JUZ 27

قَال فَمَا خَطَبُكُمْ

Surahs in this JUZ

51.Remaining part of AZ-ZARIATH, 52. AT-TUR, 53. AN-NAJM, 54. AL-QAMAR, 55. AR-RAHMAN, 56. AL-WAQI'A, 57. AL-HADEED,

الْمُرْسَلُونَ	أَيُّهَا	خَطْبُكُمْ	فَمَا	قَالَ
almursaloon a	ayyuh <u>a</u>	kha <u>t</u> bukum	fam <u>a</u>	Q <u>a</u> la
Messengers	0	Pupose you	Then for what	He (Ibrahim)
		have come		said

* قَالَ فَمَا خَطِّبُكُمْ أَيُّا ٱلْمُرْسَلُونَ ﴿

31. Qala fama khatbukum ayyuha almursaloona

[Ibrahim (Abraham)] said: "Then for what purpose you have come, O Messengers?"

مُّجْرِمِينَ	قَوْمٍ	إِلَى	أُرْسِلْنَا	إِنَّا	قَالُوا
mujrimeena	Qawmin	il <u>a</u>	orsiln <u>a</u>	inn <u>a</u>	Q <u>a</u> loo
Criminals	A people	То	Have been	We	They said
(sinners,			sent		
polytheists)					

32. Qaloo inna orsilna ila qawmin mujrimeena

They said: "We have been sent to a people who are *Mujrimun* (polytheists, sinners, criminals, disbelievers in Allah);

طِين	مِّن	حِجَارَةً	عَلَيْهِمْ	لِنُوْسِلَ
<u>t</u> een in	min	<u>hija</u> ratan	AAalayhim	Linursila
Baked clay	Of	stones	Upon them	To send down



33. Linursila AAalayhim hijaratan min teenin

To send down upon them stones of baked clay.

	لِلْمُسْرِفِينَ	رَبِّكَ	عِندَ	مُسكوَّمَةً
	lilmusrifeen a	rabbika	AAinda	Musawwamat an
	For those transgress Allah's limits	Your Lord	Ву	Marked

مُّسَوَّمَةً عِندَ رَبِّكَ لِلْمُسْرِفِينَ ﴿

34. Musawwamatan AAinda rabbika lilmusrifeena

Marked by your Lord for the *Musrifun* (polytheists, criminals, sinners those who trespass Allah's set limits in evil-doings by committing great sins).

الْمُؤْمِنِينَ	مِنَ	فِيهَا	كَانَ	مَن	فَأَخْرَجْنَا
almu/mineena	mina	Feeha _	k <u>a</u> na	man	Faakhrajn <u>a</u>
The believers	From	There in	(was)	(who)	So we
					brought out

فَأَخْرَجْنَا مَن كَانَ فِهَا مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿

35. Faakhrajna man kana feeha mina almu/mineena

So We brought out from therein the believers.

سِ ر من	بَيْتٍ	غَير	فِيهَا	وَ جَدْنَا	فَمَا			
Mina	baytin	ghayra	feeh <u>a</u>	wajadn <u>a</u>	Fam <u>a</u>			
Of	One	Except	In it	We found	But not			
	household							
	الْمُسْلِمِينَ							
					almuslimeen a			
					The Muslim			

فَمَا وَجَدْنَا فِهَا غَيْرَ بَيْتٍ مِّنَ ٱلْمُسْلِمِينَ اللهُ

36. Fama wajadna feeha ghayra baytin mina almuslimeena

But We found not there any household of the Muslims except one [i.e. Lout (Lot) and his two daughters].

الْعَذَابَ	يَخَافُونَ	لُّلَّذِينَ	آيَةً	فِيهَا	وَ تَرَكْنَا				
alAAa <u>tha</u> ba	yakh <u>a</u> foona	lilla <u>th</u> eena	<u>a</u> yatan	feeh <u>a</u>	Watarakn <u>a</u>				
Torment	Who fear	For those	A sign	In it	And we have left				
	الْأَلِيمَ								
					al-aleema				
					The painful				

وَتَرَكَّنَا فِهِمَآ ءَايَةً لِلَّذِينَ يَخَافُونَ ٱلْعَذَابَ ٱلْأَلِيمَ ٢

37. Watarakna feeha ayatan lillatheena yakhafoona alAAathaba al-aleema And We have left there a sign (i.e. the place of the Dead Sea , well-known in Palestine) for those who fear the painful torment.

ڣؚۯ۠ۘڠؘۅۨٛڹؘ	إِلَى	أَرْسَلْنَاهُ	إِذ	مُوسَى	و َفِي
firAAawna	il <u>a</u>	arsa l n <u>a</u> hu	i <u>th</u>	moos <u>a</u>	Wafee
Pharaoh	То	We sent him	When	Moses	And in
				مُبِين	بِسُلْطَانٍ
				mubeen in	bisul <u>ta</u> nin
				A manifest	With
					authority

وَفِي مُوسَى إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَهُ إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ بِسُلْطَنِ مُّبِينِ عَلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ بِسُلْطَنِ مُّبِينِ

38. Wafee moosa ith arsalnahu ila firAAawna bisultanin mubeenin And in Musa (Moses) (too, there is a sign). When We sent him to Fir'aun (Pharaoh) with a manifest authority.

مُجْنُونُ	أُوْ	سَاحِرٌ	وَقَالَ	بِرُ كُنِهِ	فَتَوَلَّى
majnoon un	aw	s <u>ah</u> irun	waq <u>a</u> la	Biruknihi	Fatawall <u>a</u>
A madman	Or	A sorcerer	And said	With his hosts	But he turned
					away

فَتُولَّىٰ بِرُكْنِهِ - وَقَالَ سَلِحِرُّ أَوْ مَجْنُونٌ ١

39. Fatawalla biruknihi waqala sahirun aw majnoon**un**But [Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] turned away (from Belief in might) along with his hosts, and said:
"A sorcerer, or a madman."

وَ هُوَ		الْيَمِّ	فِي	فَنَبَذْنَاهُمْ	وَ جُنُو دَهُ	فَأَخَذْنَاهُ	
wahuwa		alyammi	fee	fanaba <u>th</u> n <u>a</u> hu m	wajunoodahu	Faakha <u>th</u> n <u>a</u> hu	
(while) (was)	he	The sea	Into	And dumped them	And his hosts	So we took him	
مُلِيمٌ							
						muleem un	
						Blameworthy	
					•	2 /	

فَأَخَذَنَهُ وَجُنُودَهُ وَفَنَبَذَنَهُمْ فِي ٱلَّمِّ وَهُو مُلِمُّ ٤

40. Faakha<u>thna</u>hu wajunoodahu fanaba<u>thna</u>hum fee alyammi wahuwa muleem**un**So We took him and his hosts, and dumped them into the sea, while he was to be blamed.

الرِّيحَ	عَلَيْهِمُ	ٲڒ۠ڛۘڵؽؘٳ	إِذْ	عَادٍ	وَفِي			
alrree <u>h</u> a	AAalayhimu	arsaln <u>a</u>	i <u>th</u>	AA <u>a</u> din	Wafee			
Wind	Against them	We sent	When	Ad	And in			
الْعَقِيمَ								
					alAAaqeem a			
					The barren			

وَفِي عَادٍ إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلرِّيحَ ٱلْعَقِيمَ ١

41. Wafee AAadin ith arsalna AAalayhimu alrreeha alAAaqeema And in 'Ad (there is also a sign) when We sent against them the barren wind;

عَلَيْهِ	ٱتَّت	شيءٟ	مِن	تَذَرُ	مَا
AAalayhi	atat	shay-in	min	ta <u>th</u> aru	M <u>a</u>
Over it	It reached	anything	from	It spared	not
			كَالرَّمِيمِ	جَعَلَتُهُ	ٳۜٞ
			ka al rrameem i	jaAAalat-hu	ill <u>a</u>
			Like something rotten (decayed)	It made it	But

مَا تَذَرُ مِن شَيْءٍ أَتَتْ عَلَيْهِ إِلَّا جَعَلَتْهُ كَٱلرَّمِيمِ ﴿

42. Ma tatharu min shay-in atat AAalayhi illa jaAAalat-hu ka**al**rrameemi

It spared nothing that it reached, but blew it into broken spreads of rotten ruins.

تَمَتَّعُوا	نَعُمْ	قِيلَ	إِذْ	تُمُودَ	وَفِي
tamattaAAoo	lahum	qeela	I <u>th</u>	thamooda	Wafee
Enjoy yourselves	To them	Was said	When	Thamud	And in
				حِين	حَتَّى
				<u>h</u> een in	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>
				A while	Till

وَفِي تَمُودَ إِذْ قِيلَ لَهُمْ تَمَتَّعُواْ حَتَّىٰ حِينِ ٢

43. Wafee thamooda ith qeela lahum tamattaAAoo hatta heenin

And in Thamud (there is also a sign), when they were told: "Enjoy yourselves for a while!"

الصَّاعِقَةُ	فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ	رَبِّجٍ م	أُمْرِ	عَنْ	فَعَتَوْا
al <u>ssa</u> AAiqatu	faakha <u>th</u> at- humu	rabbihim	amri	AAan	FaAAataw
The torment , hit, awful cry	So overtook them	Of their Lord	The command	(from)	But they insolently denied
				يَنظُرُونَ	وَهُمْ
				yan <u>th</u> uroon a	wahum
				Were looking	While they

فَعَتَواْ عَنْ أُمْرِ رَبِّهِمْ فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ ٱلصَّعِقَةُ وَهُمْ يَنظُرُونَ عَن

44. FaAAataw AAan amri rabbihim faakha<u>th</u>at-humu al<u>ssa</u>AAiqatu wahum yan<u>th</u>uroon**a**But they insolently defied the Command of their Lord, so the *Sa'iqah* overtook them while they were looking.

كَانُوا	وَمَا	قِيَامٍ	مِن	اسْتَطَاعُوا	فَمَا
k <u>a</u> noo	wam <u>a</u>	qiy <u>a</u> min	min	ista <u>ta</u> AAoo	Fam <u>a</u>
Could they	Nor	Rise up	То	They were able	So not
					مُنتَصِرِينَ
					munta <u>s</u> ireena
					Help
					themselves

فَمَا ٱسۡتَطَعُواْ مِن قِيَامِ وَمَا كَانُواْ مُنتَصِرِينَ ٢

45. Fama istata AAoo min qiyamin wama kanoo muntasireena

Then they were unable to rise up, nor could they help themselves.

كَأْنُوا	إِنَّهُمْ	قَبْلُ	مِّن	نُوحِ	وَقَوْمَ				
k <u>a</u> noo	innahum	qablu	min	noo <u>h</u> in	Waqawma				
Were	Verily they	bef	ore	Noah	And the people of				
	قُو [ْ] مًا فَاسِقِينَ								
				f <u>a</u> siqeen a	qawman				
				Rebellious ,	People				
				disobiedient					
				to Allah					
	وَقُوْمَ نُوحٍ مِّن قَبَلُ ۚ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَوْمًا فَسِقِينَ ﴿								

46. Waqawma noohin min qablu innahum kanoo qawman fasiqeena (So were) the people of Nuh (Noah) before them. Verily, they were a people who were Fasiqun (rebellious, disobedient to Allah).

Section 3

لَمُوسِعُونَ	وَ إِنَّا	بِأَيْدٍ	بَنَيْنَاهَا	والسَّمَاء
lamoosiAAoo n a	wa-inn <u>a</u>	bi-aydin	banayn <u>a</u> h <u>a</u>	Wa al ssam <u>a</u> a
Able to extend the vastness of space thereof	And verily we are	With power	We constructed (it)	And the Heaven

وَٱلسَّمَآءَ بَنَيْنَهَا بِأَيِّيدٍ وَإِنَّا لَمُوسِعُونَ ٢

47. Waalssamaa banaynaha bi-aydin wa-inna lamoosiAAoona

With power did We construct the heaven. Verily, We are Able to extend the vastness of space thereof.

	الْمَاهِدُونَ	فَنِعْمَ	فَرَ شْنَاهَا	وَالْأَرْضَ
a	alm <u>a</u> hidoon a	faniAAma	farashn <u>a</u> h <u>a</u>	Wa a l-ar <u>d</u> a

S	Spreaders ar	e How	We have	And rhe Earth
v	we	excellent	spread out it	

وَٱلْأَرْضَ فَرَشَّنَاهَا فَنِعْمَ ٱلْمَاهِدُونَ ٢

48. Waal-arda farashnaha faniAAma almahidoona

And We have spread out the earth, how Excellent Spreader (thereof) are We!

نَلَّكُمْ	لَعَ	زَوْجَيْنِ	خَلَقْنَا	شَيْءٍ	ِ کُلِّ	وَمِن
laA/	Aallakum	zawjayni	khalaqn <u>a</u>	shay-in	kulli	Wamin
That	t you may	Pairs	We have created	Thing	Every	And of
						تَذَكَّرُونَ
						ta <u>th</u> akkaroon a
						Remember

وَمِن كُلِّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقَنَا زَوْجَيْنِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكُّرُونَ ﴿

49. Wamin kulli shay-in khalaqna zawjayni laAAallakum tathakkaroona And of everything We have created pairs, that you may remember (the Grace of Allah).

سِّه ه منهُ	لَكُم	إِنِّي	اللَّهِ	إِلَى	فَفِرُّوا
minhu	lakum	innee	All <u>a</u> hi	il <u>a</u>	Fafirroo
From him	To you	Verily Iam (Muhammad)	Allah	То	So flee
				مُبِينَ	نَذِيرٌ
				mubeen un	na <u>th</u> eerun
				Plain	Warner

فَفِرُّوۤا إِلَى ٱللَّهِ إِنَّى لَكُم مِّنَهُ نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿

50. Fafirroo ila Allahi innee lakum minhu natheerun mubeenun

So flee to Allah (from His Torment to His Mercy Islamic Monotheism), verily, I (Muhammad) am a plain warner to you from Him.

آخَرَ	إِلَهًا	اللَّهِ	مُعَ	تَجْعَلُوا	وَ لَا
<u>a</u> khara	il <u>a</u> han	All <u>a</u> hi	maAAa	tajAAaloo	Wal <u>a</u>
Any other	God	Allah	With	Set up	And not
	ھ ھ مبین	نَذِيرٌ	بره ۶ منه	لَكُم	ٳۨڹۜۑ

mubeen un	na <u>th</u> eerun	minhu	lakum	innee
A plain	Warner	From Him	To you	Verily I am



51. Wala tajAAaloo maAAa Allahi ilahan akhara innee lakum minhu natheerun mubeenun And set not up (or worship) any other *ilahan* (god) along with Allah [Glorified be He (Alone), Exalted above all that they associate as partners with Him]. Verily, I (Muhammad and plain warner to you from Him.

قَبْلِهِم	مِن	الَّذِينَ	أَتَى	مَا	كَذَلِكَ
qablihim	min	alla <u>th</u> eena	at <u>a</u>	m <u>a</u>	Ka <u>tha</u> lika
Befor	e them	Those	Came	Not	Like wise
أَوْ	سَاحِرٌ	قَالُوا	ٳؖۜ	رَّسُولٍ	مِّن
aw	s <u>ah</u> irun	q <u>a</u> loo	ill <u>a</u>	rasoolin	min
Or	Sorcerer	They said	But	messengers	from
					مَجْنُونٌ
					majnoon un
					A madman

كَذَ لِكَ مَاۤ أَتَى ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِم مِّن رَّسُولٍ إِلَّا قَالُواْ سَاحِرُّ أَوۡ مَجۡنُونُ



52. Ka<u>tha</u>lika ma ata alla<u>th</u>eena min qablihim min rasoolin illa qaloo sahirun aw majnoon**un** Likewise, no Messenger came to those before them, but they said: "A sorcerer or a madman!"

طَاغُونَ	قُومٌ	هم	بَل	به	أَتُو اصَوْا
taghoon a	qawmun	hum	bal	bihi	Ataw <u>as</u> aw
Transgressing	A people	They are	Nay	This (saying)	They have
beyond					transmitted
bounds					(to these)

أَتُواصَوا بِهِ - بَلْ هُمْ قَوْمٌ طَاغُونَ ٢

53. Atawasaw bihi bal hum qawmun taghoona

Have they (the people of the past) transmitted this saying to these (Quraish pagans)? Nay, they are themselves a people transgressing beyond bounds (in disbelief)!

بِمَلُومٍ	أُنتَ	فَمَا	عنه م	فَتُوَلَّ
bimaloom in	anta	fam <u>a</u>	AAanhum	Fatawalla
To be blamed	You are	So not	From them	So turn away

فَتَوَلَّ عَنْهُمْ فَمَآ أَنتَ بِمَلُومِ ٥

54. Fatawalla AAanhum fama anta bimaloomin

So turn away (O Muhammad) from them (Quraish pagans) you are not to be blamed (as you have conveyed Allah's Message).

	الْمُؤْمِنِينَ	تَنفَعُ	الذِّكْرَى	فَإِنَّ	وَذَكِّ رْ
	almu/mineena	tanfaAAu	a l ththikr <u>a</u>	fa-inna	Wa <u>th</u> akkir
	The believers	Benefits	The	For verily	And remind
			reminding		

وَذَكِّرْ فَإِنَّ ٱلذِّكْرَىٰ تَنفَعُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿

55. Wathakkir fa-inna alththikra tanfaAAu almu/mineena

And remind (by preaching the Qur'an, O Muhammad) for verily, the reminding profits the believers.

لِيَعْبُدُونِ	ٳؖۜ	وَ الْإِنسَ	ٱلْجِنَّ	خَلَقْتُ	وَمَا
liyaAAbudoo n i	Ill <u>a</u>	wa a l-insa	aljinna	khalaqtu	Wam <u>a</u>
They should worship me	Except	And Humans	Jinns	I (Allah) created	And not

وَمَا خَلَقْتُ ٱلْجِنَّ وَٱلْإِنسَ إِلَّا لِيَعْبُدُونِ

56. Wama khalaqtu aljinna waal-insa illa liyaAAbudooni

And I (Allah) created not the jinns and humans except they should worship Me (Alone).

وَمَا	رِّزْقِ	مِّن	مِنْهُم	أُرِيدُ	مَا		
Wam <u>a</u>	rizqin	min	minhum	oreedu	M <u>a</u>		
Nor	Provision	Any	From them	I want	Not		
أُرِيدُ أَن يُطْعِمُونِ							
			yu <u>t</u> AAimoon i	an	oreedu		
			They should	That	I want		

feed me

مَاۤ أُرِيدُ مِنْهُم مِّن رِّزْقٍ وَمَاۤ أُرِيدُ أَن يُطْعِمُونِ ﴿

57. Ma oreedu minhum min rizqin wama oreedu an yutAAimooni

I seek not any provision from them (i.e. provision for themselves or for My creatures) nor do I ask that they should feed Me (i.e. feed themselves or My creatures).

الْقُوَّةِ	ذُو	الرَّزَّاقُ	هُوَ	اللَّهَ	إِنَّ
alquwwati	<u>th</u> oo	alrrazz <u>a</u> qu	Huwa	All <u>a</u> ha	Inna
(of) power	Owner	All-provider	Is (He who)	Allah	Verily
					الْمَتِينُ
					almateen u
					The most
					strong

إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلرَّزَّاقُ ذُو ٱلْقُوَّةِ ٱلْمَتِينُ ﴿

58. Inna Allaha huwa alrrazzaqu thoo alquwwati almateenu Verily, Allah is the All-Provider, Owner of Power, the Most Strong.

ذَنُو بِ	مِّ ثُل مُثل	ذَنُو بًا	ظَلَمُوا	لِلَّذِينَ	فَإِنَّ
<u>th</u> anoobi	mithla	<u>th</u> anooban	<u>th</u> alamoo	lilla <u>th</u> eena	Fa-inna
The portion	Like (to)	A portion of	Who do	Those who	And verily
of torment of		torment of	wrong		
			يَسْتَعْجِلُونِ	فَلَا	أصْحَابِهِمْ
			yastaAAjiloo	fal <u>a</u>	a <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bihim
			na		
			They ask Me	So not	Their friends
			to hasten on		

فَإِنَّ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ ذَنُوبًا مِّثَلَ ذَنُوبٍ أَصْحَبِهِمْ فَلَا يَسْتَعْجِلُونِ ٢

59. Fa-inna lillatheena thalamoo thanooban mithla thanoobi as-habihim fala yastaAAjiloona And verily, for those who do wrong, there is a portion of torment like to the evil portion of torment (which came for) their likes (of old), so let them not ask Me to hasten on!

الَّذِي	يَوْمِهِمُ	مِن	كَفَرُوا	لَّلَّذِينَ	فَوَيْلُ
alla <u>th</u> ee	yawmihimu	min	kafaroo	lilla <u>th</u> eena	Fawaylun
Which	Their day	From	Who	To those	Then, woe

dis	believe	
		يُوعَدُّونَ
		yooAAadoon a
		They have been promised

فَوَيْلٌ لِّلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن يَوْمِهِمُ ٱلَّذِي يُوعَدُونَ ﴾

60. Fawaylun lillatheena kafaroo min yawmihimu allathee yooAAadoona
Then, woe to those who disbelieve (in Allah and His Oneness Islamic Monotheism) from (that) their Day which they have been promised (for their punishment).

Surah # 52 AT-TUR



Makki

Period of revelation

Most probably this surah was revealed during the fifth year of the Prophet's (pboh) stay in Makkah. This surah contains 49 verses and 2 sections.

ينسيرالله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْسِمِ

				وَالطُّورِ
				Wa al ttoori
				By the Tur Mount
			Ç	﴿ وَٱلطُّورِ (
1. Wa al ttoori				
By the Tur Mou	nt;			
			مَّسْطُورِ	و کِتَابِ

Wakitabin

mastoorin

2. Wakitabin mastoorin And by the Book Inscribed. 2. Wakitabin mastoorin And by the Book Inscribed. Manushoorin raqqin Fee Unrolled Parchment In Inscribed And by the Book Inscribed. Manushoorin raqqin Fee Unrolled Parchment In And by the frequented And by the House And by the Bait-ul-Ma'mur (the house over the heavens parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Almasjoori Waalssaqfi Raised high And by the roof raised high (i.e. the heaven).						
2. Wakitabin mastoorin And by the Book Inscribed. John James J					Inscribed	_
And by the Book Inscribed. John					المُورِ ۞	وَكِتَابِ مَّسَم
رَقُ مُشُورِ عَلَيْ مُشُورِ عَلَى الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	_					
ال المتعلق ال	And by the Boo	ok Inscribed.				
3. Fee raqqin manshoorin In parchment unrolled. 3. Fee raqqin manshoorin In parchment unrolled. 2. المُعْمُورِ السَّعْمُ وَالْبَيْتِ الْمَعْمُورِ الْمَعْمُورِ الْمَعْمُورِ الْمَعْمُورِ الْمَعْمُورِ الْمَعْمُورِ الْمَعْمُورِ الْمَعْمُورِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّه				مَّنشُورٍ	رُقً	فِي
قى رَقِّ مَّنشُورِ عَلَى الْمُحُورِ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل						Fee
3. Fee raqqin manshoorin In parchment unrolled.				Unrolled	Parchment	In
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almaAAmoor i Waalbayti i Frequented And by the House 4. Waalbayti almaAAmoori And by the Bait-ul-Ma'mur (the house over the heavens parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels);	in parchinent t	unronea.				
i Frequented And by the House 4. Waalbayti almaAAmoori And by the Bait-ul-Ma'mur (the house over the heavens parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels);					الْمَعْمُورِ	وَالْبَيْتِ
4. Waalbayti almaAAmoori And by the Bait-ul-Ma'mur (the house over the heavens parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); Parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels); AlmarfooAAi Waalssaqfi Raised high And by the roof					almaAAmoor i	Waalbayti
And by the Bait-ul-Ma'mur (the house over the heavens parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels);					Frequented	_
And by the Bait-ul-Ma'mur (the house over the heavens parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels);					عَمُورِ ١	وَٱلۡبِيۡتِ ٱلۡمَ
And by the Bait-ul-Ma'mur (the house over the heavens parallel to the Ka'bah at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels);	4. Waalbayti al	maAAmoor i				
almarfooAAi Waalssaqfi Raised high And by the roof 5. Waalssaqfi almarfooAAi And by the roof raised high (i.e. the heaven).	And by the Ba	it-ul-Ma'mur (th		he heavens par	allel to the <i>Ka'b</i>	oah at Makkah,
almarfooAAi Waalssaqfi Raised high And by the roof 5. Waalssaqfi almarfooAAi And by the roof raised high (i.e. the heaven).					الْمَرْ فُوع	وَ السَّقْف
Raised high And by the roof 5. Waalssaqfi almarfooAAi And by the roof raised high (i.e. the heaven).					<u> </u>	
5. Waalssaqfi almarfooAAi And by the roof raised high (i.e. the heaven). وَالْبَحْرِ الْمَسْجُورِ الْمَسْجُورِ						And by the
And by the roof raised high (i.e. the heaven).					مَرْفُوعِ ﴿	وَٱلسَّقَفِ ٱلَّ
			e. the heaven).			
					. •	0
Almasjoor i Wa a lba <u>h</u> ri					المَسْجُور	وَالْبَحْرِ
					Almasjoori	Wa a lba <u>h</u> ri

		Boiling	And by the
		ablaze	sea

وَٱلْبَحْرِ ٱلْسَجُورِ ١

6. Waalbahri almasjoori

And by the sea kept filled (or it will be fire kindled on the Day of Resurrection).

لُوَاقِعُ	رَ بِّكَ	عَذَابَ	إِنَّ
law <u>a</u> qiAA un	rabbika	AAa <u>tha</u> ba	Inna
Surely will come to pass	Your Lord	The torment of	Verily



7. Inna AAathaba rabbika lawaqiAAun

Verily, the Torment of your Lord will surely come to pass,

	دَافِعِ	مِن	مُلْ	مَا
	d <u>a</u> fiAA in	min	lahu	M <u>a</u>
	To avert	any	For it	There is not



8. Ma lahu min dafiAAin

There is none that can avert it;

مَوْرًا	السَّمَاء	تَمُورُ	يَوْمَ
Mawr <u>a</u> n	alssam <u>a</u> o	tamooru	Yawma
With a dreadful shaking	The Heaven	(when) will shake	On the day

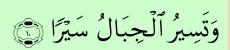
يَوْمَ تَمُورُ ٱلسَّمَآءُ مَوْرًا ١

9. Yawma tamooru alssamao mawran

On the Day when the heaven will shake with a dreadful shaking,

سَيْرًا	الْحِبَالُ	و تَسيرُ
sayr <u>a</u> n	aljib <u>a</u> lu	Wataseeru
With a	The	And will

	movement	mountains	move away
--	----------	-----------	-----------



10. Wataseeru aljibalu sayran

And the mountains will move away with a (horrible) movement.

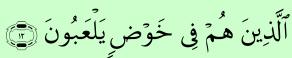
ؿؘ	لِلْمُكَذِّبِير	يَوْمَئِذٍ	فَوَيْلُ
Lil	muka <u>thth</u> ib	yawma-i <u>th</u> in	Fawaylun
eer	na		
	To the	That day	Then woe
	rejectors		



11. Fawaylun yawma-ithin lilmukaththibeena

Then woe that Day to the disbeliers;

يَلْعَبُونَ	خُوْضٍ	فِي	هم	ٱلَّذِينَ
yalAAaboon a	khaw <u>d</u> in	fee	hum	Alla <u>th</u> eena
Are playing	Falsehood	In	(they)	Who



12. Allatheena hum fee khawdin yalAAaboona

Who are playing in falsehood.

دُعًّا	جهنم	نَارِ	إِلَى	يُدَعُّونَ	يَوْمَ
daAAAA <u>a</u> n	Jahannama	n <u>a</u> ri	il <u>a</u>	yudaAAAAo ona	Yawma
With forceful pushing	(of) Hell	The fire	То	They will be pushed down by the force	The day

يَوْمَ يُدَعُّونَ إِلَىٰ نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ دَعًّا ﴿

13. Yawma yudaAAAAoona il<u>a</u> n<u>a</u>ri jahannama daAAAA<u>a</u>n

The Day when they will be pushed down by force to the Fire of Hell, with a horrible, forceful pushing.

تُكَذِّبُونَ	بِهَا	كُنتُم	الَّتِي	النَّارُ	هَذِهِ
Tukaththiboo	bih <u>a</u>	kuntum	allatee	a l nn <u>a</u> ru	H <u>ath</u> ihi
na					
Deny	In it	You used to	Which	The fire	This is

هَا نُكَذِّ بُونَ اللَّهِ النَّارُ ٱلَّتِي كُنتُم بِهَا تُكَذِّ بُونَ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

14. Hathihi alnnaru allatee kuntum biha tukaththiboona

This is the Fire which you used to belie.

تُبْصِرُونَ	Ú	أُنتُمْ	أُمْ	هَٰذَا	أُفَسِحْرٌ
tub <u>s</u> iroona	l <u>a</u>	antum	am	h <u>atha</u>	Afasi <u>h</u> run
See	Not	You do	Or	This	Is magic

أَفْسِحْرٌ هَاذَآ أَمْ أَنتُمْ لَا تُبْصِرُونَ ١

15. Afasihrun hatha am antum la tubsiroona

Is this magic, or do you not see?

سكوكاء	تَصْبِرُوا	Ú	أُوْ	فَاصْبِرُوا	اصْلُوْهَا
saw <u>a</u> on	ta <u>s</u> biroo	1 <u>a</u>	aw	fa i sbiroo	I <u>s</u> lawh <u>a</u>
It is all the same	Be patient	not	Or	And you be patient of it	Burn you in its heat
تَعْمَلُونَ	كُنتُمْ	مَا	تُجْزَوْنَ	إِنَّمَا	عَلَيْكُمْ
taAAmaloon a	kuntum	m <u>a</u>	tujzawna	innam <u>a</u>	AAalaykum
To do	You used	For what	You are being required	Only	To you

ٱصۡلَوۡهَا فَٱصۡبِرُوٓا أَوۡ لَا تَصۡبِرُوا سَوَآءٗ عَلَيۡكُمۡ ۚ إِنَّمَا تَجۡزَوۡنَ مَا كُنتُمۡ تَعۡمَلُونَ ۚ

16. I<u>s</u>lawh<u>a</u> fa**i**sbiroo aw l<u>a</u> ta<u>s</u>biroo saw<u>a</u>on AAalaykum innam<u>a</u> tujzawna m<u>a</u> kuntum taAAmaloon**a**

Taste you therein its heat, and whether you are patient of it or impatient of it, it is all the same. You are only being requited for what you used to do.

وَنَعِيمٍ	جَنَّاتٍ	فِي	الْمُتَّقِينَ	إِنَّ
wanaAAe	em i jann <u>a</u> tin	fee	almuttaqeena	Inna

n				
And delight	Gardens	In	The pious	Verily
			will be	

إِنَّ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّاتٍ وَنَعِيمٍ ﴿

17. Inna almuttaqeena fee jannatin wanaAAeemin

Verily, the *Muttagun* (pious - see V.2:2) will be in Gardens (Paradise), and Delight.

ره و ه ر به م	وَوَقَاهُمْ	ره و ه	آتَاهُمْ	بِمَا	فَاكِهِينَ
rabbuhum	wawaq <u>a</u> hum	rabbuhum	<u>ata</u> hum	bim <u>a</u>	F <u>a</u> kiheena
Their Lord	And saved them	Their Lord	Has bestowed on them	In that which	Enjoying
				الْجَحِيمِ	عَذَابَ
				alja <u>h</u> eem i	AAa <u>tha</u> ba
				Blazing fire	From the
					torment of



18. Fakiheena bima atahum rabbuhum wawaqahum rabbuhum AAathaba aljaheemi Enjoying in that which their Lord has bestowed on them, and (the fact that) their Lord saved them from the torment of the blazing Fire.

تَعْمَلُونَ	كُنتُمْ	بِمَا	هَنِيئًا	وَ اشْرَ بُوا	كُلُوا
taAAmaloon a	kuntum	bim <u>a</u>	hanee-an	wa i shraboo	Kuloo
To do	You used	Because of	With	And drink	Eat
		what	happiness		

كُلُواْ وَٱشۡرَبُواْ هَنِيَّا بِمَا كُنتُمۡ تَعۡمَلُونَ ﴿

19. Kuloo waishraboo hanee-an bima kuntum taAAmaloona

"Eat and drink with happiness because of what you used to do."

بِحُورٍ	وَزَوَّجْنَاهُم	مَّصْفُوفَةٍ	ر و سنرو	عَلَى	مُتَّكِئِينَ
bi <u>h</u> oorin	wazawwajn <u>a</u> h um	ma <u>s</u> foofatin	sururin	AAal <u>a</u>	Muttaki-eena
To lovely maidens	And we shall marry them	Arranged in ranks	Thrones	On	They will recline
					عِينِ

			AAeenin
			With wide
			lovely eyes
П		1 -	

مُتَّكِينَ عَلَىٰ سُرُرٍ مَّصَفُوفَةٍ وَزَوَّجَنَاهُم بِحُورٍ عِينِ

20. Muttaki-eena AAala sururin masfoofatin wazawwajnahum bihoorin AAeenin
They will recline (with ease) on thrones arranged in ranks. And We shall marry them to
Houris (female, fair ones) with wide lovely eyes.

أُلْحَقْنَا	بِإِيمَانٍ	^ب ُ سِنعه مُ ذريته هم	والتبعثهم	آمَنُوا	و َالَّذِينَ
al <u>h</u> aqn <u>a</u>	bi-eem <u>a</u> nin	thurriyyatuhu m	wa i ttabaAAat -hum	<u>a</u> manoo	Wa a lla <u>th</u> eena
We shall join	In faith	Their offspring	And follow them	Who believe	And those
عَمَلِهِم	سِ ه من	أَلَتْنَاهُم	وَمَا	^ب سِنه و ه ذریتهم	٠ <u>؋٠</u>
AAamalihim	min	alatn <u>a</u> hum	wam <u>a</u>	thurriyyatahu m	bihim
Their deed	of	We shall decrease them	And not	Their offspring	To them
كَسَبَ	بِمَا	امْرِئِ	كُلُّ	شَيْءٍ	مِّن
kasaba	bim <u>a</u>	imri-in	kullu	shay-in	min
He has earned	For that which	Person	Every	Thing	Any
					رَهِينٌ
					raheen un
					Pledge

وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَٱتَّبَعَتُهُمْ ذُرِّيَّتُهُم بِإِيمَانٍ أَلْحَقْنَا بِمَ ذُرِّيَّتُهُمْ وَمَآ أَلَتْنَاهُم وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَٱتَّبَعَتُهُمْ ذُرِّيَّتُهُم بِإِيمَانٍ أَلْحَيْنَ عَمَلِهِم مِّن شَيْءً عَمُلِهِم مِّن شَيْءً عَمُلِهِم مِّن شَيْءً كُلُّ ٱمۡرِي مِمَا كَسَبَ رَهِينٌ شَ

21. Waallatheena amanoo waittabaAAat-hum thurriyyatuhum bi-eemanin alhaqna bihim thurriyyatahum wama alatnahum min AAamalihim min shay-in kullu imri-in bima kasaba raheen**un**

And those who believe and whose offspring follow them in Faith, to them shall We join their offspring, and We shall not decrease the reward of their deeds in anything. Every person is a pledge for that which he has earned.

يَشْتَهُونَ	مِّمَّا	وَلَحْمٍ	بِفَاكِهَةٍ	وَأُمْدَدْنَاهُم
yashtahoon a	mimm <u>a</u>	wala <u>h</u> min	bif <u>a</u> kihatin	Waamdadn <u>a</u> h um
They desire	Such as	And meat	With fruit	And we shall provide them

وَأُمْدَدُنَاهُم بِفَاكِهَةٍ وَلَحْمِ مِّمَّا يَشَّتُونَ ٢

22. Waamdadnahum bifakihatin walahmin mimma yashtahoona

And We shall provide them with fruit and meat, such as they desire.

فِيهَا	لَغُوْ	ڵؖ	كَأْسًا	فِيهَا	يَتَنَازَعُونَ			
feeh <u>a</u>	Laghwun	l <u>a</u>	ka/san	feeh <u>a</u>	Yatan <u>a</u> zaAAo			
Therein	Dirty , false talk	No	A (wine) cup	Therein	They shall pass from hand to hand			
	وَلَا تَأْثِيمٌ							
				ta/theem un	wal <u>a</u>			
				Sin	And no			

يَتَنَنزَعُونَ فِيهَا كَأْسًا لَّا لَغُوُّ فِيهَا وَلَا تَأْثِيمُ عَيْ

23. Yatan<u>a</u>zaAAoona feeh<u>a</u> ka/san l<u>a</u> laghwun feeh<u>a</u> wal<u>a</u> ta/theem**un**

There they shall pass from hand to hand a (wine) cup, free from any *Laghw* (dirty, false, evil vague talk between them), and free from sin (because it will be legal for them to drink).

ڷؙٷۨٛڵؙٷٛ	كَأَنَّهُمْ	لَّهُمْ	غِلْمَانُ	عَلَيْهِمْ	و َيَطُو فُ	
lu/luon	kaannahum	lahum	ghilm <u>a</u> nun	AAalayhim	Waya <u>t</u> oofu	
Pearls	As if they	To (serve)	Boy servants	On them	And will go	
	were	them			round	
	مَّكْنُونٌ					
					maknoon un	
					Preserved	

* وَيَطُوفُ عَلَيْمِ مَ غِلْمَانٌ لَهُمْ كَأَنَّهُمْ لُؤْلُؤٌ مَّكُنُونٌ ﴿

24. Wayatoofu AAalayhim ghilmanun lahum kaannahum lu/luon maknoon**un**And there will go round boy-servants of theirs, to serve them as if they were preserved pearls.

يَتَسَاءِلُونَ	بَعْضٍ	عَلَى	بعضهم	وَأَقْبَلَ
yatas <u>a</u> aloon a	baAA <u>d</u> in	AAal <u>a</u>	baAA <u>d</u> uhum	Waaqbala
Questioning	Others	То	Some of them	And draw near

وَأَقْبَلَ بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَىٰ بَعْضٍ يَتَسَآءَلُونَ عَلَىٰ مَعْضٍ يَتَسَآءَلُونَ

25. Waaqbala baAAduhum AAala baAAdin yatasaaloona And some of them draw near to others, questioning.

أَهْلِنَا	فِي	قَبْلُ	كُتَّا	ٳؾۜٵ	قَالُوا		
ahlin <u>a</u>	Fee	qablu	kunn <u>a</u>	inn <u>a</u>	Q <u>a</u> loo		
Our families	With	Aforetime	Were	Verily we	They will say		
	مُشْفِقِينَ						
					mushfiqeen a		
					Afraid		

قَالُوۤا إِنَّا كُنَّا قَبَلُ فِي أَهۡلِنَا مُشۡفِقِينَ ﴿

26. Qaloo inna kunna qablu fee ahlina mushfiqeena

Saying: "Aforetime, we were afraid with our families (from the punishment of Allah).

السَّمُومِ	عَذَابَ	وَوَقَانَا	عَلَيْنَا	اللَّهُ	فَمَنَّ
alssamoomi	AAa <u>tha</u> ba	wawaq <u>a</u> n <u>a</u>	AAalayn <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> hu	Famanna
(of) the fire	(from)	And has	To us	Allah	But has been
	torment	saved us			gracious

فَمَرِ ؟ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا وَوَقَلْنَا عَذَابَ ٱلسَّمُومِ ٢

27. Famanna All<u>a</u>hu AAalayn<u>a</u> wawaq<u>ana</u> AAa<u>tha</u>ba a**l**ssamoom**i**

"But Allah has been gracious to us, and has saved us from the torment of the Fire.

إِنَّهُ	نَدْعُوهُ	قَبْلُ	مِن	كُتَّا	ٳۨؾۜٵ
Innahu	nadAAoohu	qablu	min	kunn <u>a</u>	Inn <u>a</u>
Verily He	We invoke Him	bef	ore	We used to	Verily
			الرَّحِيمُ	الْبَرُّ	هُوَ
			alrra <u>h</u> eem u	albarru	huwa

			The Most- Merciful	The most kind	(He) is				
إِنَّا كُنَّا مِنَ قَبْلُ نَدْعُوهُ ۖ إِنَّهُ مَ هُوَ ٱلْبَرُّ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ﴿									
28. Inna kunna min qablu nadAAoohu innahu huwa albarru alrraheemu "Verily, We used to invoke Him (Alone and none else) before. Verily, He is <i>AlBarr</i> (the Most									
	Courteous, and C			verily, he is A	ibarr (the Most				
Section 2									
بِكَاهِنٍ	رَ بِّكَ	بنعمت	أُنتَ	فَمَا	فَذَكِّرْ				
bik <u>a</u> hin	rabbika	biniAAmati	Anta	fam <u>a</u>	Fa <u>th</u> akkir				
A soothsayer	Of your Lord	By the grace	You are	So not	Therefore remind and preach				
				مُجْنُونٍ	و َ لَا				
				majnoon in	wal <u>a</u>				
				A madman	Nor				
فَذَكِّرْ فَمَآ أَنتَ بِنِعْمَتِ رَبِّكَ بِكَاهِنِ وَلَا مَجْنُونٍ ﴿									
29. Fathakkir fa					فَذَكِّر فَمَ				
Therefore, rem	<mark>am<u>a</u> anta biniAA</mark>	<mark>mati rabbika bik</mark> (mankind, O M	<mark>ahin wala majnoo</mark> uhammad ॐ o	on in					
Therefore, rem	<mark>am<u>a</u> anta biniAA</mark> nind and preach	mati rabbika bik (mankind, O M a soothsayer, r	ahin wala majnoo uhammad 🎉o nor a madman.	on in f Islamic Monot	heism). By the				
Therefore, rem	am <u>a</u> anta biniAA nind and preach you are neither به	<mark>mati rabbika bik</mark> (mankind, O M	<mark>ahin wala majnoo</mark> uhammad ॐ o	on in					
Therefore, rem Grace of Allah, رَیْب rayba	am <u>a</u> anta biniAA nind and preach you are neither به bihi	mati rabbika bik (mankind, O M a soothsayer, r تُتَرَبَّصُ natarabba <u>s</u> u	ahin wal <u>a</u> majnoo uhammad همام nor a madman. شاعر [*] sh <u>a</u> AAirun	on in f Islamic Monot يَقُولُونَ yaqooloona	heism). By the				
Therefore, rem Grace of Allah, رَیْب rayba	am <u>a</u> anta biniAA nind and preach you are neither به bihi	mati rabbika bik (mankind, O M a soothsayer, r تُتَرَبَّصُ natarabba <u>s</u> u	ahin wal <u>a</u> majnoo uhammad همام nor a madman. شاعر [*] sh <u>a</u> AAirun	on in f Islamic Monot يَقُولُونَ yaqooloona	heism). By the				
Therefore, rem Grace of Allah, رَیْب rayba	am <u>a</u> anta biniAA nind and preach you are neither به bihi	mati rabbika bik (mankind, O M a soothsayer, r تُتَرَبَّصُ natarabba <u>s</u> u	ahin wal <u>a</u> majnoo uhammad همام nor a madman. شاعر [*] sh <u>a</u> AAirun	on in f Islamic Monot يَقُولُونَ yaqooloona	heism). By the				
Therefore, rem Grace of Allah, رَیْب rayba	am <u>a</u> anta biniAA nind and preach you are neither به bihi	mati rabbika bik (mankind, O M a soothsayer, r تُتَرَبَّصُ natarabba <u>s</u> u	ahin wal <u>a</u> majnoo uhammad همام nor a madman. شاعر [*] sh <u>a</u> AAirun	on in f Islamic Monot يَقُولُونَ yaqooloona	heism). By the اَّمْ Am Or الْمُنُونِ				

Or do they say: "(Muhammad ﷺis) a poet! We await for him some calamity by time.!"

30. Am yaqooloona shaAAirun natarabbasu bihi rayba almanooni

الْمُتَرَبِّصِينَ	سِ ر من	مَعَكُم	فَإِنِّي	تَرَبَّصُوا	قُلْ
almutarabbi <u>s</u> e	mina	maAAakum	fa-innee	tarabba <u>s</u> oo	Qul
ena					
The waiters	Among	With you	I am	Wait	say

قُلْ تَرَبُّصُواْ فَالِنِّي مَعَكُم مِّرِ . ٱلْمُتَرَبِّصِينَ ﴿

31. Qul tarabbasoo fa-innee maAAakum mina almutarabbiseena

Say (O Muhammad to them): "Wait! I am with you, among the waiters!"

هُم	أُمْ	بِهَذَا	أَحْلَامُهُم	تَأْمُرُهُمْ	أُمْ
Hum	am	bih <u>atha</u>	a <u>h</u> l <u>a</u> muhum	ta/muruhum	Am
They are	Or	This	Their minds	Command	Or
				them	
				طَاغُونَ	قَوم
				<u>tag</u> hoon a	qawmun
				Exceeding the bounds	People

أُمْ تَأْمُرُهُمْ أَحْلَامُهُم بِهَاذَا أَمْ هُمْ قَوْمٌ طَاغُونَ ٢

32. Am ta/muruhum a<u>hla</u>muhum bih<u>atha</u> am hum qawmun <u>tag</u>hoon**a**

Do their minds command them this [i.e. to tell a lie against you (Muhammad)] or are they people exceeding the bounds (i.e. from Belief in Allah to disbelief).

يُؤْمِنُونَ	Ű	بَل	تَقَوَّلَهُ	يَقُولُونَ	أُمْ
yu/minoon a	1 <u>a</u>	bal	taqawwalahu	yaqooloona	Am
They believe	Not	Nay	He has forged	They say	Or
			it		

أُمۡ يَقُولُونَ تَقَوَّلَهُ ﴿ بَلِ لَّا يُؤۡمِنُونَ ﴿

33. Am yaqooloona taqawwalahu bal la yu/minoona

Or do they say: "He (Muhammad 🤲) has forged it (this Qur'an)?" Nay! They believe not!

صَادِقِينَ	كَأْنُوا	إِن	مُّثْلِهِ	بِحَدِيثٍ	فَلْيَأْتُوا
<u>Sa</u> diqeena	k <u>a</u> noo	in	mithlihi	bi <u>h</u> adeethin	Falya/too
truthful	They are	If	Like unto it	A recietal	Then let them produce

فَلْيَأْتُواْ بِحَدِيثٍ مِّثْلِهِ مِ إِن كَانُواْ صَدِقِينَ ﴿

khuligoo

They

Am

Or

almusaytiroon

were

34. Falya/too bihadeethin mithlihi in kanoo sadiqeena

shay-in

Thing

am

Or

Let them then produce a recital like unto it (the Qur'an) if they are truthful.

ghayri

No

مِنْ

min

By

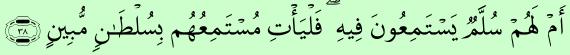
				created					
				الْخَالِقُونَ	ه و هـم				
				alkh <u>a</u> liqoon a	humu				
				The creators	They were				
أُمْ خُلِقُواْ مِنْ غَيْرِ شَيْءٍ أُمْ هُمُ ٱلْخَلِقُونَ ﴿ عَالَمُ مَنْ غَيْرِ شَيْءٍ أُمْ هُمُ ٱلْخَلِقُونَ ﴿ 35. Am khuliqoo min ghayri shay-in am humu alkhaliqoona									
	ated by nothing,	· ·		eators?					
	•	·							
Ű	بَل	وَالْأَرْضَ	السَّمَاوَاتِ	خَلَقُوا	أُمْ				
1 <u>a</u>	bal	wa a l-ar <u>d</u> a	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	Khalaqoo	Am				
Not	Nay, but	And the Earth	The Heavens	Did they create	Or				
					يُوقِنُونَ				
					yooqinoona				
					They have firm belief				
		دُّ يُوقِنُونَ ﴿	لأرض بك أ	سَّمَواتِ وَٱ	أُمْ خَلَقُواْ آا				
	<mark>oo al</mark> ssam <u>awa</u> ti w eate the heavens			nave no firm Beli	ief.				
هُمُ	اً م	رَبِّك	خَزَائِنُ	عِندَهُمْ	أُمْ				
humu	am	rabbika	khaz <u>a</u> -inu	AAindahum	Am				
They are	Or	Your Lord	(are) the treasures of	With them	Or				
					الْمُصَيْطِرُونَ				

		a
		The tyrants
		The tyrants with the
		authority to
		do as they
		authority to do as they like

أُمْ عِندَهُمْ خَزَآبِنُ رَبِّكَ أُمْ هُمُ ٱلْمُصَّيْطِرُونَ عَندَهُمْ خَزَآبِنُ رَبِّكَ أُمْ هُمُ ٱلْمُصَّيْطِرُونَ

37. Am AAindahum khaza-inu rabbika am humu almusaytiroona
Or are with them the treasures of your Lord? Or are they the tyrants with the authority to do as they like?

فَلْيَأْتِ	فِيهِ	يَسْتَمِغُونَ	سُلُّم	لَهُمْ	اً ام
falya/ti	feehi	yastamiAAoo	sullamun	lahum	Am
Then let produce	By means of which	They listen	A stairway	Have they	Or
			مُّبِينِ	بِسُلْطَانٍ	مُستَمِعُهُم
			mubeen in	bisul <u>ta</u> nin	mustamiAAu hum
			Manifest	Proof	Their listener
			صلے و و		



38. Am lahum sullamun yastamiAAoona feehi falya/ti mustamiAAuhum bisultanin mubeenin Or have they a stairway (to heaven), by means of which they listen (to the talks of the angels)? Then let their listener produce some manifest proof.

الْبَنُونَ	وَلَكُمُ	الْبَنَاتُ	مُلْ	اً م
albanoon a	walakumu	Alban <u>a</u> tu	lahu	Am
Sons	And you have	Daughters	Has He	Or



39. Am lahu albanatu walakumu albanoona
Or has He (Allah) only daughters and you have sons?

مُعْرَمٍ	مّن	فَحُم	أُجْرًا	تَسْأَلُهُمْ	أُمْ
maghramin	Min	fahum	ajran	tas-aluhum	Am
A load of	From	So that they	A wage	You ask from	Or

debts		them	
			مُّثقَلُونَ
			muthqaloon a
			Are burdened

أُمْ تَسْعَلُهُمْ أَجْرًا فَهُم مِّن مَّغْرَمِ مُّثْقَلُونَ ﴿

40. Am tas-aluhum ajran fahum min maghramin muthqaloona

Or is it that you (O Muhammad s) ask a wage from them (for your preaching of Islamic Monotheism) so that they are burdened with a load of debt?

	يَكْتُبُونَ	فَى م	الْغَيْبُ	عِندَهُمُ	أُمْ
	yaktuboon a	fahum	alghaybu	AAindahumu	Am
	Write it down	And they	The unseen	Is with them	Or

أُمْ عِندَهُمُ ٱلْغَيْبُ فَهُمْ يَكْتُبُونَ ٢

41. Am AAindahumu alghaybu fahum yaktuboona

Or that the Ghaib (unseen) is with them, and they write it down?

هم	كَفَرُوا	فَالَّذِينَ	كَيْدًا	يُرِيدُونَ	أُمْ
humu	Kafaroo	fa a lla <u>th</u> eena	kaydan	yureedoona	Am
Themselves	Who disbelieve	So those	A plot	De they intend	Or
					الْمَكِيدُونَ
					almakeedoon
					a
				صل	Are in a plot

أُمْ يُرِيدُونَ كَيدًا فَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ هُمُ ٱلْمَكِيدُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ

42. Am yureedoona kaydan faallatheena kafaroo humu almakeedoona

Or do they intend a plot (against you O Muhammad)? But those who disbelieve (in the Oneness of Allah Islamic Monotheism) are themselves in a plot!

سُبْحَانَ	اللَّهِ	َهُ هُ غير	إِلَّهُ	لَهُمْ	أُمْ
sub <u>ha</u> na	All <u>a</u> hi	ghayru	il <u>a</u> hun	lahum	Am
Glorified is	Allah	Other than	A god	Have they	Or

يُشْرِكُونَ	عَمَّا	اللَّهِ
yushrikoon a	AAamm <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> hi
They ascribe as partners (to Him)	From all that	Allah

أُمْ لَهُمْ إِلَنَّهُ غَيْرُ ٱللَّهِ شَبْحَينَ ٱللَّهِ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿

43. Am lahum ilahun ghayru Allahi subhana Allahi AAamma yushrikoona
Or have they an *ilah* (a god) other than Allah? Glorified be Allah from all that they ascribe as partners (to Him)

سَاقِطًا	السَّمَاء	مِن من	كِسْفًا	يَرَوْا	وَإِن
s <u>a</u> qi <u>t</u> an	alssam <u>a</u> -i	mina	kisfan	yaraw	Wa-in
Falling down	The Heaven	Of	A piece	They were to see	And if
			م مَّر كُومُ	سُحَابٌ	يَقُولُوا
			markoom un	sa <u>ha</u> bun	yaqooloo
			Gathered in Heaps	Clouds	They would say

وَإِن يَرَوْاْ كِسْفًا مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ سَاقِطًا يَقُولُواْ سَحَابٌ مَّرْكُومٌ ١

44. Wa-in yaraw kisfan mina alssama-i saqitan yaqooloo sahabun markoomun

And if they were to see a piece of the heaven falling down, they would say: "Clouds gathered in heaps!"

فِيهِ	الَّذِي	يوم و و يوم ه م	يُلَاقُوا	حُتَّى	فَذَرْهُمْ		
feehi	alla <u>th</u> ee	yawmahumu	yul <u>a</u> qoo	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	Fa <u>th</u> arhum		
In it	Which	Their day	Thye meet	till	So leave them		
عَقُونَ							
					yu <u>s</u> AAaqoon		
					a		
					They will		
					sink into a		
					fainting		

فَذَرْهُمْ حَتَّىٰ يُلَاقُواْ يَوْمَهُمُ ٱلَّذِي فِيهِ يُصْعَقُونَ عَلَى فَدُرُهُمْ مَا اللَّهِ عَلَى فَيهِ اللَّهُ عَلَى فَيهِ اللَّهُ عَلَى فَيهِ اللَّهُ عَلَى فَيهِ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّمُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّ عَلَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَا عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّ عَلَّهُ عَلَّ عَلَّهُ

45. Fatharhum hatta yulaqoo yawmahumu allathee feehi yusAAaqoona

So leave them alone till they meet their Day, in which they will sink into a fainting (with horror).

شَيْعًا	كَيْدُهُمْ	عنهم	يغني	Ú	يَوْمَ
shay-an	kayduhum	AAanhum	yughnee	1 <u>a</u>	Yawma
At all	Their plotting	(from) them	Shall avail	Not	The Day (when)
			يُنصَرُونَ	هُمْ	و َ لَا
			yun <u>s</u> aroon a	hum	wal <u>a</u>
			Will be helped	They	(and) nor

يَوْمَ لَا يُغْنِي عَنْهُمْ كَيْدُهُمْ شَيًّا وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ ﴿

46. Yawma la yughnee AAanhum kayduhum shay-an wala hum yunsaroona The Day when their plotting shall not avail them at all nor will they be helped (i.e. they will receive their torment in Hell).

ذَلِكَ	دُونَ	عَذَابًا	ظَلَمُوا	لِلَّذِينَ	وَ إِنَّ
<u>tha</u> lika	doona	AAa <u>tha</u> ban	<u>th</u> alamoo	lilla <u>th</u> eena	Wa-inna
<u>This</u>	Before	Punishment	Who do	For those	And verily
			wrong		
		يَعْلَمُونَ	Ú	أَكْثَرَهُمْ	وَلَكِنَّ
		yaAAlamoon	1 <u>a</u>	aktharahum	wal <u>a</u> kinna
		a			
		Know	Not	Most of them	But

47. Wa-inna lilla<u>th</u>eena <u>th</u>alamoo AAa<u>tha</u>ban doona <u>tha</u>lika wal<u>a</u>kinna aktharahum l<u>a</u> yaAAlamoon**a**

And verily, for those who do wrong, there is another punishment (i.e. the torment in this world and in their graves) before this, but most of them know not. [*Tafsir At-Tabari*, Vol. 27, Page 36].

وَ سَبِّحْ	بِأَعْيُنِنَا	فَإِنَّكَ	رَبِّكَ	لِحُكْمِ	وَاصْبِرْ
wasabbi <u>h</u>	bi-aAAyunin <u>a</u>	fa-innaka	rabbika	li <u>h</u> ukmi	Wa i sbir
And glorify	Under Our eyes	For verily you are	(of) you Lord	For the decision	So wait patiently
		تَقُومُ	حِينَ	رَبِّكَ	بِحَمْدِ

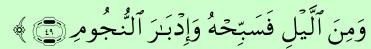
	taqoom u	<u>h</u> eena	rabbika	bi <u>h</u> amdi
	You get up	When	Your Lord	The praises of
	from sleep			

وَٱصۡبِرۡ لِحُكۡمِرِ رَبِّكَ فَإِنَّكَ بِأَعۡيُنِنَا ۖ وَسَبِّحۡ نِحَمۡدِ رَبِّكَ حِينَ تَقُومُ ﴿

48. Waisbir lihukmi rabbika fa-innaka bi-aAAyunina wasabbih bihamdi rabbika heena taqoomu

So wait patiently (O Muhammad) for the Decision of your Lord, for verily, you are under Our Eyes, and glorify the Praises of your Lord when you get up from sleep.

النُّجُومِ	وَ إِدْ بَارَ	فسبحه	اللَّيْلِ	وَمِنَ
alnnujoomi	wa-idb <u>a</u> ra	fasabbi <u>h</u> hu	allayli	Wamina
The stars	And (at the) setting of	Also glorify His praises	The night time	And in



49. Wamina allayli fasabbihhu wa-idbara alnnujoomi

And in the night-time, also glorify His Praises, and at the setting of the stars.

Surah # 53 AN-NAJM



Period of revelation

This Surah was also revealed during the fifth year of the Prophet's (pboh) stay in Makkah. According to the authoraties this was the first surah that prophet (pboh) publicly recited in Kaba in the presence of both the belivers and the disbelivers. When the Prophet (pboh) recited the verse of sajda in this surah both the belivers and the disbelivers who were present there fall into prostration along with the Prophet (pboh). This sura contains 62 verse and 3 sections.

هُوَى	إِذَا	وَ النَّحْمِ
haw <u>a</u>	i <u>tha</u>	Wa al nnajmi
Ir goes down (vanishes)	When	By the stars

﴿ وَٱلنَّجْمِ إِذَا هَوَىٰ ١

1. Waalnnajmi itha hawa

By the star when it goes down, (or vanishes).

غُوَى	وَمَا	صَاحِبُكُمْ	ضَلَّ	مَا
ghaw <u>a</u>	wam <u>a</u>	<u>Sah</u> ibukum	<u>d</u> alla	M <u>a</u>
Has erred	Nor	Your	Has gone	Neither
		companion	astray	

مَا ضَلَّ صَاحِبُكُمْ وَمَا غَوَىٰ ١

2. Ma dalla sahibukum wama ghawa

Your companion (Muhammad) has neither gone astray nor has erred.

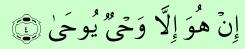
الْهَوَى	عَنِ	يَنطِقُ	وَ مَا
alhaw <u>a</u>	AAani	yan <u>t</u> iqu	Wam <u>a</u>
The desire	From	Speak	Nor



3. Wama yantiqu AAani alhawa

Nor does he speak of (his own) desire.

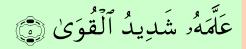
يُو حَي	<u>َ</u> وَ حْيُّ	ٳۣؖۜ	هُوَ	إِنْ
yoo <u>ha</u>	Wa <u>h</u> yun	ill <u>a</u>	huwa	In
Tha inspi	1	But (only)	It is	not



4. In huwa illa wahyun yooha

It is only an Inspiration that is inspired.

الْقُوك	شُكِيدُ	عَلَّمَهُ
alquw <u>a</u>	shadeedu	AAallamahu
In power	One mighty	Has taught
		him (this
		Quran)



5. AAallamahu shadeedu alquwa

He has been taught (this Qur'an) by one mighty in power [Jibrael (Gabriel)].

فَاسْتُو َي	مِرَّةٍ	ذُو
Fa i staw <u>a</u>	mirratin	<u>Th</u> oo
Then he rose and became stable	endued	

ذُو مِرَّةٍ فَٱسۡتَوَىٰ ١

6. Thoo mirratin faistawa

Dhu Mirrah (free from any defect in body and mind), Fastawa [then he (Jibrael Gabriel) rose and became stable]. [Tafsir At-Tabari].

	الْأَعْلَى	بِالْأَفْقِ	وَهُ وَ
	al-aAAl <u>a</u>	bial-ofuqi	Wahuwa
	Highest part	In the Horizon	And He



7. Wahuwa bi**a**l-ofuqi al-aAAla

While he [Jibrael (Gabriel)] was in the highest part of the horizon,

	فَتَدَلَّی	دَنَا	^ۇ . س
	Fatadall <u>a</u>	dan <u>a</u>	Thumma
	And came	Не	Then
	closer	approached	



8. Thumma dana fatadalla

Then he [Jibrael (Gabriel)] approached and came closer,

أَدْنَى	أَوْ	قَوْسَيْنِ	قَابَ	فَكَانَ
adn <u>a</u>	aw	qawsayni	q <u>a</u> ba	Fak <u>a</u> na
Nearer	Or	Two bow's lengths	At a distance of	And was

29

فَكَانَ قَابَ قَوْسَيْنِ أَوْ أَدْنَىٰ ١

9. Fakana qaba qawsayni aw adna

And was at a distance of two bows' length or (even) nearer,

أُوْحَى	مَا	عَبْدِهِ	إِلَى	فَأُوْحَي
Aw <u>ha</u>	m <u>a</u>	AAabdihi	il <u>a</u>	Faaw <u>ha</u>
He inspired	What	His slave	То	So he conveyed the inspiration

فَأُوْحَى إِلَىٰ عَبْدِهِ مَا أُوْحَىٰ ﴿

10. Faawha ila AAabdihi ma awha

So did (Allah) convey the Inspiration to His slave [Muhammad through Jibrael (Gabriel)].

رَأَى	مَا	الْفُؤَادُ	كَذَبَ	مَا
Ra <u>a</u>	m <u>a</u>	alfu- <u>a</u> du	ka <u>th</u> aba	M <u>a</u>
He saw	What	The Heart	Lied	Not

مَا كَذَبَ ٱلۡفُؤَادُ مَا رَأَىٰ ١

11. Ma kathaba alfu-adu ma raa

The (Prophet's) heart lied not (in seeing) what he (Muhammad) saw.

یُرَی	مَا	عَلَى	أَفَتُمَارُونَهُ
yar <u>a</u>	m <u>a</u>	AAal <u>a</u>	Afatum <u>a</u> roon ahu
He saw	What	About	Will you then dispute with them

أَفَتُمَارُونَهُ عَلَىٰ مَا يَرَىٰ ١

12. Afatumaroonahu AAala ma yara

Will you then dispute with him (Muhammad) about what he saw [during the *Mi'raj*: (Ascent of the Prophet over the seven heavens)].

	المُ الْحُرَى	نَزْلَةً	رَآهُ	وَ لَقَدْ
	Okhr <u>a</u>	nazlatan	ra <u>a</u> hu	Walaqad
	Another	Descent	He saw him	And indeed

وَلَقَد رَءَاهُ نَزَلَةً أُخْرَىٰ ٢

13. Walaqad raahu nazlatan okhra

And indeed he (Muhammad saw him [Jibrael (Gabriel)] at a second descent (i.e. another time).

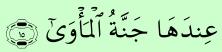
	الْمُنْتَهَى	سِدْرَةِ	عِندُ
	almuntah <u>a</u>	sidrati	AAinda
	The utmost	Lote-tree	Near
	boundry		



14. AAinda sidrati almuntaha

Near Sidrat-ul-Muntaha [lote-tree of the utmost boundary (beyond which none can pass)],

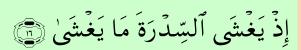
الْمَأْوَى	جُنة جَنة	عِندَهَا
alma/w <u>a</u>	jannatu	AAindah <u>a</u>
Of abode	The paradise	Near it



15. AAindaha jannatu alma/wa

Near it is the Paradise of Abode.

	يَغْشَى	مَا	السِّدْرَة	يَغْشَى	إِذْ
7	Yaghsh <u>a</u>	m <u>a</u>	alssidrata	yaghsh <u>a</u>	I <u>th</u>
I	t covered	What	The Lote-tree	That covered	When



16. Ith yaghsha alssidrata ma yaghsha

When that covered the lote-tree which did cover it!

طَغَى	وَمَا	الْبَصَرُ	زَاغَ	مَا
<u>T</u> agh <u>a</u>	wam <u>a</u>	alba <u>s</u> aru	z <u>a</u> gha	M <u>a</u>
It transgressed beyond limit	And not	The sight	Turned aside	Not

مَا زَاغَ ٱلۡبَصَرُ وَمَا طَغَىٰ ﴿

17. Ma zagha albasaru wama tagha

The sight (of Prophet Muhammad beyond (the) limit (ordained for it).

الْكُبْرَى	رَبِّهِ	آیاتِ	مِن	رَأَى	لَقَدْ
alkubr <u>a</u>	rabbihi	<u>aya</u> ti	min	ra <u>a</u>	Laqad
The gratest	Of his Lord	Signs	Of	He did see	Indeed



18. Laqad raa min ayati rabbihi alkubra

Indeed he (Muhammad) did see, of the Greatest Signs, of his Lord (Allah).

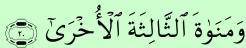
ن	وَ الْعُزَّى	اللَّاتَ	أَفْرَأَيْتُمُ
wa	a a lAAuzz <u>a</u>	all <u>a</u> ta	Afaraaytumu
An	nd Uzza	Al-lat	You have
			then
			considered

أَفَرَءَيْتُمُ ٱللَّتَ وَٱلْعُزَّىٰ ١

19. Afaraaytumu allata wa**a**lAAuzza

Have you then considered Al-Lat, and Al-'Uzza (two idols of the pagan Arabs)

الْأُخْرَى	الثَّالِثَة	وَمَنَاةً
al-okhr <u>a</u>	althth <u>a</u> lithata	Waman <u>a</u> ta
Other	The third	And Manat



20. Wamanata alththalithata al-okhra

And *Manat* (another idol of the pagan Arabs), the other third?

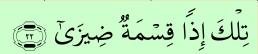
	الْأُنثَى	وَ لَهُ	الذَّكَرُ	ٲٞڶػؙؠؙ
	al-onth <u>a</u>	walahu	a l ththakaru	Alakumu
	The females	And for Him	The males	Is it for you



21. Alakumu alththakaru walahu al-ontha

Is it for you the males and for Him the females?

	ۻۑڒؘۘؽ	قِسْمَةُ	إِذًا	تِلْكَ
	<u>d</u> eez <u>a</u>	qismatun	i <u>th</u> an	Tilka
	Most unfair	A division	Then	That



22. Tilka ithan qismatun deeza

That indeed is a division most unfair!

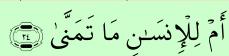
أُنتُمْ	سَمَّيْتُمُوهَا	أسْمَاء	ڵؖٳ	هِي	إِن
antum	sammaytumo oh <u>a</u>	asm <u>a</u> on	ill <u>a</u>	hiya	In
You	Which you have named	Names	But	they	not
مِن	بهَا	الله	أُنزَلَ	مَّا	و آباؤ کُم
min	bih <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> hu	anzala	m <u>a</u>	wa <u>a</u> b <u>a</u> okum
Any	For which	Allah	Has sent down	Not	And your fathers
وَمَا	الظَّنَّ	ٳۜؖ	يَتَّبِعُونَ	إِن	سُلْطَانٍ
wam <u>a</u>	a l ththanna	ill <u>a</u>	yattabiAAoon a	in	sul <u>ta</u> nin
Ad that which	A guess	But	They follow	not	Authority
سِرِ ه ر بع م	مِّن	جَاءهُم	وَ لَقَدْ	الْأَنفُسُ	تَهُوك
rabbihimu	min	<u>ja</u> ahum	walaqad	al-anfusu	tahw <u>a</u>
Their Lord	From	Has come to them	And surely	The souls	Desire
					الْهُدَى
					alhud <u>a</u>

The Guidence

إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا أَسَمَاءُ سَمَّيْتُمُوهَا أَنتُمْ وَءَابَآؤُكُم مَّاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ بِهَا مِن سُلَطَنَ إِلَّا أَسْمَاءُ سَمَّيْتُمُوهَا أَنتُمْ وَءَابَآؤُكُم مَّاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ بِهَا مِن سُلَطَنَ إِلَا ٱلظَّنَ وَمَا تَهْوَى ٱلْأَنفُسُ وَلَقَدْ جَآءَهُم مِّن رَبِّهُ اللهُ لَكُونَ إِلَّا ٱلظَّنَ وَمَا تَهْوَى ٱلْأَنفُسُ وَلَقَدْ جَآءَهُم مِّن رَبِّهُ أَلْهُدَى اللهُ لَكُن اللهُ ا

23. In hiya illa asmaon sammaytumooha antum waabaokum ma anzala Allahu biha min sultanin in yattabiAAoona illa alththanna wama tahwa al-anfusu walaqad jaahum min rabbihimu alhuda They are but names which you have named, you and your fathers, for which Allah has sent down no authority. They follow not but a guess and that which they themselves desire, whereas there has surely come to them the Guidance from their Lord!

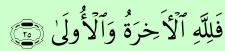
تَمَنَّى	مَا	لِلْإِنسَانِ	أُمْ
tamann <u>a</u>	m <u>a</u>	lil-ins <u>a</u> ni	Am
He wishes	What	Shall man	Or
		have	



24. Am lil-insani ma tamanna

Or shall man have what he wishes?

	وَالْأُولَى	الْآخِرَةُ	فَلِلَّهِ
	wa a l-ool <u>a</u>	al- <u>a</u> khiratu	Falill <u>a</u> hi
	And the first	The last	But to Allah
	(the world)	(hereafter)	belongs



25. Falillahi al-akhiratu wa**a**l-oola

But to Allah belongs the last (Hereafter) and the first (the world).

Section 2

Ú	السَّمَاوَاتِ	فِي	مَّلُكِ	مِّن	و کَم
1 <u>a</u>	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	fee	Malakin	min	Wakam
Not	The Heavens	In	angel	of	And How
					many

بَعْدِ	مِن	ٳؖۜ	شَيْئًا	شُفَاعَتُهُمْ	تُعْنِي
baAAdi	min	ill <u>a</u>	shay-an	shaf <u>a</u> AAatuh um	tughnee
after		Except	Anything	Their intercession	Will avail
وَيَرْضَي	يَشَاء	لِمَن	اللَّهُ	يَأْذَنَ	أُن
wayar <u>da</u>	yash <u>a</u> o	liman	All <u>a</u> hu	ya/ <u>th</u> ana	an
A pleases	He wills	For whom	Allah	Has given leave	That

وَكُم مِّن مَّلَكِ فِي ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ لَا تُغَنِى شَفَعَتُهُمْ شَيَّا إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِ أَن يَأْذَنَ ٱللَّهُ لِمَن يَشَآءُ وَيَرْضَى ﴿

26. Wakam min malakin fee alssam<u>a</u>w<u>a</u>ti l<u>a</u> tughnee shaf<u>a</u>AAatuhum shay-an ill<u>a</u> min baAAdi an ya/<u>th</u>ana All<u>a</u>hu liman yash<u>a</u>o wayar<u>da</u>

And there are many angels in the heavens, whose intercession will avail nothing except after Allah has given leave for whom He wills and pleases.

لَيُسَمُّونَ	بِالْآخِرَةِ	يُؤْمِنُونَ	Ú	الَّذِينَ	إِنَّ
layusammoon a	bi a l- <u>a</u> khirati	yu/minoona	1 <u>a</u>	alla <u>th</u> eena	Inna
Name	In the Hereafter	Who believe	Not	Those	Verily
			الْأُنشَى	تَسْمِيَة	الْمَلَائِكَةَ
			al-onth <u>a</u>	tasmiyata	almal <u>a</u> -ikata
			Female	With names (of)	The angels

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْأَخِرَةِ لَيُسَمُّونَ ٱلۡلَنِهِكَةَ تَسۡمِيَةَ ٱلْأُنتَىٰ ١

27. Inna allatheena la yu/minoona bial-akhirati layusammoona almala-ikata tasmiyata al-ontha Verily, those who believe not in the Hereafter, name the angels with female names.

إِن	عِلْمٍ	مِنْ	بِهِ	لَهُم	وَمَا
in	AAilmin	min	Bihi	lahum	Wam <u>a</u>
not	knowledge	any	Thereof	They have	While not
Ú	الظَّنَّ	وَ إِنَّ	الظَّنَّ	ٳؖۜ	يَتَّبِعُونَ

1 <u>a</u>	a l ththanna	wa-inna	a l ththanna	ill <u>a</u>	yattabiAAoon
					a
Doesnot	Guess	And verily	A guess	But	They follow
		شَيئا	الْحَقّ	مِنَ	يُغْنِي
		shay- <u>a</u> n	al <u>h</u> aqqi	mina	yughnee
		At all	The truth	For	Substitute

وَمَا لَهُم بِهِ مِنْ عِلْمٍ إِن يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا ٱلظَّنَّ وَإِنَّ ٱلظَّنَّ لَا يُغْنِى مِنَ



28. Wam<u>a</u> lahum bihi min AAilmin in yattabiAAoona ill<u>a</u> al<u>thth</u>anna wa-inna al<u>thth</u>anna l<u>a</u> yughnee mina al<u>h</u>aqqi shay-<u>a</u>n

While they have no knowledge thereof. They follow but a guess, and verily, guess is no substitute for the truth.

ۮؚػ۠ڕؚؽؘٵ	عَن	تَوَلَّى	مَّن	عَن	فَأَعْرِضْ
<u>th</u> ikrin <u>a</u>	AAan	tawall <u>a</u>	man	AAan	FaaAAri <u>d</u>
Our Reminder	From	Turns away	Him who	From	Therefore withdraw
	الدُّنْيَا	الْحَيَاةَ	لَّآ	يُرِدْ	وَلَمْ
	a l dduny <u>a</u>	al <u>h</u> ay <u>a</u> ta	ill <u>a</u>	yurid	walam
	Of this world	The life	But	He desires	And not

فَأَعْرِضَ عَن مَّن تَوَلَّىٰ عَن ذِكْرِنَا وَلَمْ يُرِدْ إِلَّا ٱلْحَيَوٰةَ ٱلدُّنْيَا ﴿

29. FaaAArid AAan man tawalla AAan thikrina walam yurid illa alhayata alddunya

Therefore withdraw (O Muhammad) from him who turns away from Our Reminder (this Qur'an) and desires nothing but the life of this world.

رَ بَّكَ	ٳؚڹۜ	الْعِلْمِ	سِ َ من	مَبْلَغُهُم	ذَلِكَ
rabbaka	inna	alAAilmi	mina	mablaghuhum	<u>Tha</u> lika
Your Lord	Verily	Knowledge	Of	Their highest point	That is
سَبِيلِهِ	عَن	ضَلَّ	بِمَن	أُعْلَمُ	هُوَ
sabeelihi	AAan	<u>d</u> alla	biman	aAAlamu	huwa
His path	Engan	Coos saturary	Him who	Knows best	He is who
mis paul	From	Goes astray	THIII WHO	Kilows best	Tie is willo

ihtad <u>a</u>	bimani	aAAlamu	wahuwa
Receives	Him who	Knows best	And He
guidance			

ذَالِكَ مَبْلَغُهُم مِّنَ ٱلْعِلْمِ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُو أَعْلَمُ بِمَن ضَلَّ عَن سَبِيلِهِ وَهُو أَعْلَمُ بِمَن ٱهْتَدَىٰ ﴿

30. <u>Tha</u>lika mablaghuhum mina alAAilmi inna rabbaka huwa aAAlamu biman <u>d</u>alla AAan sabeelihi wahuwa aAAlamu bimani ihtada

That is what they could reach of knowledge. Verily, your Lord it is He Who knows best him who goes astray from His Path, and He knows best him who receives guidance.

فِي	وَمَا	السَّمَاوَاتِ	فِي	مَا	وَ لِلَّهِ
fee	wam <u>a</u>	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	fee	m <u>a</u>	Walill <u>a</u> hi
In	And all that is	The Heavens	In	All that is	And to Allah belongs
عَمِلُوا	بِمَا	أَسَاؤُوا	ٱلَّذِينَ	لِيَجْزِيَ	الْأَرْضِ
AAamiloo	bim <u>a</u>	as <u>a</u> oo	alla <u>th</u> eena	liyajziya	al-ar <u>d</u> i
They have done	With that which	Who do evil	Those	That He may requite	The Earth
		بِالْحُسْنَى	أُحْسَنُوا	ٱلَّذِينَ	و َيَحْزِيَ
		bi a l <u>h</u> usn <u>a</u>	a <u>h</u> sanoo	alla <u>th</u> eena	wayajziya
		With goodness	Who do good	Those	And reward

وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ لِيَجْزِى ٱلَّذِينَ أَسَتُواْ بِمَا عَمِلُواْ وَبَحَرْى ٱلَّذِينَ أَسَتُواْ بِمَا عَمِلُواْ وَبَحَرْى ٱلَّذِينَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُواْ بِٱلْحُسْنَى ﴿

31. Walill<u>a</u>hi m<u>a</u> fee a<u>l</u>ssam<u>a</u>w<u>a</u>ti wam<u>a</u> fee al-ar<u>d</u>i liyajziya alla<u>th</u>eena a<u>sa</u>oo bim<u>a</u> AAamiloo wayajziya alla<u>th</u>eena a<u>h</u>sanoo bi**a**l<u>h</u>usn<u>a</u>

And to Allah belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, that He may requite those who do evil with that which they have done (i.e. punish them in Hell), and reward those who do good, with what is best (i.e. Paradise).

ٳؖ	وَالْفَوَاحِشَ	الْإِثْمِ	كَبَائِرَ	يَجْتَنِبُونَ	الَّذِينَ
ill <u>a</u>	wa a lfaw <u>ah</u> ish a	al-ithmi	kab <u>a</u> -ira	yajtaniboona	Alla <u>th</u> eena

Except	And illegal sexual contact	Sins	Great	Who avoid	Those
هُوَ	الْمَغْفِرَةِ	وَاسِعُ	رَبَّكَ	إِنَّ	اللَّمَمَ
huwa	almaghfirati	w <u>a</u> siAAu	rabbaka	inna	allamama
Не	Forgiveness	Of vast	Your Lord is	Verily	The small faults
الْأَرْضِ	مُّنَ	أنشأكُم	إذ	بِکُمْ	أُعْلَمُ
al-ar <u>d</u> i	mina	anshaakum	i <u>th</u>	bikum	aAAlamu
The Earth	From	He created you	When	(of) you	Knows well
ٱؙمَّهَاتِكُمْ	بُطُونِ	فِي	أُجِنَّةً	أُنتُمْ	وَإِذْ
ommah <u>a</u> tiku m	bu <u>t</u> ooni	fee	ajinnatun	antum	wa-i <u>th</u>
Of your mothers	Wombs	In	Fetuses	You were	And when
بِمَنِ	أُعْلَمُ	هُوَ	أَنفُسَكُمْ	تُزكُّوا	فَلَا
bimani	aAAlamu	huwa	anfusakum	tuzakkoo	fal <u>a</u>
Him who	Knows best	Не	To yourselves	Ascribe purity	So not
ٵتَّقَى					
					ittaq <u>a</u>
					Fears (Allah)
ٱلَّذِينَ كَبَّتِنبُونَ كَبَّهِرَ ٱلْإِثْمِ وَٱلْفَوَ حِشَ إِلَّا ٱللَّمَمَ ۚ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ وَاسِعُ					

ٱلَّذِينَ عَجۡتَنِبُونَ كَبَيۡمِ ٱلۡإِثۡمِ وَٱلۡفَوَاحِشَ إِلَّا ٱللَّمَ ۚ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ وَاسِعُ الَّذِينَ عَجۡتَنِبُونَ كَبَيۡمِ ٱلۡإِثۡمِ وَٱلۡفَوَاحِشَ إِلَّا ٱللَّمَ ۚ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ وَاسِعُ اللَّمَ عَفِرَةِ ۚ هُو أَعۡلَمُ بِكُمۡ إِذۡ أَنشَاكُم مِّرَ ٱلْأَرۡضِ وَإِذۡ أَنتُم أَجِنَّةُ فِي اللَّمَ عَفِرَةِ ۚ هُو أَعۡلَمُ بِمَنِ ٱلْقَلَى اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ الْ

32. Alla<u>th</u>eena yajtaniboona kab<u>a</u>-ira al-ithmi wa**a**lfaw<u>ah</u>isha ill<u>a</u> allamama inna rabbaka w<u>a</u>siAAu almaghfirati huwa aAAlamu bikum i<u>th</u> anshaakum mina al-ar<u>d</u>i wa-i<u>th</u> antum ajinnatun fee butooni ommahatikum fala tuzakkoo anfusakum huwa aAAlamu bimani ittaga

Those who avoid great sins (see the Qur'an, Verses: 6:152,153) and *Al-Fawahish* (illegal sexual intercourse, etc.) except the small faults, verily, your Lord is of vast forgiveness. He knows you well when He created you from the earth (Adam), and when you were fetuses in your mothers' wombs. So ascribe not purity to yourselves. He knows best him who fears Allah and keep his duty to Him [i.e. those who are *Al-Muttaqun* (pious - see V.2:2)].

Section 3

	تَوَلَّى	الَّذِي	أَفُرَأَيْتَ
ta	wall <u>a</u>	alla <u>th</u> ee	Afaraayta
Tr	runed away	Him who	Did you observe

أَفَرَءَيْتَ ٱلَّذِي تَوَلَّىٰ اللَّهِ

33. Afaraayta allathee tawalla

Did you (O Muhammad) observe him who turned away (from Islam).

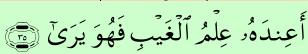
	وَأَكْدَى	قَلِيلًا	وَأَعْطَى
	Waakd <u>a</u>	qaleelan	WaaAA <u>ta</u>
	Then He stopped (giving)	A little	And gave

وَأَعْطَىٰ قَلِيلًا وَأَكْدَىٰ ١

34. WaaAAta qaleelan waakda

And gave a little, then stopped (giving)?

رُی		الْغَيْبِ	عِلْمُ	أُعِندَهُ
yar <u>a</u>	fahuwa	alghaybi	Aailmu	aAAindahu
He se	ees So that	Of the uns	seen The	Is with him
			knowledge	e



35. aAAindahu Aailmu alghaybi fahuwa yara

Is with him the knowledge of the unseen so that he sees?

صُحُفِ	فِي	بِمَا	وَيُنْبُأُ يُنْبُأُ	كَمْ	أُمْ
<u>s</u> u <u>h</u> ufi	Fee	bim <u>a</u>	yunabba/	lam	Am
The pages	In	With what is	He is	Not	Or
(scripture)			informed		
مُوسَى					
					moos <u>a</u>
					Of Moses

أُمْ لَمْ يُنَبَّأُ بِمَا فِي صُحُفِ مُوسَىٰ ﴿

36. Am lam yunabba/ bima fee suhufi moosa

Or is he not informed with what is in the Pages (Scripture) of Musa (Moses),

و َفَّى	الَّذِي	وَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ
waff <u>a</u>	alla <u>th</u> ee	Wa- ibr <u>a</u> heema
Fulfilled (his convenant)	Who	Of Abraham

وَإِبْرَ ٰهِيمَ ٱلَّذِي وَفَّى ١

37. Wa-ibr<u>a</u>heema alla<u>th</u>ee waff<u>a</u>

And of Ibrahim (Abraham) who fulfilled (or conveyed) all that (what Allah ordered him to do or convey),

خْرَى	وِزْرَ أُ.	وَازِرَةٌ	تَزِرُ	ٱلّ
okhr <u>a</u>	wizra	w <u>a</u> ziratun	taziru	All <u>a</u>
Of ano	ther The burde	en Burdened	Shall bear	That not
		Person		

أَلَّا تَزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ وِزَرَ أُخْرَىٰ ٢

38. Alla taziru waziratun wizra okhra

That no burdened person (with sins) shall bear the burden (sins) of another.

سُعَى	مَا	ٳۨؖٳ	لِلْإِنسَانِ	لَّيْسَ	وَأَن
saAA <u>a</u>	M <u>a</u>	ill <u>a</u>	lil-ins <u>a</u> ni	laysa	Waan
He strives for	What	But	Man can have	Nothing	And that



39. Waan laysa lil-insani illa ma saAAa

And that man can have nothing but what he does (good or bad),

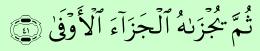
یُری	سُوْفَ	ه ۱۵ م طیعیس	وَأَنَّ
yur <u>a</u>	sawfa	saAAyahu	Waanna
Seen	Will be	His efforts	And that



40. Waanna saAAyahu sawfa yur<u>a</u>

And that his deeds will be seen,

الْأَوْفَي	الْجَزَاء	يُجْزَاهُ	هُ نم
al-awf <u>a</u>	aljaz <u>a</u> a	yujz <u>a</u> hu	Thumma
Full and best	Recompense	He will be recompensed	Then



41. Thumma yujz<u>a</u>hu aljaz<u>a</u>a al-awf<u>a</u>

Then he will be recompensed with a full and the best recompense

الْمُنتَهَى	رَبِّكَ	إِلَى	وَ أَنَّ
almuntah <u>a</u>	rabbika	il <u>a</u>	Waanna
Is the end	Your Lord	To	And that



42. Waanna ila rabbika almuntaha

And that to your Lord (Allah) is the End (Return of everything).

وَأَبْكَى	أَضْحَكَ	هُوَ	وَأَنَّهُ
Waabk <u>a</u>	a <u>dh</u> aka	huwa	Waannahu
And makes weep	Who makes laugh	Не	And that it is



43. Waannahu huwa a<u>dh</u>aka waabk<u>a</u>

And that it is He (Allah) Who makes (whom He wills) laugh, and makes (whom He wills) weep;

و أَحْيَا	أَمَات	هُو	وَأَنَّهُ
waa <u>h</u> y <u>a</u>	am <u>a</u> ta	huwa	Waannahu
And gives life	He who causes death	Не	And that it is

وَأَنَّهُ مُ هُوَ أَمَاتَ وَأَحْيَا عَ

44. Waannahu huwa amata waahya

And that it is He (Allah) Who causes death and gives life;

وَالْأُنثَى	الذَّكَرَ	الزَّوْجَيْنِ	خَلُقَ	وَ أَنَّهُ
wa a l-onth <u>a</u>	Alththakara	alzzawjayni	khalaqa	Waannahu
And female	Male	The pairs	Created	And that He



45. Waannahu khalaqa alzzawjayni alththakara waal-ontha And that He (Allah) creates the pairs, male and female,

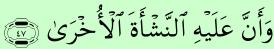
تُمنَى	إِذَا	تُنْطْفَةٍ	مِن
tumn <u>a</u>	i <u>tha</u>	nu <u>t</u> fatin	Min
It is emitted	When	The drops of	From
		semen	



46. Min nutfatin itha tumna

From Nutfah (drops of semen male and female discharges) when it is emitted;

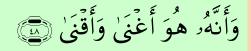
	الْأُخْرَي	النَّشْأَة	عَلَيْهِ	وَأَنَّ
	al-okhr <u>a</u>	alnnash-ata	Aaalayhi	Waanna
	Another	Bringing forth	Upon Him is	And that



47. Waanna Aaalayhi alnnash-ata al-okhra

And that upon Him (Allah) is another bringing forth (Resurrection);

وَأَقْنَى	أُغنَى	هُوَ	وَأَنَّهُ
Waaqn <u>a</u>	aghn <u>a</u>	huwa	Waannahu
Or gives little	Gives much	Who	And that it is
			He (Allah)



48. Waannahu huwa aghna waaqna

And that it is He (Allah) Who gives much or a little (or gives wealth and contentment),

الشَّعْرَى	رَبُّ	هُوَ	وأنه
alshshiAAr <u>a</u>	rabbu	huwa	Waannahu
Of Sirius	The Lord	Who is	And that it is He (Allah)

وَأَنَّهُ مُ هُوَ رَبُّ ٱلشِّعْرَىٰ ﴿

49. Waannahu huwa rabbu alshshiAAra

And that He (Allah) is the Lord of Sirius (the star which the pagan Arabs used to worship);

الْأُولَى	عَادًا	أَهْلَكَ	وَ أَنَّهُ
al-ool <u>a</u>	Aa <u>a</u> dan	ahlaka	Waannahu
The former	A`d People	Who	And that it is
		destroyed	He

وَأَنَّهُ وَ أَهْلَكَ عَادًا ٱلْأُولَىٰ ﴿

50. Waannahu ahlaka Aaadan al-oola

And that it is He (Allah) Who destroyed the former 'Ad (people),

ٲٛؠڨؘؽ	فَمَا	وَ ثَمُو دَ
abq <u>a</u>	fam <u>a</u>	Wathamooda
He spared	So none	And Thamud (people)

وَتُمُودَاْ فَمَآ أَبْقَىٰ ٢

51. Wathamooda fama abqa

And Thamud (people). He spared none of them.

كَانُوا	إِنَّهُمْ	قَبْلُ	مِّن	نُوحٍ	وَقَوْمَ	
k <u>a</u> noo	innahum	qablu	Min	noo <u>h</u> in	Waqawma	
were	Verily they	before		Of Naoh	And	the
					people	

	وأطغكي	أَظْلَمَ	هُمْ
	waa <u>tgha</u>	a <u>th</u> lama	hum
	And mor rebellious an transgressing		they
صل			

وَقَوْمَ نُوحٍ مِّن قَبَلُ الْهُمْ كَانُواْ هُمْ أَظْلَمَ وَأَطْغَىٰ ٥

52. Waqawma noohin min qablu innahum kanoo hum a<u>th</u>lama waatgha And the people of Nuh (Noah) aforetime, verily, they were more unjust and more rebellious and transgressing [in disobeying Allah and His Messenger Nuh (Noah)].

	أُهْوَى	وَالْمُؤْتَفِكَةَ
	ahw <u>a</u>	Wa a lmu/tafik ata
	He destroyed	And the overthrown cities

وَٱلۡمُؤۡتَفِكَةَ أَهۡوَىٰ ٥

53. Waalmu/tafikata ahwa

And He destroyed the overthrown cities [of Sodom to which Prophet Lout (Lot) was sent].

غُشُی	مَا	فَغَشَّاهَا
ghashsh <u>a</u>	M <u>a</u>	Faghashsh <u>a</u> h <u>a</u>
Did cover	That which	So covered them

فَغَشَّلَهَا مَا غَشَّىٰ عَ

54. Faghashshaha ma ghashsha

So there covered them that which did cover (i.e. torment with stones).

تَتَمَارَى	رَبِّكَ	آلًاء	ڣؘؠٲؙڲۜ
tatam <u>a</u> r <u>a</u>	Rabbika	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you doubt	Your Lord	Graces of	Then which of



55. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala-i rabbika tatamara</u>

Then which of the Graces of your Lord (O man!) will you doubt.

الْأُولَى	الثُّذُرِ	مِّن من	نَذِيرٌ	هَذَا
al-ool <u>a</u>	a l nnu <u>th</u> uri	mina	na <u>th</u> eerun	H <u>atha</u>
Of old	The warners	Of	A warner	This is

هَاذَا نَذِيرٌ مِّنَ ٱلنُّذُرِ ٱلْأُولَىٰ ٢

56. Hatha natheerun mina alnnuthuri al-oola

This (Muhammad) is a warner (Messenger) of the (series of) warners (Messengers) of old .

	الْآزِفَةُ	أُزِفَتْ
	al- <u>a</u> zifat u	Azifati
	The day of	Draws near
	resurrection	



57. Azifati al-azifatu

The Day of Resurrection draws near,

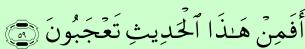
كَاشِفَةٌ	اللَّهِ	دُونِ	مِن	لَهَا	لَيْسَ
k <u>a</u> shifat un	All <u>a</u> hi	dooni	min	Lah <u>a</u>	Laysa
Can remove	Allah	besides		For it	None



58. Laysa laha min dooni Allahi kashifatun

None besides Allah can avert it, (or advance it, or delay it).

تَعْجَبُونَ	الْحَدِيثِ	هَذَا	أَفَمِنْ
taAAjaboon a	al <u>h</u> adeethi	h <u>atha</u>	Afamin
You wonder	Recital	This	Do then at



59. Afamin hatha alhadeethi taAAjaboona

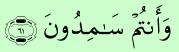
Do you then wonder at this recital (the Qur'an)?

تَبْكُونَ	وَكَا	وَ تَضْحَكُونَ
tabkoon a	wal <u>a</u>	Wata <u>dh</u> akoon a
Weep	And not	And you laugh



60. Wata<u>dh</u>akoona wal<u>a</u> tabkoona And you laugh at it and weep not,

	ۣڹؘ	سَامِدُو	وَأَنْتُمْ
	S <u>a</u> m	nidoon a	Waantum
	life and	in pastime	And you are



61. Waantum samidoona

Wasting your (precious) lifetime in pastime and amusements (singing, etc.).

وَاعْبُدُوا	لِلَّهِ	فَاسْجُدُوا
waoAAbudoo	Lill <u>a</u> hi	Faosjudoo
And worship Him	To Allah	So fall you down in prostration



62. Faosjudoo lillahi waoAAbudoo

So fall you down in prostration to Allah, and worship Him (Alone). (Sajda-e- Tilawath)

Surah # 54 AL-QAMAR

Makkia



Period of Revelation

The incident of the splitting of the moon as described in this surah, happened in Mina in Makkah five years before the Prophet's (pboh) migration to madina. This surah contains 55 verses and 3 sections.

	الْقَمَرُ	وَانشَقَّ	السَّاعَةُ	اقْتُرَبَتِ
	alqamar u	wainshaqqa	alss <u>a</u> AAatu	Iqtarabati
	The Moon	And has cleft	The Hour	Has drawn
		asunder		near

﴿ ٱقَتَرَبَتِ ٱلسَّاعَةُ وَٱنشَقَّ ٱلْقَمَرُ ۞

1. Iqtarabati alss<u>a</u>AAatu wainshaqqa alqamar**u**

The Hour has drawn near, and the moon has been cleft asunder (the people of Makkah requested Prophet Muhammad to show them a miracle, so he showed them the splitting of the moon).

سِحر	وَيَقُولُوا	يُعْرِضُوا	آيَةً	يَرَوْا	وَإِن		
si <u>h</u> run	wayaqooloo	yuAAri <u>d</u> oo	<u>a</u> yatan	yaraw	Wa-in		
Magic	And say	They turn	A sign	They see	And if		
		away					
مُّستَمِرٌ مُستَمِر							
					mustamirr un		
					Continous		

وَإِن يَرَواْ ءَايَةً يُعْرِضُواْ وَيَقُولُواْ سِحْرٌ مُّسْتَمِرُ ۗ

2. Wa-in yaraw ayatan yuAAridoo wayaqooloo sihrun mustamirrun And if they see a sign, they turn away, and say: "This is continuous magic."

	مُستَقِرٌ	أُمْرٍ	وَ كُلُّ	أهواءهم	وَاتَّبَعُوا	وَكَذَّ بُوا
1	mustaqirr un	amrin	wakullu	ahw <u>a</u> ahum	wa i ttabaAAo	Waka <u>thth</u> abo
					0	0
	Will be	Matter	And every	Their own	And followed	And they
	settled			lusts		denied

وَكَذَّ بُواْ وَٱتَّبَعُوٓاْ أَهُوآءَهُمْ وَكُلُّ أَمْرٍ مُّسۡتَقِرُّ ۗ

3. Wakaththaboo waittabaAAoo ahwaahum wakullu amrin mustaqirrun

They belied (the Verses of Allah, this Qur'an), and followed their own lusts. And every matter will be settled [according to the kind of deeds (for the doer of good deeds, his deeds will take him to Paradise, and similarly evil deeds will take their doers to Hell)].

فِيهِ	مَا	الْأَنْبَاء	مِّنَ	جَاءهُم	وَ لَقَدْ
Feehi	m <u>a</u>	al-anb <u>a</u> -i	mina	<u>ja</u> ahum	Walaqad
Whe	rein is	News	(of)	Has come to them	And indeed
					مُزْدَ جَرُ
					muzdajar un
					To check (deterrent)

وَلَقَدْ جَآءَهُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَنْبَآءِ مَا فِيهِ مُزْدَجَر اللهَ

4. Walaqad jaahum mina al-anba-i ma feehi muzdajarun

And indeed there has come to them news (in this Qur'an) wherein there is (enough warning) to check (them from evil),

النُّذُرُ	تغنِ	فَمَا	بَالِغَةُ	حِكْمَةُ
a l nnu <u>th</u> ur u	tughnee	fam <u>a</u>	b <u>a</u> lighatun	<u>H</u> ikmatun
Warners	Benefit	But not	Perfect	wisdom
	(them)			

حِكَمَةُ بَلِغَةٌ فَمَا تُغَنِ ٱلنَّذُرُ ١

5. Hikmatun balighatun fama tughnee alnnuthuru

Perfect wisdom (this Qur'an), but (the preaching of) warners benefit them not,

إِلَى	الدَّاعِ	يَدْ عُ	يَوْمَ	عَنْهُم	فَتُوَلَّ	
il <u>a</u> To	a l dd <u>a</u> AAi	yadAAu	yawma	AAanhum	Fatawalla	
То	The caller	Will call	The day that	From them	So withdraw	
		(them)			you	
شَيْءٍ تُّكُرٍ						
				nukur in	shay-in	
				A terrible	Thing	

فَتُولَّ عَنْهُمْ أَيُومَ يَدْعُ ٱلدَّاعِ إِلَىٰ شَيْءِ نُّكُرٍ ١

6. Fatawalla AAanhum yawma yadAAu alddaAAi ila shay-in nukurin

So (O Muhammad) withdraw from them. The Day that the caller will call (them) to a terrible thing.

كَأَنَّهُمْ	الْأَجْدَاثِ	مِنَ	يَخْرُجُونَ	أَبْصَارُهُمْ	·خُشَّعًا	
kaannahum	al-ajd <u>a</u> thi	mina	yakhrujoona	ab <u>sa</u> ruhum	KhushshaAA	
					an	
As if they	The graves	From	They will	Their eyes	Will be	
were			come forth		humbled	
جَرَادٌ مُّنتَشِرٌ						
				muntashir un	jar <u>a</u> dun	
				Spread aboard	Locusts	

خُشَّعًا أَبْصَارُهُمْ تَخَرُّجُونَ مِنَ ٱلْأَجْدَاثِ كَأَنَّهُمْ جَرَادٌ مُّنتَشِرٌ ﴿

7. KhushshaAAan ab<u>sa</u>ruhum yakhrujoona mina al-ajd<u>a</u>thi kaannahum jar<u>a</u>dun muntashir**un** They will come forth, with humbled eyes from (their) graves as if they were locusts spread abroad,

هَذَا	الْكَافِرُونَ	يَقُولُ	الدَّاعِ	إِلَى	مُّهْطِعِينَ		
h <u>atha</u>	alk <u>a</u> firoona	yaqoolu	aldd <u>a</u> AAi	Il <u>a</u>	Muh <u>t</u> iAAeena		
This is	The disbelievers	Will say	The Caller	towards	Hastening		
	يَوْمٌ عَسِرٌ						
				AAasir un	yawmun		
				Hard	A day		
				صلے ۔			

مُّهَطِعِينَ إِلَى ٱلدَّاعِ مَيْقُولُ ٱلْكَنفِرُونَ هَنذَا يَوْمُ عَسِرُ اللَّهُ عَسِرُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

8. MuhtiAAeena ila alddaAAi yaqoolu alkafiroona hatha yawmun AAasirun Hastening towards the caller, the disbelievers will say: "This is a hard Day."

عَبْدَنَا	فَكَذُّبُوا	نُوحٍ	قَومُ	قَبْلَهُمْ	كَذَّبَتْ	
AAabdan <u>a</u>	faka <u>thth</u> aboo	noo <u>h</u> in	qawmu	qablahum	Ka <u>thth</u> abat	
Our slave	They rejected	Of Noah	The people	Before them	Denied	
وَقَالُوا مَحْنُونٌ وَارْدُجِرَ						
			wa i zdujir a	majnoonun	waq <u>a</u> loo	

And he was insolently rebucked and	And said
threatened	

* كَذَّبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ فَكَذَّبُواْ عَبْدَنَا وَقَالُواْ مَجْنُونٌ وَٱزْدُجِرَ ١

9. Kaththabat qablahum qawmu noohin fakaththaboo AAabdana waqaloo majnoonun waizdujira The people of Nuh (Noah) denied (their Messenger) before them, they rejected Our slave, and said: "A madman!" and he was insolently rebuked and threatened.

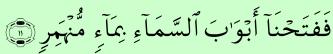
فَانتَصِرْ	مَغْلُو بُ	أُنِّي	ر به ر به	فُدَعَا
fa i nta <u>s</u> ir	maghloobun	Annee	rabbahu	FadaAA <u>a</u>
So help (me)	Have been	I	His Lord	So he invoked
	overcome			

فَدَعَا رَبُّهُ ﴿ أَنِّي مَغَلُوبٌ فَٱنتَصِرْ ١

10. FadaAAa rabbahu annee maghloobun faintasir

Then he invoked his Lord (saying): "I have been overcome, so help (me)!"

مُنْهُمَرٍ	بِمَاء	السَّمَاء	أُبْوَابَ	فَفَتَحْنَا
Munhamir in	bim <u>a</u> -in	alssam <u>a</u> -i	abw <u>a</u> ba	Fafata <u>h</u> n <u>a</u>
Pouring forth	With water	Of Heaven	The gates	So we opened



11. Fafatahna abwaba alssama-i bima-in munhamirin

So We opened the gates of heaven with water pouring forth.

عَلَى	الْمَاء	فَالْتَقَى	عُيُو نَا	الْأَرْضَ	وَ فَجَّرْ نَا	
AAal <u>a</u>	Alm <u>a</u> o	fa i ltaq <u>a</u>	AAuyoonan	al-ar <u>d</u> a	Wafajjarn <u>a</u>	
For	The waters	So met	With springs	The Earth	And we caused to gush forth	
أَمْرِ قَدْ قُدِرَ						
			qudir a	qad	amrin	
			Prede	stined	A matter	

وَفَجَّرْنَا ٱلْأَرْضَ عُيُونَا فَٱلْتَقَى ٱلْمَآءُ عَلَىٰ أُمْرٍ قَدْ قُدِرَ ﴿

12. Wafajjarna al-arda AAuyoonan failtaqa almao AAala amrin qad qudira And We caused the earth to gush forth with springs. So the waters (of the heaven and the earth) met for a matter predestined.

	وَ دُ سُرٍ	أَلْوَاحٍ	ذُاتِ	عَلَى	وَحَمَلْنَاهُ
Wa	adusur in	alw <u>ah</u> in	<u>tha</u> ti	AAal <u>a</u>	Wa <u>h</u> amaln <u>a</u> h u
Ai	nd nails	Planks	Made of	On	And We carried him

وَحَمَلُنهُ عَلَىٰ ذَاتِ أَلْوَاحٍ وَدُسُرٍ ١

13. Wahamalnahu AAala thati alwahin wadusurin

And We carried him on a (ship) made of planks and nails,

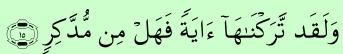
كُفِرَ	كَانَ	لِّمَن	جَزَاء	بأعيننا	تُجْرِي
kufira	K <u>a</u> na	liman	jaz <u>a</u> an	bi-aAAyunin <u>a</u>	Tajree
Rejected	Has been	For Him who	A reward	Under our	Floating
				eyes	



14. Tajree bi-aAAyunina jazaan liman kana kufira

Floating under Our Eyes, a reward for him who had been rejected!

مُّدَّكِرٍ	مِن	فَهَلْ	آيَةً	تَّرَ كُنَاهَا	وَ لَقَد
muddakir in	min	fahal	<u>a</u> yatan	tarakn <u>a</u> h <u>a</u>	Walaqad
That will	Any	Then is there	As a sign	We have left	And indeed
remember				this	



15. Walaqad taraknaha ayatan fahal min muddakir**in**

And indeed, We have left this as a sign, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

وَ نُذُرِ	عَذَابِي	كَانَ	فَكَيْفَ
wanu <u>th</u> ur i	AAa <u>tha</u> bee	k <u>a</u> na	Fakayfa
And My	My torment	Was	Then how
warnings			

فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ

16. Fakayfa kana AAathabee wanuthuri

Then how (terrible) was My Torment and My Warnings?

مِن	فَهَلْ	لِلذِّكْرِ	الْقُرْآنَ	يَسَّرْنَا	وَ لَقَدْ				
min	fahal	lil <u>thth</u> ikri	alqur- <u>a</u> na	yassarn <u>a</u>	Walaqad				
Any	Then is there	To understand	Quran	We have	And indeed				
		and remember		made easy					
	مُّدَّ كِرِ								
					muddakir in				
					That will				
					remember				

وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ لِلذِّكْرِ فَهَلْ مِن مُّدَّكِرٍ ﴿

17. Walaqad yassarna algur-ana lilththikri fahal min muddakirin

And We have indeed made the Qur'an easy to understand and remember, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

وَ'نُذُرِ	عَذَابِي	كَانَ	فَكَيْفَ	عَادٌ	كَذَّبَتْ
wanu <u>th</u> ur i	AAa <u>tha</u> bee	k <u>a</u> na	fakayfa	AA <u>a</u> dun	Ka <u>thth</u> abat
And My warnings	My Torment	Was	Then how	A`d	Denied

كَذَّبَتْ عَادُّ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ

18. Kaththabat AAadun fakayfa kana AAathabee wanuthuri

'Ad (people) belied (their Prophet, Hud), then how (terrible) was My Torment and My Warnings?

فِي	صَر°صَرًا	رِیحًا	عَلَيْهِمْ	ٲٞۯۨڛۘڵڹؘٵ	إنَّا
Fee	<u>s</u> ar <u>s</u> aran	ree <u>h</u> an	AAalayhim	arsaln <u>a</u>	Inn <u>a</u>
On	Furious	Wind	Against them	We sent	Verily
			مُّستُمِرً	نَحْسٍ	يَوْمِ
			mustamirr in	na <u>h</u> sin	yawmi
			And	Of evil omen	A day
			continous		
			calamity		

إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ رِبِكًا صَرْصَرًا فِي يَوْمِ خَسْ مُّسْتَمِرٍّ ١

19. Inna arsalna AAalayhim reehan sarsaran fee yawmi nahsin mustamirrin Verily, We sent against them a furious wind of harsh voice on a day of evil omen and continuous calamity.

مُّنقَعِر	نَخْلٍ	أُعْجَازُ	كَأَنَّهُمْ	النَّاسَ	تَترِغُ
munqaAAii	in nakhlin	aAAj <u>a</u> zu	kaannahum	alnn <u>a</u> sa	TanziAAu
Uprooted	Of Date-Pal	Im Stems	As if they	The men	Plucking out
			were		

تَنزِعُ ٱلنَّاسَ كَأَنَّهُمْ أَعْجَازُ خَلْلِ مُّنقَعِرٍ ﴿

20. TanziAAu alnnasa kaannahum aAAjazu nakhlin munqaAAirin Plucking out men as if they were uprooted stems of date-palms.

وَ نُذُرِ	عَذَابِي	كَانَ	فَكَيْفَ
wanu <u>th</u> ur i	AAathabee	k <u>a</u> na	Fakayfa
And My warnings	My torment	Was	Then How

فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ

21. Fakayfa kana AAathabee wanuthuri

Then, how (terrible) was My Torment and My Warnings?

مِن	فَهَلْ	لِلذِّكْرِ	الْقُرْآنَ	يَسَّرْنَا	وَ لَقَدْ				
min	fahal	lil <u>thth</u> ikri	alqur- <u>a</u> na	yassarn <u>a</u>	Walaqad				
Any	Then is there	To understand	The Quran	We have	And indeed				
		and remember		made easy					
	مُّدَّ كِرِ								
					muddakir in				
					That will				
					remember				

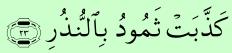
وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ لِلذِّكْرِ فَهَلْ مِن مُّدَّكِرٍ ١

22. Walaqad yassarna algur-ana lilththikri fahal min muddakirin

And We have indeed made the Qur'an easy to understand and remember, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

Section 2

	بِالنُّذُرِ	ثُمُودُ	كَذَّبَتْ
	bi al nnu <u>th</u> ur i	thamoodu	Ka <u>thth</u> abat
	The warnings	Thamud	Denied
		(people)	



23. Ka<u>thth</u>abat thamoodu bi**al**nnu<u>th</u>uri

Thamud (people also) belied the warnings.

ٳؚؾۜٛٳ	ښه و ه نتبعه	وَاحِدًا	مِّنَّا	أَبَشَرًا	فَقَالُوا
inn <u>a</u>	nattabiAAuhu	w <u>ah</u> idan	Minn <u>a</u>	abasharan	Faq <u>a</u> loo
Truly we should be	That we are to follow	Alone	From among us	A man	For they said
5.10 6.20	, 10110 ()	و سعر	ضَلَالٍ	لَّفِي	إِذًا
		wasuAAur in	<u>d</u> al <u>a</u> lin	lafee	i <u>th</u> an
		And distress or madness	Error	In	Then

فَقَالُوۤا أَبَشَرًا مِّنَّا وَ حِدًا نَّتَّبِعُهُ ۚ إِنَّآ إِذًا لَّفِي ضَلَالٍ وَسُعُرٍ ١

24. Faqaloo abasharan minna wahidan nattabiAAuhu inna ithan lafee dalalin wasuAAurin For they said: "A man! Alone from among us, that we are to follow? Truly, then we should be in error and distress or madness!"

بَلْ	بَیْنِنَا	مِن	عَلَيْهِ	الذِّكْرُ	أَأُلْقِي	
bal	baynin <u>a</u>	min	AAalayhi	a l ththikru	Aolqiya	
Nay	Among us	From	To Him	The reminder	Is sent	
هُوَ كَذَّابٌ أَشِرْ						
			Ashir un	ka <u>ththa</u> bun	huwa	
			An insolent	A liar	He is	

أَءُلِقِيَ ٱلذِّكْرُ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ بَيْنِنَا بَلْ هُوَ كَذَّابٌ أَشِرٌ ﴿

25. Aolgiya alththikru AAalayhi min baynina bal huwa kaththabun ashirun

"Is it that the Reminder is sent to him [Prophet Salih (Saleh)] alone from among us? Nay, he is an insolent liar!"

الْأَشِرُ	الْكَذَّابُ	مَّنِ	غُدًا	سَيَعْلَمُونَ
al-ashir u	alka <u>ththa</u> bu	Mani	ghadan	SayaAAlamo ona
The insolent one	The liar	Who is	Tomorrow	They will come to know

سَيَعَامُونَ غَدًا مَّنِ ٱلْكَذَّابُ ٱلْأَشِرُ ﴿

26. SayaAAlamoona ghadan mani alka<u>ththa</u>bu al-ashir**u**

Tomorrow they will come to know, who is the liar, the insolent one!

فَارْ تَقِبْهُمْ	رُّهُ مُ	فِتْنَةً	النَّاقَةِ	مُرْسِلُو	ٳؾۜٵ			
fairtaqibhum	lahum	fitnatan	a l nn <u>a</u> qati	mursiloo	Inn <u>a</u>			
So watch them	For them	As a test	The she- camel	Are sending	Verily we			
وَاصْطَبِرْ								
					wa i stabir			
					And be patient			

إِنَّا مُرۡسِلُوا ٱلنَّاقَةِ فِتۡنَةً لَّهُمۡ فَٱرۡتَقِبُّهُمۡ وَٱصۡطَبِرۡ ٢

27. Inna mursiloo alnnaqati fitnatan lahum fairtaqibhum waistabir Verily, We are sending the she-camel as a test for them. So watch them [O Salih (Saleh)], and be patient!

كُلُّ	بینه م	قِسْمَةُ	الْمَاء	أُنَّ	وَنَبِئَهُمْ
kullu	baynahum	qismatun	alm <u>a</u> a	anna	Wanabbi/hum
Each (one	Between them	Is to be	The water	That	And inform
right)		shared			them
				مُّحتَضِرٌ	ۺؚڔٛٮ
				mu <u>h</u> ta <u>d</u> ar un	shirbin
				Being established(by turns)	To drink
		g	صلے	9.0	

وَنَبِّغَهُمْ أَنَّ ٱلْمَآءَ قِسْمَةُ بَيْنَهُمْ كُلُّ شِرْبٍ مُّحْتَضَرُ ﴿

28. Wanabbi/hum anna almaa qismatun baynahum kullu shirbin muhtadarun
And inform them that the water is to be shared between (her and) them. Each one's right to

drink being established (by turns).

فَعَقَرَ	فَتَعَاطَى	صَاحِبَهُمْ	فَنَادَوْا
faAAaqar a	fataAA <u>ata</u>	<u>sah</u> ibahum	Fan <u>a</u> daw
And killed her	And he took	Their comrade	But they called

فَنَادَوْاْ صَاحِبَهُمْ فَتَعَاطَىٰ فَعَقَرَ ٢

29. Fanadaw sahibahum fataAAata faAAaqara

But they called their comrade and he took (a sword) and killed (her).

وَ نُذُرِ	عَذَابِي	كَانَ	فَكَيْفَ
wanu <u>th</u> ur i	AAa <u>tha</u> bee	k <u>a</u> na	Fakayfa
And My warnings	My torment	Was	Then how

فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ ٢

30. Fakayfa kana AAathabee wanuthuri

Then, how (terrible) was My Torment and My Warnings?

فَكَانُوا	وَاحِدَةً	صَيْحَةً	عَلَيْهِمْ	ٲٞۯۨڛۘڵڹؘٵ	إِنَّا
fak <u>a</u> noo	w <u>ah</u> idatan	<u>S</u> ay <u>h</u> atan	AAalayhim	arsaln <u>a</u>	Inn <u>a</u>
And they became	A single	Torment (awful cry)	Against them	We sent	Verily
				الْمُحْتَظِرِ	كَهَشِيمِ
				almu <u>h</u> ta <u>th</u> ir i	kahasheemi
				Of a fence builder	Like the dry stubble
	2				2 / /

إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ صَيْحَةً وَاحِدَةً فَكَانُواْ كَهَشِيمِ ٱلْمُحْتَظِرِ ﴿

31. Inna arsalna AAalayhim sayhatan wahidatan fakanoo kahasheemi almuhtathiri Verily, We sent against them a single Saihah (torment - awful cry, etc.), and they became like the dry stubble of a fold-builder.

مِن	فَهَلْ	لِلذِّكْرِ	الْقُرْآنَ	يَسَّرْنَا	وَ لَقَدْ
min	fahal	li l ththikri	alqur- <u>a</u> na	yassarn <u>a</u>	Walaqad
Any	Then is there	To understand	The Quran	We have	And indeed

		and remember		made easy		
					مُّدَّ كِرٍ	
					muddakir in	
					That will	
					remember	
وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ لِلذِّكْرِ فَهَلْ مِن مُّدَّكِرٍ ﴿						

32. Walaqad yassarna alqur-ana lilththikri fahal min muddakirin

And indeed, We have made the Qur'an easy to understand and remember, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

	بِالنُّذُرِ	لُوطٍ	قَوْمُ	كَذَّبَتْ
	bi al nnu <u>th</u> ur i	loo <u>t</u> in	qawmu	Ka <u>thth</u> abat
	The warnings	Of Lot	The people	Denied
			و صوو	g - 3 - # -

كَذَّبَتْ قَوْمُ لُوطٍ بِٱلنُّنذُرِ ﴿

33. Ka<u>thth</u>abat qawmu loo<u>t</u>in bi**al**nnu<u>th</u>ur**i**

The people of Lout (Lot) belied the warnings.

آلَ	ٳۣؖۜ	حَاصِبًا	عَلَيْهِمْ	أُرْسَلْنَا	ٳؾۜٵ			
<u>a</u> la	ill <u>a</u>	<u>Has</u> iban	AAalayhim	arsaln <u>a</u>	Inn <u>a</u>			
The family	Except	Violent storms of stones	Against them	We sent	Verily			
لُوطٍ نَّجَيْنَاهُم بِسَحَرِ								
			bisa <u>h</u> ar in	najjayn <u>a</u> hum	loo <u>t</u> in			
			In the last Hour of the night	Whom we saved	Of Lot			
إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ حَاصِبًا إِلَّا ءَالَ لُوطِ تَجَّيَّنَاهُم بِسَحَرٍ ﴿								

34. Inna arsalna AAalayhim hasiban illa ala lootin najjaynahum bisaharin

Verily, We sent against them a violent storm of stones (which destroyed them all), except the family of Lout (Lot), whom We saved in last hour of the night,

مَن	نَجْزِي	كَذَلِكَ	عِندِنَا	مِّن مُن	نعْمَةً
man	najzee	ka <u>tha</u> lika	AAindina	min	NiAAmatan

Him who	We reward	Thus	Us	From	As a favour
					~
					سحر
					shakar a
					Gives thanks

نِعْمَةً مِّنْ عِندِنَا ۚ كَذَ لِكَ خَرِى مَن شَكَرَ ﴿

35. NiAAmatan min AAindina kathalika najzee man shakara

As a Favour from Us, thus do We reward him who gives thanks (by obeying Us).

بِالنُّذُرِ	فَتَمَارَوْا	بَطْشَتَنَا	أُنذَرَهُم	وَ لَقَدْ
bi al nnu <u>th</u> ur i	fatam <u>a</u> raw	ba <u>t</u> shatan <u>a</u>	an <u>th</u> arahum	Walaqad
The warnings	But they did doubt	(of) Our grasp	He had warned them	And indeed

وَلَقَد أَنذَرَهُم بَطْشَتَنَا فَتَمَارَواْ بِٱلنُّذُرِ ﴿

36. Walaqad an<u>th</u>arahum ba<u>t</u>shatan<u>a</u> fatam<u>a</u>raw bi**al**nnu<u>th</u>ur**i**

And he [Lout (Lot)] indeed had warned them of Our Grasp, but they did doubt the warnings!

أُعْيِنَهُم	فَطَمَسْنَا	ۻؽۨڣؚ	عَن	رَاوَدُوهُ	وَ لَقَدْ
aAAyunahum	fa <u>t</u> amasn <u>a</u>	<u>d</u> ayfihi	AAan	r <u>a</u> wadoohu	Walaqad
Ther eyes	So we blinded	His guests	About	They sought of lure (him)	And verily
			وَ نُذُرِ	عَذَابِي	فَذُوقُوا
			wanu <u>th</u> ur i	AAa <u>tha</u> bee	fa <u>th</u> ooqoo
			And my	My torment	Then taste
			warnings		you

وَلَقَد رَاوَدُوهُ عَن ضَيْفِهِ عَظَمَسْنَآ أَعْيُنَهُمْ فَذُوقُواْ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ

37. Walaqad rawadoohu AAan dayfihi fatamasna aAAyunahum fathooqoo AAathabee wanuthuri And they indeed sought to shame his guest (by asking to commit sodomy with them). So We blinded their eyes, "Then taste you My Torment and My Warnings."

مُسْتَقِرُ	عَذَابٌ	بُكْرَةً	صَبّحهم	وَ لَقَدْ
mustaqirr un	AAa <u>tha</u> bun	Bukratan	<u>s</u> abba <u>h</u> ahum	Walaqad
An abiding	torment	Early	Seized them in the Morning	And verily

وَلَقَدْ صَبَّحَهُم بُكْرَةً عَذَابٌ مُّسْتَقِرُّ ﴿

38. Walaqad sabbahahum bukratan AAathabun mustaqirrun

And verily, an abiding torment seized them early in the morning.

	وَ'نُذُرِ	عَذَابِي	فَذُوقُوا
	wanu <u>th</u> ur i	AAa <u>tha</u> bee	Fa <u>th</u> ooqoo
	And my	My torment	Then taste
	warnings		you

فَذُوقُواْ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ ٦

39. Fathooqoo AAathabee wanuthuri

"Then taste you My Torment and My Warnings."

مِن	فَهَلْ	لِلذِّكْرِ	الْقُرْآنَ	يَسَّرْنَا	وَ لَقَدْ			
min	fahal	li l ththikri	alqur- <u>a</u> na	yassarn <u>a</u>	Walaqad			
Any	Then there is	To understand and remember	The Quran	We have made easy	And indeed			
	مُّدَّ کِرِ							
					muddakir in			
					That will			
					remember			

وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ لِلذِّكْرِ فَهَلْ مِن مُّدَّكِرٍ ١

40. Walaqad yassarna alqur-ana lilththikri fahal min muddakirin

And indeed, We have made the Qur'an easy to understand and remember, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

Section 3

500000000000000000000000000000000000000					
	النُّذُرُ	فِرْعَوْنَ	آلَ	جَاءِ	وَ لَقَدْ
	a l nnu <u>th</u> ur u	firAAawna	<u>a</u> la	<u>ja</u> a	Walaqad
	Warnings	Of Phaoraon	The peole	Came to	And indeed

وَلَقَد جَآءَ ءَالَ فِرْعَوْنَ ٱلنُّنذُرُ ١

41. Walaqad jaa ala firAAawna alnnuthuru

And indeed, warnings came to the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) [through Musa (Moses) and Harun (Aaron)].

أَخْذَ	فَأَخَذْنَاهُمْ	كُلِّهَا	بآياتِنا	كَذَّبُوا
akh <u>th</u> a	faakha <u>th</u> n <u>a</u> hu m	kullih <u>a</u>	bi- <u>aya</u> tin <u>a</u>	Ka <u>thth</u> aboo
With a seizure	So we seized them	All (everyone thereof)	Our signs	(they) denied
				مُّقْتَدِرٍ
				muqtadir in
				All-capable to
				carry out what He wills
	kh <u>th</u> a With a	khtha faakhathnahu m With a So we seized	khtha faakhathnahu kulliha m With a So we seized All (everyone	khtha faakhathnahu kulliha bi-ayatina With a So we seized All (everyone Our signs

كَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَئِنَا كُلِّهَا فَأَخَذَنَاهُمْ أَخْذَ عَزِيزٍ مُّقْتَدرٍ ١

42. Kaththaboo bi-ayatina kulliha faakhathnahum akhtha AAazeezin muqtadirin (They) belied all Our Signs, so We seized them with a Seizure of the All-Mighty, All-Capable to carry out what he Will (Omnipotent).

لَكُم	أُمْ	ٲ۠ۅٛڶٸؚػؙؠۨ	سِ ه من	ره ۶۶ خمیر	ٲۘػؗڣۜۘٵۯؙػؙؠ۫
lakum	am	ol <u>a</u> -ikum	min	khayrun	Akuff <u>a</u> rukum
Have you	Or	These	Than	Better	Are you disbelievers
			الزُّبُرِ	فِي	بَرَاءةٌ
			alzzuburi	fee	bar <u>a</u> atun
			The devine scriptures	In	An immunity

أَكُفَّارُكُرْ خَيْرٌ مِّنَ أُوْلَئِهِكُمْ أَمْ لَكُم بَرَآءَةٌ فِي ٱلزُّبْرِ ﴿

43. Akuffarukum khayrun min ola-ikum am lakum baraatun fee alzzuburi
Are your disbelievers (O Quraish!) better than these [nations of Nuh (Noah), Lout (Lot),
Salih (Saleh), and the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh), etc., who were destroyed)? Or have you
an immunity (against Our Torment) in the Divine Scriptures?

	مُّنتَصِرُ	جَمِيع	نَحْنُ	يَقُولُونَ	أُمْ	
	munta <u>s</u> ir un	jameeAAun	Na <u>h</u> nu	yaqooloona	Am	
	And we shall be victorious	A great multitude	We are	Do they say	Or	
أَمْ يَقُولُونَ كَنْ جَمِيعٌ مُّنتَصِرٌ ﴿						

44. Am yaqooloona nahnu jameeAAun muntasirun

Or do they say: "We are a great multitude, and we shall be victorious.?"

الدُّبُرَ	وَ يُو َلُّونَ	الْجَمْعُ	يوه رو سيهزم
a l ddubur a	wayuwalloon a	aljamAAu	Sayuhzamu
(their) backs	And they will show	(their) multitude	Will be put to flight

سَيُهْزَمُ ٱلْجَمْعُ وَيُولُّونَ ٱلدُّبُرَ ﴿

45. Sayuhzamu aljamAAu wayuwalloona alddubura

Their multitude will be put to flight, and they will show their backs.

وَ أَمَرُ ۗ	أَدْهَى	وَالسَّاعَةُ	مَوْعِدُهُمْ	السَّاعَةُ	بَلِ
waamar ru	adh <u>a</u>	wa al ss <u>a</u> AAat u	mawAAiduhu m	alss <u>a</u> AAatu	Bali
And more bitter	Will be more grieveous	And the Hour	Their appointed time	The Hour is	Nay, but

بَلِ ٱلسَّاعَةُ مَوْعِدُهُمْ وَٱلسَّاعَةُ أَدْهَىٰ وَأُمَرُّ ٥

46. Bali alssaAAatu mawAAiduhum waalssaAAatu adha waamar**ru**

Nay, but the Hour is their appointed time (for their full recompense), and the Hour will be more grievous and more bitter.

وَ سُعُرٍ	ضَلَالٍ	فِي	الْمُجْرِمِينَ	ٳؚڹۜ
wasuAAur in	<u>d</u> al <u>a</u> lin	fee	almujrimeena	Inna
And will burn	error	(are) in	The criminals	Verily

إِنَّ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ فِي ضَلَالٍ وَسُعُرٍ ٢

47. Inna almujrimeena fee dalalin wasuAAurin

Verily, the *Mujrimun* (polytheists, disbelievers, sinners, criminals, etc.) are in error (in this world) and will burn (in the Hell-fire in the Hereafter).

وُجُوهِهِمْ	عَلَى	النَّارِ	فِي	يُسْحَبُونَ	يَوْمَ
wujoohihim	AAal <u>a</u>	a l nn <u>a</u> ri	fee	yus <u>h</u> aboona	Yawma
Their faces	On	The fire	In	They will be dragged	The day

سَقَرَ	مُسَّ	ذُو قُوا
saqar a	massa	<u>th</u> ooqoo
Of Hell	Touch	Taste you

يَوْمَ يُسْحَبُونَ فِي ٱلنَّارِ عَلَىٰ وُجُوهِهِمۡ ذُوقُواْ مَسَّ سَقَرَ ٢

48. Yawma yushaboona fee alnnari AAala wujoohihim thoogoo massa saqara

The Day they will be dragged in the Fire on their faces (it will be said to them): "Taste you the touch of Hell!"

	بِقَدَرٍ	خَلَقْنَاهُ	شَيْءٍ	كُلُّ	إِنَّا
b	oiqadar in	khalaqn <u>a</u> hu	shay-in	kulla	Inn <u>a</u>
7	With devine	We have	Things	All	Verily we
l p	preodainment	created			
S	S				

إِنَّا كُلَّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقْنَىهُ بِقَدَرٍ ٥

49. Inna kulla shay-in khalaqnahu biqadar**in**

Verily, We have created all things with *Qadar* (Divine Preordainments of all things before their creation, as written in the Book of Decrees *Al-Lauh Al-Mahfuz*).

صَرَ	بِالْبَ	كَلَمْحٍ	وَاحِدَةً	ٳۜؖ	أُمْرُنَا	وَمَا
bialb	a <u>s</u> ar i	kalam <u>h</u> in	w <u>ah</u> idatun	ill <u>a</u>	amrun <u>a</u>	Wam <u>a</u>
Of a	n eye	As the	One	But	Our	And not
		twinkling			commandmen	(measure)
					t is	

وَمَاۤ أُمْرُنَاۤ إِلَّا وَ حِدَةٌ كُلَمْجِ بِٱلۡبَصَرِ ٥

50. Wama amruna illa wahidatun kalamhin bialbasari

And Our Commandment is but one, as the twinkling of an eye.

مُّلاَّ كِرٍ	مِن	فَهَلْ	ٲۺ۠ؽٵۘۘۘڠػؙؠ۫	أَهْلَكْنَا	وَ لَقَدْ
muddakir in	min	fahal	ashy <u>a</u> AAaku m	ahlakn <u>a</u>	Walaqad
That will remember	Any	Then is there	Your likes	We have destroyed	And indeed
٠٠ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١					



51. Walaqad ahlakna ashyaAAakum fahal min muddakir**in**

And indeed, We have destroyed your likes, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

الزُّبُرِ	فِي	فَعَلُوهُ	شَيْءٍ	و کُلُّ
alzzuburi	fee	faAAaloohu	shay-in	Wakullu
Records	(is noted) in	That have	And	And each
		done	everything	

وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ فَعَلُوهُ فِي ٱلزُّبْرِ ﴿

52. Wakullu shay-in faAAaloohu fee alzzuburi

And each and everything they have done is noted in (their) Records (of deeds).

مُستَطُرُ	و کَبِيرٍ	صَغِيرٍ	و كُلُّ
musta <u>t</u> ar un	wakabeerin	sagheerin	Wakullu
Is written	And big	Small	And everything

وَكُلُّ صَغِيرٍ وَكَبِيرٍ مُّسْتَطَرُّ ﴿

53. Wakullu <u>s</u>agheerin wakabeerin musta<u>t</u>ar**un**

And everything, small and big is written (in *Al-Lauh Al-Mahfuz* already beforehand i.e. before it befalls, or is done by its doer) (See the Qur'an V.57:22).

وَنَهَرٍ	جَنَّاتٍ	فِي	الْمُتَّقِينَ	ٳؚڹۜ
wanahar in	jann <u>a</u> tin	fee	almuttaqeena	Inna
And Rivers (paradise)	(the midst of) Gardens	(will be) in	The pious	Verily

إِنَّ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّنتٍ وَنَهْرٍ ٥

54. Inna almuttageena fee jannatin wanaharin

Verily, The Muttagun (pious), will be in the midst of Gardens and Rivers (Paradise).

مُّقْتَدِرٍ	مَلِيكٍ	عِندُ	صِدْق	مَقْعَدِ	فِي
muqtadir in	maleekin	AAinda	<u>s</u> idqin	maqAAadi	Fee
Omnipotent	A King	Near	Of truth	A seat	In
			(paradise)		

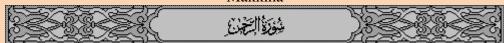


55. Fee maqAAadi sidqin AAinda maleekin muqtadirin

In a seat of truth (i.e. Paradise), near the Omnipotent King (Allah, the All-Blessed, the Most High, the Owner of Majesty and Honour).

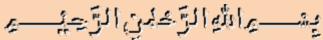
Surah # 55 AR-RAHMAN





Period of Revelation

This Surah was revealed during the very early stage of Prophet's (pboh) stay in Makkah. This surah contains 78 verses and 3 sections.



		الرَّحْمَنُ
		Alrra <u>h</u> m <u>a</u> n u
		The most
		gracious (Allah)
		(Allah)

﴿ ٱلرَّحْمَانُ ١

1. Alrrahmanu

The Most Beneficent (Allah)!

	الْقُرْآنَ	عَلَّمَ
	alqur- <u>a</u> n a	AAallama
	The Quran	He taught

عَلَّمَ ٱلْقُرْءَانَ ١

2. AAallama alqur-ana

Has taught (you mankind) the Qur'an (by His Mercy).

				الْإنسَانَ	خَلُقَ
				al-insan a	Khalaqa
				Man	He created
3. Khalaqa al-ir	conn			نَ ۞	خَلَقَ ٱلۡإِنسَــ
He created ma					
				الْبَيَانَ	عَلَّمَهُ
				albay <u>a</u> n a	AAallamahu
				Eloquent	He taught
				speech	Him
4. AAallamahu He taught him	<mark>albay<u>a</u>na eloquent speecl</mark>	<u>1.</u>	بحُسْبَانِ	وَ الْقَمَرُ	عَلَّمَهُ ٱلْبَيَارِ
			bihusban in	wa a lqamaru	Alshshamsu
			Fo reckoning	And the Moon	The sun
ٱلشَّمْسُ وَٱلْقَمَرُ بِحُسْبَانٍ					
5. Alshshamsu wa a lqamaru bi <u>h</u> usb <u>a</u> n in The sun and the moon run on their fixed courses (exactly) calculated with measured out stages for each (for reckoning, etc.).					
			يَسْجُدَانِ	وَالشَّجَرُ	وَالنَّجْمُ
			Yasjud <u>a</u> n i	wa al shshajaru	Waalnnajmu
			Both prostrate		And the star
			-	شَّجَرُ يَسۡجُدَ	وَٱلنَّجَمُ وَٱل

و َو َضَعَ

رَفَعَهَا

وَالسَّمَاء

الْمِيزَانَ

6. Waalnnajmu waalshshajaru yasjudani
And the herbs (or stars) and the trees both prostrate.

almeez <u>a</u> n a	wawa <u>d</u> aAAa	rafaAAah <u>a</u>	Wa al ssam <u>a</u> a
The balance	And He has	He has raised	And the
	set up	it high	Heaven



7. Waalssamaa rafaAAaha wawadaAAa almeezana

And the heaven He has raised high, and He has set up the Balance.

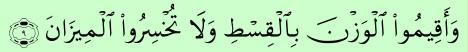
	الْمِيزَانِ	فِي	تَطْغَوْا	ٱ
	Almeez <u>a</u> n i	fee	ta <u>tg</u> haw	All <u>a</u>
	The Balance	In	You may	That not
			transgress	



8. Alla tatghaw fee almeezani

In order that you may not transgress (due) balance.

الْمِيزَانَ	تُخْسِرُوا	وَ لَا	بِالْقِسْطِ	الْوَزْنَ	وَأَقِيمُوا
almeez <u>a</u> n a	tukhsiroo	wal <u>a</u>	bi a lqis <u>t</u> i	alwazna	Waaqeemoo
The balance	Make deficient	And do not	With equity	The weight	And observe



9. Waaqeemoo alwazna bialqisti wala tukhsiroo almeezana

And observe the weight with equity and do not make the balance deficient.

	لِلْأَنَامِ	وكضعها	وَ الْأَرْضَ
	lil-an <u>a</u> m i	wa <u>d</u> aAAah <u>a</u>	Wa a l-ar <u>d</u> a
	For the	He has put it	And the Earth
	creatures		



10. Wa**a**l-arda wadaAAaha lil-anam**i**

And the earth He has put for the creatures.

الْأَكْمَامِ	ذُاتُ	وَ النَّحْلُ	فَاكِهَةُ	فِيهَا
al-akm <u>a</u> m i	<u>tha</u> tu	wa al nnakhlu	f <u>a</u> kihatun	Feeh <u>a</u>
Sheathed	(with)	And date	Fruits	There in are

فِيهَا فَاكِهَةُ وَٱلنَّخْلُ ذَاتُ ٱلْأَكْمَامِ

11. Feeha fakihatun waalnnakhlu thatu al-akmami

Therein are fruits, date-palms producing sheathed fruit-stalks (enclosing dates).

وَالرَّيْحَانُ	الْعَصْفِ	ذُو	وَالْحَبُّ
wa al rray <u>ha</u> ni	alAAa <u>s</u> fi	<u>th</u> oo	Wa a l <u>h</u> abbu
And sweet scented plants	Leaves and stalks for fodder	With	And corn

وَٱلْحَبُّ ذُو ٱلْعَصْفِ وَٱلرَّحَانُ ﴿

12. Wa**a**l<u>h</u>abbu <u>th</u>oo alAAa<u>s</u>fi wa**al**rray<u>ha</u>n**i**

1And also corn, with (its) leaves and stalk for fodder, and sweet-scented plants.

	تُكَذِّبانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	ف <u>َ</u> بِأَيِّ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

13. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

كَالْفَخَّارِ	صَلْصَالٍ	مِن	الْإِنسَانَ	خَلُقَ
ka a lfakhkh <u>a</u> r i	<u>s</u> al <u>sa</u> lin	min	al-ins <u>a</u> na	Khalaqa
Like the clay of pottery	Sounding clay	From	The man	He created
or pottery				

خَلَقَ ٱلْإِنسَينَ مِن صَلْصَيلٍ كَٱلْفَخَّارِ ﴿

14. Khalaga al-insana min salsalin ka**a**lfakhkhar**i**

He created man (Adam) from sounding clay like the clay of pottery.

تَّار	من	مَّارِجٍ	مِن	الْجَانَّ	وَ خَلَقَ
n <u>a</u> r in	Min	m <u>a</u> rijin	min	al <u>ja</u> nna	Wakhalaqa
Fire	Of	Smokeless flames	From	The jinns	And he created

وَخَلَقَ ٱلۡجَآنَّ مِن مَّارِجٍ مِّن نَّارٍ ١

15. Wakhalaqa aljanna min marijin min narin

And the jinns did He create from a smokeless flame of fire.

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	ڣؘٳؙٙڲ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both	Of your Lord	Blessings	Then which
	deny			of the

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

16. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala-i rabbikuma</u> tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

الْمَغْرِبَيْنِ	<i>و</i> َرَبُّ	الْمَشْرِقَيْنِ	رَبُّ
Almaghribay n i	warabbu	almashriqayni	Rabbu
Of the two wests	And the Lord	Of the two easts	(He is) the Lord

رَبُّ ٱلْمَثْرِقَيْنِ وَرَبُّ ٱلْمَغْرِبَيْنِ

17. Rabbu almashriqayni warabbu almaghribayni

(He is) the Lord of the two easts (places of sunrise during early summer and early winter) and the Lord of the two wests (places of sunset during early summer and early winter).

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	فَبِأَيِّ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both	Of your Lord	Blessings	Then which
	deny			of the

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

18. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

يَلْتَقِيَانِ	الْبَحْرَيْنِ	مُرَجَ
yaltaqiy <u>a</u> n i	alba <u>h</u> rayni	Maraja
Meeting together	The two seas	He has let loose

مَرَجَ ٱلْبَحْرَيْنِ يَلْتَقِيَانِ

19. Maraja albahrayni yaltaqiyani

He has let loosed the two seas (the salt water and the sweet) meeting together.

يَبْغِيَانِ	ڵؖ	بَرْزَ خٌ	بَيْنَهُمَا
yabghiy <u>a</u> n i	1 <u>a</u>	barzakhun	Baynahum <u>a</u>
Which can transgress	None (of them)	Is a barrier	Between them

بَيْنَهُمَا بَرْزَخٌ لا يَبْغِيَانِ

20. Baynahuma barzakhun la yabghiyani

Between them is a barrier which none of them can transgress.

تُكَذِّبانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلَاءِ	فَ <u>ب</u> أَيِّ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

21. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

وَالْمَرْجَانُ	اللُّوْ لُؤُ	مِنْهُمَا	يَخْرُجُ
wa a lmarj <u>a</u> n u	allu/luo	minhum <u>a</u>	Yakhruju
And coral	Pearl	Of them both	Come out



22. Yakhruju minhuma allu/luo waalmarjanu

Out of them both come out pearl and coral.

تُكَذِّبانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	فَ <u>ب</u> أَيِّ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> ni	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

23. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala-i rabbikuma</u> tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

كَالْأَعْلَامِ	الْبَحْرِ	فِي	الْمُنشَآتُ	الْجَوَارِ	وَ لَهُ
ka a l-aAAl <u>a</u> m i	alba <u>h</u> ri	fee	almunsha <u>a</u> tu	aljaw <u>a</u> ri	Walahu
Like	The sea	In	Going and	The ships	And His are
mountains			coming		



24. Walahu aljawari almunshaatu fee albahri kaal-aAAlami

And His are the ships going and coming in the seas, like mountains.

تُكَذِّبانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	ڣؘؠٲؙڲ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both	Fo your Lord	blessings	Then which
deny			of



25. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

Section 2

	فَانٍ	عَلَيْهَا	مَنْ	كُلُّ
	F <u>a</u> n in	AAalayh <u>a</u>	man	Kullu
	Will perish	Is on it (earth)	Who	Everyone



26. Kullu man AAalayha fanin

Whatsoever is on it (the earth) will perish.

وَالْإِكْرَامِ	الْجَلَالِ	ذُو	رَبِّكَ	وَ جَهُ	وَيَبْقَى
wa a l-ikr <u>a</u> m i	aljal <u>a</u> li	<u>Th</u> oo	rabbika	wajhu	Wayabq <u>a</u>
And Honour	Majesty	Full of	Of your Lord	The face	And will abide forever

وَيَبْقَىٰ وَجْهُ رَبِّكَ ذُو ٱلْجِلَالِ وَٱلْإِكْرَامِ

27. Wayabqa wajhu rabbika thoo aljalali waal-ikrami

And the Face of your Lord full of Majesty and Honour will abide forever.

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلَاء	ڣؘؠٲؙۑۜ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
	deny			of



28. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

ػؙٛڶۘ	وَالْأَرْضِ	السَّمَاوَاتِ	فِي	مَن	يَسْأُلُهُ
kulla	wa a l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	fee	man	Yas-aluhu
Every	And on the Earth	The Heavens	In	Whosoever is	Begs of Him
		شَأْنٍ	فِي	هُوَ	يَوْمٍ
		sha/n in	fee	huwa	yawmin
		A matter (to bring forth)	Is (in)	Не	Day

يَسْعَلُهُ و مَن فِي ٱلسَّمَواتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ كُلَّ يَوْمٍ هُوَ فِي شَأْنٍ ﴿

29. Yas-aluhu man fee alssamawati waal-ardi kulla yawmin huwa fee sha/nin

Whosoever is in the heavens and on earth begs of Him (its needs from Him). Every day He has a matter to bring forth (such as giving honour to some, disgrace to some, life to some, death to some, etc.)!

تُكَذِّبانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلَاء	فَبِأَيِّ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

30. Fabi-ayyi ala-I rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

الثَّقَلَانِ	أَيُّهَا	لَكُمْ	سَنَفْرُغُ
a l ththaqal <u>a</u> n i	ayyuh <u>a</u>	lakum	Sanafrughu
Two classes (jinns and men)	O you	To you	We shall attend



31. Sanafrughu lakum ayyuh<u>a</u> alththaqal<u>a</u>ni

We shall attend to you, O you two classes (jinns and men)!

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	فَبِأَيِّ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

32. Fabi-ayyi ala-I rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

استَطَعْتُمْ	إِن	<u>وَ</u> الْإِنسِ	الْجِنِّ	مُعْشَرَ	يَا
ista <u>t</u> aAAtum	ini	wa a l-insi	aljinni	maAAshara	Y <u>a</u>
You have power	If	And men	Of Jinns	assembly	0!
وَ الْأَرْضِ وَ الْأَرْضِ	السَّمَاوَاتِ	أَقْطَارِ	مِن	تَنفُذُوا	أُن
wa a l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	aq <u>ta</u> ri	min	tanfu <u>th</u> oo	an
And the Earth	Of the heavens	The zones		To pass beyond	
	بِسُلْطَانٍ	ٳؖڵ	تَنفُذُونَ	Ú	فَانفُذُوا
	bisul <u>ta</u> n in	ill <u>a</u>	tanfu <u>th</u> oona	1 <u>a</u>	fa o nfu <u>th</u> oo
	With authority	Except	You will be able to pass (them)	But not	Then pass (them)

يَهُ عَشَرَ ٱلْجِنِّ وَٱلْإِنسِ إِنِ ٱسۡتَطَعۡتُمۡ أَن تَنفُذُواْ مِنَ أَقَطَارِ ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ فَٱنفُذُوا ۚ لَا تَنفُذُونَ إِلَّا بِسُلْطَن ﴿ قَالَا لَهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّل

33. Y<u>a</u> maAAshara aljinni wa**a**l-insi ini ista<u>t</u>aAAtum an tanfu<u>th</u>oo min aq<u>ta</u>ri alssam<u>a</u>w<u>a</u>ti wa**a**l-ardi fa**o**nfuthoo la tanfuthoona illa bisultan**in**

O assembly of jinns and men! If you have power to pass beyond the zones of the heavens and the earth, then pass (them)! But you will never be able to pass them, except with authority (from Allah)!

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	ف <u>َ</u> بِأَيِّ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both deny	of your lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

34. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala</u>-i rabbikum<u>a</u> tuka<u>thth</u>ib<u>a</u>n**i**

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

و أنْحَاسٌ	تَّار	مُن	شُوَاظُ	عَلَيْكُمَا	ؿؗڕ۠ڛؘۘڵؙ
wanu <u>ha</u> sun	n <u>a</u> rin	min	shuw <u>ath</u> un	AAalaykum <u>a</u>	Yursalu
And brass	Fire	Of	Smokeless	Against you	Will be sent
			flames	both	
				تَنتَصِرَانِ	فَلَا
				tanta <u>s</u> ir <u>a</u> n i	fal <u>a</u>
				You will be	And not
				able to defend	
				yourselves	

يُرْسَلُ عَلَيْكُمَا شُوَاظٌ مِن نَّارٍ وَخُاسٌ فَلَا تَنتَصِرَانِ ﴿

35. Yursalu AAalaykum<u>a</u> shuw<u>ath</u>un min n<u>a</u>rin wanu<u>ha</u>sun fal<u>a</u> tanta<u>s</u>ir<u>a</u>n**i**

There will be sent against you both, smokeless flames of fire and (molten) brass, and you will not be able to defend yourselves.

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلَاء	ڣؘؚٲؙڲ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which

deny							of
------	--	--	--	--	--	--	----



36. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

	كَالدِّهَانِ	وَر ْدَةً	فَكَانَتْ	السَّمَاء	انشَقَّتِ	فَإِذَا
ka	a al ddih <u>a</u> n i	wardatan	fak <u>a</u> nat	alssam <u>a</u> o	inshaqqati	Fa-i <u>tha</u>
L	ike red-oil	Rosy or red	And it	The heaven	Is sent	Then when
OI	r red hide		becomes		asunder	

فَإِذَا ٱنشَقَّتِ ٱلسَّمَآءُ فَكَانَتْ وَرَدَةً كَٱلدِّهَانِ

37. Fa-itha inshaqqati alssamao fakanat wardatan kaalddihani

Then when the heaven is rent asunder, and it becomes rosy or red like red-oil, or red hide.

تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلَاء	ڣؘؠؚٲؙڲ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
deny			of

فَبِأًيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

38. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

إنس	ۮؘۜڹؠؚڡؚ	عَن	يُسْأُلُ	Ű	فَيُو ْمَئِذٍ		
insun	<u>th</u> anbihi	AAan	yus-alu	l <u>a</u>	Fayawma- i <u>th</u> in		
Of man	His sin	As to	Question will be asked	No	So on that day		
وَلَا جَانٌ							
				j <u>a</u> n nun	wal <u>a</u>		
				Jinn	Nor		

فَيَوْمَءِنِ لَّا يُسْعَلُ عَن ذَنْبِهِ] إِنسٌ وَلَا جَآنٌ ﴿

39. Fayawma-ithin la yus-alu AAan thanbihi insun wala jan**nun**

So on that Day no question will be asked of man or jinn as to his sin, (because they have already been known from their faces either white or black).

تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	ڣؘؠٲؙۑۜ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

40. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

وَ الْأَقْدَامِ	بِالنَّوَاصِي	فَيُؤْخَذُ	بِسِيمَاهُمْ	الْمُجْرِمُونَ	يُعْرَفُ		
wa a l-aqd <u>a</u> m i	bi al nnaw <u>as</u> ee	Fayu/kha <u>th</u> u	biseem <u>a</u> hum	almujrimoona	YuAArafu		
And (their) feet)		And they will be seized	By their marks	Criminals, sinners	Will be known		
يُعۡرَفُ ٱلۡمُجۡرِمُونَ بِسِيمَاهُمۡ فَيُؤۡخَذُ بِٱلنَّوَاصِي وَٱلْأَقۡدَام ﴿							

41. YuAArafu almujrimoona biseemahum fayu/khathu bialnnawasee waal-aqdami
The *Mujrimun* (polytheists, criminals, sinners, etc.) will be known by their marks (black faces), and they will be seized by their forelocks and their feet.

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	ڣؘؠٲؙۑۜ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
	deny			of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

42. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

الْمُجْرِمُونَ	بِهَا	ؽؙػؘۮۜٞٮؙ	الَّتِي	ر رن و جهنم	هَادِهِ
almujrimoona	bih <u>a</u>	yuka <u>thth</u> ibu	allatee	jahannamu	H <u>ath</u> ihi
The criminals , sinners , polytheists	(with it)	Denied	Which	Hell	This is

هَاذِهِ عَهَمُّ ٱلَّتِي يُكَذِّبُ بِهَا ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿

43. Hathihi jahannamu allatee yukaththibu biha almujrimoona

This is Hell which the *Mujrimun* (polytheists, criminals, sinners, etc.) denied.

آنٍ	حَمِيمٍ	و بین	بَيْنَهَا	يَطُوفُونَ
<u>a</u> n in	<u>h</u> ameemin	wabayna	baynah <u>a</u>	Ya <u>t</u> oofoona
Water	The boiling Hot	And (Between)	Between it (Hell)	They will fo around

يَطُوفُونَ بَيْهَا وَبَيْنَ حَمِيمٍ ءَانِ ٢

44. Yatoofoona baynaha wabayna hameemin anin

They will go between it (Hell) and the boiling hot water!

تُكَدِّبانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	<u>فَ</u> بِأَيِّ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
deny			of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿

45. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

Section 3

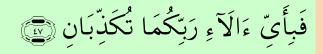
جَنَّتَانِ	رَبِّهِ	مَقَامَ	خَافَ	وَ لِمَنْ
jannat <u>a</u> n i	rabbihi	maq <u>a</u> ma	kh <u>a</u> fa	Waliman
Will be two gardens	(before) his Lord	The standing	Who fears	And for him

وَلِمَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ عَنَّتَانِ اللَّهِ وَلِمَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ عَنَّتَانِ

46. Waliman khafa maqama rabbihi jannatani

But for him who [the true believer of Islamic Monotheism who performs all the duties ordained by Allah and His Messenger Muhammad , and keeps away (abstain) from all kinds of sin and evil deeds prohibited in Islam and] fears the standing before his Lord, there will be two Gardens (i.e. in Paradise).

تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلَاءِ	فَبأَيّ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
deny			of



47. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

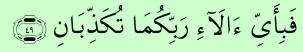
	أَفْنَانٍ	ذُوَاتَا
	afn <u>a</u> n in	<u>Th</u> awata
	Spreading branches	With

ذَوَاتَآ أُفْنَانٍ

48. Thawata afnanin

With spreading branches;

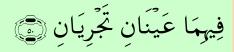
<i>ؿ</i> ؙػؘۮؘۜڹٳڹ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاءِ	ڣؘؠٲؙۑۜ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib	an i rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you l deny	both Of your Lo	ord The bless	ings Then which of



49. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

	تَجْرِيَانِ	عَيْنَانِ	فِيهِمَا
ta	ajriy <u>a</u> n i	Aaayn <u>a</u> ni	Feehim <u>a</u>
V	Will be	Two springs	In them
f	lowing		



50. Feehima Aaaynani tajriyani

In them (both) will be two springs flowing (free)

تُكَذِّبانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاءِ	ڣؘٳؙٙڲ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
deny			of



51. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

جَانِ	فَاكِهَةٍ زَوْ.	ػٛڶٞ	مِن	فِيهِمَا
zawja	n i f <u>a</u> kihati	n kulli	min	Feehim <u>a</u>
In pai	rs Fruit	Every ki	ind Of	In them (both)

فِيهِمَا مِن كُلِّ فَكِكَهَةٍ زَوْجَانِ ٢

52. Feehima min kulli fakihatin zawjani

In them (both) will be every kind of fruit in pairs.

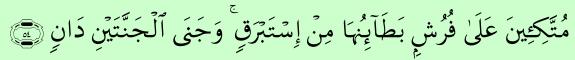
9	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	فَبِأَيِّ
tul	ka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
W	ill you both	Of yor Lord	The blessings	Then which
de	eny			of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

53. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

ٳؚڛٛؾٛڹڔۘۊ	مِنْ	بَطَائِنُهَا	فُرُشٍ	عَلَى	مُتَّكِئِينَ
istabraqin	min	ba <u>ta</u> -inuh <u>a</u>	furushin	Aaal <u>a</u>	Muttaki-eena
Silk brocade	Of	Whose inner livings (will be)	Couches	On	Reclining
			دَانٍ	الْجَنَّتَيْنِ	و َجَنَى
			d <u>a</u> n in	aljannatayni	wajan <u>a</u>
			Will be near	Of the two	And the fruits
			at hand	gardens	



54. Muttaki-eena Aaala furushin bata-inuha min istabraqin wajana aljannatayni danin Reclining upon the couches lined with silk brocade, and the fruits of the two Gardens will be near at hand.

تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	ڣؘؠٲؙڲؚ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

55. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

إنسْ	يَطْمِثْهُنَّ	لَمْ	الطَّرْفِ	قَاصِرَاتُ	ڣۣيھِنّ
insun	ya <u>t</u> mithhunna	lam	a l ttarfi	q <u>as</u> ir <u>a</u> tu	Feehinna
Man	Has touched them	Not	(their) glances (upon their husbands)	Will be restraining	Wherein
قَبْلَهُمْ وَلَا جَانٌ					
			<u>ja</u> n nun	wal <u>a</u>	qablahum
			Jinn	And (no)	Before them

فِيهِنَّ قَاصِرَاتُ ٱلطَّرْفِ لَمْ يَطْمِثْهُنَّ إِنسٌ قَبْلَهُمْ وَلَا جَآنٌّ ١

56. Feehinna qasiratu alttarfi lam yatmithhunna insun qablahum wala jan**nun**

Wherein both will be those (maidens) restraining their glances upon their husbands, whom no man or jinn *yatmithhunna* (has opened their hymens with sexual intercourse) before them.

تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلَاءِ	فَبِأَيِّ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will both of you deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

57. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala-i rabbikuma</u> tuka<u>thth</u>ib<u>a</u>n**i**

وَالْمَرْجَانُ	الْيَاقُوتُ	كَأَنَّهُنَّ
wa a lmarj <u>a</u> n u	aly <u>a</u> qootu	Kaannahunna
And coral	Rubies	They are like

(in beauty)



58. Kaannahunna alyaqootu waalmarjanu (In beauty) they are like rubies and coral.

	تُكَذِّبانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	فَبِأَيِّ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
	deny			of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

59. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala</u>-i rabbikum<u>a</u> tuka<u>thth</u>ib<u>a</u>n**i**

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

الْإِحْسَانُ	ڵؖٳ	الْإِحْسَانِ	جَزَاء	هَلْ
al-i <u>h</u> s <u>a</u> n u	ill <u>a</u>	al-i <u>h</u> s <u>a</u> ni	jaz <u>a</u> o	Hal
Good	Other than	For good	Reward	Is



60. Hal jazao al-ihsani illa al-ihsanu

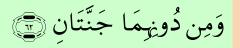
Is there any reward for good other than good?

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	ڣؘؠؚٲؙڲؚۜ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
	deny			of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

61. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

جَنَّتَانِ	دُونِهِمَا	وَمِن
jannat <u>a</u> n i	doonihima	Wamin
Are two other	And besides these two	
gardens		



62. Wamin doonihima jannatani

And besides these two, there are two other Gardens (i.e. in Paradise).

تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلَاء	<u>ف</u> َبِأَيِّ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will both of your deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

63. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala-i rabbikuma</u> tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

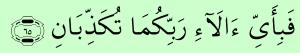
		مُدْهَامَّتَانِ
		Mudh <u>a</u> mmat <u>a</u> n i
		Dark green (in colour)

مُدُهَآمَّتَان ﴿

64. Mudhammatani

Dark green (in colour).

	تُكَذِّبانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	ڣؘڔٲٞۑ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
	deny			of



65. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala-i rabbikuma</u> tukaththibani

اخَتَانِ	عَيْنَانِ نَضَّ	فِيهِمَا
na <u>dda</u> kl	nat <u>a</u> n i AAayn <u>a</u> ni	Feehim <u>a</u>
Gushing	g forth (will be)	two In them
water	springs	(both)



66. Feehima AAaynani naddakhatani

In them (both) will be two springs gushing forth water.

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	<u>ف</u> َبِأَيِّ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
	deny			of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

67. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala-i rabbikuma</u> tuka<u>thth</u>ib<u>a</u>ni

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

<u>وَ</u> رُمَّانُ	و َنَحْلُ	فَاكِهَةٌ	فِيهِمَا
warumm <u>a</u> n un	wanakhlun	f <u>a</u> kihatun	Feehim <u>a</u>
And	And date	Fruits	In them (will
pomegranates	palms		be)

فِيهِمَا فَكِكَهَةٌ وَخَلْ وَرُمَّانٌ ﴿

68. Feehima fakihatun wanakhlun warummanun

In them (both) will be fruits, and date- palms and pomegranates.

تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	ف <u>َ</u> بِأَيِّ
Tukaththibani	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which
deny			of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

69. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

حِسَانٌ		خَيْرَاتٌ	فِيهِن
<u>h</u> is <u>a</u> n un		khayr <u>a</u> tun	Feehinna
Good	and	(will be) fair	There in
beautiful		(wives)	



70. Feehinna khayratun hisanun

Therein (gardens) will be fair (wives) good and beautiful;

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	<u>فَ</u> بِأَيِّ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

71. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala</u>-i rabbikum<u>a</u> tuka<u>thth</u>ib<u>a</u>n**i**

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

الخِيَامِ	فِي	مُّقصُورَاتُ	حُورٌ
alkhiy <u>a</u> m i	fee	maq <u>s</u> oor <u>a</u> tun	<u>H</u> oorun
Pavilions	In	Restrained	Houris (fair females)



72. Hoorun maqsooratun fee alkhiyami

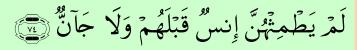
Houris (beautiful, fair females) restrained in pavilions;

تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	فَبِأَيِّ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of



73. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

جَانٌ	وَ لَا	قَبْلَهُمْ	<u>ا</u> ِنسُ	يَطْمِثْهُنَّ	لَمْ
<u>ja</u> n nun	wal <u>a</u>	qablahum	insun	ya <u>t</u> mithhunna	Lam
jinn	And no	Before them	Man	Touched them	Not



74. Lam yatmithhunna insun qablahum wala jan**nun**

Whom no man or jinn *yatmithhunna* (has opened their hymens with sexual intercourse) before them.

	تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلًاء	فَبِأَيِّ
	tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
	Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

75. Fabi-ayyi ala-i rabbikuma tukaththibani

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

حِسَانٍ	وَ عَبْقَرِ يَّ	خُصْرٍ	رَفْرَف <i>ٍ</i>	عَلَى	مُتَّكِئِينَ
<u>h</u> is <u>a</u> n in	waAAabqariy vin	khu <u>d</u> rin	rafrafin	AAal <u>a</u>	Muttaki-eena
Rich Beautiful	And mattress	Green	Cushions	On	Reclining

مُتَّكِينَ عَلَىٰ رَفَرَفِ خُضِّرٍ وَعَبْقَرِيٍّ حِسَانِ

76. Muttaki-eena AAala rafrafin khudrin waAAabqariyyin hisanin

Reclining on green cushions and rich beautiful mattresses.

تُكَذِّبَانِ	رَبِّكُمَا	آلَاءِ	ف <u>َ</u> بِأَيِّ
tuka <u>thth</u> ib <u>a</u> n i	rabbikum <u>a</u>	<u>a</u> l <u>a</u> -i	Fabi-ayyi
Will you both deny	Of your Lord	The blessings	Then which of



77. Fabi-ayyi <u>ala-i rabbikuma</u> tuka<u>thth</u>ib<u>a</u>n**i**

وَالْلِإِكْرَامِ	الْجَلَالِ	ۮؚؚي	رَبِّكَ	اسم	تَبَارَكَ
wa a l-ikr <u>a</u> mi	aljal <u>a</u> li	<u>th</u> ee	rabbika	Ismu	Tab <u>a</u> raka
And Honour	Majesty	The owner of	Of your Lord	The name	Blessed is



78. Tabaraka ismu rabbika thee aljalali wa**a**l-ikram**i**

Blessed be the Name of your Lord (Allah), the Owner of Majesty and Honour.

Surah # 56 AL-WAQI'A

Makkia



Period of Revelation

According to the authentic sources, this Surah was revealed before the first migration to Habsha. This Surah contains 96 verses and 3 sections.

الْوَاقِعَةُ	وَقَعَتِ	إذا
alw <u>a</u> qiAAat u	waqaAAati	I <u>tha</u>
The event	Befalls	When
(day of		
resurrection)	

﴿ إِذَا وَقَعَتِ ٱلْوَاقِعَةُ ١

1. Itha waqaAAati alwaqiAAatu

When the Event (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) befalls.

	كَاذِبَةُ	لِوَقْعَتِهَا	لَيْسَ
	Kathibatun	liwaqAAatih <u>a</u>	Laysa
	(can be) denying	Of its befalling	Not

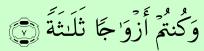
لَيْسَ لِوَقَعِتهَا كَاذِبَةً ﴿

2. Laysa liwaqAAatiha kathiba**tun**

And there can be no denying of its befalling.

				رَّافِعَةٌ	خَافِضَةٌ
				r <u>a</u> fiAAa tun	Khafidatun
				It will exalt	If will bring
					low
خَافِضَةٌ رَّافِعَةٌ ﴿					
3. Khafidatun r					
It will bring lov	v (some); (and	others) it will ex	alt;		
		ر َجَّا	الْأَرْضُ	رُجَّتِ	إذَا
		,			,
		rajj <u>a</u> n With a	al-ar <u>d</u> u The Earth	Rujjati Will be	I <u>tha</u> When
		terrible shake	The Lartii	shaken	When
				, 	ا ، الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا
				عة 🕝	خَافِضَةٌ رَّافِ
4. I <u>tha</u> rujjati al	-ardu raiia n				
		with a terrible s	shake.		
			بَسَّا	الْحِبَالُ	و بُسَّتِ
			bass <u>a</u> n	aljib <u>a</u> lu	Wabussati
			To dust	The	And will be
				mountains	powdered
				بَالُ بَسًا ﴿	وَبُسَّتِ ٱلۡجِ
					, , -
5. Wabussati al	jib <u>a</u> lu bass <u>a</u> n :ains will be pow	dered to dust			
7 and the modific	Lamb Will be pow	Tablea to dust.			
			مُّنبَثا	هَبَاء	فَكَانَتْ
			munbaththa n	habaan	Fakanat
			Floating	Dust particles	So they will
					become
فَكَانَتْ هَبَآءً مُّنْبَتًا قَ					
	<mark>aan munbaththa</mark> n ill become floati	ng dust particle	S.		
Jo and ener w	Decome mouti	g addt particio			
			تُلَاثَةً	أُزْوَاجًا	ه یک
			₹ ₩	ار و اجب	و سم

	thal <u>a</u> tha tan	azw <u>a</u> jan	Wakuntum
	(in) three	Kinds	And you will be



7. Wakuntum azwajan thalathatan

And you (all) will be in three kinds (i.e. separate groups).

الْمَيْمَنَةِ	أُصْحَابُ	مَا	الْمَيْمَنَةِ	فَأُصْحَابُ
almaymanat i	a <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bu	M <u>a</u>	almaymanati	Faa <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bu
On the right	(will be)	Who	On the right	So those
hand	those		hand	

فَأُصْحَابُ ٱلْمَيْمَنَةِ مَآ أُصْحَابُ ٱلْمَيْمَنَةِ ١

8. Faas-habu almaymanati ma as-habu almaymanati

So those on the Right Hand (i.e. those who will be given their Records in their right hands), Who will be those on the Right Hand? (As a respect for them, because they will enter Paradise).

	الْمَشْأَمَةِ		أُصْحَابُ	مَا	الْمَشْأَمَةِ	وَأَصْحَابُ
	almash-an	nat i	a <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bu	m <u>a</u>	almash-amati	Waa <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bu
	On the	left	(will be)	Who	on the left	And those
	hand		those		hand	

وَأَصْحَابُ ٱلْشَعَمَةِ مَآ أَصْحَابُ ٱلْشَعَمَةِ

9. Waas-habu almash-amati ma as-habu almash-amati

And those on the Left Hand (i.e. those who will be given their Record in their left hands), Who will be those on the Left Hand? (As a disgrace for them, because they will enter Hell).

		السَّابِقُونَ	وَالسَّابِقُونَ
		alss <u>a</u> biqoon a	Wa al ss <u>a</u> biqoo
			na
		Will be	And those
		foremost	foremost



10. Waalssabiqoona alssabiqoona

And those foremost [(in Islamic Faith of Monotheism and in performing righteous deeds) in

the life of this world on the very first call for to embrace Islam,] will be foremost (in Paradise).

	الْمُقَرَّبُونَ	أُو لَئِكَ
	Almuqarrabo	Ol <u>a</u> -ika
	ona	
	Will be	Those
	nearest (to Allah)	
	Allah)	



11. Ola-ika almuqarraboona

These will be those nearest to Allah.

النَّعِيمِ	جَنَّاتِ	فِي
alnnaAAeemi	jann <u>a</u> ti	Fee
Of delight	The gardens	In



12. Fee jannati alnnaAAeemi

In the Gardens of delight (Paradise).

	الْأُوَّلِينَ	مِّن	مه ثلة
	al-awwaleen a	mina	Thullatun
	The first generations	From	A multitude (will be)



13. Thullatun mina al-awwaleena

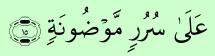
A multitude of those (foremost) will be from the first generations (who embraced Islam).

		الْآخِرِينَ	بر من	وَ قَلِيلٌ
		al- <u>a</u> khireena	mina	Waqaleelun
		The later	From	And a few
		generation		(will be)
وَقَلِيلٌ مِّنَ ٱلْأَحِرِينَ ﴿				

14. Waqaleelun mina al-akhireena

And a few of those (foremost) will be from the later time (generations).

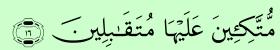
مَّوْضُو نَةٍ	ىد بو سىر ر	عَلَى
maw <u>d</u> oona tin	sururin	AAal <u>a</u>
(of) gold and precious stones	Thrones	On



15. AAala sururin mawdoonatin

(They will be) on thrones woven with gold and precious stones,

لِينَ	عَلَيْهَا مُتَقَابِا	مُتَّكِئِينَ
Muta	aq <u>a</u> bileen AAal	ayh <u>a</u> Muttaki-eena
a		
Face	to face There	eon Reclining



16. Muttaki-eena AAalayha mutaqabileena

Reclining thereon, face to face.

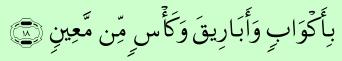
مُّخَلَّدُونَ	وِلْدَانُ	عَلَيْهِمْ	يَطُوفُ
mukhalladoon a	wild <u>a</u> nun	AAalayhim	Ya <u>t</u> oofu
Immortal	Boys	On them	Will go round (serving)



17. Yatoofu AAalayhim wildanun mukhalladoona

They will be served by immortal boys,

	معين	سِ من	وَ كَأْسٍ	وَأَبَارِيقَ	بِأَكُوابٍ
1	maAAeen in	Min	waka/sin	waab <u>a</u> reeqa	Bi-akw <u>a</u> bin
	Flowing wine	From	And a glass	And jugs	With cups



18. Bi-akwabin waabareeqa waka/sin min maAAeenin With cups, and jugs, and a glass from the flowing wine,

يُترِفُونَ	وَ لَا	عَنْهَا	يُصَدَّعُونَ	Ú
Yunzifoon a	wal <u>a</u>	AAanh <u>a</u>	yu <u>s</u> addaAAoo na	L <u>a</u>
They will get any intoxication	And nor	Wherefrom	They will get any aching of the Head	Neither

لَّا يُصَدَّعُونَ عَنْهَا وَلَا يُنزِفُونَ ١

19. La yusaddaAAoona AAanha wala yunzifoona

Wherefrom they will get neither any aching of the head, nor any intoxication.

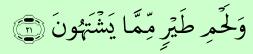
يَتَحَيَّرُونَ	مِّمَّا	وَفَاكِهَةٍ
yatakhayyaro on a	mimm <u>a</u>	Waf <u>a</u> kihatin
They may chose	From what	And fruit

وَفَاكِهَةٍ مِّمَّا يَتَخَيَّرُونَ

20. Wafakihatin mimma yatakhayyaroona

And fruit; that they may choose.

بَشْتَهُون <u>َ</u>	مِّمَّا	طَيْرٍ	وَلَحْمِ
yashtaho	on a mimm <u>a</u>	<u>t</u> ayrin	Wala <u>h</u> mi
They des	ire From wh	at Of fowls	And the flesh



21. Walahmi tayrin mimma yashtahoona

And the flesh of fowls that they desire.

وَحُورٌ عِينٌ

				AAeen un	Wahoorun
				With wide	And houris
				lovely eyes	(fair females)
وَحُورٌ عِينٌ عِينٌ عِينَ مُعِينٍ عِينٌ عِينَ عِينٌ عِينَ عِينٌ عِينَ عِينَ عِينَ مُعِينٍ عَينَ عَينَ مُعِينً 22. Wahoorun AAeen un And (there will be) <i>Houris</i> (fair females) with wide, lovely eyes (as wives for the pious),					
				a s	
			الْمَكْنُونِ	اللَّوْلُوِ	كَأُمْثَالِ
			almaknooni	allu/lui	Kaamth <u>a</u> li
			Preserved	Pearls	Like unto
23. Kaamth <u>a</u> li a Like unto prese	allu/lui almaknod erved pearls.	on i		لُوٍ ٱلۡمَكۡنُونِ	كا مثالِ اللوَ
		يَعْمَلُونَ	كَانُوا	بما	جَزَاء
		yaAAmaloon a	K <u>a</u> noo	bim <u>a</u>	Jaz <u>a</u> an
		They do	Used to	For what	A reward
	a k <u>a</u> noo yaAAma hat they used to			كانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ	جَزَآءً بِمَا كَ
تَأْثِيمًا	و َ لَا	لَغْوًا	فِيهَا	يَسْمَعُونَ	Ú
to/thoomon	wal <u>a</u>	laghwan	feeh <u>a</u>	yasmaAAoon	L <u>a</u>
a/ (1166111 <u>a</u> 11		18 //		a	
ta/theeman Any sinful speech	Nor	Vain talk	Therein	Will they hear	Not
Any sinful speech	Nor Aoona feeh <u>a</u> lagi	Vain talk (a) (b) (b) (c) (d)	اَ تَأْثِيمًا ﴿	Will they hear	لَا يَسْمَعُونَ

sal <u>a</u> m <u>a</u> n	sal <u>a</u> man	qeelan	Ill <u>a</u>
Salam	Of salaam	The saying	But
	(greeting with		
	peace)		



26. Illa qeelan salaman salaman

But only the saying of: Salam!, Salam! (greetings with peace)!

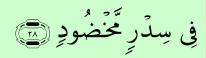
بن ِ	بْحَابُ الْيَمِ	مًا أُو	الْيَمِينِ	و أصْحَابُ
alya	meen i a <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> b	u m <u>a</u>	alyameeni	Waa <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bu
On hand	the right Those	Who are	On the righ	And those



27. Waas-habu alyameeni ma as-habu alyameeni

And those on the Right Hand, Who will be those on the Right Hand?

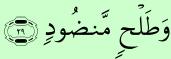
مَّخْضُودٍ	سِدْرٍ	فِي
makh <u>d</u> ood in	sidrin	Fee
Thronless	Lote-trees	Among



28. Fee sidrin makhdoodin

(They will be) among thornless lote-trees,

	نضُّودٍ	n A	وَطَلْحٍ	
	man <u>d</u> oc	odin	Watal	<u>h</u> in
	With	fruits	And	banana
	piled	one	trees	
	above a	nother		



29. Watalhin mandoodin

Among Talh (banana-trees) with fruits piled one above another,

		مَّمْدُودٍ	وَ ظِلَّ
		Mamdoodin	Wa <u>th</u> illin
		Long	And (in)
		extended	shade
		ودِ 🗊	وَطَلِّحٍ مَّنضُ
30. Wa <u>th</u> illin mamdood in			
In shade long-extended,			

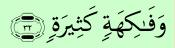
مَّسْكُوبِ	وَمَاء
maskoob in	Wam <u>a</u> -in
Flowing constantly	And by water

وَمَآءِ مَّسْكُوبٍ ﴿

31. Wama-in maskoobin

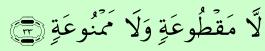
By water flowing constantly,

	كَثِيرَةٍ	وَفَاكِهَةٍ
	katheera tir	Waf <u>a</u> kihatin
	In plenty	And fruit



32. Wafakihatin katheeratin And fruit in plenty,

مُمْنُوعَةٍ	وَلَا	مَقْطُوعَةٍ	گ
mamnooAAat in	wal <u>a</u>	maqtooAAati n	L <u>a</u>
(their) supply will be cut off		Whose season is unlimited	Not



33. La maqtooAAatin wala mamnooAAatin
Whose season is not limited, and their supply will not be cut off,

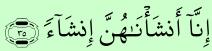
	مَّرْ فُوعَةٍ	وَ فُرُشٍ
	marfooAAa ti	Wafurushin
	n	
	Raised high	and (on) couches or
		couches or
		thrones



34. Wafurushin marfooAAatin

And on couches or thrones, raised high.

إنشاء	ٲٞڹۺۘٲ۠ڹؘٵۿؙڹۜ	ٳؾۜٵ
insh <u>aa</u> n	ansha/n <u>a</u> hunn a	Inn <u>a</u>
Of special creation	We have created them	Verily



35. Inna ansha/nahunna inshaan

Verily, We have created them (maidens) of special creation.

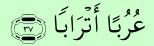
		أَبْكَارًا	فَجَعَلْنَاهُنَّ
	а	ıbk <u>a</u> ra n	FajaAAaln <u>a</u> h unna
	7	Virgins	And made them



36. FajaAAalnahunna abkaran

And made them virgins.

	أَثْرَابًا	ڠُرُبًا
	atr <u>a</u> b <u>a</u> n	AAuruban
	Equal in age	Loving (their husbands only)



37. AAuruban atraban

Loving (their husbands only), equal in age.

	الْيَمِينِ	لِّأُصْحَابِ
	Alyameen i	Li-a <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bi
	On the right hand	For those



38. Li-as-habi alyameeni

For those on the Right Hand.

Section 2

	الْأُوَّلِينَ	مِّن من	وسو ثلة
	al-awwaleen a	mina	Thullatun
	The first generation	From	A multitude (will be)



39. Thullatun mina al-awwaleena

A multitude of those (on the Right Hand) will be from the first generation (who embraced Islam).

	الْآخِرِينَ	مُّن	وَ ثُلَّةٌ
	al- <u>a</u> khireen a	mina	Wathullatun
	The later generations	From	And a multitude (will be)



40. Wathullatun mina al-akhireena

And a multitude of those (on the Right Hand) will be from the later times (generations).

الشِّمَالِ	أُصْحَابُ	مَا	الشِّمَالِ	و أَصْحَابُ
a l shshim <u>a</u> l i	a <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bu	M <u>a</u>	a l shshim <u>a</u> li	Waa <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bu
On the left	Those	Who	On the left	And those

95

hand	hand	
	يَحَابُ ٱلشِّمَالِ مَاۤ أُصِّحَابُ ٱلشِّمَالِ ﴿	وَأُصِ

41. Waa<u>s-ha</u>bu alshshim<u>a</u>li m<u>a</u> a<u>s-ha</u>bu alshshim<u>a</u>li

And those on the Left Hand Who will be those on the Left Hand?

	وَحَمِيمٍ	سَمُومٍ	فِي
	wa <u>h</u> ameem in	samoomin	Fee
	And Boiling water	Fierce Hot wind	In



42. Fee samoomin wahameemin

In fierce hot wind and boiling water,

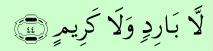
يَحْمُومٍ	مِّن	وَ ظِلٌّ
ya <u>h</u> moom in	min	Wa <u>th</u> illin
Black smoke	Of	And shadow



43. Wa<u>th</u>illin min ya<u>h</u>moom**in**

And shadow of black smoke,

كَرِيمٍ	وَ لَا	بَارِ د ٟ	ڵؖ
kareemin	wal <u>a</u>	b <u>a</u> ridin	L <u>a</u>
Good	Nor	Cool	Neither



44. La baridin wala kareemin

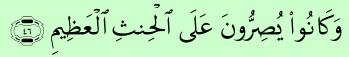
(That shadow) neither cool, nor (even) good,

مُتْرَفِينَ	ذَلِكَ	قَبْلَ	كَانُوا	إنَّهُمْ
mutrafeen a	<u>tha</u> lika	qabla	k <u>a</u> noo	Innahum
Indulged in luxury	That	Before	(were)	Verily they



45. Innahum kanoo qabla thalika mutrafeena Verily, before that, they indulged in luxury,

الْعَظِيمِ	الْحِنثِ	عَلَى	يُصِرُّونَ	وَكَانُوا
alAAa <u>th</u> eem i	al <u>h</u> inthi	AAal <u>a</u>	yu <u>s</u> irroona	Wak <u>a</u> noo
Great	Sin	In	Persisting	And were



46. Wakanoo yusirroona AAala alhinthi alAAatheemi

And were persisting in great sin (joining partners in worship along with Allah, committing murders and other crimes, etc.)

تُرَابًا	وَ كُنَّا	مِتْنَا	أُئِذَا	يَقُولُونَ	وَكَانُوا
tur <u>a</u> ban	wakunn <u>a</u>	mitn <u>a</u>	a-i <u>tha</u>	yaqooloona	Wak <u>a</u> noo
Dust	And become	We die	When	They say	And used to
			لَمَبْعُوثُونَ	أَئِنَّا	وَعِظَامًا
			lamabAAooth	a-inn <u>a</u>	waAAi <i>th</i> ama
			oona		n
			Indeed be	Shall we then	And bones
			resurrected		

وَكَانُواْ يَقُولُونَ أَبِذَا مِتْنَا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعِظَمًا أَءِنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ عَ

47. Wak<u>a</u>noo yaqooloona a-i<u>tha</u> mitn<u>a</u> wakunn<u>a</u> tur<u>a</u>ban waAAi<u>tha</u>man a-inn<u>a</u> lamabAAoothoon**a**

And they used to say: "When we die and become dust and bones, shall we then indeed be resurrected?

الْأُوَّلُونَ	آبَاؤُ نَا	أُو
al-awwaloon a	abaona	Awa
Our fo	Our forefathers	



48. Awa abaona al-awwaloona

"And also our forefathers?"

وَالْآخِرِينَ	الْأُوَّلِينَ	ٳؚڹۜ	قُلْ
wa a l- <u>a</u> khireen a	al-awwaleena	inna	Qul
And those of later time	Those of old	Verily	Say (O Muhammad)

قُلْ إِنَّ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ وَٱلْأَخِرِينَ ٢

49. Qul inna al-awwaleena waal-akhireena

Say (O Muhammad **): "(Yes) verily, those of old, and those of later times.

مَّعْلُومٍ	يَوْمٍ	مِيقاتِ	إلى	لمَجْمُوعُون
maAAloomin	Yawmin	meeq <u>a</u> ti	il <u>a</u>	LamajmooA Aoona
Well known	Day	Appointed meeting	То	All will be surely gathered together

لَمَجْهُوعُونَ إِلَىٰ مِيقَاتِ يَوْمٍ مَّعْلُومٍ ٢

50. LamajmooAAoona ila meeqati yawmin maAAloomin

"All will surely be gathered together for appointed Meeting of a known Day.

الْمُكَذِّبُونَ	الضَّالُّونَ	أَيُّهَا	ٳۨڹۜػؙؠ۫	ه ٔ س نم
almuka <u>thth</u> ib	a <u>ldda</u> lloona	ayyuh <u>a</u>	innakum	Thumma
oona				
The deniers	The error-	0	Verily you	Then
	ones			

ثُمَّ إِنَّكُمْ أَيُّ الضَّآلُّونَ ٱلْمُكَذِّبُونَ ﴿

51. Thumma innakum ayyuha alddalloona almukaththiboona

"Then moreover, verily, you the erring-ones, the deniers (of Resurrection)!

	زَقُّومٍ	مِّن	شُجَرٍ	مِن	لَآكِلُونَ
	Zaqqoomin	min	shajarin	min	La <u>a</u> kiloona
	Zaqqum	Of	Trees	Of	You verily will eat

لَا كِلُونَ مِن شَجَرٍ مِّن زَقُّومٍ ﴿

52. Laakiloona min shajarin min zaqqoomin "You verily will eat of the trees of *Zaqqum*."

	الْبُطُونَ	مِنْهَا	فَمَالِؤُونَ
	albu <u>t</u> oon a	minh <u>a</u>	Famali-oona
	(your) bellies	Therewith	Then you will fill

فَمَالِئُونَ مِنْهَا ٱلْبُطُونَ ٢

53. Famali-oona minha albutoona

"Then you will fill your bellies therewith,

الْحَمِيمِ	مِنَ	عَلَيْهِ	فَشَارِبُونَ
al <u>h</u> ameem i	Mina	Aaalayhi	Fash <u>a</u> riboona
Boiling water	Of	On it	And drink



54. Fashariboona Aaalayhi mina alhameemi

"And drink boiling water on top of it,

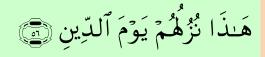
	الْهِيمِ	ۺؙٛۯڹۘ	فَشَارِ بُونَ
	Alheem i	shurba	Fash <u>a</u> riboona
	Thirsty camels	Like drinking	And so you drink



55. Fashariboona shurba alheemi

"So you will drink (that) like thirsty camels!"

الدِّينِ	يَوْمَ	نُزُلُهُمْ	هَذَا
alddeeni	Yawma	nuzuluhum	H <u>atha</u>
Last	On the day	Their	This will be
(Recompense		entertainment	
)			



56. Hatha nuzuluhum yawma alddeeni

That will be their entertainment on the Day of Recompense!

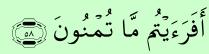
تُصَدِّقُونَ	فَلُوْلَا	خَلَقْنَاكُمْ	نَحْنُ
tu <u>s</u> addiqoon a	falawl <u>a</u>	khalaqn <u>a</u> kum	Na <u>h</u> nu
You believe	Then why do	Created you	We
	not		



57. Na<u>h</u>nu khalaqn<u>a</u>kum falawl<u>a</u> tu<u>s</u>addiqoon**a**

We created you, then why do you believe not?

تُمْنُونَ	مَّا	أَفَرَأَيْتُم
tumnoon a	m <u>a</u>	Afaraaytum
You emit	What	Do you see



58. Afaraaytum ma tumnoona

Then tell Me (about) the human semen that you emit.

الْخَالِقُونَ	نَحْنُ	اً اً م	تَخْلُقُو نَهُ	أأنتُم
alkh <u>a</u> liqoon a	na <u>h</u> nu	Am	takhluqoonah	Aantum
			u	
Are the	We	Or	Who create it	Is it you
creators				



59. Aantum takhluqoonahu am nahnu alkhaliqoona

Is it you who create it (i.e. make this semen into a perfect human being), or are We the Creator?

نَحْنُ	وَمَا	الْمَوْتَ	بَيْنَكُمُ	قَدَّرْنَا	نَحْنُ
na <u>h</u> nu	Wam <u>a</u>	almawta	baynakumu	qaddarn <u>a</u>	Na <u>h</u> nu
We (are)	And not	The death	Between you	Have decreed	We

	بِمَسْبُوقِينَ
	bimasbooqee
	na
	Out raced
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•

خَنْ قَدَّرْنَا بَيْنَكُرُ ٱلْمَوْتَ وَمَا خَنْ بِمَسْبُوقِينَ ٢

60. Nahnu qaddarna baynakumu almawta wama nahnu bimasbooqeena We have decreed death to you all, and We are not outstripped.

فِي	و ؙ نُنشِئكُمْ	أُمْثَالَكُمْ	تُبَدِّل	أن	عَلَى	
fee	wanunshi- akum	amth <u>a</u> lakum	Nubaddila	an	AAal <u>a</u>	
In	And create you	Your likes	We transfigure	That	In	
مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ						
			taAAlamoon a	1 <u>a</u>	m <u>a</u>	
			You know	Not	(forms) that	

عَلَى أَن نُّبَدِّلَ أَمْثَلَكُمْ وَنُنشِءَكُمْ فِي مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿

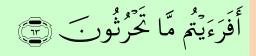
61. AAala an nubaddila amthalakum wanunshi-akum fee ma la taAAlamoona To transfigure you and create you in (forms) that you know not.

تَذكَّرُونَ	فَلُوْلَا	الْأُولَى	النَّشْأَةَ	عَلِمْتُمُ	وَ لَقَدْ
ta <u>th</u> akkaroon a	falawl <u>a</u>	al-ool <u>a</u>	alnnash-ata	AAalimtumu	Walaqad
You	Why then not	The first from	The creation	You have	And indeed
remember or				known	
take heed					

وَلَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمُ ٱلنَّشَأَةَ ٱلْأُولَىٰ فَلَوْلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿

62. Walaqad AAalimtumu alnnash-ata al-oola falawla tathakkaroona And indeed, you have already known the first form of creation (i.e. the creation of Adam), why then do you not remember or take heed?

تَحْرُثُونَ	مَّا	أُفَرَأَيْتُم
ta <u>h</u> ruthoon a	m <u>a</u>	Afaraaytum
You sow	(the seed) that	Do you see



63. Afaraaytum ma tahruthoona

Tell Me! The seed that you sow in the ground.

الزَّارِعُونَ	نَحْنُ	أُمْ	تَزْرَعُونَهُ	ٲٲؙڹؾؙؠ
alzz <u>a</u> riAAoon a	na <u>h</u> nu	am	tazraAAoona hu	Aantum
Are the growers	We	Or	Makes it growor	Is it you who

ءَأُنتُمْ تَزْرَعُونَهُ ۚ أَمْ خَنْ ٱلزَّارِعُونَ ٢

64. Aantum tazraAAoonahu am nahnu alzzariAAoona

Is it you that make it grow, or are We the Grower?

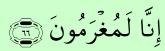
تَفَكَّهُونَ	فَظَلْتُمْ	حُطَامًا	لَجَعَلْنَاهُ	نَشَاء	لَوْ
tafakkahoon a	fa <u>th</u> altum	<u>h</u> u <u>ta</u> man	lajaAAaln <u>a</u> hu	nash <u>a</u> o	Law
Be regretful	And you	Into dry	We would	We willed	If
	would	pieces	surely make it		

لَوْ نَشَآهُ لَجَعَلَنهُ حُطِّمًا فَظَلَّتُمْ تَفَكُّهُونَ ٢

65.Law nashao lajalnahu hutaman fathaltum tafakkahoon

Were it our will, We would crumble it to dry pieces, and you would be regretful (or left in wonderment).

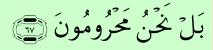
	لُمُغْرَمُونَ	ٳۨؾۜٵ
	lamughramoo	Inn <u>a</u>
	na	
	Indeed	We are
	undone	
	(ruined ,	
	punished)	



66. Inna lamughramoona

(Saying): "We are indeed *Mughramun* (i.e. ruined or lost the money without any profit, or punished by the loss of all that we spend for cultivation, etc.)! [See *Tafsir Al-Qurtubi*, Vol. 17, Page 219]

	مَحْرُو مُونَ	نَحْنُ	بَلْ
1	ma <u>h</u> roomoon	Na <u>h</u> nu	Bal
:	a		
	Are deprived	We	Nay, but



67. Bal nahnu mahroomoona

"Nay, but we are deprived!"

تَشْرَّبُونَ	الَّذِي	الْمَاء	أَفَرَأَيْتُمُ
tashraboon a	Alla <u>th</u> ee	alm <u>a</u> a	Afaraaytumu
You drink	That	The water	Do you see



68. Afaraaytumu almaa allathee tashraboona

Tell Me! The water that you drink.

نَحْنُ	أُمْ	الْمُزْنِ	مِنَ	أَنزَ لْتُمُوهُ	أأنتم
na <u>h</u> nu	am	Almuzni	mina	anzaltumoohu	Aantum
We	Or	The rain	From	Who cause it	Is it you
		clouds		to come down	
					الْمُترِكُونَ
					almunziloona
					Are the
					causers of it
					to come down

ءَأَنتُمْ أَنزَلْتُمُوهُ مِنَ ٱلْمُزْنِ أَمْ خَنْ ٱلْمُنزِلُونَ ﴿

69. Aantum anzaltumoohu mina almuzni am nahnu almunziloona

Is it you who cause it from the rainclouds to come down, or are We the Causer of it to come down?

تَشْكُرُونَ	فَلُوْلَا	أُجَاجًا	جَعَلْنَاهُ	نَشَاء	لَوْ
tashkuroon a	falawl <u>a</u>	o <u>ja</u> jan	jaAAaln <u>a</u> hu	nash <u>a</u> o	Law
You give	Why then do	Salt	We could	We willed	If
thanks	not		make it		

لَوۡ نَشَآءُ جَعَلَنَهُ أُجَاجًا فَلَوۡلَا تَشۡكُرُونَ ٢

70. Law nashao jaAAalnahu ojajan falawla tashkuroona

If We willed, We verily could make it salt (and undrinkable), why then do you not give thanks (to Allah)?

تُورُونَ	الَّتِي	التَّارَ	أَفَرَأَيْتُمُ
tooroon a	allatee	a l nn <u>a</u> ra	Afaraaytumu
You kindle	Which	The fire	Do you see

أَفَرَءَيْتُمُ ٱلنَّارَ ٱلَّتِي تُورُونَ ٢

71. Afaraaytumu alnn<u>a</u>ra allatee tooroon**a**

Tell Me! The fire which you kindle,

الْمُنشِؤُونَ	نَحْنُ	أُمْ	شُجَرَتَهَا	أُنشَأْتُمْ	أأنتم
almunshi-	na <u>h</u> nu	am	shajaratah <u>a</u>	ansha/tum	Aantum
oona					
Are the	We	Or	The tree	Who made to	Is it you
growers			thereof	grow	

ءَأَنتُمْ أَنشَأْتُمْ شَجَرَةً آمْ خَنُ ٱلْمُنشِءُونَ ٢

72. Aantum ansha/tum shajarataha am nahnu almunshi-oona

Is it you who made the tree thereof to grow, or are We the Grower?

	لِّلْمُقْوِينَ	وكمتاعًا	تَذْكِرَةً	جَعَلْنَاهَا	نَحْنُ
	lilmuqween a	wamat <u>a</u> AAan	ta <u>th</u> kiratan	jaAAaln <u>a</u> h <u>a</u>	Na <u>h</u> nu
	For the	And an article	A reminder	Have made it	We
	travelers	of use			

خَنُ جَعَلَنَهَا تَذَكِرَةً وَمَتَعًا لِّلْمُقْوِينَ ٢

73. Nahnu jaAAalnaha tathkiratan wamataAAan lilmuqweena

We have made it a Reminder (for the Hell-fire, in the Hereafter); and an article of use for the travellers (and all the others, in this world).

	الْعَظِيمِ	رَبِّكَ	بِاسْمِ	فَسَبِّح
	alAAa <u>th</u> eem i	rabbika	bi i smi	Fasabbi <u>h</u>
	The most	Your Lord	With the	Then glorify

great name of

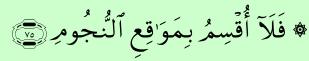


74. Fasabbih bi**i**smi rabbika alAAatheem**i**

Then glorify with praises the Name of your Lord, the Most Great.

Section 3

النُّجُومِ	بِمُوَاقِعِ	أُقْسِمُ	فَلَا
alnnujoomi	bimaw <u>a</u> qiAAi	oqsimu	Fal <u>a</u>
Of the stars	By setting	I swear	So verily



75. Fala oqsimu bimawaqiAAi alnnujoomi

So I swear by Mawaqi (setting or the mansions, etc.) of the stars (they traverse).

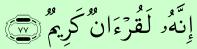
	عَظِيمٌ	تَعْلَمُونَ	<u>ٿ</u> و	لَقَسَمْ	وَ إِنَّهُ
	AAa <u>th</u> eem un	taAAlamoona	law	laqasamun	Wa-innahu
	Great	You know	If	Oath	And verily
					that is



76. Wa-innahu laqasamun law taAAlamoona AAa*th*eem**un**

And verily, that is indeed a great oath, if you but know.

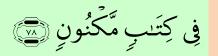
كَرِيمُ	لَقُرْ آنُ	إِنَّهُ
kareem un	laqur- <u>a</u> nun	Innahu
An	Indeed a	Verily this is
honourable	recital (the	
	Quran)	



77. Innahu lagur-anun kareem**un**

That (this) is indeed an honourable recital (the Noble Qur'an).

مَّكْنُونٍ	كِتَابٍ	فِي
Maknoonin	kit <u>a</u> bin	Fee
Well guarded	A book	In



78. Fee kitabin maknoonin

In a Book well-guarded (with Allah in the heaven i.e. Al-Lauh Al-Mahfuz).

الْمُطَهَّرُونَ	ٳؖۜ	يَمُسُهُ	ڵؖ
almu <u>t</u> ahharoo	ill <u>a</u>	yamassuhu	L <u>a</u>
na			
The purified	But	Touches it	None

لَّا يَمَسُّهُ وَ إِلَّا ٱلْمُطَهَّرُونَ ﴿

79. La yamassuhu illa almutahharoona

Which (that Book with Allah) none can touch but the purified (i.e. the angels).

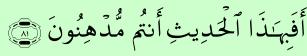
الْعَالَمِينَ	رَّ <i>ب</i> ِّ	مِّن	تَترِيلٌ
alAA <u>a</u> lameen	rabbi	min	Tanzeelun
a			
Of the worlds	The Lord	From	A revelation

تَنزِيلٌ مِّن رَّبِ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿

80. Tanzeelun min rabbi alAAalameena

A Revelation (this Qur'an) from the Lord of the 'Alamin (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

مُّدُهِنُونَ	أُنتُم	الْحَدِيثِ	أُفَبِهَذَا
Mudhinoona	antum	al <u>h</u> adeethi	Afabihatha
Deny	(that) you	A talk	Is it such



81. Afabihatha alhadeethi antum mudhinoona

Is it such a talk (this Qur'an) that you (disbelievers) deny?

تُكَدِّبُونَ	ٱتَّكُمْ	ڔؚڒ۫ۊؘػؙؠ۠	وَ تَجْعَلُونَ
Tuka <u>thth</u> iboo	annakum	rizqakum	WatajAAaloo na
You deny (Him)	That you	Your provision	And you make it

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82. Wataj A Aaloona rizqakum annakum tukaththiboona

And instead (of thanking Allah) for the provision He gives you, on the contrary, you deny Him (by disbelief)!

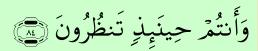
الْحُلْقُومَ	بَلَغَتِ	إِذَا	فَلُوْلَا
al <u>h</u> ulqoom a	balaghati	i <u>tha</u>	Falawl <u>a</u>
The throat	It reaches	When	Then why not

فَلُوۡلآ إِذَا بَلَغَتِ ٱلۡخُلۡقُومَ ﴿

83. Falawla itha balaghati alhulqooma

Then why do you not (intervene) when (the soul of a dying person) reaches the throat?

	رُونَ	تَنظُرُ	حِينَئِذٍ		وأنثم
	tan <u>th</u> u	ıroona	<u>h</u> eena-i <u>th</u>	in	Waantum
	Are	looking	At	the	And you
	on		moment		



84. Waantum heena-ithin tanthuroona

And you at the moment are looking on,

Ű	وَلَكِن	مِنكُمْ	إِلَيْهِ	ٲٞڨ۫ٚۯؘٮؙؙ	وَنَحْنُ
1 <u>a</u>	wal <u>a</u> kin	minkum	ilayhi	aqrabu	Wana <u>h</u> nu
Not	But	Then you	To Him	Are nearer	But we
					تُبْصِرُونَ
					tub <u>s</u> iroona
					You see

وَخَنْ أَقْرَبُ إِلَيْهِ مِنكُمْ وَلَكِن لا تُبْصِرُونَ ﴿

85. Wanahnu aqrabu ilayhi minkum walakin la tubsiroona

But We (i.e. Our angels who take the soul) are nearer to him than you, but you see not, [Tafsir At-Tabari, Vol.27, Page 209]

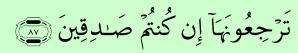
مَدِينِينَ	. َهُ . غير	كُنتُمْ	إِن	فَلُوْلَا
madeeneen a	ghayra	kuntum	in	Falawl <u>a</u>
From the reckoning and recompense	Except	You are	If	Then why not

فَلُولًا إِن كُنتُمْ غَيْرَ مَدِينِينَ عَلَيْ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْرَ مَدِينِينَ

86. Falawla in kuntum ghayra madeeneena

Then why do you not, if you are exempt from the reckoning and recompense (punishment, etc.)

	صَادِقِينَ	كُنتُمْ	إِن	تَرْجعُونَهَا
	<u>sa</u> diqeen a	kuntum	in	TarjiAAoona h <u>a</u>
	truthful	You are	If	Bring back the soul



87. TarjiAAoonaha in kuntum sadiqeena

Bring back the soul (to its body), if you are truthful?

الْمُقَرَّبِينَ	مِنَ	كَانَ	إِن	فَأُمَّا
almuqarra n a	bee mina	k <u>a</u> na	in	Faamm <u>a</u>
Those brought (to Allah)	near Of	He be	If	Then

فَأُمَّا إِن كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُقَرَّبِينَ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَرَّبِينَ

88. Faamma in kana mina almuqarrabeena

Then, if he (the dying person) be of the Muqarrabun (those brought near to Allah),

نَعِيمٍ	وَ جَنَّةُ	<u>و</u> َرَيْحَانُ	فَرَوْ حُ
naAAeem in	wajannatu	waray <u>ha</u> nun	Faraw <u>h</u> un
Of delights	And a garden	And provision	Rest



89. Farawhun warayhanun wajannatu naAAeemin

(There is for him) rest and provision, and a Garden of delights (Paradise).

ن	الْيَمِير	أُصْحَابِ	مِنَ	كَانَ	إِن	وَأَمَّا
aly	ameen i	a <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bi	min	k <u>a</u> na	in	Waamm <u>a</u>
On	the right	Those	Of	He be	If	And yet
hai	nd					

وَأُمَّا إِن كَانَ مِنْ أُصْحَابِ ٱلْيَمِينِ ٢

90. Waamma in kana min as-habi alyameeni

And if he (the dying person) be of those on the Right Hand,

الْيَمِينِ	أُصْحَاب	مِنْ	لَّك	فَسَلَامٌ
alyameen i	a <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bi	min	laka	Fasal <u>a</u> mun
On th right hand	Those	From	For you	Then (there) is safety and peace

فَسَلَمٌ لَّكَ مِنْ أُصْحَبِ ٱلْيَمِينِ

91. Fasalamun laka min as-habi alyameeni

Then there is safety and peace (from the Punishment of Allah) for (you as you are from) those on the Right Hand.

الضَّالِّينَ	الْمُكَذِّبِينَ	مِنَ	كَانَ	إِن	وَأُمَّا
a <mark>l</mark> ddalleen a	Almuka <u>thth</u> ib	mina	k <u>a</u> na	in	Waamm <u>a</u>
	eena				
The erring	The denying	Of	He be	If	And yet

وَأُمَّآ إِن كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ٱلضَّآلِينَ ﴿

92. Waamma in kana mina almukaththibeena alddalleena

But if he (the dying person) be of the denying (of the Resurrection), the erring (away from the Right Path of Islamic Monotheism),

حَمِيمٍ	مُن	فُنُزُلُ
<u>h</u> ameem in	min	Fanuzulun
Boiling water	From	Then (for
		him) is
		entertainment



93. Fanuzulun min hameemin

Then for him is entertainment with boiling water.

	جَحِيمٍ		و تَصْلِيَةُ
	ja <u>h</u> eem in		Wata <u>s</u> liyatu
		Hell	And burning
	fire		

وَتَصْلِيَةُ جَعِيمٍ

94. Watasliyatu jaheemin

And burning in Hell-fire.

الْيَقِينِ	حَقُ	لَهُوَ	هَذَا	إن
alyaqeeni	<u>h</u> aqqu	lahuwa	h <u>atha</u>	Inna
With certainity	An absolute truth	This is	This	Verily

إِن هَادَا لَهُ وَ حَقُّ ٱلۡيَقِينِ ٥

95. Inna hatha lahuwa haqqu alyaqeeni

Verily, this! This is an absolute Truth with certainty.

الْعَظِيمِ	رَبِّكَ	بِاسْمِ	فَسَبِّح
alAAa <u>th</u> eem i	rabbika	bi i smi	Fasabbi <u>h</u>
The Most	Of your Lord	With praises	So glorify
great		the names	

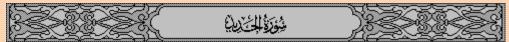


96. Fasabbih bi**i**smi rabbika alAAatheemi

So glorify with praises the Name of your Lord, the Most Great.

Surah # 57 AL-HADEED

Madani



Period of Revelation

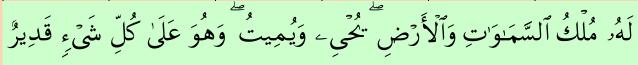
This Surah was revealed in Madina during the interval between the Battle of Uhud and 'The Truce of Hudaibiya' i.e. between the fourth and fifth year after Hijra. This Surah contains 29 verses and 4 Sections.

<u>وَ</u> الْأَرْضِ	السَّمَاوَاتِ	فِي	مَا	لِلَّهِ	سَبّح		
wa a l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	fee	m <u>a</u>	lill <u>a</u> hi	Sabba <u>h</u> a		
And the Earth	The sky	Is in	Whatsoever	(for) Allah	Glorifies		
وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ							
			al <u>h</u> akeem u	alAAazeezu	wahuwa		
			All-Wise	The Almighty	And He is		



1. Sabba<u>h</u>a lill<u>a</u>hi m<u>a</u> fee a<u>lssama</u>w<u>a</u>ti wa<u>a</u>l-ar<u>d</u>i wahuwa alAAazeezu al<u>h</u>akeem**u** Whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth glorifies Allah, and He is the All-Mighty, All-Wise.

و يُمِيتُ	يُحيِي	وَالْأَرْضِ	السَّمَاوَاتِ	مُلْكُ	مُكُ
wayumeetu	yu <u>h</u> yee	wa a l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	mulku	Lahu
And causes death	He gives life	And the Earth	Of the Heaven	The kingdom	His is
	قَدِيرٌ	شَيْءٍ	كُلِّ	عَلَى	وَ هُو
	qadeerun	shay-in	kulli	AAal <u>a</u>	wahuwa
	The Most- Able	Things	All	Over	And He





2. Lahu mulku alssamawati waal-ardi yuhyee wayumeetu wahuwa AAala kulli shay-in qadeerun His is the kingdom of the heavens and the earth, It is He Who gives life and causes death; and He is Able to do all things.

وَ هُوَ	وَ الْبَاطِنُ	وَالظَّاهِرُ	وَ الْآخِرُ	الْأُوَّلُ	هُوَ
wahuwa	wa a lb <u>at</u> inu	wa al<u>thth</u>a hiru	wa a l- <u>a</u> khiru	al-awwalu	Huwa
And He is	And the Most near	The most high	And the Last	The first	He is
			عَلِيمٌ	شَيْءٍ	بِكُلِّ
			Aaaleemun	shay-in	bikulli
			The All- knower	Thing	Of every

هُوَ ٱلْأُوَّلُ وَٱلْاَحِرُ وَٱلظُّهِرُ وَٱلْبَاطِنُ وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ ١

3. Huwa al-awwalu waal-akhiru waalththahiru waalbatinu wahuwa bikulli shay-in Aaaleemun He is the First (nothing is before Him) and the Last (nothing is after Him), the Most High (nothing is above Him) and the Most Near (nothing is nearer than Him). And He is the All-Knower of every thing.

:	وَ الْأَرْضَ	السَّمَاوَاتِ	خَلُقَ	الَّذِي	م ھھ	
فِي	والأرص	السماوات	تحلق	الدِي	هو	
fee	wa a l-ar <u>d</u> a	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	Khalaqa	alla <u>th</u> ee	Huwa	
In	And the Earth	The Heavens	Created	Who	He is	
الْعَرْشِ	عَلَى	اسْتُوك	يم «	أَيَّامٍ	سِتَّة	
alAAarshi	Aaal <u>a</u>	istaw <u>a</u>	thumma	ayy <u>a</u> min	sittati	
The throne	Over	Rose	And then	Days	Six	
وَمَا	الْأَرْضِ	فِي	يَلِجُ	مَا	يَعْلَمُ	
wam <u>a</u>	al-ar <u>d</u> i	fee	yaliju	m <u>a</u>	yaAAlamu	
And what	The Earth	Into	Goes	What	He knows	
السَّمَاء	مِنَ	يَترِلُ	وَمَا	مِنْهَا	يَخْرُجُ	
alssam <u>a</u> -i	mina	yanzilu	wam <u>a</u>	minh <u>a</u>	yakhruju	
The sky	From	Descends	And what	From it	Comes forth	
أَيْنَ	مَعَكُمْ	وَهُوَ	فِيهَا	يعر ج يعر ج	وَمَا	
ayna	maAAakum	wahuwa	feeh <u>a</u>	yaAAruju	wam <u>a</u>	
_	With you	And He is	Thereto	Ascends	And what	
بَصِيرٌ	تَعْمَلُونَ	بِمَا	وَ اللَّهُ	كُنتُمْ	مَا	
ba <u>s</u> eer un	taAAmaloona	bim <u>a</u>	wa A ll <u>a</u> hu	kuntum	m <u>a</u>	
Is the All- Seer	You do	Of what	And Allah	You may be	wheresoevere	
هُوَ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامِ ثُمَّ ٱسۡتَوَىٰ عَلَى						

ٱلْعَرْشِ ۚ يَعْلَمُ مَا يَلِجُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا يَخَرُجُ مِنْهَا وَمَا يَنزِلُ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَمَا يَعْرُجُ فِيهَا وَهُو مَعَكُمْ أَيْنَ مَا كُنتُمْ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرُ ۗ

4. Huwa alla<u>th</u>ee khalaqa alssam<u>a</u>w<u>a</u>ti wa**a**l-ar<u>d</u>a fee sittati ayy<u>a</u>min thumma istaw<u>a</u> AAal<u>a</u> alAAarshi yaAAlamu m<u>a</u> yaliju fee al-ar<u>d</u>i wam<u>a</u> yakhruju minh<u>a</u> wam<u>a</u> yanzilu mina alssam<u>a</u>-i wam<u>a</u> yaAAruju feeh<u>a</u> wahuwa maAAakum ayna m<u>a</u> kuntum waAll<u>a</u>hu bim<u>a</u> taAAmaloona ba<u>s</u>eer**un**

He it is Who created the heavens and the earth in six Days and then *Istawa* (rose over) the Throne (in a manner that suits His Majesty). He knows what goes into the earth and what comes forth from it, what descends from the heaven and what ascends thereto. And He is with you (by His Knowledge) wheresoever you may be. And Allah is the All-Seer of what you do.

اللَّهِ	وَ إِلَى	<u>وَ</u> الْأَرْضِ	السَّمَاوَاتِ	مُلْكُ	مُلْ
All <u>a</u> hi	wa-il <u>a</u>	wa a l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	mulku	Lahu
Allah	And to	And the Earth	Of the Heavens	The kingdom	His is
			Ticavens	الأمُورُ	يو ° ۽ يُو تر جع
				al-omoor u	turjaAAu
				All the matters	Return

لَّهُ مُلُّكُ ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَإِلَى ٱللَّهِ تُرْجَعُ ٱلْأُمُورُ ﴿

5. Lahu mulku alssamawati waal-ardi wa-ila Allahi turjaAAu al-omooru
His is the kingdom of the heavens and the earth. And to Allah return all the matters (for decision).

النَّهَارَ	وَ يُولِجُ	النَّهَارِ	فِي	اللَّيْلَ	يُولِجُ
alnnah <u>a</u> ra	wayooliju	a l nnah <u>a</u> ri	fee	Allayla	Yooliju
Day	And merges	Day	Into	Night	He merges
الصُّدُورِ	بِذَاتِ	عَلِيمٌ	وَ هُوَ	اللَّيْلِ	فِي
al <u>ss</u> udoori	bi <u>tha</u> ti	AAaleemun	wahuwa	allayi	fee
In the breasts	Of	Full	And He has	Night	Into
	whatsoever is	knowledge			

يُولِجُ ٱلَّيْلَ فِي ٱلنَّهَارِ وَيُولِجُ ٱلنَّهَارَ فِي ٱلَّيْلِ ۚ وَهُوَ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُورِ



6. Yooliju allayla fee alnnahari wayooliju alnnahara fee allayi wahuwa AAaleemun bithati alssudoori

He merges night into day (i.e. the decrease in the hours of the night is added into the hours of the day), and merges day into night (i.e. the decrease in the hours of the day is added into the hours of the night), and He has full knowledge of whatsoever is in the breasts.

جَعَلَكُم	مِمَّا	وَأَنفِقُوا	وَرَسُولِهِ	بِاللَّهِ	آمِنُوا			
jaAAalakum	mimm <u>a</u>	waanfiqoo	warasoolihi	bi A ll <u>a</u> hi	<u>A</u> minoo			
He has made	Of what	And spend	And His	In Allah	You believe			
you			Messenger (Muhammad)					
وَأَنفَقُوا	مِنكُمْ	آمَنُوا	فَالَّذِينَ	فِيهِ	مُّسْتَخْلَفِينَ			
waanfaqoo	minkum	<u>a</u> manoo	fa a lla <u>th</u> eena	feehi	mustakhlafee na			
And spend	Of you	Who believe	And those	Whereof	Trustees			
			كَبِيرٌ	أُجْرُ	لَهُمْ			
			kabeerun	ajrun	lahum			
			A great	Reward	Theirs (will be)			
ءَامِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَأَنفِقُواْ مِمَّا جَعَلَكُم مُّسْتَخْلَفِينَ فِيهِ فَٱلَّذِينَ								
ءَامَنُواْ مِنكُمْ وَأَنفَقُواْ لَهُمْ أَجْرٌ كَبِيرٌ ﴿								

7. <u>A</u>minoo bi<u>Alla</u>hi warasoolihi waanfiqoo mimm<u>a</u> jaAAalakum mustakhlafeena feehi fa**a**lla<u>th</u>eena <u>a</u>manoo minkum waanfaqoo lahum ajrun kabeer**un**

Believe in Allah and His Messenger (Muhammad), and spend of that whereof He has made you trustees. And such of you as believe and spend (in Allah's Way), theirs will be a great reward.

وَ الرَّسُولُ	بِاللَّهِ	تُؤْمِنُونَ	Ú	لَكُمْ	وَمَا
wa al rrasoolu	bi A ll <u>a</u> hi	tu/minoona	L <u>a</u>	lakum	Wam <u>a</u>
And the Messenger	In Allah	You believe	That not	With you	And what is the matter
مِيثَاقَكُمْ	أُخَذَ	وَ قَدْ	بِرَبِّكُمْ	لِتُؤْمِنُوا	يَدْعُوكُمْ
meeth <u>a</u> qakum	akha <u>th</u> a	waqad	birabbikum	litu/minoo	yadAAookum

Your covenant	He has taken	And indeed	In your Lord	To believe	Invites you
			مُّوْ مِنِينَ	كُنتُم	إِن
			mu/mineena	kuntum	in
			Real believers	You are	If

وَمَا لَكُمْ لَا تُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ ۗ وَٱلرَّسُولُ يَدْعُوكُمْ لِتُؤْمِنُواْ بِرَبِّكُمْ وَقَدْ أَخَذَ مِينَاقَكُمْ إِن كُنتُم مُّؤْمِنِينَ ﴿

8. Wama lakum la tu/minoona bi**A**llahi wa**al**rrasoolu yadAAookum litu/minoo birabbikum waqad akhatha meethaqakum in kuntum mu/mineena

And what is the matter with you that you believe not in Allah! While the Messenger (Muhammad) invites you to believe in your Lord (Allah), and He (Allah) has indeed taken your covenant, if you are real believers.

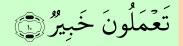
آياتٍ	عَبْدِهِ	عَلَى	^ی ینز ^س ِل	الَّذِي	هُوَ
<u>aya</u> tin	AAabdihi	AAal <u>a</u>	Yunazzilu	alla <u>th</u> ee	Huwa
signs	His slaves	То	Sends down	Who	He is
النُّورِ	إِلَى	الظُّلُمَاتِ	مُّن	لِيُخْرِجَكُم	بَيِّنَاتٍ
alnnoori	il <u>a</u>	a l ththulumati	mina	liyukhrijakum	bayyin <u>a</u> tin
The light	Into	The darkness	From	That He may bring you out	Manifest
	رسّحِيم	لَرَ وُوفُ	بِکُمْ	اللَّهُ	وَ إِنَّ
	ra <u>h</u> eem un	laraoofun	bikum	All <u>a</u> ha	wa-inna
	Mosr merciful	Full of kindness	To you	Allah is	And verily

هُوَ ٱلَّذِي يُنَرِّلُ عَلَىٰ عَبْدِهِ ٓ ءَايَتِ بَيِّنَتِ لِيُخْرِجَكُم مِّنَ ٱلظُّلُمَتِ إِلَى الشُّلُمَتِ إِلَى الشُّلُمَتِ إِلَى الشَّلَةَ بِكُرِ لَرَءُوفُ رَّحِيمُ اللَّهُ وَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِكُرِ لَرَءُوفُ رَّحِيمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ بِكُرِ لَرَءُوفُ رَّحِيمُ اللَّهُ الللِهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الل

9. Huwa alla<u>th</u>ee yunazzilu AAal<u>a</u> AAabdihi <u>aya</u>tin bayyin<u>a</u>tin liyukhrijakum mina al<u>thth</u>ulum<u>a</u>ti il<u>a</u> alnnoori wa-inna All<u>a</u>ha bikum laraoofun ra<u>h</u>eem**un**

It is He Who sends down manifest *Ayat* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) to His slave (Muhammad) that He may bring you out from darkness into light. And verily, Allah is to you full of kindness, Most Merciful.

سَبِيلِ	فِي	تُنفِقُوا	Űĺ	لَكُمْ	وَمَا			
sabeeli	Fee	tunfiqoo	all <u>a</u>	lakum	Wam <u>a</u>			
The (way)	In	You spend	That not	With you	And what is			
cause					the matter			
Ú	وَالْأَرْضِ	السَّمَاوَاتِ	مِيرَاثُ	وَ لِلَّهِ	اللَّهِ			
<u>la</u>	wa a l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> w <u>a</u> ti	meer <u>a</u> thu	walill <u>a</u> hi	All <u>a</u> hi			
Not	And the Earth	Of the	The Heritage	And to Allah	Of Allah			
		Heavens		belongs				
قَبْلِ	مِن	أَنفَقَ	مَّنْ	مِنكُم	يَسْتُوِي			
qabli	min	anfaqa	man	minkum	yastawee			
Before	(from)	Spent	Whose who	Among you	Equal are			
مُّن	دُرَجَةً	أعْظَمُ	أُوْلَئِكَ	وَقَاتَلَ	الْفَتْحِ			
mina	darajatan	aAA <u>th</u> amu	ol <u>a</u> -ika	waq <u>a</u> tala	alfat <u>h</u> i			
Than	In degree	Are greater	Such	And fought	The			
					conquering			
1 19	9 /			9 / /	(of Makkah)			
و کُلَّا	وَقَاتَلُوا	بُعْدُ	مِن	أَنفَقُوا	الذِينَ			
wakullan	waq <u>a</u> taloo	baAAdu	min	anfaqoo	alla <u>th</u> eena			
But to all	And fought	'	ter	Who spent	Those			
تَعْمَلُونَ	بِمَا	وَاللَّهُ	الْحُسْنَى	اللَّهُ	وَعَدَ			
taAAmaloona	bim <u>a</u>	wa A ll <u>a</u> hu	al <u>h</u> usn <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> hu	waAAada			
You do	Of what	And Allah	The best (reward)	Allah	Has promised			
					خَبِيرُ ْ			
					khabeerun			
					Is All-Aware			
وَمَا لَكُمْ أَلَّا تُنفِقُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَلِلَّهِ مِيرَاثُ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ ۖ لَا								
يَسْتَوِى مِنكُم مَّنَ أَنفَقَ مِن قَبْلِ ٱلْفَتْحِ وَقَاتَلَ ۚ أُوْلَنِإِكَ أَعْظَمُ دَرَجَةً								
وَاللَّهُ بِمَا	ٱللَّهُ ٱلْحُسْنَىٰ	وَكُلاً وَعَدَ	عَدُ وَقَىٰتَلُواْ	ُّنفَقُواْ مِنُ بَ	مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَ			



10. Wama lakum alla tunfiqoo fee sabeeli Allahi walillahi meerathu alssamawati waal-ardi la yastawee minkum man anfaqa min qabli alfathi waqatala ola-ika aAAthamu darajatan mina allatheena anfaqoo min baAAdu waqataloo wakullan waAAada Allahu alhusna waAllahu bima taAAmaloona khabeerun

And what is the matter with you that you spend not in the Cause of Allah? And to Allah belongs the heritage of the heavens and the earth. Not equal among you are those who spent and fought before the conquering (of Makkah) (with those among you who did so later). Such are higher in degree than those who spent and fought afterwards. But to all, Allah has promised the best (reward). And Allah is All-Aware of what you do.

Section 2

قَرْضًا	اللَّهَ	يُقْرِضُ	الَّذِي	ذَا	مَن
qar <u>d</u> an	All <u>a</u> ha	yuqri <u>d</u> u	alla <u>th</u> ee	<u>tha</u>	Man
Loan	To Allah	Will lend	Who	that	Who is he
كَرِيمُ	أُجْرُ	وَ لَهُ	مُلْ	فَيُضَاعِفَهُ	حُسنًا
kareemun	ajrun	walahu	lahu	fayu <u>da</u> AAifah u	<u>H</u> asanan
A good	Reward	And he will have	To his credit (for him)	Then (Allah) will increase it many fold	A goodly

مَّرِ فَا ٱلَّذِي يُقْرِضُ ٱللَّهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا فَيُضَعِفَهُ لَهُ وَلَهُ وَأَجْرُ كَرِيمُ



11. Man <u>tha</u> alla<u>th</u>ee yuqri<u>d</u>u All<u>a</u>ha qar<u>d</u>an <u>h</u>asanan fayu<u>da</u>AAifahu lahu walahu ajrun kareem**un**

Who is he that will lend to Allah a goodly loan, then (Allah) will increase it many fold to his credit (in repaying), and he will have (besides) a good reward (i.e. Paradise).

نُورُهُم	يَسْعَى	وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ	الْمُؤْمِنِينَ	تَرَى	يَوْمَ
nooruhum	yasAA <u>a</u>	wa a lmu/min <u>a</u> ti	almu/mineena	tar <u>a</u>	Yawma
Their light	Running	And believing women	The believing men	You shall see	On the day
جَنَّاتُ	الْيَوْمَ	بُشْرَاكُمُ	وَبِأَيْمَانِهِم	ٲۘؽۮؚۑۿؚؠ	ره ر بین
jann <u>a</u> tun	alyawma	bushr <u>a</u> kumu	wabi- aym <u>a</u> nihim	aydeehim	bayna
Gardens	This day	Glad tidings	And by their	In front	of them

		for you	right hands		
فِيهَا	خَالِدِينَ	الْأَنْهَارُ	تَحْتِهَا	مِن	تَجْرِي
feeh <u>a</u>	kh <u>a</u> lideena	al-anh <u>a</u> ru	ta <u>h</u> tih <u>a</u>	min	tajree
Therein	To dwell forever	Rivers	under	neath	Flowing
		الْعَظِيمُ	الْفَوْزُ	هُو	ذَلِكَ
		alAAa <u>th</u> eem u	alfawzu	huwa	<u>tha</u> lika
		The great	Success	It is	That

يَوْمَ تَرَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنَاتِ يَسْعَىٰ نُورُهُم بَيْنَ أَيْدِيمٍ وَبِأَيْمَانِهِمِ بُومُ بَيْنَ أَيْدِيمٍ وَبِأَيْمَانِهِمِ بُشُرَاكُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ جَنَّاتٌ تَجْرِى مِن تَحْتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا ۚ ذَالِكَ هُو ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ

12. Yawma tar<u>a</u> almu/mineena wa**a**lmu/min<u>a</u>ti yasAA<u>a</u> nooruhum bayna aydeehim wabi-aym<u>a</u>nihim bushr<u>a</u>kumu alyawma jann<u>a</u>tun tajree min ta<u>h</u>tih<u>a</u> al-anh<u>a</u>ru kh<u>a</u>lideena feeh<u>a tha</u>lika huwa alfawzu alAAa*th*eem**u**

On the Day you shall see the believing men and the believing women their light running forward before them and by their right hands. Glad tidings for you this Day! Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise), to dwell therein forever! Truly, this is the great success!

آمَنُوا	لِلَّذِينَ	وَالْمُنَافِقَاتُ	الْمُنَافِقُونَ	يَقُولُ	يَوْمَ
<u>a</u> manoo	lilla <u>th</u> eena	Wa a lmun <u>a</u> fiq	almun <u>a</u> fiqoon	yaqoolu	Yawma
		<u>a</u> tu	a		
Who believe	To those	And	Hypocrites	Will say	On the day
		hypocrites	men		
		women			
ارْجِعُوا	قِيلَ	ٿُورِ کُمْ	مِن	نَقْتَبِسْ	انظُرُو نَا
irjiAAoo	qeela	noorikum	min	naqtabis	on <u>th</u> uroon <u>a</u>
Go back	it will be said	Your light	From	Let us get something	Wait for us
بسُور	بينهم	فَضُرِبَ	نُورًا	فَالْتَمِسُوا	وَرَاءَكُمْ
bisoorin	baynahum	fa <u>d</u> uriba	nooran	fa i ltamisoo	war <u>a</u> akum
A wall	Between them	So will be put up	A light	Then seek	To your rear
وَظَاهِرُهُ	الرَّحْمَةُ	فِيهِ	بَاطِنُهُ	بَابٌ	مُّ

wa <u>tha</u> hiruhu	a l rra <u>h</u> matu	feehi	b <u>at</u> inuhu	b <u>a</u> bun	lahu
And outside it	Will be mercy	In it	Inside it	A gate	Therein
			الْعَذَابُ	قِبَلِهِ	مِن
			alAAa <u>tha</u> b u	qibalihi	min
			The torment	Facing towards	

يَوْمَ يَقُولُ ٱلْمُنَافِقُونَ وَٱلْمُنَافِقَاتُ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱنظُرُونَا نَقْتَبِسَ مِن نُّورِكُمْ قِيلَ ٱرْجِعُواْ وَرَآءَكُمْ فَٱلْتَمِسُواْ نُورًا فَضُرِبَ بَيْنَهُم بِسُورِ لَّهُ مَن نُّورِكُمْ قِيلَ ٱرْجِعُواْ وَرَآءَكُمْ فَٱلْتَمِسُواْ نُورًا فَضُرِبَ بَيْنَهُم بِسُورٍ لَّهُ مَن بَابُ بَاطِنُهُ وَفِيهِ ٱلرَّحْمَةُ وَظَهِرُهُ وَمِن قِبَلِهِ ٱلْعَذَابُ

13. Yawma yaqoolu almun<u>a</u>fiqoona wa**a**lmun<u>a</u>fiq<u>a</u>tu lilla<u>th</u>eena <u>a</u>manoo on<u>th</u>uroon<u>a</u> naqtabis min noorikum qeela irjiAAoo war<u>a</u>akum fa**i**ltamisoo nooran fa<u>d</u>uriba baynahum bisoorin lahu babun batinuhu feehi alrrahmatu wathahiruhu min qibalihi alAAathab**u**

On the Day when the hypocrites men and women will say to the believers: "Wait for us! Let us get something from your light!" It will be said: "Go back to your rear! Then seek a light!" So a wall will be put up between them, with a gate therein. Inside it will be mercy, and outside it will be torment."

بَلَى	قَالُوا	مَّعَكُمْ	نَكُن	أَلَمْ	يُنَادُونَهُمْ
bal <u>a</u>	q <u>a</u> loo	maAAakum	Nakun	alam	Yun <u>a</u> doonahu m
Yes	They (believers) will reply	With you	We	Were not	(the hypocrites) will call them (believers)
وَغَرَّتُكُمُ	وَ ارْ تَبْتُمْ	و َتَر بُصْتُمْ	أُنفُسَكُمْ	فَتَنتُم	وَلَكِنَّكُمْ
wagharratku mu	wa i rtabtum	watarabba <u>s</u> tu m	anfusakum	fatantum	wal <u>a</u> kinnaku m
And you were deceived	And you doubted	And looked forward (for our destruction)	Yourselves	Led into temptations	But you
وَغَرَّكُم	اللَّهِ	اً ه و اُهر	جَاء	حُتَّى	الْأَمَانِيُّ
wagharrakum	All <u>a</u> hi	amru	<u>ja</u> a	<u>h</u> att <u>a</u>	al-am <u>a</u> niyyu
And deceived you	Of Allah	The command	Came	Till	By false desire

	الْغَرُورُ	بِاللَّهِ
	algharoor u	bi A ll <u>a</u> hi
	The chief deceiver	In the respect of Allah

يُنَادُونَهُمْ أَلَمْ نَكُن مَّعَكُمْ قَالُواْ بَلَىٰ وَلَكِكَنَّكُمْ فَتَنتُمْ أَنفُسَكُمْ وَتَرَبَّصَتُمْ وَالْحِنَّكُمْ فَتَنتُمْ أَنفُسَكُمْ وَتَرَبَّصَتُمْ وَالْرَبَّتُمْ وَغَرَّتُمُ اللَّهُ وَغَرَّتُمْ بِٱللَّهِ الْغَرُورُ ﴿

14. Yun<u>a</u>doonahum alam nakun maAAakum q<u>a</u>loo bal<u>a</u> wal<u>a</u>kinnakum fatantum anfusakum watarabba<u>s</u>tum wa**i**rtabtum wagharratkumu al-am<u>a</u>niyyu <u>h</u>att<u>a</u> <u>ja</u>a amru All<u>a</u>hi wagharrakum bi**A**llahi algharoor**u**

(The hypocrites) will call the believers: "Were we not with you?" The believers will reply: "Yes! But you led yourselves into temptations, you looked forward for our destruction; you doubted (in Faith); and you were deceived by false desires, till the Command of Allah came to pass. And the chief deceiver (Satan) deceived you in respect of Allah."

وَ لَا	فِدْيَةُ	مِنکُمْ	ثُخُ ثُخُ	Ú	فَالْيَوْمَ			
wal <u>a</u>	fidyatun	minkum	yu/kha <u>th</u> u	L <u>a</u>	Fa a lyawma			
Nor	Ransom	From you	Shall be taken	Not	So this day			
هِي	النَّارُ	مَأْوَاكُمُ	كَفَرُوا	ٱلَّذِينَ	مِنَ			
hiya	a l nn <u>a</u> ru	ma/w <u>a</u> kumu	kafaroo	alla <u>th</u> eena	mina			
That is	The fire	Your abode is	Disbelieved	Those who	Of			
			الْمَصِيرُ	وَ بِئْسَ	مَوْلَاكُمْ			
			alma <u>s</u> eer u	wabi/sa	mawl <u>a</u> kum			
			The	And worst is	Your friend			
			destruction		(place)			
ٱلنَّارُ هِيَ	فَٱلْيَوْمَ لَا يُؤْخَذُ مِنكُمْ فِدِيَةٌ وَلَا مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ ۚ مَأُونكُمُ ٱلنَّارُ ۗ هِيَ							

فَٱلْيَوْمَ لَا يُؤْخَذُ مِنكُمْ فِدِيَةٌ وَلَا مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مَأُوَلَكُمُ ٱلنَّارُ هِيَ مَوْلَلَكُمْ النَّارُ هِيَ مَوْلَلَكُمْ أَلَنَارُ هِيَ مَوْلَلَكُمْ أَلِيَالُ هِيَ مَوْلَلَكُمْ أَوْلِكُمْ اللَّالَامُ هِيَ مَوْلَلَكُمْ أَوْلِمُ اللَّهُ مَا الْمَصِيرُ ﴿

15. Fa**a**lyawma l<u>a</u> yu/kha<u>th</u>u minkum fidyatun wal<u>a</u> mina alla<u>th</u>eena kafaroo ma/w<u>a</u>kumu a**l**nn<u>a</u>ru hiya mawlakum wabi/sa almaseer**u**

So this Day no ransom shall be taken from you (hypocrites), nor of those who disbelieved, (in the Oneness of Allah Islamic Monotheism). Your abode is the Fire, that is the proper place for you, and worst indeed is that destination.

تَخْشَعَ	أُن	آمَنُوا	لِلَّذِينَ	يَأْنِ	أَلُمْ
takhshaAAa	an	<u>a</u> manoo	Lilla <u>th</u> eena	ya/ni	Alam
Be humbled	То	Who believe	For those	The time come	Has not
مِنَ	نَزَلَ	وَمَا	اللَّهِ	لِذِكْرِ	قُلُوبُهُمْ
mina	nazala	wam <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> hi	li <u>th</u> ikri	quloobuhum
Of	Has been revealed	And that which	Of Allah	By reminder	Their hearts
الْكِتَابَ	أُوتُوا	كَالَّذِينَ	يَكُونُوا	و َ لَا	الْحَقِّ
alkit <u>a</u> ba	ootoo	ka a lla <u>th</u> eena	yakoonoo	wal <u>a</u>	al <u>h</u> aqqi
The scripture	Received	And those who	They become	And not	The truth
فَقَسَت	الْأَمَدُ	عَلَيْهِمُ	فَطَالَ	قَبْلُ	مِن
faqasat	al-amadu	AAalayhimu	fa <u>ta</u> la	qablu	min
And so were hardened	The term	For them	And was prolonged	bef	ore
		فَاسِقُونَ	منهم	و كَثِيرٌ	قُلُو بُهُمْ
		f <u>a</u> siqoon a	minhum	wakatheerun	quloobuhum
		Were rebellious	Of them	And many	Their hearts
صلے میں کا ا	ه ه رتج رجو و	صريك رياد	- 88 - 2	٩ ٩ ٦	رصرح ر بر و

فَٱلۡيَوۡمَ لَا يُؤۡخَذُ مِنكُمۡ فِدۡيَةٌ وَلَا مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ۚ مَأُوَاكُمُ ٱلنَّارُ ۗ هِيَ مَوۡلَاكُمۡ لَا يُؤۡخَذُ مِنكُمۡ فِدۡيَةٌ وَلَا مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ۚ مَأُولِكُمُ ٱلنَّارُ ۗ هِيَ مَوۡلَلكُمۡ ۗ وَبِئۡسَ ٱلۡمَصِيرُ ﴿

16. Alam ya/ni lilla<u>th</u>eena <u>a</u>manoo an takhshaAAa quloobuhum li<u>th</u>ikri All<u>a</u>hi wam<u>a</u> nazala mina al<u>h</u>aqqi wal<u>a</u> yakoonoo ka**a**lla<u>th</u>eena ootoo alkit<u>a</u>ba min qablu fa<u>ta</u>la AAalayhimu al-amadu faqasat quloobuhum wakatheerun minhum f<u>a</u>siqoon**a**

Has not the time come for the hearts of those who believe (in the Oneness of Allah - Islamic Monotheism) to be affected by Allah's Reminder (this Qur'an), and that which has been revealed of the truth, lest they become as those who received the Scripture [the Taurat (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] before (i.e. Jews and Christians), and the term was prolonged for them and so their hearts were hardened? And many of them were Fasiqun (rebellious, disobedient to Allah).

نَعْدَ	الْأُرْضَ	يُحيي	اللَّهَ	أُنَّ	اعْلَمُوا
baAAda	al-ar <u>d</u> a	Yu <u>h</u> yee	All <u>a</u> ha	anna	IAAlamoo
After	To the earth	Gives life	Allah	That	Know

لَعَلَّكُمْ	الْآيَاتِ	لَكُمُ	بيتا	قَدْ	مَوْتِهَا			
laAAallakum	al- <u>aya</u> ti	lakumu	bayyann <u>a</u>	qad	mawtih <u>a</u>			
So that you	the signs	To you	We have made clear	Indeed	Its death			
	تَعْقِلُونَ							
					taAAqiloona			
					Understand			
9 W _	-	ج ر		הי א הי	- E			

ٱعۡلَمُوۤا أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَحۡىِ ٱلْأَرۡضَ بَعۡدَ مَوۡتِهَا ۚ قَدۡ بَيَّنَا لَكُمُ ٱلْأَيَّاتِ لَعَلَّكُمۡ تَعۡقِلُونَ ﴿

17. IAAlamoo anna All<u>a</u>ha yu<u>h</u>yee al-ar<u>d</u>a baAAda mawtih<u>a</u> qad bayyann<u>a</u> lakumu al-<u>aya</u>ti laAAallakum taAAqiloon**a**

Know that Allah gives life to the earth after its death! Indeed We have made clear the *Ayat* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) to you, if you but understand.

قَرْضًا	اللَّهَ	وَأَقْرَضُوا	وَ الْمُصَّدِّقَاتِ	الْمُصَّدِّقِينَ	ٳڹۜ
qar <u>d</u> an	All <u>a</u> ha	waaqra <u>d</u> oo	wa a lmu <u>ss</u> addi	almu <u>ss</u> addiqe	Inna
			q <u>a</u> ti	ena	
Loan	To Allah	And who lent	And alms-	The alms-	Verily
			giving women	giving men	·
كَرِيمُ	أُجْرُ	وَلَهُمْ	لَهُمْ	يُضَاعَفُ	حُسنًا
kareemun	ajrun	walahum	lahum	yu <u>da</u> AAafu	<u>h</u> asanan
Honourable	Reward	And theirs	For them	It shall be	A goodly
(good)		(shall be)		increased	•
				manyfold	

إِنَّ ٱلْمُصَّدِقِينَ وَٱلْمُصَّدِقَاتِ وَأَقْرَضُواْ ٱللَّهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا يُضَعَفُ لَهُمْ وَلَهُمْ أَجْرٌ كَرِيمُ ﴿

18. Inna almu<u>ss</u>addiqeena wa**a**lmu<u>ss</u>addiq<u>a</u>ti waaqra<u>d</u>oo All<u>a</u>ha qar<u>d</u>an <u>h</u>asanan yu<u>da</u>AAafu lahum walahum ajrun kareem**un**

Verily, those who give *Sadaqat* (i.e. *Zakat* and alms, etc.), men and women, and lend to Allah a goodly loan, it shall be increased many fold (to their credit), and theirs shall be an honourable good reward (i.e. Paradise).

هُمُ	أوْلئِكَ	وَ رُسُلِهِ	بِاللهِ	آمَنُوا	وَالذِينَ		
Humu	ol <u>a</u> -ika	warusulihi	bi A ll <u>a</u> hi	<u>a</u> manoo	Wa a lla <u>th</u> eena		
they	Those are	And His messengers	In Allah	Believe	And those who		
أُجْرُهُمْ	لَهُمْ	رَبِّهِم	عِندَ	وَالشُّهَدَاء	الصِّدِّيقُونَ		
ajruhum	lahum	rabbihim	AAinda	wa al shshuhad <u>a</u> o	al <u>ss</u> iddeeqoon a		
Their rewards	They shall have	Their Lord	With	And martyrs	Are the truthful		
أُو ٛلئِكَ	بِآيَاتِنَا	وَ كَذَّبُوا	كَفَرُوا	وَ الَّذِينَ	و أنور هُمْ		
ol <u>a</u> -ika	bi- <u>aya</u> tin <u>a</u>	waka <u>thth</u> aboo	kafaroo	wa a lla <u>th</u> eena	wanooruhum		
They	Our signs	And deny	Disbelieve	And those who	And their light		
				الْجَحِيمِ	أُصْحَابُ		
				alja <u>h</u> eem i	a <u>s</u> - <u>ha</u> bu		
				Of the blazing fire	Shall be the dwellers		
وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ ٓ أُوْلَتِهِكَ هُمُ ٱلصِّدِّيقُونَ ۗ وَٱلشُّهَدَآءُ عِندَ							
رَبِّمَ لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ وَنُورُهُمْ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَكَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَتِنَآ أُوْلَنِكَ							
				مر الله	أُصْحَلِكُ ٱلْحَا		

1 10 8

19. Waalla<u>th</u>eena <u>a</u>manoo bi<u>Alla</u>hi warusulihi ol<u>a</u>-ika humu a<u>lss</u>iddeeqoona wa**al**shshuhad<u>a</u>o AAinda rabbihim lahum ajruhum wanooruhum wa**a**lla<u>th</u>eena kafaroo waka<u>thth</u>aboo bi-<u>aya</u>tin<u>a</u> ol<u>a</u>-ika a<u>s</u>-<u>ha</u>bu alja<u>h</u>eem**i**

And those who believe in (the Oneness of) Allah and His Messengers, they are the *Siddiqun* (i.e. those followers of the Prophets who were first and foremost to believe in them), and the martyrs with their Lord, they shall have their reward and their light. But those who disbelieve (in the Oneness of Allah - Islamic Monotheism) and deny Our *Ayat* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), they shall be the dwellers of the blazing Fire.

Section 3

وَ لَهُو ۗ	<u>لَعِبْ</u>	الدُّنْيَا	الْحَيَاةُ	أتَّمَا	اعْلَمُوا
walahwun	laAAibun	aldduny <u>a</u>	al <u>h</u> ay <u>a</u> tu	annam <u>a</u>	IAAlamoo
And	Is play	Of the world	The life	That only	Know
amusement					

الْأَمْوَالِ	فِي	وَ تَكَاثُرُ ۚ	بَيْنَكُمْ	وَ تَفَاخُرُ	وَزِينَةٌ
al-amw <u>a</u> li	fee	watak <u>a</u> thurun	baynakum	wataf <u>a</u> khurun	wazeenatun
Of wealth	In respect	And rivalry	Among you	And mutual	And pomp
	# \$ O			boasting	
نَبَاتُهُ	الْكُفَّارَ	أُعْجَبَ	غَيْثٍ	كَمَثُلِ	وَالْأُوْلَادِ
nab <u>a</u> tuhu	alkuff <u>a</u> ra	aAAjaba	ghaythin	kamathali	wa a l-awl <u>a</u> di
Its growth	To the tillers	Is pleasing	Of	As the	And children
			(vegetation) after rain	likeness	
يَكُونُ	يم ۽	مُصفَرًّا	فَتَرَاهُ	يَهِيجُ	^ۇ «
yakoonu	thumma	mu <u>s</u> farran	fatar <u>a</u> hu	yaheeju	thumma
It becomes	Then	Turning yellow	And you see it	It dries up	Afterwards
وَ مَغْفِرَةٌ	شُكْرِيكُ	عَذَابُ	الْآخِرَةِ	و َفِي	حُطَامًا
wamaghfiratu n	shadeedun	AAa <u>tha</u> bun	al- <u>a</u> khirati	wafee	<u>h</u> u <u>ta</u> man
And forgiveness	A severe	Torment	The hereafter	But in	straw
الدُّنْيَا	الْحَيَاةُ	وَمَا	وَرِضْوَانٌ	اللَّهِ	مِّنَ
a l dduny <u>a</u>	al <u>h</u> ay <u>a</u> tu	wam <u>a</u>	wari <u>d</u> w <u>a</u> nun	All <u>a</u> hi	mina
Fo the world	The life	And is not	And good pleasure	Allah	From
			pieasure الْغُرُّو ر	مَتَاعُ	ِ ال
	T	T			,
			alghuroori	mat <u>a</u> AAu	ill <u>a</u>
			A deceiving	Enjoyment	But

ٱعْلَمُواْ أَنَّمَا ٱلْحَيَوٰةُ ٱلدُّنْيَا لَعِبُ وَهُو وَزِينَةٌ وَتَفَاخُرُ بَيْنَكُمْ وَتَكَاثُرُ فِي الْمُولِ وَٱلْأُولِي مَنْ اللهِ الْمُعَارِ فَاللهِ اللهِ عَلَيْثِ أَعْجَبَ ٱلْكُفَّارَ نَبَاتُهُ وَثُمَّ يَهِيجُ فَتَرَلهُ مُصَفَرًا ثُمَّ يَكُونُ حُطَمًا وَفِي ٱلْاَحْرَةِ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ وَمَغْفِرَةٌ مِّنَ ٱللهِ وَرِضُونَ ثُولًا أَلَهُ مَتَعُ ٱلْغُرُورِ ﴿ عَلَا اللهِ عَلَا اللهِ عَلَا اللهِ عَلَا اللهِ عَلَا اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى ال

20. IAAlamoo annam<u>a</u> al<u>h</u>ay<u>a</u>tu a**l**dduny<u>a</u> laAAibun walahwun wazeenatun wataf<u>a</u>khurun

baynakum watak<u>a</u>thurun fee al-amw<u>a</u>li wa**a**l-awl<u>a</u>di kamathali ghaythin aAAjaba alkuff<u>a</u>ra nab<u>a</u>tuhu thumma yaheeju fatar<u>a</u>hu mu<u>s</u>farran thumma yakoonu <u>h</u>u<u>ta</u>man wafee al-<u>a</u>khirati AAa<u>tha</u>bun shadeedun wamaghfiratun mina All<u>a</u>hi wari<u>d</u>w<u>a</u>nun wam<u>a</u> al<u>h</u>ay<u>a</u>tu aldduny<u>a</u> ill<u>a</u> mataAAu alghuroor**i**

Know that the life of this world is only play and amusement, pomp and mutual boasting among you, and rivalry in respect of wealth and children, as the likeness of vegetation after rain, thereof the growth is pleasing to the tiller; afterwards it dries up and you see it turning yellow; then it becomes straw. But in the Hereafter (there is) a severe torment (for the disbelievers, evil-doers), and (there is) Forgiveness from Allah and (His) Good Pleasure (for the believers, good-doers), whereas the life of this world is only a deceiving enjoyment.

وَجَنَّةٍ	ڗۜڹؚۜ۠ػؙؠ۫	مِّن	مَغْفِرَةٍ	إِلَى	سَابِقُوا				
wajannatin	rabbikum	min	Maghfiratin	il <u>a</u>	S <u>a</u> biqoo				
And	Your Lord	From	Forgiveness	Towards	Race one with				
(towards)					another in				
paradise	8	-0			hastening				
لِلَّذِينَ	ٲؙۼؚڐۜؾ۫	وَالْأَرْضِ	السَّمَاء	كُعَرْضِ	عَرْضُهَا				
lilla <u>th</u> eena	oAAiddat	wa a l-ar <u>d</u> i	alssam <u>a</u> -i	kaAAar <u>d</u> i	AAar <u>d</u> uh <u>a</u>				
For those	Prepared	And earth	Of Heaven	As the width	Width				
Ψ.	9.0		ر و و و	.	whereof is				
اللَّهِ	فَضْلُ	ذلِك	<u>و</u> َرُسُلِهِ	بِاللهِ	آمَنُوا				
All <u>a</u> hi	fa <u>d</u> lu	<u>tha</u> lika	warusulihi	bi A ll <u>a</u> hi	<u>a</u> manoo				
Of Allah	The grace	That is	And His	In Allah	Who believe				
10	•	4	Messenger						
الْفُضْلِ	ذُو	وَاللَّهُ	يَشَاء	مُن	يُؤْتِيهِ				
alfa <u>d</u> li	<u>th</u> oo	wa A ll <u>a</u> hu	yash <u>a</u> o	man	yu/teehi				
Of Bounty	The owner	And Allah is	He pleases	On whom	He bestows				
					الْعَظِيمِ				
					alAAa <u>th</u> eem i				
					Great				
ءِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ	سَابِقُوۤاْ إِلَىٰ مَغۡفِرَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمۡ وَجَنَّةٍ عَرۡضُهَا كَعَرۡضِ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَٱلْأَرۡضِ								
أُعِدَّتَ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ ۚ ذَالِكَ فَضْلُ ٱللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَن يَشَآءُ									
				ضْلِ ٱلْعَظِيهِ	وَٱللَّهُ ذُو ٱلْفَ				

21. Sabiqoo ila maghfiratin min rabbikum wajannatin AAarduha kaAAardi alssama-i waal-ardi oAAiddat lillatheena amanoo biAllahi warusulihi thalika fadlu Allahi yu/teehi man yashao

waAllahu thoo alfadli alAAatheemi

Race one with another in hastening towards Forgiveness from your Lord (Allah), and towards Paradise, the width whereof is as the width of heaven and earth, prepared for those who believe in Allah and His Messengers. That is the Grace of Allah which He bestows on whom He pleases. And Allah is the Owner of Great Bounty.

الْأَرْضِ	فِي	مُّصِيبَةٍ	مِن	أُصَابَ	مَا
al-ar <u>d</u> i	fee	mu <u>s</u> eebatin	min	a <u>sa</u> ba	M <u>a</u>
The Earth	On	Calamity	Of	Befalls	Not
كِتَابٍ	فِي	ٳۜؖ	أَنفُسِكُمْ	فِي	وَ لَا
kit <u>a</u> bin	fee	ill <u>a</u>	anfusikum	fee	wal <u>a</u>
A book (of Decrees)	In	But	Yourselves	In	Nor
ذَلِكَ	إِنَّ	نَّبْرَ أَهَا	أُن	قَبْلِ	مّن
<u>tha</u> lika	inna	nabraah <u>a</u>	an	qabli	min
That is	Verily	We bring it into existence	That	bef	ore
			يَسيرُ	اللَّهِ	عَلَى
			yaseer un	All <u>a</u> hi	AAal <u>a</u>
			Easy	Allah	For

مَآ أَصَابَ مِن مُّصِيبَةٍ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِيٓ أَنفُسِكُمۡ إِلَّا فِي كِتَبِ مِّن قَبْلِ أَن نَّبَرَأُهَا ۚ إِنَّ ذَٰ لِكَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ يَسِيرُ ﴿

22. M<u>a</u> a<u>sa</u>ba min mu<u>s</u>eebatin fee al-ar<u>d</u>i wal<u>a</u> fee anfusikum ill<u>a</u> fee kit<u>a</u>bin min qabli an nabraaha inna thalika AAala Allahi yaseer**un**

No calamity befalls on the earth or in yourselves but is inscribed in the Book of Decrees (*Al-Lauh Al-Mahfuz*), before We bring it into existence. Verily, that is easy for Allah.

وَ لَا	فَاتَكُمْ	مَا	عَلَى	تَأْسَوْا	لِكَيْلَا
wal <u>a</u>	f <u>a</u> takum	m <u>a</u>	AAal <u>a</u>	ta/saw	Likayl <u>a</u>
Nor	You failed to get	What	Over	You may be sad	In order that not
يُحِبُ	Ú	وَ اللَّهُ	آتَاكُمْ	بِمَا	ِ تَفْرَحُوا
yu <u>h</u> ibbu	1 <u>a</u>	wa A ll <u>a</u> hu	<u>a</u> t <u>a</u> kum	bim <u>a</u>	tafra <u>h</u> oo
Likes	Not	And Allah	Has been given to you	Because of what	Rejoice

	-	فَخُورٍ	مُخْتَالِ	كُلَّ	
	fal	khoor in	mukht <u>a</u> lin	kulla	
	Во	oaster	Prideful	Any	

لِّكَيْلًا تَأْسَواْ عَلَىٰ مَا فَاتَكُمْ وَلَا تَفْرَحُواْ بِمَآ ءَاتَلِكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ

كُلَّ مُخْتَالٍ فَخُورٍ ﴿

23. Likayl<u>a</u> ta/saw AAal<u>a</u> m<u>a</u> f<u>a</u>takum wal<u>a</u> tafra<u>h</u>oo bim<u>a</u> <u>a</u>t<u>a</u>kum wa**A**ll<u>a</u>hu l<u>a</u> yu<u>h</u>ibbu kulla mukht<u>a</u>lin fakhoor**in**

In order that you may not be sad over matters that you fail to get, nor rejoice because of that which has been given to you. And Allah likes not prideful boasters.

وَمَن	بِالْبُخْلِ	النَّاسَ	وَ يَأْمُرُ و نَ	يَبْخَلُونَ	الَّذِينَ
waman	bialbukhli	alnn <u>a</u> sa	waya/muroon a	yabkhaloona	Alla <u>th</u> eena
And whoever	Miserliness	People	And enjoin upon	Are misers	Those who
الْحَمِيدُ	الْغَنِيُّ	هُوَ	اللَّهُ	فَإِنَّ	يَتُوَلَّ
al <u>h</u> ameed u	alghaniyyu	huwa	All <u>a</u> ha	fa-inna	yatawalla
Worthy of all praise	Rich	He is	Allah	Then verily	Turns away

ٱلَّذِينَ يَبۡخَلُونَ وَيَأْمُرُونَ ٱلنَّاسَ بِٱلْبُخۡلِ ۗ وَمَن يَتَوَلَّ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلْغَنِيُّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلْغَنِيُّ ٱلَّهَ مِيدُ ﴿

24. Alla<u>th</u>eena yabkhaloona waya/muroona alnn<u>a</u>sa bi**a**lbukhli waman yatawalla fa-inna All<u>a</u>ha huwa alghaniyyu al<u>h</u>ameed**u**

Those who are misers and enjoin upon people miserliness (Allah is not in need of their charity). And whosoever turns away (from Faith Allah's Monotheism), then Allah is Rich (Free of all wants), Worthy of all praise.

معهم	وَأَنزَ لْنَا	بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ	رُ سُلَنَا	أُرْسَلْنَا	لَقَدْ
maAAahumu	waanzaln <u>a</u>	bi a lbayyin <u>a</u> ti	rusulan <u>a</u>	arsaln <u>a</u>	Laqad
With them	And we	With clear	Our	We have sent	Indeed
	revealed	proofs	Messengers		
وَأَنزَ لْنَا	بِالْقِسْطِ	النَّاسُ	لِيَقُومَ	وَ الْمِيزَ انَ	الْكِتَابَ

waanzaln <u>a</u>	bi a lqis <u>t</u> i	alnn <u>a</u> su	liyaqooma	wa a lmeez <u>a</u> na	alkit <u>a</u> ba
And We sent	Justice	Mankind	That may	And the	The scripture
down			keep up	balance	
لِلنَّاسِ	وَ مَنَافِعُ	شُكِيدُ	بَأْسُ	فِيهِ	الْحَدِيدَ
li l nn <u>a</u> si	waman <u>a</u> fiAA	shadeedun	ba/sun	feehi	al <u>h</u> adeeda
	u				
For mankind	And benefits	Mighty	Power	Wherein is	Iron
بِالْغَيْبِ	<u>وَ</u> رُسُلَهُ	يَنصرُهُ	مَن	الله	وَلِيَعْلَمَ
bialghaybi	warusulahu	yan <u>s</u> uruhu	man	All <u>a</u> hu	waliyaAAlam a
In the unseed	And His	Will help him	Who	Allah	And that may
	Messengers				know
		عَزِيزٌ	قَوِ يُ	اللَّهَ	إِنَّ
		AAazeezun	qawiyyun	All <u>a</u> ha	inna
		All-Mighty	All-Strong	Allah is	Verily

لَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا رُسُلَنَا بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَأَنزَلْنَا مَعَهُمُ ٱلْكِتَابَ وَٱلْمِيزَانَ لِيَقُومَ الْقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا رُسُلَنَا بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَأَنزَلْنَا ٱلْحَدِيدَ فِيهِ بَأْسُ شَدِيدٌ وَمَنَافِعُ لِلنَّاسِ وَلَيَّاسُ بِٱلْقِيمُ اللَّهُ مَن يَنصُرُهُ وَرُسُلَهُ لِبَالْغَيْبِ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ قَوِئُ عَزِيزُ هَا وَلِيَعْلَمَ ٱللَّهُ مَن يَنصُرُهُ وَرُسُلَهُ لِبَالْغَيْبِ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ قَوِئُ عَزِيزُ هَا

25. Laqad arsalna rusulana bialbayyinati waanzalna maAAahumu alkitaba waalmeezana liyaqooma alnnasu bialqisti waanzalna alhadeeda feehi ba/sun shadeedun wamanafiAAu lilnnasi waliyaAAlama Allahu man yanguruhu warusulahu bialghaybi inna Allaha qawiyyun AAazeezun Indeed We have sent Our Messengers with clear proofs, and revealed with them the Scripture and the Balance (justice) that mankind may keep up justice. And We brought forth iron wherein is mighty power (in matters of war), as well as many benefits for mankind, that Allah may test who it is that will help Him (His religion), and His Messengers in the unseen. Verily, Allah is All-Strong, All-Mighty.

Section 4

فِي	وَجَعَلْنَا	وَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ	نُوحًا	أُرْسَلْنَا	وَ لَقَدْ
fee	wajaAAaln <u>a</u>	wa-ibr <u>a</u> heema	noo <u>h</u> an	arsaln <u>a</u>	Walaqad
In	And we placed	And Abraham	Noah	We sent	And indeed
وَ كَثِيرٌ	مُّهتَدٍ	فَمِنْهُم	وَالْكِتَابَ	النُّبُوَّةَ	ذُرِّيَّتِهِمَا
wakatheerun	muhtadin	faminhum	wa a lkit <u>a</u> ba	alnnubuwwat	<u>th</u> urriyyatihi
				a	m <u>a</u>

And many	Are guided ones	And among them	And scripture	Prophethood	Their offspring
				فَاسِقُونَ	منه م
				f <u>a</u> siqoon a	minhum
				Are rebellious	Of them

وَلَقَدَ أُرۡسَلۡنَا نُوحًا وَإِبۡرَاهِيمَ وَجَعَلۡنَا فِي ذُرِيَّتِهِمَا ٱلنُّبُوَّةَ وَٱلۡكِتَابَ فَوَعَلَنَا فِي ذُرِيَّتِهِمَا ٱلنُّبُوَّةَ وَٱلۡكِتَابَ فَمِنْهُم مُّهۡتَدِ وَكَثِيرُ مِنْهُمۡ فَسِقُونَ ﴿

26. Walaqad arsaln<u>a</u> noo<u>h</u>an wa-ibr<u>a</u>heema wajaAAaln<u>a</u> fee <u>th</u>urriyyatihim<u>a</u> alnnubuwwata wa**a**lkit<u>a</u>ba faminhum muhtadin wakatheerun minhum f<u>a</u>siqoon**a**

And indeed, We sent Nuh (Noah) and Ibrahim (Abraham), and placed in their offspring Prophethood and Scripture, and among them there is he who is guided, but many of them are *Fasiqun* (rebellious, disobedient to Allah).

و َقَفَّيْنَا	بِرُسُلِنَا	آثَارِهِم	عَلَى	قَفَّيْنَا	هُ ۵ نم
waqaffayn <u>a</u>	birusulin <u>a</u>	atharihim	Aaala	qaffayn <u>a</u>	Thumma
And we sent	Our messengers	<u>After</u>	them	We sent	Then
وَجَعَلْنَا	الْإِنجِيلَ	وَ آتَيْنَاهُ	مُرْيَمُ	ابْنِ	بعِیسی
wajaAAaln <u>a</u>	al-injeela	wa <u>a</u> tayn <u>a</u> hu	maryama	ibni	biAAees <u>a</u>
And we placed	The Gospel	And gave him	Of Mary	Son	Jesus
وَرَحْمَةً	رَ أَفَةً	اتَّبَعُوهُ	ٱلَّذِينَ	قُلُوبِ	فِي
wara <u>h</u> matan	ra/fatan	ittabaAAoohu	alla <u>th</u> eena	quloobi	fee
And mercy	Compassion	Followed him	Of those who	Hearts	In
ٳؖڵ	عَلَيْهِمْ	كَتَبْنَاهَا	مَا	ابْتَدَعُوهَا	<u>وَ</u> رَهْبَانِيَّةً
ill <u>a</u>	AAalayhim	katabn <u>a</u> h <u>a</u>	m <u>a</u>	ibtadaAAooh <u>a</u>	warahb <u>a</u> niyya tan
But	For them	We did prescribe it	Not	Which they invented for themselves	But the monasticism
حُقَ	رَّعَوْهَا	فَمَا	اللَّهِ	رِضْوَانِ	ابْتِغَاء
<u>h</u> aqqa	raAAawh <u>a</u>	fam <u>a</u>	All <u>a</u> hi	ri <u>d</u> w <u>a</u> ni	ibtigh <u>a</u> a
With the right of	They did observe it	But not	(of) Allah	The pleasure	Seeking
أُجْرَهُمْ	e so	آمَنُوا	ٱلَّذِينَ	فَآتَيْنَا	رِعَايَتِهَا

ajrahum	minhum	<u>a</u> manoo	alla <u>th</u> eena	fa <u>a</u> tayn <u>a</u>	riAA <u>a</u> yatih <u>a</u>
Their rewards	Among them	Believed	Those who	So we gave	Its observance
			فَاسِقُونَ	منهم	و كَثِيرٌ
			f <u>a</u> siqoon a	minhum	wakatheerun
			Are rebellious	Of them	And many

ثُمَّ قَفَّيْنَا عَلَىٰ ءَاثَرِهِم بِرُسُلِنَا وَقَفَّيْنَا بِعِيسَى ٱبْنِ مَرْيَمَ وَءَاتَيْنَهُ الْإِنجِيلَ وَجَعَلْنَا فِي قُلُوبِ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱلتَّبَعُوهُ رَأْفَةً وَرَحْمَةً وَرَهْبَانِيَّةً الْإِنجِيلَ وَجَعَلْنَا فِي قُلُوبِ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱللَّهِ فَمَا رَعَوْهَا حَقَّ ٱبْتَدَعُوهَا مَا كَتَبْنَهَا عَلَيْهِمْ إِلَّا ٱبْتِغَآءَ رِضُوانِ ٱللَّهِ فَمَا رَعَوْهَا حَقَّ رَعَايَتِهَا فَعَاتَيْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنْهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمْ فَسِقُونَ هَا رَعَايَتِهَا فَعَاتَيْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنْهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمْ فَسِقُونَ هَا مَا كَتَبْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنْهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمْ فَسِقُونَ هَا مَا كَتَبْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنْهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمْ فَاسِقُونَ هَا مَا كَتَبْنَا ٱلْذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنْهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنَهُمْ فَاسِقُونَ هَا مَا كَتَبْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنْهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ أَوْعَلَى مُعْلَى مَا مَا كَتَبْنَا اللَّهُ فَا لَيْنَا اللَّهُ فَا تَيْنَا اللَّهُ فَا لَعْلَيْمُ أَجْرَهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ أَوْنَ مَنْ مُ اللَّهُ فَا لَيْ إِلَيْ اللَّهُ فَا لَهُ فَلُولِ اللَّهُ فَا لَهُ مُنْ مُ أَنْهُ وَلَهُمْ أَوْرَاهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ فَا لَيْ اللَّهُ فَا لَهُ اللَّهُ فَالْ اللَّهُ فَا لَا لَا لَهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَا لَا لَهُ لَهُ اللَّهُ لَهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَا لَا لَعُلْمَا مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ

27. Thumma qaffayn<u>a</u> AAal<u>a atharihim birusulina waqaffayna biAAeesa</u> ibni maryama waataynahu al-injeela wajaAAalna fee quloobi allatheena ittabaAAoohu ra/fatan warahmatan warahbaniyyatan ibtadaAAooha ma katabnaha AAalayhim illa ibtighaa ridwani Allahi fama raAAawha haqqa riAAayatiha faatayna allatheena amanoo minhum ajrahum wakatheerun minhum fasiqoona

Then, We sent after them, Our Messengers, and We sent 'Iesa (Jesus) son of Maryam (Mary), and gave him the Injeel (Gospel). And We ordained in the hearts of those who followed him, compassion and mercy. But the Monasticism which they invented for themselves, We did not prescribe for them, but (they sought it) only to please Allah therewith, but that they did not observe it with the right observance. So We gave those among them who believed, their (due) reward, but many of them are *Fasiqun* (rebellious, disobedient to Allah).

اللَّه	اتَّقُوا	آمَنُوا	الَّذِينَ	أيُّهَا	يَا
All <u>a</u> ha	ittaqoo	<u>a</u> manoo	Alla <u>th</u> eena	ayyuh <u>a</u>	Y <u>a</u>
Allah	Fear	Believe	Who	you	0!
رَّحْمَتِهِ	مِن	كِفْلَيْنِ	ؽؙٷٛؾؚػؙؠ۠	بِرَسُولِهِ	و آمِنُوا
ra <u>h</u> matihi	min	kiflayni	yu/tikum	birasoolihi	wa <u>a</u> minoo
His Mercy	Of	A double	He will give	In His	And believe
		portion	you	Messenger	
و يَغْفِر	به	تَمْشُونَ	'نُورًا	ٿُکُمْ	وَيَجْعَل
wayaghfir	bihi	tamshoona	nooran	lakum	wayajAAal
And He will	By which	You shall	A light	To you	And He will
give		walk			give

رَّحِيمٌ	غَفُورٌ	وَ اللَّهُ	لَكُمْ
ra <u>h</u> eem un	ghafoorun	wa A ll <u>a</u> hu	lakum
Most	Oft-Forgiving	And Allah is	You
Merciful			

يَنَأَيُّنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَءَامِنُواْ بِرَسُولِهِ يُؤْتِكُمْ كِفَلَيْنِ مِن رَّخَمَتِهِ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّخَمَتِهِ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّخَمَتِهِ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّخِيمٌ الله وَيَعْفِرُ لَكُمْ الله وَالله وَالله وَيَعْفِرُ لَكُمْ الله وَالله وَلّه وَالله وَاللّه وَالله وَلّه وَالله وَالله وَاللّه وَاللّه وَالله وَالله وَالله وَالله وَوْلِمُوالله وَالله و

28. Y<u>a</u> ayyuh<u>a</u> alla<u>th</u>eena <u>a</u>manoo ittaqoo All<u>a</u>ha wa<u>a</u>minoo birasoolihi yu/tikum kiflayni min ra<u>h</u>matihi wayajAAal lakum nooran tamshoona bihi wayaghfir lakum wa**A**ll<u>a</u>hu ghafoorun ra<u>h</u>eem**un**

O you who believe [in Musa (Moses) (i.e. Jews) and 'Iesa (Jesus) (i.e. Christians)]! Fear Allah, and believe too in His Messenger (Muhammad), He will give you a double portion of His Mercy, and He will give you a light by which you shall walk (straight), and He will forgive you. And Allah is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

يَقْدِرُونَ	ٱلَّا	الْكِتَابِ	أَهْلُ	يَعْلَمَ	لَّكُ	
yaqdiroona	all <u>a</u>	Alkit <u>a</u> bi	ahlu	yaAAlama	Li-all <u>a</u>	
They have power	That not	Of the scripture	The people	May know	So that	
وَأَنَّ	اللَّهِ	فَضْلِ	مِّن	شُيْءِ	عَلَى	
waanna	All <u>a</u> hi	fa <u>d</u> li	min	shay-in	AAal <u>a</u>	
And that	Of Allah	The grace	(from)	Anything	Over	
يَشَاء	مَن	يُؤْتِيهِ	اللَّهِ	بِيدِ	الْفَصْلَ	
yash <u>a</u> o	man	yu/teehi	All <u>a</u> hi	biyadi	alfa <u>d</u> la	
He wills	On whomsoever	He bestows it	(of) Allah	Is in hands	The grace	
		الْعَظِيمِ	الْفَضْلِ	ذُو	وَ اللَّهُ	
		alAAa <u>th</u> eem i	alfa <u>d</u> li	<u>th</u> oo	wa A ll <u>a</u> hu	
		great	Bounty	The owner of	And Allah is	

ٱلْفَضْلَ بِيَدِ ٱللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَن يَشَآءُ وَٱللَّهُ ذُو ٱلْفَضْلِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ ﴿ ﴾

29. Li-alla yaAAlama ahlu alkitabi alla yaqdiroona AAala shay-in min fadli Allahi waanna alfadla biyadi Allahi yu/teehi man yashao waAllahu thoo alfadli alAAatheemi

So that the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) may know that they have no power whatsoever over the Grace of Allah, and that (His) Grace is (entirely) in His Hand to bestow it on whomsoever He wills. And Allah is the Owner of Great Bounty.