u>matuhu m<u>a</u> zak<u>a</u> minkum min a<u>h</u>adin abadan wal<u>a</u>kinna All<u>a</u>ha yuzakkee man yash<u>a</u>o waAll<u>a</u>hu sameeAAun AAaleem**un** 

O you who believe! Follow not the footsteps of *Shaitan* (Satan). And whosoever follows the footsteps of *Shaitan* (Satan), then, verily he commands *Al-Fahsha'* [i.e. to commit indecency (illegal sexual intercourse, etc.)], and *Al-Munkar* [disbelief and polytheism (i.e. to do evil and wicked deeds; to speak or to do what is forbidden in Islam, etc.)]. And had it not been for the Grace of Allah and His Mercy on you, not one of you would ever have been pure from sins. But Allah purifies (guides to Islam) whom He wills, and Allah is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

والسَّعَةِ	مِنكُمْ	الفضل	أولوا	يأثل	وَلَا
wa <b>al</b> ssaAAa	minkum	alfa <u>d</u> li	oloo	ya/tali	Wal <u>a</u>
ti					
And wealth	Among you	Those	with blessings	Swear to	And let not
				desist	
وَالْمُهَاجِرِينَ	والمساكين	الْقُرْبَى	أولِي	يُؤثُوا	أن
wa <b>a</b> lmuh <u>aj</u> ir	wa <b>a</b> lmas <u>a</u> ke	alqurb <u>a</u>	olee	yu/too	an
eena	ena	_			
(and) the	(and) the	(to) the	kinfolk	Give	То
emigrants	poor				
11	وأليَصْفَحُوا	وَأَيْعَفُوا	الله	ستَدِيلَ	في
al <u>a</u>	walya <u>s</u> fa <u>h</u> oo	walyaAAfoo	All <u>a</u> hi	sabeeli	fee
Do not	And forgive	Let them	(of) Allah	The way	In
		pardon			
وَاللَّهُ	ڵػؙؗؗم۠	اللهُ	يَعْفِرَ	أن	تْحِبُّونَ
wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	lakum	All <u>a</u> hu	yaghfira	an	tu <u>h</u> ibboona
And Allah	(for) you	Allah	Should forgive	That	You love
				رَّحِيمٌ	غَفُورٌ
				ra <u>h</u> eem <b>un</b>	ghafoorun
				Most	(is) Oft-
				Merciful	Forgiving
· · ·	ه في صح	38 6	A	ه و مرد م	au lui lui

وَلَا يَأْتَلِ أَوْلُواْ ٱلْفَضِّلِ مِنكُم وَٱلسَّعَةِ أَن يُؤَتُوا أَوْلِي ٱلْقُرَىٰ وَٱلْمَسَكِينَ وَٱلْمُهَ جِرِينَ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَلْيَعْفُواْ وَلْيَصْفَحُوَا أَلَا تُحُبُّونَ أَن يَغْفِرَ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمُ ٢

22. Wal<u>a</u> ya/tali oloo alfa<u>d</u>li minkum wa**al**ssaAAati an yu/too olee alqurb<u>a</u> wa**a**lmas<u>a</u>keena wa**a**lmuh<u>aj</u>ireena fee sabeeli All<u>a</u>hi walyaAAfoo walya<u>s</u>fa<u>h</u>oo al<u>a</u> tu<u>h</u>ibboona an yaghfira All<u>a</u>hu lakum wa**A**ll<u>a</u>hu ghafoorun ra<u>h</u>eem**un** 

And let not those among you who are blessed with graces and wealth swear not to give (any sort of help) to their kinsmen, *Al-Masakin* (the poor), and those who left their homes for Allah's Cause. Let them pardon and forgive. Do you not love that Allah should forgive you? And Allah is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

المؤمنات	الغافلات	المُحْصِنَاتِ	يَرْمُونَ	الأذين	ٳڹ
almu/min <u>a</u> ti	algh <u>a</u> fil <u>a</u> ti	almu <u>hs</u> an <u>a</u> ti	yarmoona	alla <u>th</u> eena	Inna
Believers	Who never	Chaste	Accuse	Those who	Verily
(women)	think of	women			
	anything				
	touching				
	their chastity				
عَدَّابٌ	وَلَهُمْ	وَالْأَخِرَةِ	الدُّئيَا	في	لُعِنُوا
AAa <u>tha</u> bun	walahum	wa <b>a</b> l-	aldduny <u>a</u>	fee	luAAinoo
		<u>a</u> khirati			
A torment	And for them	And the	The world	In	Are cursed
	(will be)	Hereafter			
					عَظِيمٌ
					AAa <u>th</u> eem <b>u</b>
					n
					Great
	8				

# إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَرْمُونَ ٱلْمُحْصَنَتِ ٱلْغَنفِلَتِ ٱلْمُوْمِنَتِ لُعِنُوا فِي ٱلدُّنَيَا وَٱلْأَخِرَةِ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ٢

23. Inna allatheena yarmoona almuhsanati alghafilati almu/minati luAAinoo fee alddunya waal-akhirati walahum AAathabun AAath

Verily, those who accuse chaste women, who never even think of anything touching their chastity and are good believers, are cursed in this life and in the Hereafter, and for them will be a great torment

وأرْجُلْهُم	وأيْدِيهِمْ	ألسينتهم	عَلَيْهِمْ	تشهد	يَوْمَ			
waarjuluhu	waaydeehim	alsinatuhum	AAalayhim	Tashhadu	Yawma			
m								
(and) their	(and) their	Their	Against	Witness	On the Day			
legs	hands	tongues	them		(when)			
			يَعْمَلُونَ	گائوا	ہِمَا			
			yaAAmaloo	k <u>a</u> noo	bim <u>a</u>			
			n <b>a</b>					
			To do	They used	As to what			
يَوْمَ تَشْهَدُ عَلَيْهِمْ أَلْسِنَتْهُمْ وَأَيْدِيهِمْ وَأَرْجُلُهُم بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ [24]								
24. Yawma ta	•	him alsinatuhur	n waaydeehim	waarjuluhum bi	m <u>a</u> k <u>a</u> noo			

vaAAmaloon**a** 

On the Day when their tongues, their hands, and their legs or feet will bear witness against them as to what they used to do.

الْحَقَّ	دينَهُمُ	الله	يُوَقِّبِهِمُ	بَوْمَئِذٍ				
al <u>h</u> aqqa	deenahumu	All <u>a</u> hu	yuwaffeehi	Yawma-				
			mu	i <u>th</u> in				
In full	Their	Allah	Will pay	On that Day				
	recompense		them					
الْمُبِينُ	الْحَقُّ	ۿؙۅؘ	الله	ٲڹۜٞ				
almubeen <b>u</b>	al <u>h</u> aqqu	huwa	All <u>a</u> ha	anna				
Manifest	(is) the Truth	He	Allah	That				
يَوهَبِذٍ يُوَقِّيهِمُ ٱللَّهُ دِينَهُمُ ٱلْحَقَّ وَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلْحَقُّ								
			Ç	ٱلْمُبِينُ				
	الْمُبِينُ almubeen <b>u</b> Manifest	In full Their recompense الْحَقُّ الْمُبِينُ almubeenu alhaqqu Manifest (is) the Truth وَيَعَثْمُونَ أَنَّ ٱلْلَهَ هُو	In full     Their recompense       هُوَ     الْمَبِينُ       هُوَ     الْحَقُ       almubeenu     alhaqqu       Manifest     (is) the Truth       He       نَهُمُ ٱلْحَقَّ وَيَعَتْمُونَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ هُو	In full     Their recompense     Allah     Will pay them       الله     هُوَ     الْحَقُ     الْمُبِينُ       almubeenu     alhaqqu     huwa     Allaha       Manifest     (is) the Truth     He     Allah       يبٍمُ     ٱللَّهُ دِينَهُمُ     ٱلْحَقَّ وَيَعَلَّمُونَ     أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ هُوَ				

25. Yawma-ithin yuwaffeehimu Allahu deenahumu alhaqqa wayaAAlamoona anna

Allaha huwa alhaqqu almubeenu On that Day Allah will pay them the recompense of their deeds in full, and they will know that Allah, He is the Manifest Truth.

لِلطَّيِّبِينَ	وَالطَّيِّبَاتُ	لِلْخَبِيثَاتِ	وَالْخَبِيثُونَ	لِلْخَبِيثِين	ٱلْحَبِيثَت		
lil <u>tt</u> ayyibeen	wa <b>al</b> ttayyib <u>a</u>	lilkhabeeth <u>a</u> t	wa <b>a</b> lkhabeet	lilkhabeethe	Alkhabeeth <u>a</u> t		
a For good	tu	1 For hod	hoona	ena For bod mon	U Rod womon		
For good men	And good women	For bad women	And bad men	For bad men	Bad women		
يَقُولُونَ	مِمَّا	مُبَرَّوُونَ	أولأك	لِلطَبِّبَاتِ	وَالطَّيِّبُونَ		
yaqooloona	mimm <u>a</u>	mubarraoon a	ol <u>a</u> -ika	li <b>l<u>tt</u>ayyib<u>a</u>ti</b>	wa <b>al</b> ttayyibo ona		
What they say	Because of	(are) innocent	those	For good women	And good men		
		ػؘڔؠؗؗؗ	ۅؘڔڔ۬ڨ۠	مَّعْفِرَة	ڵۿؙم		
		kareem <b>un</b>	warizqun	maghfiratun	lahum		
		generous	(and) provision	ls forgiveness	For them		
ٱلْخُبِيثَتُ لِلْخَبِيثِينَ وَٱلْخَبِيثُونَ لِلْخَبِيثَتِ وَٱلطَّيِّبَتُ لِلطَّيِّبِينَ							
وَٱلطَّيِّبُونَ لِلطَّيِّبَتِ أُوْلَبِكَ مُبَرَّءُونَ مِمَّا يَقُولُونَ لَهُم مَّغْفِرَةٌ							

وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ ٢

26. Alkhabeeth<u>a</u>tu lilkhabeetheena wa**a**lkhabeethoona lilkhabeeth<u>a</u>ti wa**a**l<u>tt</u>ayyib<u>a</u>tu lil<u>tt</u>ayyibeena wa**a**l<u>tt</u>ayyiboona lil<u>tt</u>ayyib<u>a</u>ti ol<u>a</u>-ika mubarraoona mimm<u>a</u> yaqooloona lahum maghfiratun warizgun kareem**un** 

Bad statements are for bad people (or bad women for bad men) and bad people for bad statements (or bad men for bad women). Good statements are for good people (or good women for good men) and good people for good statements (or good men for good women), such (good people) are innocent of (each and every) bad statement which they say, for them is Forgiveness, and *Rizqun Karim* (generous provision i.e.Paradise).

Section 4

1 19 0 5	11	1 <del>*</del> Ĩ	7. 191	1- 25	1-
تَدْخُلُوا	Ľ	آمَنُوا	الذين	ايها	يَا
tadkhuloo	1 <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> manoo	alla <u>th</u> eena	ayyuh <u>a</u>	Y <u>a</u>
Enter	Do not	Believe	Who	you	O!
وأشتلموا	تَسْتَأْنِسُوا	حَتَّى	بُيُوتِكُمْ	ۼؘۑ۠ۯ	بُيُوتًا
watusallimo o	tasta/nisoo	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	buyootikum	ghayra	buyootan
And greeted	You have asked permission	Until	Your houses	Other than	Houses
لْعَلَّكُمْ	ڷؙػ۠ؗؗؗؗؗؗ	خَيْرٌ	ۮٙڶؚڴؗؗؗؗؗ	أهْلِهَا	عَلَى
laAAallaku m	lakum	khayrun	<u>tha</u> likum	ahlih <u>a</u>	AAal <u>a</u>
In order that	For you	(is) better	that	Their people	upon
					تَ <b>ذَ</b> كَّرُونَ
					ta <u>th</u> akkaroon
					a
					You may
					remember

يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَدۡخُلُواْ بُيُوتًا غَيۡرَ بُيُوتِكُمۡ حَتَّىٰ تَسۡتَأۡنِسُواْ وَتُسَلِّمُواْ عَلَىٰٓ أَهۡلِهَا ۚ ذَٰلِكُمۡ خَيۡرُ لَّكُمۡ لَعَلَّكُمۡ تَذَكَرُونَ ٢

27. Y<u>a</u> ayyuh<u>a</u> alla<u>th</u>eena <u>a</u>manoo l<u>a</u> tadkhuloo buyootan ghayra buyootikum <u>h</u>att<u>a</u> tasta/nisoo watusallimoo AAal<u>a</u> ahlih<u>a</u> <u>tha</u>likum khayrun lakum laAAallakum ta<u>th</u>akkaroon**a** 

O you who believe! Enter not houses other than your own, until you have asked permission and greeted those in them, that is better for you, in order that you may remember.

فَلْ	أحَدًا	أبرأ	تَجِدُوا	ه ه ۲	<u>ة</u> ا:
	احدا	فيها		نم	فَإِن
fal <u>a</u>	a <u>h</u> adan	feeh <u>a</u>	tajidoo	lam	Fa-in
Then do not	Anyone	Therein	You find	Not	And if
قِيلَ	وَإِن	ڵػؙؗؗؗؗؗ	ؠؙٶ۫ۮؘڹؘ	حَتَّى	تَدْخُلُو هَا
qeela	wa-in	lakum	yu/ <u>th</u> ana	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	tadkhulooh <u>a</u>
It is said	And if	To you	Permission	Until	Enter them
			has been		(houses)
			given		
لْكُمْ	أزْكَى	هُو	فَارْجِعُوا	ارْجِعُوا	لْكُمُ
lakum	azk <u>a</u>	huwa	fa <b>i</b> rjiAAoo	irjiAAoo	lakumu
For you	(is) purer	lt	Then go back	To return	For you
		عَلِيمٌ	تَعْمَلُونَ	ہمًا	وَاللَّهُ
		Aaaleem <b>un</b>	taAAmaloon	bim <u>a</u>	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu
			а		
		(is) All- Knower	You do	Of what	And Allah

فَإِن لَّمْ تَجَدُواْ فِيهَآ أَحَدًا فَلَا تَدۡخُلُوهَا حَتَّىٰ يُؤۡذَنَ لَكُمۡ ۗوَإِن قِيلَ لَكُمُ ٱرۡجِعُواْ فَٱرۡجِعُواْ هُوَ أَزۡكَىٰ لَكُمۡ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعۡمَلُونَ

28. Fa-in lam tajidoo feeha ahadan fala tadkhulooha hatta yu/thana lakum wa-in qeela lakumu irjiAAoo fairjiAAoo huwa azka lakum waAllahu bima taAAmaloona Aaaleemun And if you find no one therein, still, enter not until permission has been given. And if you are asked to go back, go back, for it is purer for you, and Allah is All-Knower of what you do.

بُبُوتًا	تَدْخُلُوا	أن	جُنَاحٌ	عَلَيْكُمْ	ڵؘؽؚ۠ڛؘ
buyootan	tadkhuloo	an	jun <u>ah</u> un	Aaalaykum	Laysa
Houses	You enter	That	Sin	On you	(there is) not
وَاللَّهُ	أَكْمُ	مَتَاعٌ	فيها	مَسْكُونَةٍ	غَيْرَ
wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	lakum	mat <u>a</u> AAun	feeh <u>a</u>	maskoonatin	ghayra
And Allah	For you	(there is) usefulness	In which	Inhabited	Not
	تكثمون	وَمَا	<b>ث</b> بْدُونَ	مَا	يَعْلَمُ
	taktumoon <b>a</b>	wam <u>a</u>	tubdoona	m <u>a</u>	yaAAlamu
	You conceal	And what	You reveal	What	Knows

لَّيْسَ عَلَيْكُم جُنَاحٌ أَن تَدَخُلُواْ بُيُوتًا غَيْرَ مَسْكُونَةٍ فِيهَا مَتَعُ لَّكُم وَٱللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تُبْدُونَ وَمَا تَكْتُمُونَ ٢

29. Laysa Aaalaykum jun<u>ah</u>un an tadkhuloo buyootan ghayra maskoonatin feeh<u>a</u> mat<u>a</u>AAun lakum waAll<u>a</u>hu yaAAlamu m<u>a</u> tubdoona wam<u>a</u> taktumoon**a** There is no sin on you that you enter (without taking permission) houses uninhabited (i.e. not possessed by anybody), (when) you have any interest in them. And Allah has knowledge of what you reveal and what you conceal.

<b></b>			8		
وَيَحْفَظُوا	أبْصَار هِمْ	مِنْ	يَغْضَّوا	للمؤمنِينَ	ڡٞڶ
waya <u>h</u> fa <u>th</u> oo	ab <u>sa</u> rihum	min	yaghu <u>dd</u> oo	lilmu/minee	Qul
				na	
And protect	Their gazes	(from)	To lower	The	Tell
				believing	
الله	<u>۳</u> ۰۱	۴ قره	د. ۲۰۰۱	men ڈلائی	و بره
	ٳڹؖ	لْهُمْ	أزْكَى		فروجهم
Allaha	inna	lahum	azk <u>a</u>	<u>tha</u> lika	furoojahum
Allah	Verily	For them	(is) purer	That	Their private
			- ٥; ۶ ·	1-	parts
			يَصْنَعُونَ	ہمًا	خبير
			ya <u>s</u> naAAoon	bim <u>a</u>	khabeerun
			They do	Of what	(is) All- Aware
حرَّ ذَ'لِكَ	ظُواْ فُرُوجَهُ	لرِهِمْ وَتَحْفَ	لموأ مِنْ أَبْصَ	بِينَ يَغْضُ	قُل لِّلمُؤَمِ
		نونَ ٢	رَّبِمَا يَصْنَعُ	إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ خَبِيُّ	أَزْكَىٰ هُمْ
30. Qul lilmu/	mineena yaghu	<u>dd</u> oo min ab <u>sa</u> r	ihum waya <u>h</u> fa <u><i>th</i></u>	<u>1</u> 00 furoojahum	<u>tha</u> lika azk <u>a</u>
	l <u>a</u> ha khabeerun			-	
	ng men to lower				
of what they do	rom illegal sexua	al acts, etc.). The	at is purer for the	em. Verily, Allah	is All-Aware
وَيَحْفَظْنَ	أبْصَارِ هِنَّ	•	يَغْضُضْنَ	ڵڵڡؙٷ۫ڡؚڹؘٵؾ	وَقُل
		مِنْ	• *	•	
waya <u>h</u> fa <u>th</u> na	ab <u>sa</u> rihinna	min	yagh <u>d</u> udna	lilmu/min <u>a</u> ti	Waqul
And protect	Their gazes	(from)	To lower	The believing	And tell
				women	
lía	الًا	ڔ۫ۑڹؘؾۧۿؙڹۜ	زبري	ريا آل	فُرُو جَهُنَّ

m <u>a</u>	ill <u>a</u>	zeenatahunn	yubdeena	wal <u>a</u>	furoojahunna	
That	Eveent	a Thoir boouty		And not	Their private	
That	Except	Their beauty	To expose	And not	Their private parts	
جُيُوبِهِنَّ	عَلَى	ؠڂؙڡؙڔۿؚڹۜٞ	ۅؘڵؽؘۻٮ۠ڔؠ۠ڹؘ	مِنْهَا	ظهَرَ	
juyoobihinn a	Aaal <u>a</u>	bikhumurihi nna	walya <u>d</u> ribna	minh <u>a</u>	<u>th</u> ahara	
Their breasts (bosoms)	Over	Their veils (head coverings)	And let them draw	Of it	Which is apparent	
أَوْ	لِبُعُولَتِهِنَّ	ٳؙڵ	ۯؚۑڹؘؿؘۿڹۜ	ؠؙڹ۠ۮؚۑڹؘ	وَلَا	
aw	libuAAoolat ihinna	ill <u>a</u>	zeenatahunn a	yubdeena	Wal <u>a</u>	
Or	To their husbands	Except	Their beauty	To reveal	And not	
أبْنَائِهِنَ	أوْ	بُعُولْتِهِنَّ	آبَاء	أوْ	آبَائِهِنَّ	
abn <u>a</u> -ihinna	aw	buAAoolatih inna	<u>a</u> b <u>a</u> -i	aw	<u>a</u> b <u>a</u> -ihinna	
Their sons	Or	(of) their husbans	The fathers	Or	Their fathers	
أوْ	ٳڂۅؘٳڹؚؚۿڹۜٙ	أوْ	بُعُولَتِهِنَّ	أبْنَاء	أوْ	
aw	ikhw <u>a</u> nihinn a	aw	buAAoolatih inna	abn <u>a</u> -i	aw	
Or	Their brothers	Or	(of) their husbands	The sons	Or	
أوْ	أخَوَاتِهِنَّ	بَنِي	أوْ	ٳڂۅؘٳڹؚؚۿڹۘٞ	بَنِي	
aw	akhawatihin na	banee	aw	ikhwanihinn a	banee	
Or	(of) their sisters	The sons	Or	(of) their brothers	The sons	
أور	أَيْمَانُهُنَّ	مَلْكَتْ	مَا	أوْ	ڹؚڛؘٵڹؚؚۿۣڹ	
awi	aym <u>a</u> nuhunn a	Malakat	m <u>a</u>	aw	nis <u>a</u> -ihinna	
Or	Their right hands	Possess	What	Or	Their women	
الرِّجَالِ	مِنَ	الْإِرْبَةِ	أولِي	غَيْر	الثَّابِعِينَ	
a <b>l</b> rrij <u>a</u> li	mina	al-irbati	olee	ghayri	altt <u>a</u> biAAeen a	
Men	Of		Who do not possess the desire of women			
عَلَى	يَظْهَرُوا	ڵؗؗؗم۠	الأذين	الطِّقْلِ	أو	
AAal <u>a</u>	ya <u>th</u> haroo	lam	alla <u>th</u> eena	al <u>tt</u> ifli	awi	
Sexual parts	Have sense of the	Not	Who	Children	Or	

لِيُعْلَمَ	ؠٲڔ۫ڿؙڵؚۿڹۜٙ	يَضرْبْنَ	وَلَا	النِّسَاء	عَوْرَاتِ			
liyuAAlama	bi- arjulihinna	Ya <u>d</u> ribna	wal <u>a</u>	alnnis <u>a</u> -i	AAawr <u>a</u> ti			
So as to reveal	Their feet	Let them stamp	And not	(of) women	hidden			
اللي	وَثُوبُوا	<u>ز</u> ينَتِهِنَّ	مِن	ؠؙڂ۫ڣؚۑڹؘ	مَا			
il <u>a</u>	watooboo	zeenatihinna	min	yukhfeena	m <u>a</u>			
То	And repent	Their beauty	Of	They hide	What			
ثڤلِحُونَ	لْعَلَّكُمْ	الْمُؤْمِنُونَ	أَيُّهَا	جَمِيعًا	اللهِ			
tufli <u>h</u> oon <b>a</b>	laAAallaku	almu/minoo	ayyuh <u>a</u>	jameeAAan	All <u>a</u> hi			
	m	na						
May become successful	That you	Believers	O you	All (of you)	Allah			
يُبَدِينَ زِينَتَهُنَّ إِلَّا مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا ۖ وَلْيَضَرِبْنَ خِخُمُرِهِنَ عَلَىٰ جُيُوبِنَ ۖ وَلَا يُبَدِينَ زِينَتَهُنَّ إِلَّا لِبُعُولَتِهِنَ أَوْ ءَابَآبِهِنَ أَوْ ءَابَآءِ بُعُولَتِهِنَ أَوْ أَبْنَآبِهِنَ أَوْ أَبْنَآءِ بُعُولَتِهِنَ أَوْ إِخْوَ'نِهِنَ أَوْ بَنِيَ إِخُوَ'نِهِنَ أَوْ أَبْنَآبِهِنَ أَوْ أَبْنَآءِ بُعُولَتِهِنَ أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتَ أَوْ بَنِي إِخُوَ'نِهِنَ أَوْ التَّبِعِينَ أَخَوَ'تِهِنَ أَوْ زِسَآبِهِنَ أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتَ أَيْمَنْهُنَّ أَوِ ٱلتَّبِعِينَ غَيْرِ أُوْلِي ٱلْإِرْبَةِ مِنَ ٱلرِّجَالِ أَوِ ٱلطِّفْلِ ٱلَّذِينَ لَمْ يَظْهَرُواْ عَلَىٰ عَوْرَاتِ ٱلنِّسَآءِ ۖ وَلَا يَضْرِبْنَ بِأَرْجُلِهِنَ								
ڒ <i>ؚ</i> جڵؚۿؚڹ		نَوْأُ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ -	علىٰ عوْرَاتِ ينَتِهِنَّ وَتُوبُ نَفۡلِحُونَ	نخفِينَ مِن زِ	لِيُعْلَمَ مَا ٢			
31. Wagul liln	nu/minati vagho	ludna min absar	rihinna wayahfa	thna furoojahu	nna wala			

31. Waqul lilmu/min<u>a</u>ti yagh<u>d</u>u<u>d</u>na min ab<u>sa</u>rihinna waya<u>h</u>fa<u>th</u>na furoojahunna wal<u>a</u>

yubdeena zeenatahunna illa ma thahara minha walyadribna bikhumurihinna AAala juyoobihinna wala yubdeena zeenatahunna illa libuAAoolatihinna aw aba-ihinna aw abai buAAoolatihinna aw abna-ihinna aw abna-i buAAoolatihinna aw ikhwanihinna aw banee ikhwanihinna aw banee akhawatihinna aw nisa-ihinna aw ma malakat aymanuhunna awi alttabiAAeena ghayri olee al-irbati mina alrrijali awi alttifli allatheena lam ya<u>thharoo AAala AAawrati alnnisa-i wala yadribna bi-arjulihinna liyuAAlama ma</u> yukhfeena min zeenatihinna watooboo ila Allahi jameeAAan ayyuha almu/minoona laAAallakum tuflihoona

And tell the believing women to lower their gaze (from looking at forbidden things), and protect their private parts (from illegal sexual acts, etc.) and not to show off their adornment except only that which is apparent (like palms of hands or one eve or both eves for necessity to see the way, or outer dress like veil, gloves, head-cover, apron, etc.), and to draw their veils all over Juyubihinna (i.e. their bodies, faces, necks and bosoms, etc.) and not to reveal their adornment except to their husbands, their fathers, their husband's fathers, their sons, their husband's sons, their brothers or their brother's sons, or their sister's sons, or their (Muslim) women (i.e. their sisters in Islam), or the (female) slaves whom their right hands possess, or old male servants who lack vigour, or small children who have no sense of the shame of sex. And let them not stamp their feet so as to reveal what they hide of their adornment. And all of you beg Allah to forgive you all, O believers, that you may be successful

عِبَادِكْمْ	مِنْ	وَالصَّالِحِينَ	مِنکُمْ	الْأَيَامَى	وألنكِحُوا
AAib <u>a</u> dikum	min	wa <b>al<u>ssa</u>li<u>h</u>ee na</b>	minkum	al-ay <u>a</u> m <u>a</u>	Waanki <u>h</u> oo
Your male slaves	Of	And the pious	Among you	The single	And marry
اللَّهُ	يُغْدِهِمُ	فُقَرَاء	يَكُونُوا	إن	وَإِمَائِكُمْ
All <u>a</u> hu	yughnihimu	fuqar <u>a</u> a	yakoonoo	in	wa-im <u>a</u> - ikum
Allah	Will enrich them	Poor	They be	lf	And maid servants
	عَلِيمٌ	وَاسِعٌ	وَاللَّهُ	فَضلِّهِ	مِن
	AAaleem <b>un</b>	w <u>a</u> siAAun	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	fa <u>d</u> lihi	min
	All-Knowing	(is) All- Sufficient	And Allah	His Bounty	Of

وَأَنكِحُوا ٱلْآيَىمَىٰ مِنكُمۡ وَٱلصَّلِحِينَ مِنۡ عِبَادِكُرۡ وَإِمَآبِكُمۡ ۚ إِن يَكُونُوا فُقَرَآءَ يُغۡنِهِمُ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضۡلِهِۦ ۖ وَٱللَّهُ وَسِعُ عَلِيمُ ٢

32. Waankihoo al-ayama minkum wa**al**ssaliheena min AAibadikum wa-ima-ikum in vakoonoo fuqaraa yughnihimu Allahu min fadlihi waAllahu wasiAAun AAaleemun And marry those among you who are single (i.e. a man who has no wife and the woman who has no husband) and (also marry) the Salihun (pious, fit and capable ones) of your (male) slaves and maid-servants (female slaves). If they be poor, Allah will enrich them out of His Bounty. And Allah is All-Sufficent for His creatures' needs, All-Knowing (about the state of the people).

حَتَّى	ڹؚػٙٳڂٵ	(1) (1) (1)	ប	الأذِينَ	وَلْبَسْتَعْفِفِ		
	nik <u>ah</u> an	يُجِدُونُ yajidoona	l <u>a</u>	اللي بين alla <u>th</u> eena	WalyastaAA		
<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	IIIK <u>aii</u> aii	yajiuoona	1 <u>a</u>	alla <u>ul</u> eella	waiyastaAA fifi		
Until	Marriage	Find	Not	Those who	And let be		
		(financial			chaste		
- 8 50 -	· • €1-	means for)		<u>۶</u> ۴۲۱	و ه و ه		
يَبْتَغُونَ	وَالَّذِينَ	فَضلْهِ	مِن	الله	يُغْنِيَهُمْ		
yabtaghoona	wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een	fa <u>d</u> lihi	min	All <u>a</u> hu	yughniyahu		
Seek	a And those	His Bounty	Of	Allah	Enriches		
Jeek	who	This Bounty		Allah	them		
إنْ	فَكَاتِبُو هُمْ	أيْمَانْكُمْ	مَلْكَتْ	مِمَّا	الْكِتَابَ		
in	fakatiboohu	aym <u>a</u> nukum	malakat	mimm <u>a</u>	alkit <u>a</u> ba		
	_ m	· -		_	_		
lf	Give them	Your right	Possess	Of those	A writing (of		
	writing	hands		whom	emancipatio		
مَّال	مِّن	وَ آنُو هُم	خَيْرًا	°	n) عَلِمْتُمْ		
mali		و الو هم waatoohum		فِيهِمَ feehim	عبيد م AAalimtum		
Wealth	min Of	And give	khayran Good	In them	You know		
	5	them	0000	in thom	Tou know		
فَتَيَاتِكُمْ	تُكْر هُو ا	ولا	آتًاكُمْ	الأذي	اللهِ		
fatay <u>a</u> tikum	tukrihoo	wal <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> t <u>a</u> kum	alla <u>th</u> ee	All <u>a</u> hi		
Your maids	Force	And do not	He has	Which	Allah's		
			bestowed upon you				
<u>ل</u> ِّنَبْتَغُو ا	تَحَصِّنًا	أرَدْنَ	ان انون	الْبِغَاء	عَلَى		
litabtaghoo	ta <u>h</u> a <u>ss</u> unan	aradna	in	albigh <u>a</u> -i	AAala		
In order that	Chastity	They	lf	Prostitution	To		
you may		desired					
seek	ورست فش تت		1 ~ 9 2 1		1 . 1 1		
فَإِنَّ	ؠؙػٝڔۿۿؘ۠ڹۜٞ	وَمَن	الدُّئيَا	الْحَيَاةِ	عَرَضَ		
fa-inna	yukrihhunna	waman	aldduny <u>a</u>	al <u>h</u> ayati	AAara <u>d</u> a		
Then verily	Compels them	And he who	Worldly	(of) the life	Goods		
رَّحِيمٌ	them غَفُو رُ	ٳػٝڔؘٵۿؚؚؚؖۿڹۜٞ	بَعْدِ	مِن	الله		
raheemun	ghafoorun	ikrahihinna	baAAdi	min	Allaha		
Most	(is) Oft-	Their	Af		Allah		
Merciful	Forgiving	compulsion					
ن ج ا	وَلْيَسْتَعْفِفِ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا تَجِدُونَ نِكَاحًا حَتَّىٰ يُغْنِيَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضْلِهِ -						
فضله -	نِيْهُم الله مِن	حا حتى يغ	يجدون نِم	ب الدِين لا	وليستعفف		

وَٱلَّذِينَ يَبْتَغُونَ ٱلْكِتَبَ مِمَّا مَلَكَتَ أَيْمَنْكُمْ فَكَاتِبُوهُمْ إِنّ عَلِمْتُمْ فِيهِمْ خَيْرًا وَءَاتُوهُم مِّن مَّالِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلَّذِي ءَاتَنكُمْ وَلَا تُكْرِهُوا فَتَيَيتِكُمْ عَلَى ٱلْبِغَآءِ إِنَّ أَرَدُنَ تَحَصُّنَا لِّتَبْتَغُوا عَرَضَ ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا ۚ وَمَن يُكَرِههُنَّ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ مِنُ بَعۡدِ إِكۡرَ هِهنَ غَفُورٌ

33. WalyastaAAfifi alla<u>th</u>eena la yajidoona nik<u>ah</u>an <u>hatta</u> yughniyahumu Allahu min fa<u>d</u>lihi wa**a**lla<u>th</u>eena yabtaghoona alkit<u>a</u>ba mimm<u>a</u> malakat aym<u>a</u>nukum fak<u>a</u>tiboohum in AAalimtum feehim khayran wa<u>a</u>toohum min m<u>a</u>li All<u>a</u>hi alla<u>th</u>ee <u>a</u>takum wala tukrihoo fatayatikum AAala albigha-i in aradna ta<u>hass</u>unan litabtaghoo AAarada al<u>hayati</u> aldduny<u>a</u> waman yukrihhunna fa-inna Allaha min baAAdi ikr<u>a</u>hihinna ghafoorun ra<u>h</u>eem**un** And let those who find not the financial means for marriage keep themselves chaste, until Allah enriches them of His Bounty. And such of your slaves as seek a writing (of emancipation), give them such writing, if you know that they are good and trustworthy. And give them something yourselves out of the wealth of Allah which He has bestowed upon you. And force not your maids to prostitution, if they desire chastity, in order that you may make a gain in the (perishable) goods of this worldly life. But if anyone compels them (to prostitution), then after such compulsion, Allah is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful (to those women, i.e. He will forgive them because they have been forced to do this evil action unwillingly).

وَمَثَلًا	مُّبَيِّنَاتٍ	آبَاتٍ	ٳڵؽ۠ػ۠ؗؗؗؗؗ	أنزأنا	وَلَقَدْ
wamathalan	mubayyin <u>a</u> ti	<u>aya</u> tin	ilaykum	anzaln <u>a</u>	Walaqad
	n				
And an	Manifest	Verses	To you	We have	And indeed
example				sent down	
وَمَوْعِظَةً	ڡٞڹ۫ڶؚػ۠ؗؗؗؗؗؗ	مِن	خَلُوْا	الأذينَ	مِّنَ
wamawAAi <u>t</u>	qablikum	min	khalaw	alla <u>th</u> eena	mina
<u>h</u> atan	-				
And an	Befor	e you	Passed	Those who	Of
admonition			away		
					ڵڵڡؙؾۜٞۊؚۑڹؘ
					lilmuttaqeen
					a
					For the
					pious

وَلَقَد أَنزَلْنَا إِلَيْكُمر ءَايَنتِ مُّبَيِّنَت وَمَثَلاً مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ خَلَوا مِن قَبۡلِكُمۡ وَمَوۡعِظَةً لِّلۡمُتَّقِينَ ٢

34. Walaqad anzaln<u>a</u> ilaykum <u>aya</u>tin mubayyin<u>a</u>tin wamathalan mina alla<u>th</u>eena khalaw min qablikum wamawAAi<u>th</u>atan lilmuttaqeen**a** 

And indeed We have sent down for you *Ayat* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) that make things plain, and the example of those who passed away before you, and an admonition for those who are *Al-Muttaqun* (the pious - see V.2:2).

Section 5								
ٺورهِ	مَثَلُ	وَالْأَرْض	السَّمَاوَاتِ	ئورُ	اللهُ			
noorihi	mathalu	wa <b>a</b> l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	nooru	All <u>a</u> hu			
(of) His Light	The parable	And the earth	(of) the heavens	(is) the Light	Allah			
زُجَاجَةٍ	فِي	المصبباح	مِصْبَاحٌ	فيها	كَمِشْكَاةٍ			
zuj <u>a</u> jatin	fee	almi <u>s</u> b <u>ah</u> u	mi <u>s</u> b <u>ah</u> un	feeh <u>a</u>	Kamishk <u>a</u> tin			
A glass	(is) in	The lamp	(is) a lamp	Within it	(is) as a niche			
مِن	يُوقَدُ	ۮؙڔٞۑٞ	كَوْكَبٌ	كَأَنَّهَا	niche الزُّجَاجَةُ			
min	yooqadu	durriyyun	kawkabun	kaannah <u>a</u>	alzzuj <u>a</u> jatu			
From	Lit	A brilliant	Star	As if it were	The glass			
وَلَا	ۺؘڔۛڨؚؾۜٞ؋	Ľ	ۯؘۑ۠ؿؙۅڹؘؚۜۛۛٞ	مُّبَاركَةٍ	شَجَرَةٍ			
wal <u>a</u>	sharqiyyatin	l <u>a</u>	zaytoonatin	mub <u>a</u> rakatin	Shajaratin			
Nor	Of the east	neither	An olive	Blessed	A tree			
لمْ	وَلُوْ	يُضِيءُ	An olive زینتُها	یَکَادُ	<u>A tree</u> غَرْبِيَّةٍ			
lam	walaw	yu <u>d</u> ee-o	zaytuh <u>a</u>	yak <u>a</u> du	Gharbiyyati n			
Not	Though	Glow forth	Its oil	Would almost	Of the west			
يَهْدِي	ئور	عَلَى	ڹؙؖۅڔٞ	نَا <b>ر</b> ٌ	تَمْسَدُهُ			
yahdee	noorin	AAal <u>a</u>	Noorun	n <u>a</u> run	tamsas-hu			
Guides	Light	Upon	Light	Fire	Touched it			
اللَّهُ	ۅؘۑؘۻ۠ڔٮؙؚ	يَثْدَاء	مَن	لِنُورِ هِ	اللهُ			
All <u>a</u> hu	waya <u>d</u> ribu	yash <u>a</u> o	man	linoorihi	All <u>a</u> hu			
Allah	And sets forth	He wills	Whom	To His Light	Allah			
عَلِيمٌ	ڷڹۘۑٛٶٟ	ؠػ۠ڶٞ	وَاللَّهُ	لِلْنَّاس	الأمثالَ			
AAaleemun	shay-in	bikulli	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	li <b>l</b> nn <u>a</u> si	al-amth <u>a</u> la			
(is) All- Knowing	Thing	Of every	And Allah	For mankind	Parables			

اللَّهُ نُورُ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِوَٱلْأَرْضَ مَثَلُ نُورِهِ عَمِشَكَوْةٍ فِيهَا في زُجَاجَةٍ ۖ ٱلزُّجَاجَةُ كَأَنَّهَا كَ<sup>مِ</sup> دُرّى يُوقَدُ لَرَكَةِ زَيْتُونَةٍ لَّا شَرْقِيَّةٍ وَلَا غَرْبِيَّةٍ يَكَادُ زَيْتُمَا مْرِ تَمْسَسَهُ نَارٌ نُورٌ عَلَىٰ نُورٍ يَهْدِى ٱللَّهُ لِنُورِهِ مَن وَيَضْرِبُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْأَمْتَ لِلنَّاسُ وَٱللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمُ 35. Allahu nooru alssamawati waal-ardi mathalu noorihi kamishkatin feeha misbahun almisbahu fee zujajatin alzzujajatu kaannaha kawkabun durriyyun yooqadu min shajaratin mubarakatin zaytoonatin la sharqiyyatin wala gharbiyyatin yakadu zaytuha yudee-o walaw lam tamsas-hu narun noorun AAala noorin yahdee Allahu linoorihi man yashao wayadribu Allahu al-amthala lilnnasi waAllahu bikulli shay-in AAaleemun Allah is the Light of the heavens and the earth. The parable of His Light is as (if there were) a niche and within it a lamp, the lamp is in glass, the glass as it were a brilliant star, lit from a blessed tree, an olive, neither of the east (i.e. neither it gets sun-rays only in the morning) nor of the west (i.e. nor it gets sun-rays only in the afternoon, but it is exposed to the sun all day long), whose oil would almost glow forth (of itself), though no fire touched it. Light upon Light! Allah guides to His Light whom He wills. And Allah sets forth parables for mankind, and

ڷۯڡؘٛعؘ	أن	الله	أذِنَ	بُيُوتٍ	في			
turfaAAa	an	All <u>a</u> hu	a <u>th</u> ina	buyootin	Fee			
They be raised	That	Allah	Permitted	Houses	In			
فيها	مْا	ؽؙؚڛڹؚۜڂ	اسمُهُ	فيها	ۅؘؽؙؚۮ۫ػڔؘ			
feeh <u>a</u>	lahu	yusabbi <u>h</u> u	ismuhu	feeh <u>a</u>	wayu <u>th</u> kara			
In them	Him	Glorify	Its name	In them	And is			
					remembered			
				والأصال	بِالْغُدُوِّ			
				wa <b>a</b> l- <u>asa</u> li	bi <b>a</b> lghuduw			
					wi			
				And in the	In the			
				evenings	mornings			
فِي بُيُوتِ أَذِنَ ٱللَّهُ أَن تُرْفَعَ وَيُذِّكَرَ فِيهَا ٱسْمُهُ يُسَبّحُ لَهُ فِيهَا								

Allah is All-Knower of everything.

بِٱلْغُدُوِّ وَٱلْأَصَالِ ٢

36. Fee buyootin a<u>th</u>ina All<u>a</u>hu an turfaAAa wayu<u>th</u>kara feeh<u>a</u> ismuhu yusabbi<u>h</u>u lahu feeh<u>a</u> bi**a**lghuduwwi wa**a**l-<u>asa</u>l**i** 

In houses (mosques), which Allah has ordered to be raised (to be cleaned, and to be honoured), in them His Name is glorified in the mornings and in the afternoons or the evenings,

بَيْعُ	وَلَا	تِجَارَةٌ	<b>تُلْ</b> هِيهِمْ	Ľ	رِجَالٌ
bayAAun	wal <u>a</u>	tij <u>a</u> ratun	Tulheehim	l <u>a</u>	Rij <u>a</u> lun
Sale	Nor	Trade	Diverts them	Not	Men
وَإِيثًاء	الصَّلَاةِ	وَإِقَامِ	الله	ۮؚڴڔ	عَن
wa-eet <u>a</u> -i	al <u>ss</u> al <u>a</u> ti	wa-iq <u>a</u> mi	All <u>a</u> hi	<u>th</u> ikri	AAan
(nor from)	The prayer	(nor from)	(of) Allah	The	From
giving		offering		remembranc	
				е	
الْقُلُوبُ	فيه	ؾؾۊڷڹ	بَوْمًا	يَخَافُونَ	الزَّكَاةِ
alquloobu	feehi	tataqallabu	yawman	yakh <u>a</u> foona	a <b>l</b> zzak <u>a</u> ti
The hearts	In it	Will be	A Day	Any fear	Alms
		overturned			
					وَالْأَبْصَارُ
					wa <b>a</b> l-ab <u>sa</u> r <b>u</b>
					And the
					eyes

رِجَالٌ لَا تُلْهِيمٍ مِ تَجَرَةٌ وَلَا بَيْعٌ عَن ذِكْرِ ٱللهِ وَإِقَامِ ٱلصَّلَوٰةِ وَإِيتَآءِ ٱلزَّكَوٰةِ لَيَخَافُونَ يَوْمًا تَتَقَلَّبُ فِيهِ ٱلۡقُلُوبُ وَٱلْأَبْصَرُ ٢

37. Rij<u>a</u>lun l<u>a</u> tulheehim tij<u>a</u>ratun wal<u>a</u> bayAAun AAan <u>thikri Allahi wa-iqa</u>mi al<u>ss</u>alati wa-eet<u>a</u>-i alzzak<u>a</u>ti yakh<u>a</u>foona yawman tataqallabu feehi alquloobu wa**a**l-ab<u>sa</u>r**u** Men whom neither trade nor sale diverts them from the Remembrance of Allah (with heart and tongue), nor from performing *AsSalat (Iqamat-as-Salat)*, nor from giving the *Zakat*. They fear a Day when hearts and eyes will be overturned (from the horror of the torment of the Day of Resurrection).

وَيَزِيدَهُم	عَمِلُوا	مَا	أحْسَنَ	الله	لِيَجْزِيَهُمُ
wayazeedah	AAamiloo	m <u>a</u>	a <u>h</u> sana	All <u>a</u> hu	Liyajziyahu
um					mu
And add	They have	(of) what	According to	Allah	That may
even more	done		the best		reward them
for them					

يَشْاء	مَن	يَرْزُقُ	وَالْلَهُ	فَضلْهِ	مِّن			
yash <u>a</u> o	man	yarzuqu	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	fa <u>d</u> lihi	min			
He wills	To whom	Provides	And Allah	His Grace	Of			
				حِسَابٍ	ؠؚۼؘؽڔ			
				<u>h</u> is <u>a</u> b <b>in</b>	bighayri			
				Account (measure)	Without			
لِيَجْزِيَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ أَحْسَنَ مَا عَمِلُواْ وَيَزِيدَهُم مِّن فَضَّلِهِ ۖ وَٱللَّهُ يَرۡزُقُ								
مَن يَشَآءُ بِغَيرٍ حِسَابٍ ٢								
• • •	38. Liyajziyahumu All <u>a</u> hu a <u>h</u> sana m <u>a</u> AAamiloo wayazeedahum min fa <u>d</u> lihi wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu yarzuqu man yash <u>a</u> o bighayri <u>hisa</u> b <b>in</b>							

That Allah may reward them according to the best of their deeds, and add even more for them out of His Grace. And Allah provides without measure to whom He wills

بَحْسَبُهُ	ؠؚۊؚۑۼؘڐٟ	کَسَرَابٍ	أعْمَالُهُمْ	كَفَرُوا	وَالَّذِينَ			
ya <u>h</u> sabuhu	biqeeAAatin	kasar <u>a</u> bin	aAAm <u>a</u> luhu	kafaroo	Wa <b>a</b> lla <u>th</u> een			
			m		a			
Thinks it	In a lowland	(are) like a	Their deeds	Disbelieved	As for those			
		mirage			who			
لْمُ	جَاءهُ	إذا	حَتَّى	ماء	الظَمْآنُ			
lam	j <u>a</u> ahu	i <u>tha</u>	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	m <u>a</u> an	al <u>thth</u> am-			
					<u>a</u> nu			
Not	He comes to	When	Until	(to be) water	The thirsty			
	it				on			
فَوَقَاهُ	عِندَهُ	الله	وَوَجَدَ	ۺؘؽ۪ڐٵ	يَحِدْهُ			
fawaff <u>a</u> hu	AAindahu	All <u>a</u> ha	wawajada	shay-an	yajidhu			
Who will pay him	With him	Allah	And he finds	(to be) anything	He finds it			
		الْحِسَابِ	سَرِيعُ	وَاللَّهُ	حِسَابَهُ			
		al <u>h</u> is <u>a</u> b <b>i</b>	sareeAAu	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	<u>h</u> is <u>a</u> bahu			
		(in taking) account	(is) Swift	And Allah	His due			
وَٱلَّذِين كَفَرُوٓا أَعْمَالُهُمْ كَسَرَابٍ بِقِيعَةٍ تَحْسَبُهُ ٱلظَّمْعَانُ مَآءً								
حِسَابَهُو	ندَهُ فَوَقَّبْهُ	وَجَدَ ٱللَّهَ عِ	لَدَهُ شَيَّا وَوَ	بَآءَهُ <sup>ر</sup> لَمْرَ بَجَ	حَتّى إِذَا خَ			

وَٱللَّهُ سَرِيعُ ٱلْحِسَابِ ٢

39. Wa**a**lla<u>th</u>eena kafaroo aAAm<u>a</u>luhum kasar<u>a</u>bin biqeeAAatin ya<u>h</u>sabuhu al<u>thth</u>am-<u>a</u>nu m<u>a</u>an <u>h</u>att<u>a</u> i<u>tha ja</u>ahu lam yajidhu shay-an wawajada All<u>a</u>ha AAindahu fawaff<u>a</u>hu <u>h</u>is<u>a</u>bahu waAll<u>a</u>hu sareeAAu al<u>h</u>is<u>a</u>bi

As for those who disbelieve, their deeds are like a mirage in a desert. The thirsty one thinks it to be water, until he comes up to it, he finds it to be nothing, but he finds Allah with him, Who will pay him his due (Hell). And Allah is Swift in taking account

يَغْثْنَاهُ	ڵؙؖجؚۜۑٙ	بَحْرِ	في	كظلمات	أو			
yaghsh <u>a</u> hu	lujjiyyin	ba <u>h</u> rin	fee	ka <u>th</u> ulum <u>a</u> ti	Aw			
				n				
Covers it	Vast deep	A sea	In	Is like the	Or			
، ۵۰۰	3	- o & o -	چ ٥٠٠ .	darknesses	28 0 -			
فَوْقِهِ	مَن	موج	فَوْقِهِ	من	موج			
fawqihi	min	mawjun	fawqihi	min	mawjun			
On to	p of it	A wave	On to	p of it	A wave			
إذا	بَعْضِ	فَوْقَ	بَعْضُهَا	ظُلُمَاتٌ	سَحَابٌ			
i <u>tha</u>	baAA <u>d</u> in	fawqa	baAA <u>d</u> uh <u>a</u>	<u>th</u> ulum <u>a</u> tun	sa <u>ha</u> bun			
lf	(of) others	On top	Some of it	Darknesses	Clouds			
وَمَن	يَرَاهَا	ؠؘڲٙۮ۠	ڵؠ۠	بَدَهُ	أخرَجَ			
waman	yar <u>a</u> h <u>a</u>	yakad	lam	yadahu	akhraja			
And he who	He can see	Near to him	not	His hand	(a man)			
	it				stretches out			
فَمَا	<u>ئور</u> ًا	مْا	الله	يَجْعَل	ئمْ			
fam <u>a</u>	nooran	lahu	All <u>a</u> hu	yajAAali	lam			
(there is) not	Light	For him	Allah	Made	Not			
			ٽُور	مِن	ألم			
			noor <b>in</b>	min	lahu			
			Light	Any	For him			
اَوْ كَظُلْمَنتِ فِي نَحَرٍ لُّجِيِّ يَغَشَنهُ مَوَجٌ مِن فَوَقِهِ مَوَجٌ مِن فَوَقِهِ مَوَجٌ مِن فَوَقِهِ مَ أُوْ كَظُلْمَنتِ فِي نَحَرٍ لُّجِيِّ يَغَشَنهُ مَوَجٌ مِن فَوَقِهِ مَوَجٌ مِن فَوَقِهِ مَ أُوْ كَظُلْمَنتَ فِي نَحَرٍ لُّجِي يَغَشَنهُ مَوَجٌ مِن فَوَقِهِ مَعَ جُو مَن فَوَقِهِ مَعَ عُمَ اللهُ سَحَابٌ خَطُلُمَنتَ فَوْقَهِ مَ فَوَقَهِ مَ مَوْ مَ سَحَابٌ خَفَرُ ظُلُمَنتَ فَوَقَهِ مَ فَوَقَهُ مَعَ فَوَقَعَ بَعَضٍ إِذَا أَخْرَجَ يَدَهُ وَ لَمْ يَكُذَ يَرَى هَا لَهُ فَعَانَ عَمَ وَقَصَ إِذَا أَخْرَجَ يَدَهُ وَ فَقَوْقَهِ مَ مَوْجٌ مَ فَوَقَهِ مَ فَوَقَعَ بَعَضٍ إِذَا أَخْرَجَ يَدَهُ وَقَهِ مَعْ فَقَوْقَهُ مَ مَعْ فَقَعَ مَعْ فَقَوْقَهُ مَعْ فَقَعَ مَعْ فَقَعَ فَقُوقَهِ مَ فَقَوْقَهُ مَ فَقَوْقَ مَ عَلَيْ مَ فَقَ فَعَ فَقَعَ مَ عَنْ فَقَوْقَ مَ مَن فَوَقِهِ مَ فَقَعَ مَعْ فَقَعَ مَ فَقَعَ فَقَعَ فَقَقَ مَ فَقَلَمُ مَن عَنْ فَوْقَعَ مَعْ فَقَقَ مَ فَقَعَ مَ فَقَوْقَ مَ عَن عَنْ فَقَوْقَهُ مَ فَقَعَ مَ فَقَو								
	<u>a</u> bun <u><i>th</i>ulum<u>a</u>tu</u>	a <u>h</u> rin lujjiyyin y n baAA <u>d</u> uh <u>a</u> fa man lam yajAA	wqa baAA <u>d</u> in i	<u>tha</u> akhraja yada	ahu lam yakad			

Or [the state of a disbeliever] is like the darkness in a vast deep sea, overwhelmed with a great wave topped by a great wave, topped by dark clouds, darkness, one above another, if a man stretches out his hand, he can hardly see it! And he for whom Allah has not appointed light, for him there is no light.

Section 6								
لْهُ	ؠؙڛڹؚڂ	الله	ٲڹؖ	تَرَ	ألم			
lahu	yusabbi <u>h</u> u	All <u>a</u> ha	anna	tara	Alam			
Him	Glorifies	(it is) Allah	That	You see	Do not			
ڝؘٵڡٞٵؾ	وَالطَّيْرُ	وَالْأَرْضِ	الستَّمَاوَاتِ	فِي	مَن			
<u>sa</u> ff <u>a</u> tin	wa <b>al</b> ttayru	wa <b>a</b> l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	fee	man			
With wings	And the	And the	The	(is) in	Whosoever			
outspread	birds	earth	heavens					
وَاللَّهُ	وتَسْبِيحَهُ	صلاته	عَلِمَ	قَدْ	ػ۬ڶٞ			
waAll <u>a</u> hu	watasbee <u>h</u> ah	<u>s</u> al <u>a</u> tahu	AAalima	qad	kullun			
	u Aradahia	11:			E a a la			
And Allah	And his glorification	His prayer	Kno	DWS	Each			
			يَفْعَلُونَ	ہمًا	عَلِيمٌ			
			yafAAaloon	bim <u>a</u>	AAaleemun			
			a					
			They do	Of what	(is) All- Aware			
مَسَعَدُ أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُسَبِّحُ لَهُ مَن فِي ٱلسَّمَـٰوَ'تِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَٱلطَّيْرُ صَنَفَّىتٍ كُلُّ قَدْ عَلِمَ صَلَاتَهُ وَتَسْبِيحَهُ أُوَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمُ بِمَا								
	يَفْعَلُونَ ٢							

41. Alam tara anna All<u>a</u>ha yusabbi<u>h</u>u lahu man fee alssam<u>a</u>wati wa**a**l-ardi wa**a**lttayru saffatin kullun qad AAalima salatahu watasbeehahu wa**A**llahu AAaleemun bima yafAAaloon**a** 

See you not (O Muhammad ) that Allah, He it is Whom glorify whosoever is in the heavens and the earth, and the birds with wings out-spread (in their flight). Of each one He (Allah) knows indeed his *Salat* (prayer) and his glorification, [or everyone knows his *Salat* (prayer) and his glorification], and Allah is All-Aware of what they do.

الأم	وَإِلْى	والأرض	السَّمَاوَاتِ	مُلْكُ	وَلِلْهِ
All <u>a</u> hi	wa-il <u>a</u>	wa <b>a</b> l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	mulku	Walill <u>a</u> hi
Allah	And to	And the	(of) the	The	And to Allah
		earth	heavens	sovereignty	(belongs)
					الْمَصِيرُ

					Alma <u>s</u> eer <b>u</b>	
					(is) the	
					return	

## وَلِلَّهِ مُلَكُ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَإِلَى ٱللَّهِ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ٢

#### 42. Walillahi mulku alssamawati waal-ardi wa-ila Allahi almaseeru

And to Allah belongs the sovereignty of the heavens and the earth, and to Allah is the return (of all).

سَحَابًا	يُزْجِي	الله	ٲڹؖ	ڗۘ	ألْمْ		
sa <u>ha</u> ban	yuzjee	All <u>a</u> ha	anna	tara	Alam		
Clouds	Drives	Allah	That	You see	Do not		
رُكَامًا	يَجْعَلْهُ	٦	بَيْنَهُ	يُؤَلِّفُ	ٹہ ً		
ruk <u>a</u> man	yajAAaluhu	thumma	baynahu	yu-allifu	thumma		
A heap of layers	Makes them into	Then	Them together	Joins	Then		
ۅؘؽؙڹؘۯؘۨڵ	خلاله	مِنْ	يَخْرُجُ	الوَدْقَ	فَتَرَى		
wayunazzilu	khil <u>a</u> lihi	min	yakhruju	alwadqa	fatar <u>a</u>		
And He sends down	Between them	From	Comes forth	The rain	And you see		
مِن	فيها	حِبَالِ	مِن	السَّمَاء	مِنَ		
min	feeh <u>a</u>	jib <u>a</u> lin	min	a <b>l</b> ssam <u>a</u> -i	Mina		
Of	In it	mountains	From	The sky	From		
ويَصْرِفُهُ	يَثْدَاء	مَن	به	ڡٙؽؙڝؚۑڹ	بَرَدٍ		
waya <u>s</u> rifuhu	yash <u>a</u> o	man	bihi	fayu <u>s</u> eebu	baradin		
And averts it	He wills	Whom	With it	And strikes	Hail		
بَرْقِهِ	سنَا	یَگَادُ	يَثْدَاء	مَّن	عَن		
barqihi	san <u>a</u>	yak <u>a</u> du	yash <u>a</u> o	man	AAan		
(of) its lightning	Flash	Nearly	He wills	Whom	From		
				بالأبمار	ؠؘۮۿڹؙ		
				bi <b>a</b> l-ab <u>sa</u> r <b>i</b>	Ya <u>th</u> habu		
				The sight	Takes away		
ئامًا فَتَرَى	اَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُزْجِى سَحَابًا ثُمَّ يُؤَلِّفُ بَيْنَهُ تُمَّ بَجْعَلُهُ رُكَامًا فَتَرَى						

ٱلْوَدْقَ يَخْزُجُ مِنْ خِلَلِهِ وَيُنَزِّلُ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مِن جِبَالٍ فِيهَا مِنْ بَرَدٍ

فَيُصِيبُ بِهِ مَن يَشَآءُ وَيَصَرِفُهُ عَن مَّن يَشَآءُ يَكَادُ سَنَا بَرْقِهِ بُ بٱلْأَبْصَرِ

43. Alam tara anna All<u>a</u>ha yuzjee sa<u>ha</u>ban thumma yu-allifu baynahu thumma yajAAaluhu ruk<u>a</u>man fatar<u>a</u> alwadqa yakhruju min khil<u>a</u>lihi wayunazzilu mina alssam<u>a</u>-i min jib<u>a</u>lin feeh<u>a</u> min baradin fayu<u>s</u>eebu bihi man yash<u>a</u>o waya<u>s</u>rifuhu AAan man yash<u>a</u>o yak<u>a</u>du san<u>a</u> barqihi ya<u>th</u>habu bi**a**l-ab<u>sa</u>r**i** 

See you not that Allah drives the clouds gently, then joins them together, then makes them into a heap of layers, and you see the rain comes forth from between them. And He sends down from the sky hail (like) mountains, (or there are in the heaven mountains of hail from where He sends down hail), and strike therewith whom He will, and averts it from whom He wills. The vivid flash of its (clouds) lightning nearly blinds the sight. [*Tafsir At-Tabari*].

فِي	ٳڹؖ	وَالْنَّهَارَ	اللَّيْلَ	الله	ؠؙڡٞڵڹ		
fee	inna	wa <b>al</b> nnah <u>a</u> ra	allayla	All <u>a</u> hu	Yuqallibu		
In	Verily	And the day	The night	Allah	Causes to		
					alternate		
		الأبمسار	ڵٲۅٛڵؚؚؠ	لْعِبْرَةً	ذَلِكَ		
		al-ab <u>sa</u> r <b>i</b>	li-olee	laAAibratan	<u>tha</u> lika		
		Insight	For those	(is) indeed a	This		
			who have	lesson			
ه الله صليع صليح المساح المسلح الم							

يقلِبُ الله اليل وَالنهارَ إِن فِي دَلِكَ لَعِبْرَة لِأَوْلِي الآبُصرِ ﷺ 44. Yuqallibu All<u>a</u>hu allayla wa**al**nnah<u>a</u>ra inna fee <u>tha</u>lika laAAibratan li-olee al-ab<u>sa</u>ri

Allah causes the night and the day to succeed each other (i.e. if the day is gone, the night comes, and if the night is gone, the day comes, and so on). Truly, in these things is indeed a lesson for those who have insight.

مَّاء	مِن	ۮؘٳڹۧٞۊٟ	ػ۠ڶؖ	خَلْقَ	وَاللَّهُ
m <u>a</u> -in	min	d <u>a</u> bbatin	kulla	khalaqa	Wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu
Water	From	Moving living	Every	Created	And Allah
		creature			
وَمِنْهُم	بَطْنِهِ	عَلَى	يَمْشَبِي	مَّن	فَمِنْهُم
waminhum	Ba <u>t</u> nihi	AAal <u>a</u>	yamshee	man	faminhum
And of them	His belly	On	Creeps (walks)	(there is) who	Of them
مَّن	وَمِنْهُم	رجْلَيْن	عَلَى	يَمْتْلِي	مَّن
man	waminhum	rijlayni	AAal <u>a</u>	yamshee	man
Who	And of them	Two legs	On	Walks	Who
مَا	الله	يَخْلُقُ	أرْبَع	عَلَى	يَمْشِي

m <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> hu	yakhluqu	arbaAAin	AAal <u>a</u>	Yamshee
What	Allah	Creates	Four	On	Walks
ۺؘؠٛ	ڬڵ	علی	الله	ٳڹ	يَثْدَاء
shay-in	Kulli	AAal <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> ha	inna	Yash <u>a</u> o
Thing	Every	Over	Allah	Verily	He wills
					قَدِيرٌ
					Qadeer <b>un</b>
					(is) All-
					Powerful

وَٱللَّهُ خَلَقَ كُلَّ دَآبَةٍ مِّن مَّآءٍ فَمِنْهُم مَّن يَمْشِي عَلَىٰ بَطْنِهِ وَمِنْهُم

مَّن يَمْشِي عَلَىٰ رِجْلَيْنِ وَمِنْهُم مَّن يَمْشِي عَلَىٰ أَرْبَع ۚ يَخَلُقُ ٱللَّهُ مَا

يَشَاَءُ ۖ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلَىٰ حُلِّ سَنَى مِ قَدِيرٌ فَتَى مِ قَدَرِيرٌ فَنَى عَالَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ حُلِّ سَنَى مِ قَدِيرٌ فَتَى مَ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ حُلَّ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ حُلَّ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَى عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْ 4. الما علي اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَىٰ عَلَى يَعْتَىٰ عَلَى الْعَلَىٰ عَلَى الْعَلَىٰ عَلَى الْعَلَىٰ عَلَى الْلَالَةُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ 4. الما عليه الما عليه اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْ

يَهْدِي	وَالْلَهُ	مُبَيِّنَاتٍ	آيَاتٍ	أنزأثنا	ڵۊؘۮ
yahdee	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	mubayyin <u>a</u> ti	<u>aya</u> tin	Anzaln <u>a</u>	Laqad
		n			
Guides	And Allah	Clarifying	Verses	We have	Indeed
				sent down	
	مستقيم	صبراطٍ	إٽى	يَثْدَاء	مَن
	mustaqeemi	<u>s</u> ir <u>at</u> in	il <u>a</u>	yash <u>a</u> o	man
	n				
	Straight	Path	То	He wills	Whom

لَّقَد أَنزَلْنَا ءَايَتٍ مُّبَيِّنَتٍ وَٱللَّهُ يَهْدِى مَن يَشَاءُ إِلَىٰ صِرَطٍ

46. Laqad anzaln<u>a aya</u>tin mubayyin<u>a</u>tin wa**A**ll<u>a</u>hu yahdee man yash<u>a</u>o il<u>a sirat</u>in mustaqeem**in** 

We have indeed sent down (in this Qur'an) manifest Ayat (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons,

signs, revelations, lawful and unlawful things, and the set boundries of Islamic religion, etc. that make things clear showing the Right Path of Allah). And Allah guides whom He wills to a Straight Path (i.e. to Allah's religion of Islamic Monotheism).

ي ت			٤٣.		
ثمّ	وأطعنا	وَبِالرَّسُولِ	بالله	آمَنًّا	وَيَقُولُونَ
thumma	waa <u>t</u> aAAn <u>a</u>	wabi <b>al</b> rrasoo	bi <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hi	<u>a</u> mann <u>a</u>	Wayaqooloo
		li			na
Then	And we	And in the	In Allah	We have	And they
	obey	Messenger		believed	say
ذلك	بَعْدِ	مِّن	مَنْهُم	فَرِيقٌ	يَتُوَلَّى
<u>Tha</u> lika	baAAdi	min	minhum	fareequn	Yatawall <u>a</u>
this	There	eafter	Of them	A party	Turn away
			بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ	أوْلْئِكَ	وَمَا
			bi <b>a</b> lmu/mine	ol <u>a</u> -ika	wam <u>a</u>
			ena		
			Are	Those	And not
			believers		

وَيَقُولُونَ ءَامَنَا بِٱللهِ وَبِٱلرَّسُولِ وَأَطَعْنَا ثُمَّر يَتَوَلَّىٰ فَرِيقٌ مِّنْهُم مِّنُ بَعْدِ ذَ'لِكَ وَمَا أُوْلَبِكَ بِٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٢

ن بعد دریک وما او کیک با مومنین (بند)

47. Wayaqooloona <u>a</u>mann<u>a</u> bi**A**ll<u>a</u>hi wabi**a**lrrasooli waa<u>t</u>aAAn<u>a</u> thumma yatawall<u>a</u> fareequn minhum min baAAdi <u>tha</u>lika wam<u>a</u> ol<u>a</u>-ika bi**a**lmu/mineen**a** 

They (hypocrites) say: "We have believed in Allah and in the Messenger (Muhammad 3), and we obey," then a party of them turn away thereafter, such are not believers.

لِيَحْكُمَ	وَرَسُولِهِ	الله	إلى	دُعُوا	وَإِذَا					
liya <u>h</u> kuma	warasoolihi	All <u>a</u> hi	il <u>a</u>	duAAoo	Wa-i <u>tha</u>					
To judge	And His	Allah	То	They are	And when					
	Messenger			called						
	مُّعْرِضُونَ	مَنْهُم	فَرِيقٌ	إذا	بَيْنَهُمْ					
	muAAri <u>d</u> oo	minhum	fareequn	i <u>tha</u>	baynahum					
	n <b>a</b>									
	Turn away	Of them	A party	Then	Between them					
٢	وَإِذَا دُعُوٓا إِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِۦ لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَهُمۡ إِذَا فَرِيقٌ مِّنْهُم									
مُعَرِضُونَ کِ										

48. Wa-i<u>tha</u> duAAoo il<u>a</u> All<u>a</u>hi warasoolihi liya<u>h</u>kuma baynahum i<u>tha</u> fareequn minhum muAAri<u>d</u>oon**a** 

And when they are called to Allah (i.e. His Words, the Qur'an) and His Messenger (ﷺ), to judge between them, lo! a party of them refuse (to come) and turn away

ٳڵؽ۫ڡؚ	يَأْثُوا	الْحَقُّ	لَّهُمُ	یَکْن	وَإِن				
ilayhi	ya/too	al <u>h</u> aqqu	lahumu	yakun	Wa-in				
To him	They come	The truth	With them	ls	And if				
					مُدْعِنِينَ				
					mu <u>th</u> AAinee				
					n <b>a</b>				
					With				
					submission				
وَإِن يَكُن لَمُهُمُ ٱلْحَقُّ يَأْتُواْ إِلَيْهِ مُذْعِنِينَ ٢									
49. Wa-in yakun lahumu al <u>h</u> aqqu ya/too ilayhi mu <u>th</u> AAineen <b>a</b>									

But if the right is with them, they come to him willingly with submission.

أمْ	ارثتًابُوا	أم	مَّرَضٌ	ڤلُوبِهم	أفي
am	irt <u>a</u> boo	ami	mara <u>d</u> un	quloobihim	Afee
Or	Do they doubt	Or	A disease	Their hearts	Is (there) in
ورَسُولُهُ	عَلَيْهِمْ	الله	يَحِيفَ	أن	يَخَافُونَ
warasooluhu	AAalayhim	All <u>a</u> hu	ya <u>h</u> eefa	an	yakh <u>a</u> foona
And His Messenger	(over) them	Allah	Should wrong in judgement	Lest	They fear
		الظَّالِمُونَ	ۿؙؗؗؗؗ	أوْلْئِكَ	بَلْ
		al <u>ththa</u> limoo n <b>a</b>	humu	ol <u>a</u> -ika	bal
		The wrongdoers	Who (are)	It is they	Nay

أَفِي قُلُوبِ مَ مَّرَضٌ أَمِ ٱرْتَابُوٓا أَمْ يَخَافُونَ أَن يَحِيفَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَرَسُولُهُ أَنْ بَلْ أُوْلَتِبِكَ هُمُ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ ٢

50. Afee quloobihim mara<u>d</u>un ami irt<u>a</u>boo am yakh<u>a</u>foona an ya<u>h</u>eefa All<u>a</u>hu AAalayhim warasooluhu bal ol<u>a</u>-ika humu al<u>ththa</u>limoon**a** 

Is there a disease in their hearts? Or do they doubt or fear lest Allah and His Messenger (\*\*\*\*) should wrong them in judgement. Nay, it is they themselves who are the *Zalimun* (polytheists,

hypocrites and wrong-doers, etc.).

Section 7					
دُعُوا	إذا	الْمُؤْمِنِينَ	قُوْلَ	کَانَ	إِنَّمَا
duAAoo	i <u>tha</u>	almu/mineen	qawla	k <u>a</u> na	Innam <u>a</u>
		a			
They are	When	(of) the	Saying	Was	Only
called		believers			
أن	بَيْنَهُمْ	لِيَحْكُمَ	وَرَسُولِهِ	اللهِ	إلى
an	baynahum	liya <u>h</u> kuma	warasoolihi	All <u>a</u> hi	11 <u>a</u>
(is) that	Between	To judge	And His	Allah	То
	them		Messenger		
الْمُقْلِحُونَ	ۿؙؗؗؗؗ	وأولْئِكَ	وأطعنا	سمِعْنَا	يَقُولُوا
almuflihoon	humu	waola-ika	waataAAna	samiAAna	yaqooloo
a					• 1
The	(they) are	And such	And obeyed	We heard	They say
successful					

إِنَّمَا كَانَ قَوْلَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِذَا دُعُوٓاْ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَهُمْ

أَن يَقُولُوا سَمِعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا ۚ وَأُوْلَتِبِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلِحُونَ ٢

51. Innama kana qawla almu/mineena i<u>tha</u> duAAoo ila Allahi warasoolihi liyahkuma baynahum an yaqooloo samiAAna waataAAna waola-ika humu almuflihoona The only saying of the faithful believers, when they are called to Allah (His Words, the Qur'an) and His Messenger (), to judge between them, is that they say: "We hear and we obey." And such are the prosperous ones (who will live forever in Paradise).

الله	وَيَخْشَ	وَرَسُولَهُ	اللهُ	يُطِع	وَمَن
All <u>a</u> ha	wayakhsha	warasoolahu	All <u>a</u> ha	yu <u>t</u> iAAi	Waman
Allah	And fears	And His	Allah	Obeys	And
		Messenger			whosoever
		الْفَائِزُونَ	ۿؙؗؗؗؗؗ	فأوللك	وَيَثَقْهِ
		alf <u>a</u> -izoon <b>a</b>	humu	faol <u>a</u> -ika	wayattaqhi
		The successful	(they) are	Such	And keeps his duty to Him

وَمَن يُطِع ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَتَخَشَ ٱللَّهَ وَيَتَّقَهِ فَأُوْلَنِإِكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَآبِزُونَ ٥٢

52. Waman yu<u>t</u>iAAi All<u>a</u>ha warasoolahu wayakhsha All<u>a</u>ha wayattaqhi faol<u>a</u>-ika humu alf<u>a</u>-izoon**a** 

And whosoever obeys Allah and His Messenger (ﷺ), fears Allah, and keeps his duty (to Him), such are the successful ones

أمَر ثَهُمْ	لْئِنْ	أيْمَانِهِمْ	جَهْدَ	بِاللَّهِ	وأأشبكموا
amartahum	la-in	aym <u>a</u> nihim	jahda	bi <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hi	Waaqsamoo
You would order them	That if	Their oaths	Strong	By Allah	And they swear
مَّعْرُوفَةٌ	طاعَة	<b>ث</b> ڤىيمُوا	Ĺ	ڡٞڶ	ڵؽؘڂۯؙڿؙڹۜٞ
maAAroofat	<u>ta</u> AAatun	tuqsimoo	1 <u>a</u>	qul	layakhrujun
un					na
(is) known	(this)	Swear	Do not	Say	They would
	obedience				leave
	تَعْمَلُونَ	ہما	ڂؘؠؚڔۯ	الله	إنَّ
	taAAmaloon	bim <u>a</u>	khabeerun	All <u>a</u> ha	inna
	a				
	You do	What	Knows well	Allah	Verily

تُقْسِمُوا لَمَاعَةٌ مَّعَرُوفَةٌ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ خَبِيرُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ٢

53. Waaqsamoo biAllahi jahda aymanihim la-in amartahum layakhrujunna qul la tuqsimoo taAAatun maAAroofatun inna Allaha khabeerun bima taAAmaloona They swear by Allah their strongest oaths, that if only you would order them, they would leave (their homes for fighting in Allah's Cause). Say: "Swear you not; (this) obedience (of yours) is known (to be false). Verily, Allah knows well what you do."

			< 5 h.		
فَإِن	الرَّسُولَ	وأطيعُوا	الله	أطيعُوا	ڡٞ۬ڶ
fa-in	alrrasoola	waateeAAoo	All <u>a</u> ha	a <u>t</u> eeAAoo	Qul
But if	The	And obey	Allah	Obey	Say
	Messenger				
وَعَلَيْكُم	حُمِّلَ	مًا	عَلَيْهِ	فَإِنَّمَا	تَوَلُوا
waAAalayk	<u>h</u> ummila	m <u>a</u>	AAalayhi	fa-innam <u>a</u>	tawallaw
um					
And on you	Is placed on	(is) what	On him	Then only	You turn
	him				away
وَمَا	تَهْتَدُوا	ثطيعُوهُ	وَإِن	حُمِّلْتُمْ	مًّا
wam <u>a</u>	tahtadoo	tu <u>t</u> eeAAooh	wa-in	<u>h</u> ummiltum	m <u>a</u>
		u			
And (is) not	You shall be	You obey	And if	Is placed on	What
	guided	him		you	

	الْمُبِينُ	الْبَلَّاعُ	إلًا	الرَّسُولِ	عَلَى					
	almubeena	albal <u>a</u> ghu	ill <u>a</u>	alrrasooli	AAal <u>a</u>					
	Clear	Conveying (preach)	Except	The Messenger	On					
لَيْهِ مَا	قُلْ أَطِيعُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُواْ ٱلرَّسُولَ فَإِن تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْهِ مَا									
ل ٱلرَّسُولِ	حُمِّلَ وَعَلَيْكُم مَّا حُمِّلْتُمر وَإِن تُطِيعُوهُ تَهْتَدُوا أَوَمَا عَلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ									
إِلَّا ٱلْبَلَغُ ٱلْمُبِينُ ٢										

54. Qul a<u>t</u>eeAAoo All<u>a</u>ha waa<u>t</u>eeAAoo alrrasoola fa-in tawallaw fa-innam<u>a</u> AAalayhi m<u>a</u> hummila waAAalaykum m<u>a</u> hummiltum wa-in tu<u>t</u>eeAAoohu tahtadoo wam<u>a</u> AAal<u>a</u> alrrasooli ill<u>a</u> albal<u>ag</u>hu almubeen**a** 

Say: "Obey Allah and obey the Messenger, but if you turn away, he (Messenger Muhammad)) is only responsible for the duty placed on him (i.e. to convey Allah's Message) and you

for that placed on you. If you obey him, you shall be on the right guidance. The Message) and you duty is only to convey (the message) in a clear way (i.e. to preach in a plain way)."

-		. ~			
وَعَمِلُوا	مِنكُمْ	آمَنُوا	الأذين	الله	وعَدَ
waAAamilo o	minkum	<u>a</u> manoo	alla <u>th</u> eena	All <u>a</u> hu	WaAAada
And do	Among you	Believe	Those who	Allah	Had promised
استُخلف	كَمَا	الأرض	في	ڵؽؘڛؿڂڵؚڣؘٮٚٞۿؙۄ	الصَّالِحَاتِ
istakhlafa	kam <u>a</u>	al-ar <u>d</u> i	fee	layastakhlifa nnahum	al <u>ssa</u> li <u>ha</u> ti
He gave succession	As	The earth	In	That He will certainly grant them succession	Righteous deeds
دِينَهُمُ	لَهُمْ	ۅؘڵؽؙؗڡؘػٞۜڹؘڹۘ	قَبْلِهِمْ	مِن	الأذين
deenahumu	lahum	walayumakk inanna	qablihim	min	alla <u>th</u> eena
Their religion	For them	And that He establish	Before	e them	To those
بَعْدِ	مِّن	ۅؘڵؽؙڹؘڐٙڵٮٞٞۿؙؗؗؗؗ	لَهُمْ	ار تَضَى	الكذي
baAAdi	min	walayubaddi lannahum	lahum	irta <u>da</u>	alla <u>th</u> ee
after		And He will surely give them in	For them	He has chosen	Which

		exchange								
ېي	ؽؙ۪ۺ۠ڔػؙۅڹؘ	U	بَعْبُدُونَنِي	أمثًا	ڂؘۅ۫ڣؚۿؗ					
bee	yushrikoona	l <u>a</u>	yaAAbudoo nanee	amnan	khawfihim					
With Me	Associating	not	They worship Me	A safe security	Their fear					
فَأُوْلَئِكَ	ذلك	بَعْدَ	گفر	وَمَن	شيئا					
faol <u>a</u> -ika	<u>tha</u> lika	baAAda	kafara	waman	shay-an					
Those	That	After	Disbelieved	And	Anything					
				whoever	و و					
				الْفَاسِقُونَ	هُمُ					
				alf <u>a</u> siqoon <b>a</b>	humu					
				(are) the disbobedient	(they)					
نَنَّ هُمۡ مِنَا	وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنكُمْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَتِ لَيَسۡتَخْلِفَنَّهُمۡ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ كَمَا ٱسۡتَخۡلَفَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبۡلِهِمۡ وَلَيُمَكِّنَنَ لَهُمۡ دِينَهُمُ ٱلَّذِى ٱرۡتَضَىٰ لَهُمۡ وَلَيُبَدِلَنَّهُم مِّنۢ بَعۡدِ خَوۡفِهِمۡ أَمۡنَا يَعۡبُدُونَنِى لَا يُشۡرِكُونَ بِى شَيَّا ً وَمَن كَفَرَ بَعۡدَ ذَٰلِكَ فَأُوْلَنَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلۡفَسِقُونَ ٢									
layastakhlifan walayumakkir baAAdi khawi baAAda <u>tha</u> lik Allah has prom certainly grant before them, at has chosen for after their fear	55. WaAAada Allahu allatheena amanoo minkum waAAamiloo alssalihati layastakhlifannahum fee al-ardi kama istakhlafa allatheena min qablihim walayumakkinanna lahum deenahumu allathee irtada lahum walayubaddilannahum min baAAdi khawfihim amnan yaAAbudoonanee la yushrikoona bee shay-an waman kafara baAAda thalika faola-ika humu alfasiqoona Allah has promised those among you who believe, and do righteous good deeds, that He will certainly grant them succession to (the present rulers) in the earth, as He granted it to those before them, and that He will grant them the authority to practise their religion, that which He has chosen for them (i.e. Islam). And He will surely give them in exchange a safe security after their fear (provided) they (believers) worship Me and do not associate anything (in worship) with Me. But whoever disbelieved after this, they are the Fasiqun (rebellious,									

الرَّسُولَ	وأطيعُوا	الزَّكَاةَ	وَآثُوا	الصَّلَاة	وا قِيمُوا
alrrasoola	waa <u>t</u> eeAAoo	alzzak <u>a</u> ta	wa <u>a</u> too	al <u>ss</u> al <u>a</u> ta	Waaqeemoo

The	And obey	Alms	And pay	Prayers	And offer			
messenger								
j				<b>پ</b> ه - ۶ - ۰ <b>پ</b>	لْعَلَّكُوْ			
				<b>تُر</b> ْحَمُونَ	لعلكم			
				tur <u>h</u> amoon <b>a</b>	laAAallaku			
					m			
				Be treated	So that you			
				with mercy	may			
وَأَقِيمُواْ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ وَأَطِيعُواْ ٱلرَّسُولَ لَعَلَّكُمَ تُرْحَمُونَ ٢								
56. Waaqeemoo al <u>ssala</u> ta wa <u>a</u> too alzzak <u>a</u> ta waa <u>t</u> eeAAoo alrrasoola laAAallakum turhamoon <b>a</b>								
And perform AsSalat (IqamatasSalat), and give Zakat and obey the Messenger (Muhammad								
🛛 🏹) that you i	may receive mer	cy (from Allah).						

فِي	مُعْجِزِينَ	كَفَرُوا	الأذين	ؾٞڂڛؘڹؘڹۜ	ប
fee	muAAjizeen	kafaroo	alla <u>th</u> eena	ta <u>h</u> sabanna	L <u>a</u>
	a				
In	Can escape	Disbelieved	Those who	Consider	Do not
	المصير	وَلَبِئْسَ	الْتَّارُ	وَمَأُوَاهُمُ	الأرض
	alma <u>s</u> eer <b>u</b>	walabi/sa	a <b>l</b> nn <u>a</u> ru	wama/w <u>a</u> hu	al-ar <u>d</u> i
				mu	
	(is) that	And the	(is) the fire	And their	The land
	destination	worst indeed		abode	
صل					

لَا تَحْسَبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مُعْجِزِينَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَأُوَىٰهُمُ ٱلنَّارُ وَلَبِئَسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ٢

57. La tahsabanna allatheena kafaroo muAAjizeena fee al-ardi wama/wahumu alnnaru walabi/sa almaseeru

Consider not that the disbelievers can escape in the land. Their abode shall be the Fire, and worst indeed is that destination.

### Section 8

الأذين	لِيَسْتَأْذِنكُمُ	آمَنُوا	الأذين	أَبُّهَا	يَا
alla <u>th</u> eena	liyasta/ <u>th</u> ink	<u>a</u> manoo	alla <u>th</u> eena	ayyuh <u>a</u>	Y <u>a</u>
	umu				
Those who	Should ask	Believe	Who	you	O!
	your				

	permission						
الْحُلُمَ	يَب <b>لُغُ</b> وا	لمْ	وَالأَذِبِنَ	أيْمَانْكُمْ	مَلْكَتْ		
alhuluma	yablughoo	lam	waallatheen	aym <u>a</u> nukum	malakat		
	• •		a				
The age of puberty	Attain	Did not	And those who	Your right hands	Possess		
صلاة	ڡٞڹڷ	مِن	مَرَّاتٍ	ثلاث	مِنكُمْ		
<u>s</u> al <u>a</u> ti	qabli	min	marr <u>a</u> tin	thal <u>a</u> tha	minkum		
Prayer	bef	ore	Times	Three	Of you		
الظَهيرَةِ	مِّنَ	ؿؚ۫ۑؘٳڹؘػٝؗؗؗؗؗ	تَضَعُونَ	وَحِينَ	الْفَجْر		
al <u>thth</u> aheerat i	mina	thiy <u>a</u> bakum	ta <u>d</u> aAAoona	wa <u>h</u> eena	alfajri		
The noonday	For	Your clothes	You put off	And while	Dawn		
عَوْرَ أَتِ	تلاث	الْعِشْبَاء	صلاة	بَعْدِ	وَمِن		
AAawr <u>a</u> tin	thal <u>a</u> thu	alAAish <u>a</u> -i	<u>s</u> al <u>a</u> ti	baAAdi	wamin		
(are) of privacy	(these) three times	(of) Isha (late night)	The prayer	And			
جُنَاحٌ	عَلَيْهِمْ	وَلَا	عَلَيْكُمْ	ڵۑؚ۠ڛؘ	لَكُمْ		
jun <u>ah</u> un	AAalayhim	wal <u>a</u>	AAalaykum	laysa	lakum		
Sin	On them	nor	On you	There is not	For you		
Sin بَعْضِ	عَلَى	nor بَعْضُكُمْ	عَلَيْكُم	طَوَّافُونَ	For you بَعْدَهُنَّ		
baAA <u>d</u> in	AAal <u>a</u>	baAA <u>d</u> ukum	AAalaykum	<u>tawwa</u> foona	baAAdahun na		
Some others	(over)	Some of you	To you	To move about (attending)	Afterwards		
وَاللَّهُ	الْآيَاتِ	ڵػؙؗؗمؙ	اللَّهُ	ؽؙڹۧؖۑڹ	كَذَلِكَ		
wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	al- <u>aya</u> ti	lakumu	All <u>a</u> hu	yubayyinu	ka <u>tha</u> lika		
And Allah	The verses	To you	Allah	Makes clear	Thus		
				حَكِيمٌ	عَلِيمٌ		
				<u>h</u> akeem <b>un</b>	AAaleemun		
				All-wise	(is) All— knowing		
يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لِيَسۡتَعۡذِنكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ مَلَكَتۡ أَيۡمَـنُكُمۡ وَٱلَّذِينَ لَمۡ يَبۡلُغُواْ ٱلۡحُلُمَ مِنكُمۡ تَلَبۡ مَرَّتِ مِّن قَبۡلِ صَلَوٰةِ ٱلۡفَجۡرِ وَحِينَ							

تَضَعُونَ ثِيَابَكُم مِّنَ ٱلظَّهِيرَةِ وَمِنُ بَعْدِ صَلَوْةِ ٱلْعِشَاءِ ثَلَتْ تِ لَّكُمْ ۖ لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُرْ وَلَا عَلَيْهِمْ جُنَاحٌ بَعۡدَهُنَّ طَوَّ فُونَ كُمْ عَلَىٰ بَعْضٍ كَذَٰ لِكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمُ ٱلْأَيَنِ وَٱللَّهُ and and a

58. Y<u>a</u> ayyuh<u>a</u> alla<u>theena a</u>manoo liyasta/<u>th</u>inkumu alla<u>th</u>eena malakat aym<u>a</u>nukum wa**a**lla<u>th</u>eena lam yablughoo al<u>h</u>uluma minkum thal<u>a</u>tha marr<u>a</u>tin min qabli <u>s</u>al<u>a</u>ti alfajri wa<u>h</u>eena ta<u>d</u>aAAoona thiy<u>a</u>bakum mina al<u>*thth*</u>aheerati wamin baAAdi <u>s</u>al<u>a</u>ti alAAisha-i thal<u>a</u>thu AAawr<u>a</u>tin lakum laysa AAalaykum wal<u>a</u> AAalayhim jun<u>ah</u>un baAAdahunna <u>t</u>aww<u>a</u>foona AAalaykum baAA<u>d</u>ukum AAal<u>a</u> baAA<u>d</u>in ka<u>tha</u>lika yubayyinu All<u>a</u>hu lakumu al-<u>aya</u>ti wa**A**ll<u>a</u>hu AAaleemun <u>h</u>akeem**un** 

O you who believe! Let your legal slaves and slave-girls, and those among you who have not come to the age of puberty ask your permission (before they come to your presence) on three occasions; before *Fajr* (morning) prayer, and while you put off your clothes for the noonday (rest), and after the 'Isha' (late-night) prayer. (These) three times are of privacy for you, other than these times there is no sin on you or on them to move about, attending (helping) you each other. Thus Allah makes clear the *Ayat* (the Verses of this Qur'an, showing proofs for the legal aspects of permission for visits, etc.) to you. And Allah is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

فليستأذفوا	الْحُلْمَ	مِنكُمُ	الأطفال	بَلْغَ	وَإِذَا
falyasta/ <u>th</u> in	al <u>h</u> uluma	minkumu	al-a <u>t</u> f <u>a</u> lu	Balagha	Wa-i <u>tha</u>
00					
Then let	The age of	Among you	The children	Attain	And when
them seek	puberty				
permission					
كَذَلِكَ	قَبْلِهِمْ	مِن	المذين	اسْتَأَدْنَ	كَمَا
ka <u>tha</u> lika	qablihim	min	alla <u>th</u> eena	ista/ <u>th</u> ana	kam <u>a</u>
Thus	Before	e them	Those who	Sought	As
			(were)	permission	
عَلِيمٌ	وَاللَّهُ	آبَاتِهِ	لَكُمْ	الله	يُبَيِّنُ
AAaleemun	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	<u>aya</u> tihi	lakum	All <u>a</u> hu	yubayyinu
(is) All-	And Allah	His verses	For you	Allah	Makes clear
Knowing					
					حَكِيمٌ
					<u>h</u> akeem <b>un</b>
					All-wise

وَإِذَا بَلَغَ ٱلْأَطْفَالُ مِنكُمُ ٱلْحُلُمَ فَلَّيَسۡتَعۡذِنُوا كَمَا ٱسۡتَعۡذَن ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَتِهِ فَوَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ

59. Wa-i<u>tha</u> balagha al-a<u>tfa</u>lu minkumu al<u>h</u>uluma falyasta/<u>th</u>inoo kam<u>a</u> ista/<u>th</u>ana alla<u>th</u>eena min qablihim ka<u>tha</u>lika yubayyinu All<u>a</u>hu lakum <u>aya</u>tihi wa**A**ll<u>a</u>hu AAaleemun <u>h</u>akeem**un** 

And when the children among you come to puberty, then let them (also) ask for permission, as those senior to them (in age). Thus Allah makes clear His *Ayat* (Commandments and legal obligations) for you. And Allah is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

r	r	-						
يَرْجُونَ	Ľ	اللاتي	النِّسبَاء	مِنَ	وَالْقَوَاعِدُ			
yarjoona	l <u>a</u>	all <u>a</u> tee	alnnis <u>a</u> -i	mina	Wa <b>a</b> lqaw <u>a</u> A			
					Aidu			
Expect	Do not	who	The women	From	And past			
					child bearing			
يَضَعْنَ	أن	جُنَاحٌ	عَلَيْهِنَّ	فَلَيْسَ	نِكَاحًا			
ya <u>d</u> aAAna	an	jun <u>ah</u> un	AAalayhinn	falaysa	nik <u>ah</u> an			
			а					
They discard	That	Sin	On them	lt is not	Wed-lock			
ؠؘڛۨۛؿؘۼۛڣؚڡٝڹؘ	وأن	ؠڔ۬ۑڹؘڐٟ	مؙؿؘڹؘڔؘؘٙۜؖؖؖ۫ؖؖۘۻؘٳؾ	ۼؘۑ۠ۯ	ؿؚؽؚٳڹٙۿؙڹۜ			
yastaAAfifn	waan	bizeenatin	mutabarrij <u>a</u> ti	ghayra	thiy <u>a</u> bahunn			
a			n		a			
They refrain	And that	(their)	Showing	Not	Their clothes			
		beauty						
	عَلِيمٌ	سميع	وَاللَّهُ	ڷۿڹ	ڂؘؽۯ			
	AAaleem <b>un</b>	sameeAAun	wa <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hu	lahunna	Khayrun			
	All-knower	(is) All-	And Allah	For them	(is) better			
		hearer						

وَٱلۡقَوَ عِدُ مِنَ ٱلنِّسَآءِ ٱلَّتِى لَا يَرۡجُونَ نِكَاحًا فَلَيۡسَ عَلَيۡهِ. جُنَاحُ أَن يَضَعۡنَ ثِيَابَهُنَ غَيۡرَ مُتَبَرِّجَت بِزِينَةٍ وَأَن يَسۡتَعۡفِفۡنَ خَيۡرُ لَهُن ٓ وَٱللَّهُ سَمِيعُ عَلِيمُ ٢ 60. Wa**a**lqaw<u>a</u>AAidu mina alnnis<u>a</u>-i all<u>a</u>tee l<u>a</u> yarjoona nik<u>ah</u>an falaysa AAalayhinna jun<u>ah</u>un an ya<u>d</u>aAAna thiy<u>a</u>bahunna ghayra mutabarrij<u>a</u>tin bizeenatin waan yastaAAfifna khayrun lahunna wa**A**ll<u>a</u>hu sameeAAun AAaleem**un** 

And as for women past child-bearing who do not expect wed-lock, it is no sin on them if they discard their (outer) clothing in such a way as not to show their adornment. But to refrain (i.e. not to discard their outer clothing) is better for them. And Allah is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

	1		r	r	
ڵڹؚ۠ڛؘ	عَلَى	الأغمي	حَرَجٌ	وَلَا	عَلَى
Laysa	AAal <u>a</u>	al-aAAm <u>a</u>	<u>h</u> arajun	wal <u>a</u>	AAal <u>a</u>
There is not	On	The blind	Restriction	Nor	On
الأغرج	حَرَجٌ	وَلَا	عَلَى	المريض	On حَرَجٌ
al-aAAraji	<u>h</u> arajun	wal <u>a</u>	AAal <u>a</u>	almaree <u>d</u> i	<u>h</u> arajun
The lame	Restriction	Nor	On	The sick	Restriction
وَلَا	عَلَى	أنفْسِكُمْ	أن	تَأَكْلُوا	مِن
wal <u>a</u>	AAal <u>a</u>	anfusikum	an	ta/kuloo	min
Nor	On	Yourselves	That	You eat	From
بؙؽؙۅؾؚػ۠ؗؗؗؗؗ	أوْ	بُيُوتِ	آبَائِكُمْ	أوْ	بُيُوتِ
buyootikum	aw	buyooti	<u>a</u> b <u>a</u> -ikum	aw	buyooti
Your houses	Or	Houses	(of) your fathers	Or	Houses
ٱُمَّهَاتِكُمْ	أوْ	بُيُوتِ	إخْوَانِكْمْ	أوْ	بُيُوتِ
ommah <u>a</u> tiku m	aw	buyooti	ikhw <u>a</u> nikum	aw	buyooti
(of) your mothers	Or	Houses	(of) your brothers	Or	Houses
أخَوَاتِكُمْ	أوْ	بُيُوتِ	أعْمَامِكُمْ	أوْ	بُيُوتِ
akhaw <u>a</u> tiku m	aw	buyooti	aAAm <u>a</u> miku m	aw	buyooti
(of) your sisters	Or	Houses	(of) your paternal uncles	Or	Houses
عَمَّاتِكْمْ	أوْ	بُيُوتِ	أخوالِكُمْ	أو	بُيُوتِ
AAamm <u>a</u> tik	aw	buyooti	akhw <u>a</u> likum	aw	buyooti
um					
(of) your paternal Aunts	Or	Houses	(of) your maternal uncles	Or	Houses
خَالْاتِكْمْ	أوْ	مَا	مَلْكْتُم	مَّفَاتِحَهُ	أوْ
kh <u>a</u> latikum	aw	m <u>a</u>	malaktum	maf <u>a</u> ti <u>h</u> ahu	aw
(of) your maternal Aunts	Of	What	You hold	Its keys	Or
ڝؘۮؚۑۊؚػ۠ؗؗؗؗؗ	ڵؽؚ۠ڛؘ	عَلَيْكُمْ	جُنَاحٌ	أن	تَأَكْلُوا
sadeeqikum	laysa	AAalaykum	jun <u>ah</u> un	an	ta/kuloo

You eat	That	Sin	On you	There is not	Your friends		
بُيُوتًا	دَخَلْتُم	فَإِذَا	أشثاقا	أوْ	جَمِيعًا		
buyootan	dakhaltum	fa-i <u>tha</u>	asht <u>a</u> tan	aw	jameeAAan		
Houses	You enter	But when	Apart	Or	All		
عندِ	مِّنْ	ؾؘحِيَّة	أنفسيكم	عَلَى	فَسَلِّمُوا		
AAindi	min	ta <u>h</u> iyyatan	anfusikum	AAal <u>a</u>	fasallimoo		
frc		A greeting	Yourselves (one another)		am on		
اللَّهُ	ؽؙڹؾؚٞڹؙ	كَذَلِكَ	طيِّبَة	مُبَارِكَة	الله		
All <u>a</u> hu	Yubayyinu	ka <u>tha</u> lika	<u>t</u> ayyibatan	mub <u>a</u> rakatan	All <u>a</u> hi		
Allah	Makes clear	Thus	Good	Blessed	Allah		
		تَعْقِلُون	لْعَلَّكُمْ	الْآيَاتِ	ڵػؙؗؗؗؗؗؗ		
		taAAqiloon <b>a</b>	laAAallaku m	al- <u>aya</u> ti	lakumu		
		May understand	So that you	The signs	For you		
لَى	حَرَجٌ وَلَا عَ	للأَعْرَج -	نرَجٌ وَلَا عَلَم	ٱلْأَعْمَىٰ حَ	لَّيْسَ عَلَى		
کُم أَوْ	ا مِنْ بُيُوتِد	كُمۡ أَن تَأۡكُلُو	لَى أَنفُسِ	حَرَجٌ وَلَا عَ	ٱلْمَرِيضِ		
م أَوْ	ؚٳؚڂ <u>ٙۅؘ</u> 'ڹؚؗؗ	كُمۡ أَوۡ بُيُوتِ	يُوتِ أُمَّهَـٰتِ	بِڪْم أَوْ بُ	بيُوتِ ءَابَآ		
کُمْ أُو	بُوتِ عَمَّتِه	بِڪُمۡ أَوۡ بَي	م بيوتِ أَعْمَـٰهِ	يِّتِكُمْ أُوْ إ	بيُوتِ أَخَوَ		
فَهُرْ أَوْ	لَكْتُم مَّفَاحِ	کُمۡ أَوۡ مَا مَ	تِ خَلَتِه	ِّلِكُمۡ أَوۡ بُيُو	بْيُوتِ أَخْوَ		
صَدِيقِكُمْ لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ أَن تَأْكُلُواْ جَمِيعًا أَوْ							
نَّ عِندِ	ىكُمْ تَحِي <b>َّةً</b> مِّ	ِاْ عَلَ <sup>ّہ</sup> أَنفُسِ	يُوتًا فَسَلِّمُو	ذًا دَخَلْتُم بُ	أَشْتَاتًا فَإِ		
	۶ ۶ <sup>۵</sup> <sup>2</sup>	س هر آن ه	م زال ا		صيت جر _		

61. Laysa AAal<u>a</u> al-aAAm<u>a</u> <u>h</u>arajun wal<u>a</u> AAal<u>a</u> al-aAAraji <u>h</u>arajun wal<u>a</u> AAal<u>a</u> almaree<u>d</u>i <u>h</u>arajun wal<u>a</u> AAal<u>a</u> anfusikum an ta/kuloo min buyootikum aw buyooti <u>aba</u>ikum aw buyooti ommah<u>a</u>tikum aw buyooti ikhw<u>a</u>nikum aw buyooti akhaw<u>a</u>tikum aw buyooti aAAm<u>a</u>mikum aw buyooti AAamm<u>a</u>tikum aw buyooti akhw<u>a</u>likum aw buyooti kh<u>ala</u>tikum aw m<u>a</u> malaktum maf<u>a</u>ti<u>h</u>ahu aw <u>s</u>adeeqikum laysa AAalaykum jun<u>ah</u>un an ta/kuloo jameeAAan aw asht<u>a</u>tan fa-i<u>tha</u> dakhaltum buyootan fasallimoo AAal<u>a</u> anfusikum ta<u>h</u>iyyatan min AAindi All<u>a</u>hi mub<u>a</u>rakatan <u>t</u>ayyibatan ka<u>tha</u>lika yubayyinu Allahu lakumu al-ayati laAAallakum taAAqiloon**a** 

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ٢

There is no restriction on the blind, nor any restriction on the lame, nor any restriction on the sick, nor on yourselves, if you eat from your houses, or the houses of your fathers, or the houses of your mothers, or the houses of your brothers, or the houses of your sisters, or the houses of your father's brothers, or the houses of your father's sisters, or the houses of your mother's brothers, or the houses of your mother's sisters, or the houses of your mother's brothers, or the houses of your mother's sisters, or (from that) whereof you hold keys, or (from the house) of a friend. No sin on you whether you eat together or apart. But when you enter the houses, greet one another with a greeting from Allah (i.e. say: *As-Salamu 'Alaikum -* peace be on you) blessed and good. Thus Allah makes clear the *Ayat* (these Verses or your religious symbols and signs, etc.) to you that you may understand.

Section 9					
وَرَسُولِهِ	بالله	آمَنُوا	الأذين	الْمُؤْمِنُونَ	إِنَّمَا
warasoolihi	bi <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hi	<u>a</u> manoo	alla <u>th</u> eena	almu/minoo	Innam <u>a</u>
				na	
And his	In Allah	Believed	(are) those	The true	Only
messenger			who	believers	
جَامِع	أمر	عَلَى	مَعَهُ	كَانُوا	وَإِذَا
<u>ja</u> miAAin	amrin	AAal <u>a</u>	maAAahu	k <u>a</u> noo	wa-i <u>tha</u>
Collective	A matter	On	With him	they are	And when
الأذين	إنَّ	يَسْتَأْذِنُوهُ	حتى	يَدْهَبُوا	لمْ
alla <u>th</u> eena	inna	yasta/ <u>th</u> inoo hu	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	ya <u>th</u> haboo	lam
Those who	Verily	They have asked the permission	Until	They go	Not
وَرَسُولِهِ	بالله	ؠؙؚۅ۫۫ڡؚٮ۬ٝۅڹؘ	الأذين	أوْلْئِكَ	يَسْتَأْذِنُونَكَ
warasoolihi	bi <b>A</b> ll <u>a</u> hi	yu/minoona	alla <u>th</u> eena	ol <u>a</u> -ika	yasta/ <u>th</u> inoo naka
And his messenger	In Allah	Believe	They who	Those (are)	Ask your permission
لمّن	فَأَدَن	شأنِهِمْ	لِبَعْض	اسْتَأْدَنُوكَ	فَإِذَا
liman	fa/ <u>th</u> an	sha/nihim	libaAA <u>d</u> i	ista/ <u>th</u> anook a	fa-i <u>tha</u>
To whom	Give permission	Affair of theirs	For some	They ask your permission	So if

#### Section 9

ٳڹؖ	الله	أهُمُ	وَاسْتَغْفِرْ	مِنْهُمْ	شبِئْتَ
inna	All <u>a</u> ha	lahumu	wa <b>i</b> staghfir	minhum	shi/ta
Truly	Allah	For them	And ask	Of them	You wish
			forgiveness		
			رّحِيمٌ	غَفُورٌ	الله
			ra <u>h</u> eem <b>un</b>	ghafoorun	All <u>a</u> ha
			Most	(is) Oft-	Allah
			Merciful	Forgiving	

إِنَّمَا ٱلْمُؤَمِنُونَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَإِذَا كَانُواْ مَعَهُ عَلَى أَمْرٍ جَامِعٍ لَّمْ يَذْهَبُواْ حَتَّى يَسْتَغْذِنُوهُ ۚ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَسْتَغْذِنُونَكَ أُوْلَبٍكَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ۖ فَإِذَا اَسْتَغْذِنُوكَ لِبَعْضِ شَأْنِهِمْ فَأَذَن لِّمَن شِئْتَ مِنْهُمْ وَاسَتَغْفِرْ هُمُ اَللَهَ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ (٢)

62. Innam<u>a</u> almu/minoona alla<u>th</u>eena <u>a</u>manoo bi**A**ll<u>a</u>hi warasoolihi wa-i<u>tha</u> k<u>a</u>noo maAAahu AAal<u>a</u> amrin j<u>a</u>miAAin lam ya<u>th</u>haboo <u>h</u>att<u>a</u> yasta/<u>th</u>inoohu inna alla<u>th</u>eena yasta/<u>th</u>inoonaka ol<u>a</u>-ika alla<u>th</u>eena yu/minoona bi**A**ll<u>a</u>hi warasoolihi fa-i<u>tha</u> ista/<u>th</u>anooka libaAAdi sha/nihim fa/<u>th</u>an liman shi/ta minhum wa**i**staghfir lahumu All<u>a</u>ha inna All<u>a</u>ha ghafoorun ra<u>h</u>eem**un** 

The true believers are only those, who believe in (the Oneness of) Allah and His Messenger

(Muhammad **\*\*\***), and when they are with him on some common matter, they go not away until they have asked his permission. Verily! Those who ask your permission, those are they who (really) believe in Allah and His Messenger. So if they ask your permission for some affairs of theirs, give permission to whom you will of them, and ask Allah for their forgiveness. Truly, Allah is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful

كَدُعَاء	ڹؘؽ۫ػؙؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗ	الرَّسُولِ	دُعَاء	تَجْعَلُوا	ប
kaduAA <u>a</u> -i	baynakum	a <b>l</b> rrasooli	duAA <u>a</u> a	tajAAaloo	L <u>a</u>
As calling	Among you	(of) the messenger	Calling	Make	Not
الأذينَ	ألمله	يَعْلَمُ	قَدْ	بَعْضًا	بَعْضِكْم
alla <u>th</u> eena	All <u>a</u> hu	yaAAlamu	qad	baAA <u>d</u> an	baAA <u>d</u> ikum
Those who	Allah	Knows	Truly	Others	Some of you
يُخَالِفُونَ	الأذين	فأيحذر	لِوَادًا	مِنكُمْ	يَتَسَلَّلُونَ

yukh <u>a</u> lifoon	alla <u>th</u> eena	falya <u>hth</u> ari	liw <u>ath</u> an	minkum	yatasallaloo
a					na
The	Those	And let	Under	Of you	Slip away
commandm	(who	beware	shelter		
ent	oppose)				
أوْ	فِنْهُ	تصيبكم	أن	أمْرِهِ	عَنْ
aw	fitnatun	tu <u>s</u> eebahum	an	amrihi	AAan
Or	An affliction	Should befall them	Lest	About I	nis task
			ألِبِمْ	عَدًابٌ	يُصِيبَهُمْ
			aleem <b>un</b>	AAa <u>tha</u> bun	yu <u>s</u> eebahum
			Painful	A torment	Befall them

لا تَجْعَلُواْ دُعَآءَ ٱلرَّسُولِ بَيْنَكُمۡ كَدُعَآءِ بَعۡضِكُم بَعۡضًا ۚ قَدۡ يَعۡلَمُ ٱلَّذِينَ تُحَالَفُونَ ٱلَّذِينَ تُحَالِفُونَ

عَنْ أَمْرِهِ - أَن تُصِيبَهُمْ فِتْنَةُ أَوْ يُصِيبَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمُ ٢

63. L<u>a</u> tajAAaloo duAA<u>a</u>a alrrasooli baynakum kaduAA<u>a</u>-i baAA<u>d</u>ikum baAA<u>d</u>an qad yaAAlamu All<u>a</u>hu alla<u>th</u>eena yatasallaloona minkum liw<u>ath</u>an falya<u>hth</u>ari alla<u>th</u>eena yukh<u>a</u>lifoona AAan amrihi an tu<u>s</u>eebahum fitnatun aw yu<u>s</u>eebahum AAa<u>tha</u>bun aleem**un** 

Make not the calling of the Messenger (Muhammad 2006) among you as your calling of one another. Allah knows those of you who slip away under shelter (of some excuse without taking

the permission to leave, from the Messenger 🏁). And let those who oppose the Messenger's

(Muhammad **\*\***) commandment (i.e. his *Sunnah legal ways, orders, acts of worship, statements, etc.) (among the sects) beware, lest some Fitnah* (disbelief, trials, afflictions, earthquakes, killing, overpowered by a tyrant, etc.) befall them or a painful torment be inflicted on them.

السَّمَاوَاتِ	فِي	مَا	لِلَهِ	ٳڹۜٞ	أل
alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	fee	m <u>a</u>	lill <u>a</u> hi	inna	Al <u>a</u>
The Heavens	(is) in	All that	To Allah (belongs)	Certainly	Behold
عَلَيْهِ	أنثم	مَا	يَعْلَمُ	ڡٞۮ	وَالْأَرْضِ
AAalayhi	antum	m <u>a</u>	yaAAlamu	qad	wa <b>a</b> l-ar <u>d</u> i
(are) on it (condition)	You	What	He knows	Surely	And the Earth
عَمِلُوا	ہمًا	فَيُنَبِّهُمُ	ٳڵؽؚ۫ڡؚ	ؠؙڔ۠ۛؖجؘۼؙۅڹؘ	وَيَوْمَ
AAamiloo	bim <u>a</u>	fayunabbi-	ilayhi	yurjaAAoon	wayawma

		ohum		а			
They did	Of what	Then he will	To Him	They will be	And the day		
		inform them		brought	(when)		
				back			
		عَلِيمٌ	ۺؘؠٛۛٶٟ	ؠػ۬ڶٞ	وَالْلَهُ		
		AAaleem <b>un</b>	shay-in	bikulli	waAll <u>a</u> hu		
		All-Knower	Thing	Of every	And Allah		
All-Knower       Thing       Of every       And Allah         أَلَا إِنَّ لِلَهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَٰتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ قَدْ يَعْلَمُ مَآ أَنتُمْ عَلَيْهِ         وَيَوْمَ يُرْجَعُونَ إِلَيْهِ فَيُنَبِّئُهُم بِمَا عَمِلُوا أُوَٱللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَىءٍ عَلِيمُ         وَيَوْمَ يُرْجَعُونَ إِلَيْهِ فَيُنَبِّئُهُم بِمَا عَمِلُوا أُوَٱللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَىءٍ عَلِيمُ							
	jaAAoona ilayh		ar <u>d</u> i qad yaAAl um bim <u>a</u> AAam				
condition and (		ay when they w	vens and the ear ill be brought ba of everything.				

### Surah # 25



Period of Revelation

The scholars say that the subject matter of this sura reveal that this surah was reveaked approximately at the same time when Surath-ul-Momineen. This surah contains 77 verses and 6 sections.

# يِسْمِيهُ الرَّحْلِنِ الرَّحِيْمِ الرَّحِيْمِ

عَبْدِهِ	عَلَى	الْفُر ْقَانَ	ڹؘۯٵؖڶ	الأذي	تَبَارَكَ
AAabdihi	AAal <u>a</u>	Alfurq <u>a</u> na	nazzala	alla <u>th</u> ee	Tab <u>a</u> raka
His slaves	On/to	The criterion	Sent down	Who	Blessed is
					he
			نَذِيرًا	لِلْعَالَمِينَ	لِيَكُونَ

			na <u>th</u> eer <u>a</u> n	lilAA <u>a</u> lamee	liyakoona		
				na Ta tha	That Llamour		
			A warner	To the worlds	That He may be		
يىن	كُونَ لِلْعَلْمِ	عَبْدِهِ لِيَ	لَفُرْقَانَ عَلَىٰ	لَّذِي نَزَّلَ ٱلْ	﴿ تَبَارَكَ ٱلَّ		
					نَذِيرًا ٢		
1. Tab <u>a</u> raka al natheera <b>n</b>	la <u>th</u> ee nazzala a	llfurq <u>a</u> na AAal <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> AAabdihi liya	koona lilAA <u>a</u> la	meena		
	Who sent down t	he criterion (of r	right and wrong.	i.e. this Our'an)	to His slave		
ايته	No.	,	5 5,	<b>`</b> ,			
(Muhammad 🎽	) that he may	be a warner to t	the 'Alamin (mar	ikind and jinns).			
• <del>1</del> -	• • †¶1-	* 1 <sup>-1</sup> 1	مُلْكُ	Ĺ	्म		
وَلَمْ	وَالْأَرْض	السَّمَاوَاتِ			الذي		
walam	wa <b>a</b> l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	Mulku	lahu	Alla <u>th</u> ee		
And who	And the	(of) the	The	To Him	He who		
has not	earth	heavens	dominion	(belongs)			
شريك	ڵۿ	یَکْن	وَلَمْ	وَلَدًا	يَتُخِدْ		
shareekun	lahu	yakun	walam	waladan	yattakhi <u>th</u>		
A partner	For him	He has	And not	A son	Taken		
فَقَدَّرَهُ	ڷڹۘؠۛۛۛۛۛۛ	ػ۫ڶؖ	وَخَلْقَ	المُلْكِ	فِي		
faqaddarahu	shay-in	kulla	wakhalaqa	almulki	fee		
And has	Thing	Every	And He has	The	In		
measured it			created	dominion			
					تَقْدِيرًا		
					taqdeer <u>a</u> n		
					Exactly		
					according to		
					its due		
					measureme		
					nt		
لَّمْ يَكُن	ٱلَّذِى لَهُ مُلْكُ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِوَٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَمْ يَتَّخِذُ وَلَدًا وَلَمْ يَكُن						
	رَهُ تَقْدِيرًا	َّ شَي <sub>ۡء</sub> ؚ فَقَدَّ	زِخَلَقَ كُلُ	فِي ٱلۡمُلۡكِ وَ	لَّهُو شَرِيكُ		

2. Allathee lahu mulku alssamawati waal-ardi walam yattakhith waladan walam yakun lahu shareekun fee almulki wakhalaqa kulla shay-in faqaddarahu taqdeeran
He to Whom belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth, and Who has begotten no son (children or offspring) and for Whom there is no partner in the dominion. He has created everything, and has measured it exactly according to its due measurements.

يَخْلُقُونَ	ť	آليهة	دُونِهِ	مِن	وَاتَّخَدُوا		
yakhluqoona	l <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> lihatan	doonihi	min	Wa <b>i</b> ttakha <u>th</u>		
					00		
They create	Not	Gods	Beside	es Him	Yet they		
• \$.\$t	· • • • • • •	11-	· \$10. 8	- 8 0	have taken		
ڶؚٲ۬ڹڡٙ۠ڛؚۿؚؗ	يَمْلِكُونَ	وَلَا	يُخْلَقُونَ	و هُمَ	شَبْئًا		
li-anfusihim	yamlikoona	wala	yukhlaqoona	wahum	shay-an		
For themselves	They possess	And neither	Are created	But they	Anything		
مَوِثًا	تم <u>ل</u> کون	ولا	نَفْعًا	وَلَا	ضَرًّا		
mawtan	yamlikoona	wala	nafAAan	wala	darran		
Death	They	Nor	Benefit	Nor	Hurt		
	possess			-			
		نْشُ <i>و</i> رًا	وَلَا	حَيَاةً	وَلَا		
		nushoor <u>a</u> n	wal <u>a</u>	<u>h</u> ay <u>a</u> tan	wal <u>a</u>		
		(able to)	Nor	Life	Nor		
		raising the					
		dead					
وَنَ وَلَا	ا وَهُمْ تُحْلَقُ	ونَ شَيْ	لِهَةً لَّا تَخْلُقُ	ن <b>دُو</b> نِهِے ءَا	وَٱتْخَذُواْ مِ		
وَلَا حَيَوْةً	لِكُونَ مَوَتًا	فُعًا وَلَا يَمْا	ضَرَّا وَلَا نَ	_ لأنفُسِهِ	يَمۡلِكُونَ		
					وَلَا نُشُورًا		
					ولا تشورا		
3. Waittakhath	100 min doonihi	i alihatan la yak	hluqoona shay-	an wahum yuki	lagoona wala		
			an wal <u>a</u> yamliko		-		
wala nushoora		<u></u>	<u></u> j		<u>_</u>		
Yet they have t	aken besides Hir		ods) that created				
created, and possess neither hurt nor benefit for themselves, and possess no power (of causing) death, nor (of giving) life, nor of raising the dead.							
<u>Causing) death</u> ປ[ຼ	هَدًا	الدين المعالية المعال إنْ	کفَرُوا کفَرُوا	الأذينَ	- ti <del>5</del> -		
Ś.		Úź			ه قا()		
illa	hatha	in	kafaroo	allatheena	وَقَالَ Wagala		
ill <u>a</u> But	h <u>atha</u> This (is)	in Nothing	kafaroo Disbelieve	alla <u>th</u> eena Those who	Waq <u>a</u> la		
ill <u>a</u> But آخَرُونَ	<u>hatha</u> This (is) فَوْمُ	in Nothing عَلَيْهِ	<u>kafaroo</u> Disbelieve وَأَعَانَهُ	<u>alla<u>th</u>eena Those who افتَر َاهُ</u>	-		

بحرون	لرم			اللار ال	j.
akharoona	qawmun	AAalayhi	waaAAanah	iftarahu	ifkun
_	1	·	u	_	
Other	People	At it	And helped	He invented	A Lie
			him	it	
		وَزُورًا	ظلمًا	جَاؤُو ا	فَقَد

	wazoor <u>a</u> n	<u>th</u> ulman	<u>ja</u> oo	faqad			
	And a lie	A wrong	They have	In fact			
		(thing)	produced				
وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ إِنْ هَـٰذَآ إِلَّآ إِفْكُ ٱفْتَرَىٰهُ وَأَعَانَهُ عَلَيْهِ قَوْمٌ							
	رًا ٢	و ظُلَّمًا وَزُو	م <u>فَقَدْ ج</u> َآهُ	ءَاخَرُونَ			

4. Waq<u>a</u>la alla<u>th</u>eena kafaroo in h<u>atha</u> ill<u>a</u> ifkun iftar<u>a</u>hu waaAA<u>a</u>nahu AAalayhi qawmun <u>a</u>kharoona faqad j<u>a</u>oo <u>*th*</u>ulman wazoor<u>a</u>**n** 

Those who disbelieve say: "This (the Qur'an) is nothing but a lie that he (Muhammad ) has invented, and others have helped him at it, so that they have produced an unjust wrong (thing) and a lie."

ثملى	فَهِيَ	اكْتَتَبَهَا	الأوَّلِينَ	أساطير	وَقَالُوا
tuml <u>a</u>	fahiya	iktatabah <u>a</u>	al-	as <u>at</u> eeru	Waq <u>a</u> loo
			awwaleena		
Are dictated	And they	Which has	(of) the	Tales	And they
		written down	ancients		say
			وأصيلا	بُكْرَةً	عَلَيْهِ
			waa <u>s</u> eel <u>a</u> n	bukratan	AAalayhi
			And	Morning	To him
			afternoon		

وَقَالُوٓا أَسَطِيرُ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ٱكْتَبَهَا فَهِيَ تُمْلَىٰ عَلَيْهِ بُكْرَةً وَأَصِيلاً ٢

5. Waqaloo asateeru al-awwaleena iktatabaha fahiya tumla AAalayhi bukratan waaseelan And they say: "Tales of the ancients, which he has written down, and they are dictated to him morning and afternoon."

فِي	السِّرَّ	يَعْلَمُ	الأذي	أنزلهُ	ڡٞ۬ڵ
fee	alssirra	yaAAlamu	alla <u>th</u> ee	anzalahu	Qul
Of (in)	The secret	Knows	He who	Has sent it down	Say
رَّحِيمًا	غَفُورًا	کَانَ	إِنَّهُ	وَالْأَرْضِ	السَّمَاوَاتِ
ra <u>h</u> eem <u>a</u> n	ghafooran	k <u>a</u> na	innahu	wa <b>a</b> l-ar <u>d</u> i	Alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti
Most	Oft-forgiving	He is	Truly	And the	The
merciful				Earth	Heavens

قُلْ أَنزَلَهُ ٱلَّذِى يَعْلَمُ ٱلسِّرَقِ ٱلسَّمَوَّتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ إِنَّهُ كَانَ غَفُورًا رَّحِيبًا ٢

6. Qul anzalahu alla<u>th</u>ee yaAAlamu alssirra fee alssam<u>a</u>w<u>a</u>ti wa**a**l-ar<u>d</u>i innahu k<u>a</u>na ghafooran ra<u>h</u>eem<u>a</u>**n** 

Say: "It (this Qur'an) has been sent down by Him (Allah) (the Real Lord of the heavens and earth) Who knows the secret of the heavens and the earth. Truly, He is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful."

الطَّعَامَ	ؠؘٲػ۫ڶ	الرَّسُولِ	هَذَا	مَال	وَقَالُوا
alttaAAama	ya/kulu	alrrasooli	h <u>atha</u>	m <u>a</u> li	Waq <u>a</u> loo
Food	Eat	Messenger	This	Why does	And they
					say
ٳڵؽ۫ڡؚ	أنزل	ڵۅٛڵ	الأسنواق	فِي	وُيَمْشِي
ilayhi	onzila	lawl <u>a</u>	al-asw <u>a</u> qi	fee	Wayamshee
To him	Is sent down	Why not	The markets	In	And walk
					about
		نَذِيرًا	مَعَةُ	فَيَكُونَ	مَلْكُ
		na <u>th</u> eer <u>a</u> n	maAAahu	fayakoona	malakun
		A warner	With him	To be	An angel
	<u>ali hatha</u> alrraso	oli ya/kulu al <u>tt</u> a			
onzila ilayhi n	nalakun fayakoo	ona maAAahu r	na <u>th</u> eer <u>a</u> n		
	"Why does this N purselves). Why i				
تَكُونُ	أو	<u></u> كَنزُ	ٳڵۑ۫؋	ؠؙڷڨؘؽ	أوْ
takoonu		kanzun	ilayhi		
(why)is (not)	aw Or	A treasure	To him	yulq <u>a</u> (why) is	Aw Or
	U U	Alleasule	TOTIIII	(not) granted	O
الظَّالِمُونَ	وَقَالَ	مِنْهَا	يَأَكُلُ	جَنَّةٌ	ڵۿ
al <u>ththa</u> limoo	waq <u>a</u> la	minh <u>a</u>	ya/kulu	jannatun	lahu
na					
The wrong doers	And say	Where of	He may eat	A garden	For him

	مَّسْحُورًا	رَجُلًا	ٳڵ	تَتَبِعُونَ	إن				
	mas <u>h</u> oor <u>a</u> n	Rajulan	ill <u>a</u>	tattabiAAoo	in				
	Bewitched	A man	But	na You follow	Not				
لَ	لٌ مِنْهَا وَقَال	جَنَّةٌ يَأْكُل	تَكُونُ لَهُ -	بِهِ ڪَنزُ أُو	أَوْ يُلَقَى إِلَه				
	ٱلظَّلِمُونَ إِن تَتَبِعُونَ إِلَّا رَجُلًا مَّسْحُورًا ٢								
•	•	⁄ takoonu lahu j ona ill <u>a</u> rajulan	•	ı minh <u>a</u> waq <u>a</u> la					
	the Zalimun (po			ne not a garden v say: "You follow					
( <b>1</b> - 1	- 11 50 801	**			۰ ۴ ۱				
فضأوا	الأمثال	<u>آ</u> فَ	ضرَبُوا	كَيْفَ	انظر				
fa <u>d</u> alloo	al-amth <u>a</u> la	laka	<u>d</u> araboo	kayfa	On <u>th</u> ur				
So they have gone away	Similitudes	for you	They coin	How	See				
			سَبِيلًا	يَسْتَطْيِعُونَ	فَلًا				
			sabeel <u>a</u> n	yasta <u>t</u> eeAAo ona	fal <u>a</u>				
			A (right ) path	They can (find)	And not				
نَ سَبِيلاً	َ يَسۡتَطِيغُور	، فَضَلُّواْ فَلَا	لَكَ ٱلْأَمْتَ لَ	فَ ضَرَبُواْ لَ	ٱنظر كَيْ				

9. On<u>th</u>ur kayfa <u>daraboo laka al-amthala fadalloo fala yastateeAAoona sabeela</u>n See how they coin similitudes for you, so they have gone astray, and they cannot find a (Right) Path. Section 2

[ك	جَعَلَ	شاء	إن	الأذي	تَبَارَكَ
laka	jaAAala	sh <u>a</u> a	in	alla <u>th</u> ee	Tab <u>a</u> raka
(For) you	Will assign	He wishes	lf	Who	Blessed be he
مِن	تَجْرِي	جَنَّاتٍ	ذلك	مِّن	خَيْرًا
min	tajree	jann <u>a</u> tin	<u>tha</u> lika	min	khayran
-	flowing	Gardens	that	from	Better

	فصُورًا	ألى	وَيَجْعَل	الأنْهَارُ	تَحْتِهَا				
	qu <u>s</u> oor <u>a</u> n	laka	wayajAAal	al-anh <u>a</u> ru	ta <u>h</u> tih <u>a</u>				
	Palaces	For you	And he will assign	Rivers	underneath				
تَبَارَكَ ٱلَّذِيٓ إِن شَآءَ جَعَلَ لَكَ خَيۡرًا مِّن ذَٰ لِكَ جَنَّىتٍ تَجۡرِى مِن									
			لَّكَ قُصُورَۢا	<u>هَ</u> رُ وَبَجَعَل	تحتيها ٱلأنَ				

10. Tab<u>a</u>raka alla<u>th</u>ee in sh<u>a</u>a jaAAala laka khayran min <u>tha</u>lika jann<u>a</u>tin tajree min ta<u>h</u>tih<u>a</u> al-anh<u>a</u>ru wayajAAal laka qu<u>s</u>oor<u>a</u>**n** 

Blessed be He Who, if He will, will assign you better than (all) that, - Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise) and will assign you palaces (i.e. in Paradise).

كَدَّبَ	لِمَن	وأغثذنا	بالسَّاعَةِ	كَدَّبُوا	بَلْ				
ka <u>thth</u> aba	liman	waaAAtadn <u>a</u>	bi <b>al</b> ss <u>a</u> AAati	ka <u>thth</u> aboo	Bal				
Deny	For those	And we	The hour	They deny	Nay				
	who	have							
		perepared							
				سَعِيرًا	بالسَّاعَةِ				
				saAAeer <u>a</u> n	bi <b>al</b> ss <u>a</u> AAati				
				A flaming	The Hour				
				fire					

بَلْ كَذَّبُواْ بِٱلسَّاعَةِ وَأَعْتَدْنَا لِمَن كَذَّبَ بِٱلسَّاعَةِ سَعِيرًا ٢

11. Bal kaththaboo bialssaAAati waaAAtadna liman kaththaba bialssaAAati saAAeeran Nay, they deny the Hour (the Day of Resurrection), and for those who deny the Hour, We have prepared a flaming Fire (i.e. Hell).

سَمِعُوا	بَعِيدٍ	مَّكَانِ	مِّن	رَأَثْهُم	إذا			
samiAAoo	baAAeedin	mak <u>a</u> nin	min	raat-hum	I <u>tha</u>			
They will	Far	A place	From	It seems	When			
hear				them				
			وَزَفِيرًا	تَغَيُّطًا	لْهَا			
			wazafeer <u>a</u> n	taghayyu <u>th</u> a	lah <u>a</u>			
				n				
			And roaring	Raging	Its			
إِذَا رَأَتَهُم مِّن مَّكَانٍ بَعِيدٍ سَمِعُواْ لَهَا تَغَيُّظًا وَزَفِيرًا ٢								
12. Itha raat-hum min makanin baAAeedin samiAAoo laha taghayyuthan wazafeeran								
When it (Hell) s	sees them from a	a far place, they	will hear its ragi	ng and its roarir	ıg.			

مُقَرَّنِينَ	ۻؘؠؚٞڨٙٳ	مَكَانًا	مِنْهَا	ألڤوا	وَإِذَا				
muqarraneen	<u>d</u> ayyiqan	mak <u>a</u> nan	minh <u>a</u>	olqoo	Wa-i <u>tha</u>				
Chained together	Narrow	Into a place	Thereof	They will be thrown	And when				
			<b>ث</b> بُورًا	هُنَالِكَ	دَعَوْا				
			thuboor <u>a</u> n	hun <u>a</u> lika	daAAaw				
			(for) destruction	Therein	They will call				
	وَإِذَآ أُلۡقُواْ مِنۡهَا مَكَانًا ضَيِّقًا مُّقَرَّنِينَ دَعَوۡاْ هُنَالِكَ ثُبُورًا ٢								

13. Wa-itha olqoo minha makanan dayyiqan muqarraneena daAAaw hunalika thubooran And when they shall be thrown into a narrow place thereof, chained together, they will exclaim therein for destruction.

2

وَادْعُوا	واحِدًا	<b>ٽُ</b> بُور ًا	الْبَوْمَ	تَدْعُوا	Ŭ
waodAAoo	w <u>ah</u> idan	thubooran	alyawma	tadAAoo	L <u>a</u>
But call	One	(for) destruction	Today	You call	Not
				كَثِيراً	ݨ <i>ب</i> ُورًا
				katheer <u>a</u> n	thubooran
				Many	(for) destruction
		a		0	

لا تَدْعُوا ٱلۡيَوۡمَ ثُبُورًا وَاحِدًا وَٱدۡعُوا ثُبُورًا كَتِيرًا ٢

14. La tadAAoo alyawma thubooran wahidan waodAAoo thubooran katheeran Exclaim not today for one destruction, but exclaim for many destructions.

الْخُلْدِ	جَنَّةٌ	أمْ	ڂؘؽۯ	أذلك	ڨڵ
alkhuldi	jannatu	am	khayrun	A <u>tha</u> lika	Qul
(of) eternity	Paradise	Or	Better	Is that	Say
جَزَاء	لَهُمْ	ڲٙٲڹؘٮۛۨ	الْمُتَّقُونَ	وُعِدَ	الَّتِي
jaz <u>a</u> an	lahum	k <u>a</u> nat	almuttaqoon a	wuAAida	Allatee
As a reward	For them	It will be	The pious people	Have been promised	Which
					ومصيرًا
					wama <u>s</u> eer <u>a</u> n
					And as a full destination

قُلْ أَذَٰ لِكَ خَيْرٌ أَمْرِ جَنَّةُ ٱلْخُلُدِ ٱلَّتِي وُعِدَ ٱلْمُتَّقُونَ كَانَتْ لَهُمْ جَزَاءً وَمَصِيرًا ٢

15. Qul a<u>tha</u>lika khayrun am jannatu alkhuldi allatee wuAAida almuttaqoona k<u>a</u>nat lahum jaz<u>a</u>an wama<u>s</u>eer<u>a</u>**n** 

Say: (O Muhammad ) "Is that (torment) better or the Paradise of Eternity promised to the *Muttaqun* (pious and righteous persons - see V.2:2)?" It will be theirs as a reward and as a final destination.

كَانَ	خَالِدِينَ	يَشْاؤُونَ	مَا	فيها	لَهُمْ				
k <u>a</u> na	kh <u>a</u> lideena	yash <u>a</u> oona	m <u>a</u>	feeh <u>a</u>	Lahum				
That is	And they will abide eternally	They desire	All that	(will be) therein	For them				
		مَسْؤُولًا	وَعْدًا	رَبِّكَ	عَلَى				
		mas-ool <u>a</u> n	waAAdan	rabbika	AAal <u>a</u>				
		That must be fulfilled	A promise	Your Lord	Upon				
لللهُ فَيها مَا يَشَآءُونَ خَلِدِينَ <sup>®</sup> كَانَ عَلَىٰ رَبِّكَ وَعَدًا مَّسْغُولاً									
					-				

16. Lahum feeha ma yashaoona khalideena kana AAala rabbika waAAdan mas-oolan For them there will be therein all that they desire, and they will abide (there forever). It is a promise binding upon your Lord that must be fulfilled.

 $(\underline{n})$ 

دُون	مِن	يَعْبُدُونَ	وَمَا	يَحْشُرُ هُمْ	وَيَوْمَ
dooni	min	yaAAbudoo	wam <u>a</u>	ya <u>h</u> shuruhu	Wayawma
		na		m	
bes	ides	They worship	And that which	He will gather them	And on the day (when)
هَؤُلاء	عِبَادِي	أضللتم	أأنثم	فَيَقُولُ	الله
h <u>a</u> ol <u>a</u> -i	AAib <u>a</u> dee	a <u>d</u> laltum	aantum	fayaqoolu	All <u>a</u> hi
These	My slaves	Who misled	Was it you	So He will	Allah
				say	
		الستَبِيلَ	ضلُوا	ۿؙؗؗڡ۠	أمْ
		alssabeela	<u>d</u> alloo	hum	am
		The(right)	Went astray	They	Or

path (from) وَيَوْم يَحْشُرُهُمْ وَمَا يَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللهِ فَيَقُولُ ءَأَنتُم أَضَلَلَتُم عِبَادِي هَنَؤُلَاءِ أَمْ هُمْ ضَلُّوا ٱلسَّبِيلَ ٢

17. Wayawma ya<u>h</u>shuruhum wam<u>a</u> yaAAbudoona min dooni All<u>a</u>hi fayaqoolu aantum a<u>d</u>laltum AAib<u>a</u>dee h<u>a</u>ol<u>a</u>-i am hum <u>d</u>alloo alssabeel**a** 

And on the Day when He will gather them together and that which they worship besides Allah [idols, angels, pious men, saints, 'Iesa (Jesus) son of Maryam (Mary), etc.]. He will say: "Was it you who misled these My slaves or did they (themselves) stray from the (Right) Path?"

لْنَا	يَنبَغِي	کَانَ	مَا	سُبْحَانَكَ	قالوا				
lan <u>a</u>	yanbaghee	K <u>a</u> na	m <u>a</u>	sub <u>ha</u> naka	Q <u>a</u> loo				
For us	Proper	Was	lt not	Glorified are	They will say				
				you					
أوْلِيَاء	مِنْ	دُونِكَ	مِن	ٽٽخذ	أن				
awliy <u>a</u> a	min	doonika	min	nattakhi <u>th</u> a	an				
Protectors	Any		es you	Take	То				
الدِّكْرَ	نَسُوا	حَتَّى	وَآبَاءهُمْ	متعتهم	وَلَكِن				
al <u>thth</u> ikra	nasoo	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	wa <u>a</u> b <u>a</u> ahum	mattaAAtah um	wal <u>a</u> kin				
The	They forgot	Till	And their	You gave	But				
rememberan			fathers	them					
се				comfort					
			بُورًا	قوْمًا	وَكَانُوا				
			boor <u>a</u> n	qawman	Wak <u>a</u> noo				
			Lost	A people	And became				
	قَالُواْ سُبْحَىنَكَ مَا كَانَ يَنْبَغِي لَنَآ أَن نَّتَّخِذَ مِن دُونِكَ مِنْ أُولِيَآءَ								
وَلَٰكِن مَّتَّعْتَهُمۡ وَءَابَآءَهُمۡ حَتَّىٰ نَسُواْ ٱلذِّكۡرَ وَكَانُواْ قَوۡمَۢا بُورًا									
	18. Qaloo sub <u>hanaka ma kana yanbaghee lana an nattakhitha min doonika min awliyaa</u> walakin mattaAAtahum waabaahum hatta nasoo alththikra wakanoo qawman boora <b>n</b>								

walakin mattaAAtahum waabaahum hatta nasoo alththikra wakanoo qawman booran They will say "Glorified are you and it was not proper for us to take besides you protectors but you gave them comforts and their fathers till they forgaot the reemberance and became the lost nation."

- 3 + 50 5	155	- 8 35		مرَ بَنَافِ مِدْ	0 55 5				
تَسْتَطْيِعُونَ	فَمَا	تَقُولُونَ	ہما	كَدَّبُوحْم	فَقَدْ				
tastateeAAo	fam <u>a</u>	taqooloona	Bim <u>a</u>	ka <u>thth</u> abook	Faqad				
ona				um					
You can	So not	You say	Regarding what	They deny you	So verily				
مِّنكُمْ	يَظْلِم	وَمَن	نَصْرًا	وَلَا	صرقًا				
minkum	ya <u>th</u> lim	waman	na <u>s</u> ran	wal <u>a</u>	<u>s</u> arfan				
Among you	Does wrong	And whoever	(get) help	Nor	Avert				
	نْذِقْهُ عَدَابًا كَبِيرًا								
			kabeer <u>a</u> n	AAa <u>tha</u> ban	Nu <u>th</u> iqhu				
			Great	A torment	We shall make him taste				
فَقَدْ كَذَّبُوكُم بِمَا تَقُولُونَ فَمَا تَسْتَطِيعُونَ صَرْفًا وَلَا									
	نَصْرًا ۚ وَمَن يَظْلِم مِّنكُمْ نُذِقْهُ عَذَابًا كَبِيرًا ٢								

19. Faqad ka<u>ththabookum bima</u> taqooloona fam<u>a</u> tasta<u>t</u>eeAAoona <u>s</u>arfan wal<u>a</u> na<u>s</u>ran waman ya<u>th</u>lim minkum nu<u>th</u>iqhu AAa<u>tha</u>ban kabeera**n** 

Thus they (false gods all deities other than Allah) will give you (polytheists) the lie regarding what you say (that they are gods besides Allah), then you can neither avert (the punishment), nor get help. And whoever among you does wrong (i.e. sets up rivals to Allah), We shall make him taste a great torment

ٳڰ	المُرْسَلِينَ	مِنَ	ڡٞڔ۫ڷڬ	أرْسَلْنَا	وَما
ill <u>a</u>	almursaleen a	mina	qablaka	arsaln <u>a</u>	Wam <u>a</u>
But	(of) the messenger	Any	Before you	We sent	And not
الأسنواق	في	وَيَمْشُونَ	الطُعَامَ	ليَأْكُلُونَ	ٳؚٮٞۧۿؙؗؗؗؗ
al-asw <u>a</u> qi	fee	wayamshoo na	al <u>tt</u> aAA <u>a</u> ma	laya/kuloona	innahum
The markets	In	And walked	Food	They ate	Verily they
وَكَانَ	أتَصْبِرُونَ	فننة	لِبَعْضِ	بَعْضَكُمْ	وَجَعَلْنَا
wak <u>a</u> na	ata <u>s</u> biroona	fitnatan	libaAA <u>d</u> in	baAA <u>d</u> akum	wajaAAaln <u>a</u>
And is	will you have patience	As a trail	For others	Some of you	And we have made
				بَصِيرًا	رَبُّكَ
				ba <u>s</u> eer <u>a</u> n	Rabbuka
				Ever all-seer	Your Lord

وَمَآ أَرْسَلُنَا قَبۡلَكَ مِنَ ٱلۡمُرۡسَلِينَ إِلَّا إِنَّهُمۡ لَيَأۡكُلُونَ ٱلطَّعَامَ ونَ فِي ٱلْأَسْوَاقِ وَجَعَلْنَا بَعْضَكُمْ لِبَعْض بَ الله وَكَانَ رَبُّكَ بَصِيرًا ٢ 20. Wama arsalna qablaka mina almursaleena illa innahum laya/kuloona alttaAAama wayamshoona fee al-aswaqi wajaAAalna baAAdakum libaAAdin fitnatan atasbiroona wakana rabbuka baseera**n** And We never sent before you (O Muhammad 🏁) any of the Messengers but verily, they ate

And We never sent before you (O Muhammad <sup>2000</sup>) any of the Messengers but verily, they ate food and walked in the markets. And We have made some of you as a trial for others: will you have patience? And your Lord is Ever All-Seer (of everything).

Section 3